STRATEGIC REPORT, REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

FOR

W E BEDFORD INSURANCE SERVICES (WIMBLEDON) LIMITED

SATURDAY



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W E BEDFORD INSURANCE SERVICES (WIMBLEDON) LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

DIRECTORS:

M D Hare

S E De'Lemos Pratt

SECRETARY:

M D Hare

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Argent House Argent Court Hook Rise South TOLWORTH Surrey KT6 7LD

REGISTERED NUMBER:

02851265 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

McKenzies

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors 2 Station Road West

Oxted Surrey RH8 9EP

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2016.

The Strategic Report provides a review of the business for the financial year and describes how we manage risks within the business. The report outlines the developments and performance of the Company during the financial year and discusses the main trends and factors that could affect the future.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The principle activity of the group was that of a broker for the sale of general insurance services.

The Directors are satisfied with the overall performance of the company for the year. They operate in a very competitive market and despite the small loss for the year, much reduced from 2015, cash flow remains strong and the directors hope the benefits of improved productivity combined with other business improvement measures taken will return the Company back to profit in 2017.

On pages 5, 6 & 7 of these financial statements are the results for the year ended 31 December 2016.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Directors have a strong emphasis on risk management which endeavours to identify and manage all business risks.

Strategic and Commercial Risk.

There are risks of changes to the competitive and/or economic environment. This is mitigated by a robust strategy and planning process, and regular monitoring of the economic and competitive environment.

Financial Risk.

There is a risk of reducing business value or earning capacity as well as risk of inadequate cash flow to meet financial obligations. This risk is mitigated by proactive management of the business plan, regular monitoring of cash flows and close relationships with important stakeholders within the business.

Operational Risk

There is a risk of losses arising from inadequate or failed internal processes, from personnel and/or from external events. These are mitigated by regularly monitoring the business risk register against occurring events and business continuity planning.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

M D Hare - Secretary

26 April 2017

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2016.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 December 2016.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2016 to the date of this report.

M D Hare

S E De'Lemos Pratt

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, McKenzies, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

- Secretary

26 April 2017

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF W E BEDFORD INSURANCE SERVICES (WIMBLEDON) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of W E Bedford Insurance Services (Wimbledon) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2016 on pages five to nineteen. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page three, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2016 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Colin McCoy BA FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of McKenzies

for and on behalf of McKenzies
Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditors
2 Station Road West
Oxted
Surrey
RH8 9EP

26 April 2017

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

		201	6	201	5
	Notes	£	£	£	£
TURNOVER			7,512,071		7,846,322
Distribution costs		2,293,572		2,691,529	
Administrative expenses		5,296,015 —	7,589,587	6,181,796	8,873,325
			(77,516)		(1,027,003)
Other operating income			67		27,877
OPERATING LOSS	4		(77,449)		(999,126)
Income from participating interests		20,000		16,000	
Interest receivable and similar income		8,433	28,433	32,652	48,652
			(49,016)		(950,474)
Interest payable and similar expenses	6		-		1,193
LOSS BEFORE TAXATION			(49,016)		(951,667)
Tax on loss	7		20,925		(144,994)
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR			(69,941)		(806,673)

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Notes	2016 £	2015 £
LOSS FOR THE YEAR	(69,941)	(806,673)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	<u>-</u>	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	(69,941)	(806,673)

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2016

		201	6	201	5
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	9		2,021,363		2,081,124
Investments	10		63,017		63,017
			2,084,380	•	2,144,141
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	11	1,043,408		925,808	
Cash at bank		791,779 ————		873,960	
		1,835,187		1,799,768	•
CREDITORS		•			
Amounts falling due within one year	12	2,532,515 		2,486,916	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(697,328)		(687,148)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			1,387,052 ————		1,456,993
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	14		1.000		1.000
Capital reserve	15		328,147		328,147
Retained earnings	15		1,057,905		1,127,846
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,387,052		1,456,993

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 26 April 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

