Directors' report and financial statements

30 November 2000

Registered number 2879716



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Directors' report and financial statements

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Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and audited financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2000.

Principal activities

The company is an investment company whose only activity is to hold local authority loan instruments, acquired on 22 May 1995 and to service bonds which were issued on the same day to finance the purchase. The local authority loan instruments have been pledged to Bankers Trustee Company Limited as security for the bonds.

Results and dividends

The company made a profit before taxation of £3,971 (1999:£3,402) during the year and the directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Directors and directors' interest

The following directors held office during the year:

SPV Management Limited Mr R Baker

None of the directors who held office at the end of the financial year had any disclosable interest in the shares of the company.

Auditors

In accordance with Section 384 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG Audit plc as auditors of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

By order of the board

JSPV Management Limited

Secretary

78 Cannon Street London

LSA Ina,

200

Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that year. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



KPMG Audit Plc

PO Box 695 8 Salisbury Square London EC4Y 8BB United Kingdom

Report of the auditors to the members of L.G.S. Investments PLC

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 8.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements as described on page 2. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and by our profession's ethical guidance.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Boards. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 November 2000 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

KPML Audit Per

KPMG Audit plc

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor

27 June

2001

Profit and loss account for the year ended 30 November 2000

	Note	2000	1999
		£	£
Income from fixed asset investments Interest payable and similar charges on bonds in issue	4 5	6,431,564 (6,406,085)	6,430,047 (6,404,567)
Administrative expenses		25,479 (22,468)	25,480 (23,240)
Operating profit Other interest receivable and similar income		3,011	2,240 1,162
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on profit on ordinary activities	2 6	3,971 (787)	3,402 (593)
Retained profit for the period		3,184	2,809
Retained profit brought forward		25,302	22,493
Retained profit carried forward		28,486	25,302
Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' for the year ended 30 November 2000	funds		
		2000	1999
		£	£
Profit for the financial period		3,184	2,809
Opening shareholders' funds		37,802	34,993
Closing shareholders' funds		40,986	37,802
		77	

There were no gains or losses during the current year or the preceding period other than those passing through the profit and loss account. All of the turnover and results for the year arise from continuing operations for both the current and preceding year. A note on historical cost gains and losses has not been included as part of the financial statements as the results as disclosed in the profit and loss account are prepared to an unmodified cost basis.

Balance sheet

at 30 November 2000
Note 2000

at 50 November 2000	Note	£	2000 £	£	1999 £
Fixed assets Investments	7		72,030,309		72,011,794
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	8	169,494 40,455		168,877 39,311	
	_	209,949		208,188	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(168,599)		(170,092))
Net current assets	_		41,350		38,096
Total assets less current liabilities			72,071,659		72,049,890
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(72,030,673)		(72,012,088)
Net assets			40,986		37,802
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	11		12,500 28,486		12,500 25,302
Equity shareholders' funds			40,986		37,802

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 25° 1° 1° 1° 2001 and were signed on its behalf by:

SPV Management Limited

Director

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules.

Under Financial Reporting Standard No 1, the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the company in its own published consolidated financial statements.

Under Financial Reporting Standard No 8, Related Part Disclosures, the company has taken advantage of the partial exemption not to disclose transactions with group companies.

Investments

Investments are recorded at cost, plus or minus accrued premium or discount on acquisition which is amortised to generate a constant yield to maturity.

Debt securities issued

Debt securities are recorded at cost, plus or minus accrued premium or discount on issue which is amortised to generate a constant yield to maturity.

2 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

	2000	1999
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities before		
taxation is stated after charging		
Auditors' remuneration		
Audit	4,201	4,201
Other services	4,200	4,200
Audit	,	,

3 Remuneration of directors

None of the directors received remuneration for their services to the company. Amounts were paid to SPV Management Limited, a director of the company, of £10,572 (1999: £10,592) during the year for professional services provided on normal commercial terms by the company.

4 Income from fixed asset investments

	2000	1999
	£	£
Income from fixed asset investments		
Unlisted	6,413,050	6,413,050
Amortised discount	18,514	16,997
	6,431,564	6,430,047

Notes (continued)

5	Interest payable and similar charges on bonds in issue		
		2000	1999
		£	£
	Interest paid on bonds in issue	6,387,500	6,387,500
	Amortised discount	18,585	17,067
		6,406,085	6,404,567
	Taxation		
		2000	1999
	LIK comparation towat 2004 (1000: 20.2204) on the profit	£	£
	UK corporation tax at 20% (1999: 20.33%) on the profit for the period on ordinary activities	787	593
	787	593	
	Fixed assets investments		
	Cost		£
	At beginning and end of the year		71,948,800
	Provisions		
	At the beginning of the year		62,994
	Amortised discount for the year		18,514
	At the end of the year		81,509
	Net Book Value		
	As at 30 November 2000		72,030,309
	As at 30 November 1999		72,011,794
	The fixed asset investments comprises unlisted debt securities have been pledged to Bankers Trustee Company Limited as so		n instruments purchase
8	Debtors		
		2000	1999
		£	£
	Other debtors	10,222	10,221
	Dranaum ante and aggreed income	150.272	159 656

All debtors were due within one year.

Prepayments and accrued income

159,272

169,494

158,656

168,877