# A I OVERSEAS INVESTMENTS LIMITED REPORT AND ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003



#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The Directors present their report on the affairs of the Company together with the accounts and auditors' report for the year ended 31 December 2003.

## Principal activities and business review

The principal activity of the Company is to act as, and carry on the business of, a holding company for overseas businesses.

#### Results

The results for the year are shown in the profit and loss account on page 4.

#### Directors and their interests

The directors of the Company during the year were:

- C S Bailey
- P W G Tom
- T N Grimes

Except as shown below the interests of each of the directors who held office at 31 December 2003 in the share capital of Aggregate Industries plc, the ultimate holding company, are disclosed in the accounts of that Company.

	Ordinary 2	25p Shares	Options to subscribe	e for ordinary shares
	31/12/2003	31/12/2002	31/12/2003	31/12/2002
T N Grimes	6,018	42,449	342,784	399,724

At the year end Mr T N Grimes also had an interest in 92,836 (2002: 92,836) 11.25p Preference Shares and 49,009 (2002: nil) 7.25p Preference Shares of Aggregate Industries plc.

No director has a material interest in any contract, other than interests detailed above and service contracts, with the Company, the ultimate holding company or fellow subsidiary undertaking requiring disclosure under the Companies Act 1985.

By order of the Board

OS Ronley

C S Bailey Director

1 March 2004

# STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF ACCOUNTS

The Companies Act 1985 requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss for that year. In preparing the accounts, the directors are required to:-

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts; and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have a general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

# Independent auditors' report to the members of A I Overseas Investments Limited

We have audited the accounts on pages 4 to 9.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and as described on page 2, the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and by our profession's ethical guidance.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2003 and of its result for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

**KPMG** Audit Plc

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor

**BIRMINGHAM** 

1 March 2004

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

	Note	2003 £000	2002 £000
Other income/(expense)		<u>-</u>	
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		-	-
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	2(a)	-	-
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION			-
STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSS.	ES		
	Note	2003 £000	2002 £000
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		-	-
Currency translation difference on foreign currency net investments		(2,872)	(3,134)
Total recognised gains and losses for the year	9	(2,872)	(3,134)

# HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND LOSSES

There is no difference between the results as disclosed and the results calculated on an unmodified historical cost basis.

# BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 2003

FIXED ASSETS  Investments in subsidiary and related undertakings	4	29,157	
Investments in subsidiary and related undertakings	4	29,157	
			32,197
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors due within one year 5	a	50,853	50,717
Debtors due after more than one year 5	b	<u>-</u>	326
		50,853	51,043
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Creditors due within one year			_
NET CURRENT ASSETS		50,853	51,043
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		80,010	83,240
CREDITORS			
Amounts due after more than one year	6	(40,875)	(41,233)
		39,135	42,007
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	7	14,208	14,208
Share premium account	8	7,085	7,085
Profit and loss account	8	17,842	20,714
Shareholders funds' - equity	9	39,135	42,007

Approved by the Board

C S Bailey

Director

1 March 2004

#### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of Accounting

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards. Transactions with related parties who are Group entities are not separately disclosed.

#### Basis of Preparation

Group accounts have not been prepared as the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of another company incorporated in Great Britain for which consolidated accounts are prepared. Therefore, the accounts present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

#### Investments

Investments in group undertakings and other investments are stated at cost less amounts written off. The cost of overseas investments is restated to reflect foreign exchange fluctuations between the date of acquisition and the balance sheet date.

#### Income from Investments

Income from shares in subsidiary undertakings and other investments is included in the profit and loss account in the period in which it is receivable.

#### Foreign Currencies

Transactions in foreign currency are recorded at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the balance sheet.

All exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss account with the exception of differences on foreign currency borrowings, to the extent that they finance or provide a hedge against foreign equity investments, which are taken directly to reserves together with the exchange difference on the carrying amount of the related investments.

#### 2. TAXATION

#### a) Tax on profit on ordinary activities

No taxation credit arises on the translation loss because a taxable event would only arise on the external disposal of the investment. The investments detailed in note 4 to these accounts are held for the long term.

#### b) Factors that may affect future tax charges

Provision has not been made for additional tax which would arise in the event of distributions being made out of retained profits of overseas subsidiary undertakings as there are no plans to make such distributions.

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)

#### 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

- a) The Company employed no personnel during the year and the previous year.
- b) No director received any emoluments during the year in respect of services rendered to the Company. (2002: £nil).

#### 4. FIXED ASSETS

## Investments in associated undertakings

	£000
At 1 January 2003	32,197
Exchange adjustments	(3,040)
At 31 December 2003	29,157

The associated undertakings at 31 December 2003 were:-

	Country of incorporation and	Proportion	
Undertaking	operation	held	Nature of business
Aggregate Industries Inc.	USA	38 %	Holding Company
Halsvik Aggregates AS	Norway	50 %	Quarrying

In the opinion of the Directors of the Company the aggregate value of the assets of the Company, consisting of shares in or amounts owing (whether on account of a loan or otherwise) from each of the Company's associated undertakings is not less than the amounts at which those assets are stated in the balance sheet.

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)

<del></del>		2003 £000	2002 £000
5.	DEBTORS		
a)	Due within one year:		
	Amount owed by group undertakings	50,735	50,717
	Other debtors	118	-
		50,853	50,717
b)	Due after more than one year:		
	Deferred consideration on sale of investment	-	326
6.	CREDITORS		
	Due after more than one year:		
	Amount owed to group undertakings	40,875	41,233
7.	SHARE CAPITAL	2003 and	d 2002
	Authorised	Number	£000
	Ordinary shares of 25p each	100,000,000	25,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	Ordinary shares of 25p each	56,833,208	14,208
8.	RESERVES	Share premium account £000	Profit and loss account £000
	At 1 January 2003	7,085	20,714
	Profit for the period	-	
	Exchange difference on translation of foreign currency net assets	-	(2,872)
	At 31 December 2003	7,085	17,842

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)

		2003 £000	2002 £000
9.	SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		
	Shareholders' funds at beginning of year	42,007	45,141
	Total recognised gains and losses for the year	(2,872)	(3,134)
	Shareholders' funds at end of year	39,135	42,007

## 10. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate parent company is Aggregate Industries plc, which is incorporated in Great Britain.

Copies of the accounts of Aggregate Industries plc are available from the Company Secretary, Aggregate Industries plc, Bardon Hall, Copt Oak Road, Markfield, Leicestershire LE67 9PJ.