M D Hare - Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Capital reserve £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2015	1,000	2,296,077	328,147	2,625,224
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income	- -	(361,558) (806,673)	-	(361,558) (806,673)
Balance at 31 December 2015	1,000	1,127,846	328,147	1,456,993
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income		(69,941)	-	(69,941)
Balance at 31 December 2016	1,000	1,057,905	328,147	1,387,052

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

,	Notes	2016 £	2015 £
Cash flows from operating activities	10103	•	~
Cash generated from operations	1	(87,430)	(384,921)
Interest paid		-	(1,193)
Tax paid		•	(195,527)
Net cash from operating activities		(87,430)	(581,641)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(23,184)	(95,352)
Interest received		8,433	32,652
Dividends received		20,000	16,000
Net cash from investing activities		5,249	(46,700)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Equity dividends paid			(361,558)
Net cash from financing activities			(361,558)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(82,181)	(989,899)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2	873,960	1,863,859
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2	791,779	873,960

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	2016	2015
	£	£
Loss before taxation	(49,016)	(951,667)
Depreciation charges	82,945	110,404
Movement on inter-company balance	-	358,247
Finance costs	-	1,193
Finance income	(28,433)	(48,652)
	5,496	(530,475)
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other debtors	(136,838)	119,794
Increase in trade and other creditors	43,912	25,760
Cash generated from operations	(87,430)	(384,921

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

Year ended 31 December 2016		
	31.12.16	1.1.16
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	791,779	873,960
		
Year ended 31 December 2015		
	31.12.15	1.1.15
•	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	873,960	1,863,859

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

W E Bedford Insurance Services (Wimbledon) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover represents net commissions and fees for general insurance products. The company is not registered for value added tax so turnover is stated gross of all sales taxes.

Commission revenue is recognised at the date of the policy inception, fee income is recognised when invoiced.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Freehold property

2% on cost

Fixtures and fittings

25% on reducing balance

Investments in associates

Investments in associate undertakings are recognised at cost.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution-pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Insurance transactions, client money and insurer money

The company records on its balance sheet amounts due to and from clients and insurers, and money held on behalf of clients and insurers in relation to insurance transactions that the company handles on behalf of those parties. In accordance with the requirements of the Financial Services Authority, client money is held in bank accounts governed by Trust Deeds established for the benefits of such clients. Insure money is held in accordance with the agreements in place between the insurer and the company. Amounts held in trust cannot be called upon on insolvency of the company, however interest received on all of these cash balances is recognised and reflected as revenue in these financial statements as the company has the right to such interest in accordance with the terms of business agreed with clients and insurers. The cash at bank balances presented in these financial statements represents the aggregation of the money held for the benefit of the company, clients and insurers.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

4.

5.

	2016	2015
Wages and salaries Social security costs	£ 3,286,801 244,857	£ 2,780,828 256,703
Other pension costs	69,773	71,626
	3,601,431	3,109,157
The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:		
	2016	2015
Management	10	10
Administration Insurance Personnel	18 44	18 47
insulance reisonnei		
	72	
	2016 £	2015 £
Directors' remuneration	170,000	144,144
Directors' pension contributions to money purchase schemes	54,400	55,134
The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing was as follows:		
Money purchase schemes	2	2
OPERATING LOSS		
The energting loss is stated after charging:		
The operating loss is stated after charging:		
	2016 £	2015 £
Depreciation - owned assets	82,945	110,406
Auditors' remuneration	10,740	10,670
EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS		
LAGER HOWAL HEWIS	2016	2015
Exceptional items =	£ 	£ (1,300,000)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

