UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 JANUARY 2018

		2018		2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investment properties	5		2,300,000		2,300,000
Current assets					
Debtors	6	6,564		8,444	
Cash at bank and in hand		8,945		6,256	
		15,509		14,700	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(243,755)		(257,002)	
Net current liabilities			(228,246)		(242,302)
Total assets less current liabilities			2,071,754		2,057,698
Provisions for liabilities	8		(302,484)		(306,512)
Net assets			1,769,270		1,751,186
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	9		100		100
Other reserves	10		1,689,784		1,685,756
Profit and loss reserves	10		79,386		65,330
Total equity			1,769,270		1,751,186

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the income statement within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 January 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

AS AT₁31 JANUARY 2018

The finar hial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on .

M Ogden

Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018

		Share capital	Other reserves	Profit and loss reserves	Total
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 February 2016		100	1,679,293	65,342	1,744,735
Year ended 31 January 2017:					
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	27,251	27,251
Dividends		-	-	(20,800)	(20,800)
Transfers		-	6,463	(6,463)	-
Balance at 31 January 2017		100	1,685,756	65,330	1,751,186
Year ended 31 January 2018:					
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	18,084	18,084
Transfers		-	4,028	(4,028)	-
Balance at 31 January 2018		100	1,689,784	79,386	1,769,270

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018

1 Accounting policies

Company information

M O Investments Limited is a private company limited by shares and is registered and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 6th Floor, 25 Farringdon Street, London, EC4A 4AB.

Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

Going concern

At the balance sheet date, the company has net current liabilities of £228,246 (2017: £242,302). The company is reliant on the ongoing financial support of related companies, who have non-interest bearing amounts owed by the company that are repayable on demand. Having considered this, the company has adopted the going concern basis of accounting in preparing its financial statements. These financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis. The director has a reasonable expectation that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

Turnover

Turnover represents consideration received or receivable for rental income net of Value Added Tax

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

25% per annum straight line basis

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

Investment properties

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, and subsequently transfered to the fair value reserve included within other reserves.

Where fair value cannot be achieved without undue cost or effort, investment property is accounted for as tangible fixed assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the fair value of proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the current tax expense and deferred tax expense. Current tax assets are recognised when tax paid exceeds the tax payable.

Current and deferred tax is charged or credited to profit or loss, except when it relates to items charged or credited to other comprehensive income or equity, when the tax follows the transaction or event it relates to and is also charged or credited to other comprehensive income, or equity.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if and only if, there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and the entity intends either to settle on the net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting period.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised in respect of all timing differences that exist at the reporting date. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in different periods from their recognition in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered by the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 1 (2017 - 1).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018

3	Taxation		
		2018	2017
	Current tax	£	£
	UK corporation tax on profits for the current period	3,331	5,016
	Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(1)	-
	Total current tax	3,330	5,016
	Deferred tax	(4.000)	
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	(4,028)	- (6.463)
	Changes in tax rates	<u></u>	(6,463)
	Total deferred tax	(4,028)	(6,463)
		•	
	Total tax credit	(698)	(1,447)
4	Tangible fixed assets		
	·	Plant and ma	chinery etc
			£
	Cost		47.000
	At 1 February 2017 and 31 January 2018		47,280
	Depreciation and impairment		
	At 1 February 2017 and 31 January 2018		47,280
			
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 January 2018		-
	At 31 January 2017		
	7 K o F odilidary 2017		
5	Investment property		0040
			2018 £
	Fair value		-
	At 1 February 2017 and 31 January 2018		2,300,000
	•		

Investment property comprises of a freehold property held for rental income. The fair value of the investment property has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out at September 2014 by Field & Sons Chartered Surveyors, who are not connected with the company. The valuation was made on an open market value basis by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties. The directors do not consider that the investment property has changed in value since the last valuation. If the property was held at historical cost, the property would be valued at £307,732 (2017: £307,732).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018

6	Debtors		
		2018	2017
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Corporation tax recoverable	· -	3,630
	Other debtors	6,564	4,814 ————
		6,564 	8,444
7	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Trade creditors	3,683	5,777
	Corporation tax	3,331	5,016
	Other creditors	236,741	246,209
		243,755	257,002
8	Provisions for liabilities		
	Toylordia for hubilities	2018	2017
		£	£
	Deferred tax liabilities	302,484	306,512
9	Called up share capital		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid	400	400
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100 	
		100	100

10 Reserves

Profit and loss reserves

Cumulative profit and loss net of distributions to owners.

Other reserves

Other reserves contains the fair value reserve which represents the cumulative revaluation gains and losses in respect of Investment properties net of the affect of deferred tax, transferred from profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018

11 Related party transactions

	2018	2017
	£	£
M O Holdings Limited		
Other creditors	230,497	240,696
Management Fees	3,000	3,000
Chain Supply Management and Logistics Limited		
Other creditors	2,513	2,513

The above companies are related to M O Investments Limited by common control.

During the year the company paid dividends of £nil (2017: £20,800) to M Ogden.

12 Control

The ultimate controlling party is M Ogden, the director of the company, by virtue of his shareholding in the company.