IBA INSURANCE SERVICES LTD UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2020 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR



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BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 AUGUST 2020

| | | 202 | 20 | 2019 | |
|--|-------|-----------|----------------|-----------|--------|
| | Notes | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Fixed assets | | | | | |
| Tangible assets | 3 | | 13,695 | | 16,554 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Debtors | 4 | 69,971 | | 84,048 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 233,156 | | 155,240 | |
| | | 303,127 | | 239,288 | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 5 | (158,979) | | (167,826) | |
| one year | 3 | (100,070) | | (107,020) | |
| Net current assets | | | 144,148 | | 71,462 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | | 157,843 | | 88,016 |
| Provisions for liabilities | | | (2,603) | | (3,192 |
| Net assets | | | 155,240 | | 84,824 |
| ^ | | | | | |
| Capital and reserves | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | | | 100 | | 100 |
| Profit and loss reserves | | | 155,140 ——— | | 84,724 |
| Total equity | | | 155,240 | | 84,824 |

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 August 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 AUGUST 2020

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 33/12/2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

Nicholas Osborne

Director

Company Registration No. 02875870

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2020

1 Accounting policies

Company information

IBA Insurance Services Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Osborne House, 111 High Street, Kings Lynn, Norfolk, PE30 1DA.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

It is impracticable to devise accounting policies which consistently match revenue from brokerage with the related expenses. Accordingly the following bases are adopted:

Turnover represents brokerage and fees which are taken to credit when debit or fee notes are issued irrespective of the inception date or period of insurance.

Where the period of the policy is in excess of one year, the brokerage is apportioned between the accounting periods into which the period covered by the policy falls.

Alterations in brokerage arising from return and additional premiums and adjustments are taken into account as and when these occur.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold property improvements

Computer equipment

5 years straight line basis 15% reducing balance basis

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

1.4 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.5 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.6 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.7 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

1.8 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2020

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

| | | | 2020 Number | 2019 Number |
|----------|--|--------------------------|--|---|
| | Total | | 8 | 8 |
| 3 | | l and lings | Plant and machinery etc | Total |
| | | £ | £ | £ |
| | Cost At 1 September 2019 Additions 32 | 2,565 - | 47,250 335 | 79,815 335 |
| | At 31 August 2020 32 | 2,565 | 47,585 | 80,150 |
| | Depreciation charged in the year At 31 August 2020 Carrying amount At 31 August 2020 At 31 August 2019 | 775 2,565 - 775 | 31,471 2,419 33,890 13,695 15,779 | 63,261 3,194 66,455 13,695 16,554 |
| 4 | Debtors | | 2020 | 2019 |
| | Amounts falling due within one year: | | £ | £ |
| | Trade debtors Other debtors | | 58,290 11,681 ———————————————————————————————————— | 78,846 5,202 84,048 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2020

| 5 | Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|--|-------------|---------|
| | | £ | £ |
| | Trade creditors | 126,218 | 141,655 |
| | Taxation and social security | 29,016 | 19,799 |
| | Other creditors | 3,745 | 6,372 |
| | | 158,979 | 167,826 |
| | | | |