6.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES	2016 £	2015 £
	Interest payable		1,193
7.	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax charge/(credit) The tax charge/(credit) on the loss for the year was as follows:		
	•	2016 £	2015 £
	Current tax:		(22.12-)
	UK corporation tax	1,687	(38,487)
	Deferred tax	19,238	(106,507)
	Tax on loss	20,925	(144,994)
	explained below:		
	Loss before tax	2016 £ (49,016)	2015 £ (951,667)
		£	£
	Loss before tax Loss multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20%	£ (49,016)	£ (951,667)
	Loss before tax Loss multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 - 20%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	£ (49,016) (9,803) 27,683	£ (951,667)
	Loss before tax Loss multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 - 20%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not taxable for tax purposes	£ (49,016) ————————————————————————————————————	£ (951,667) ———————————————————————————————————
	Loss before tax Loss multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 - 20%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not taxable for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	£ (49,016) (9,803) 27,683 (4,000)	£ (951,667) ===================================
	Loss before tax Loss multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 - 20%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not taxable for tax purposes	£ (49,016) (9,803) 27,683 (4,000) - 9,012	£ (951,667) ———————————————————————————————————
	Loss before tax Loss multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 - 20%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not taxable for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	£ (49,016) (9,803) 27,683 (4,000)	£ (951,667) ———————————————————————————————————
	Loss before tax Loss multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 - 20%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not taxable for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Utilisation of tax losses	£ (49,016) (9,803) (9,803) - (4,000) - (21,205)	£ (951,667) ———————————————————————————————————
8.	Loss before tax Loss multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 - 20%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not taxable for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Utilisation of tax losses Deferred taxation	£ (49,016) (9,803) 27,683 (4,000) - 9,012 (21,205) 19,238	£ (951,667) ———————————————————————————————————
8.	Loss before tax Loss multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 - 20%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not taxable for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Utilisation of tax losses Deferred taxation Total tax charge/(credit)	£ (49,016) (9,803) 27,683 (4,000) 9,012 (21,205) 19,238 20,925 2016	£ (951,667) ———————————————————————————————————
8.	Loss before tax Loss multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 - 20%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not taxable for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Utilisation of tax losses Deferred taxation Total tax charge/(credit) DIVIDENDS	£ (49,016) (9,803) 27,683 (4,000) 9,012 (21,205) 19,238 20,925	£ (951,667) (190,333) 31,222 (576) 121,200 (106,507) (144,994)
8.	Loss before tax Loss multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 - 20%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not taxable for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Utilisation of tax losses Deferred taxation Total tax charge/(credit)	£ (49,016) (9,803) 27,683 (4,000) 9,012 (21,205) 19,238 20,925 2016	£ (951,667) ———————————————————————————————————

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

9.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		Fixtures	
		Freehold	and	Totals
		property £	fittings £	£
	COST	_	_	_
	At 1 January 2016	1,961,220	941,124	2,902,344
	Additions		23,184	23,184
	At 31 December 2016	1,961,220	964,308	2,925,528
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 January 2016	70,450	750,770	821,220
	Charge for year	35,224	47,721	82,945
	At 31 December 2016	105,674	798,491	904,165
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 December 2016	1,855,546	165,817	2,021,363
- '	At 31 December 2015	1,890,770	190,354	2,081,124

Included in cost of land and buildings is freehold land of £200,000 (2015 - £200,000) which is not depreciated.

10. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

		Interest in associate £	Interest in other participating interests £	Totals £
	COST	Ł	L	Z.
	At 1 January 2016			
	and 31 December 2016	51,017	12,000	63,017
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 December 2016	51,017	12,000	63,017
	At 31 December 2015	51,017	12,000	63,017
11.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
			2016	2015
			£	£
	Insurance debtors		623,915	485,428
	Other debtors		52,154	2,676
	Commission receivable		134,607	201,977
	Stock		3,000	3,000
	Tax		38,487	38,487
	Deferred tax asset		82,915	102,153
	Prepayments		108,330	92,087
			1,043,408	925,808

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

12.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITH	IIN ONE YEAR		0015
			2016 £	2015 £
	Insurance creditors		2,411,954	2,354,614
	Tax		. 1,687	2,004,014
	Social security and other taxes		69,157	78,505
	Other creditors		3,326	
	Accrued expenses		46,391	53,797
			2,532,515	2,486,916
13.	DEFERRED TAX			
	Balance at 1 January 2016			£ (102,153)
	Utilised during year	•		19,238
	Balance at 31 December 2016			(82,915)
				===
14.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL			
	Allotted, issued and fully paid:			
	Number: Class:	Nominal	2016	2015
		value:	£	£
	1,000 Ordinary	£1	1,000	1,000
15.	RESERVES			
		Retained	Capital	
		earnings	reserve	Totals
		£	£	£
	At 1 January 2016	1,127,846	328,147	1,455,993
	Deficit for the year	(69,941)		(69,941)
	At 31 December 2016	1,057,905	328,147	1,386,052

16. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company and amounted to £69,373 (2015 - £71,626). There were 5no amounts outstanding in respect of pension contributions as at 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2015.

17. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The immediate parent company of W E Bedford Insurance Services (Wimbledon) Limited is W E Bedford Insurance Services Limited and the ultimate holding company is Bedford Insurance Services Group Limited.

Bedford Insurance Services Group Limited is the parent company of the largest and smallest group of which the company is a member and for which group accounts are drawn up. Copies of the accounts are available from Bedford Insurance Services Group Limited, Argent House, Argent Court, Hook Rise South, Tolworth KT6 7LD.

18. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

As a subsidiary undertaking of Bedford Insurance Services Group Limited, the company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard 8 "Related party disclosures" from disclosing transactions with other members of the group headed by Bedford Insurance Services Group Limited.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

19.		NT	

The company is considered to be under the control of M D Hare, a director who owns a majority shareholding in Bedford Insurance Services Group Limited, the company's ultimate parent.

RECONCILIATION OF EQUITY 1 JANUARY 2015 (DATE OF TRANSITION TO FRS 102)

		UK. GAAP	Effect of transition to FRS 102	FRS 102
	Notes	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS				
Tangible assets		2,096,178	-	2,096,178
Investments		63,017		63,017
		2,159,195	-	2,159,195
CURRENT ASSETS				
Debtors		1,263,207		1,263,207
Cash at bank		1,863,859	-	1,863,859
		3,127,066		3,127,066
CREDITORS				
Amounts falling due within one year		(2,656,683)	-	(2,656,683)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		470,383		470,383
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		2,629,578	-	2,629,578
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		(4,354)	-	(4,354)
NET ASSETS		2,625,224	-	2,625,224
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called up share capital		1,000	-	1,000
Capital redemption reserve		328,147	_	328,147
Retained earnings		2,296,077	-	2,296,077
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		2,625,224		2,625,224

RECONCILIATION OF EQUITY - continued 31 DECEMBER 2015

	Notes	UK GAAP £	Effect of transition to FRS 102	FRS 102
FIXED ASSETS	Notes	Ł	L	L
Tangible assets		2,081,124	_	2,081,124
Investments		63,017	-	63,017
		2,144,141	-	2,144,141
CURRENT ASSETS				
Debtors		925,808	-	925,808
Cash at bank		873,960		873,960
		1,799,768		1,799,768
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year		(2,486,916)	-	(2,486,916)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(687,148)	-	(687,148)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT				
LIABILITIES		1,456,993		1,456,993
NET ASSETS		1,456,993		1,456,993
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called up share capital		1,000	-	1,000
Capital reserve		328,147	-	328,147
Retained earnings		1,127,846		1,127,846
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		1,456,993		1,456,993

RECONCILIATION OF LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

	UK GAAP £	Effect of transition to FRS 102	FRS 102 £
TURNOVER	7,846,322	-	7,846,322
Distribution costs Administrative expenses Other operating income	(2,691,529) (6,181,796) 27,877	- - -	(2,691,529) (6,181,796) 27,877
OPERATING LOSS Income from participating interests Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar expenses	(999,126) 16,000 32,652 (1,193)	- - - -	(999,126) 16,000 32,652 (1,193)
LOSS BEFORE TAXATION Tax on loss	(951,667) 144,994	-	(951,667) 144,994
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	(806,673)		(806,673)