COMPANY NUMBER 2849975

<u>FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

Directors:

A F Hanson

(Chairman)

C Winter J E Holyday

Secretary:

A F Hanson

Registered Office:

Tauntfield South Road Taunton Somerset TA1 3ND WEDNESDAY

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors submit herewith their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008.

Review of the business

The company experienced continuing difficulties with a number of contracts and a shortfall in orders. This resulted in a major restructuring and downsizing of the business to enable it to move forward in a more controlled way. Current business levels are satisfactory and in line with the new structure.

Results and Dividends

The company lost £54216 on ordinary activities. No dividend is being recommended relating to this year.

Principal Activity

The company's principal activity during the year was that of electrical contracting.

Directors

The Directors who served during the year were:

C Winter

A F Hanson

J E Holyday

Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK GAAP).

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

DIRECTORS' REPORT - Continued

Directors' Responsibilities (Cont'd)

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Audit

So far as each of the directors at the time the Directors' Report is approved are aware:

- a) there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- b) the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information

Small Company Provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

By Order of the Board

Af. Itam

A F Hanson Secretary

26 mae cu 2009

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF

TES PROJECTS LTD

We have audited the financial statements of TES Projects Ltd for the year ended 31 December 2008 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes set out on pages 4 to 11. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

The Directors' responsibilities for preparing the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the statement of Directors' Responsibilities in the Directors' Report.

Our responsibility is to audit the Financial Statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records. If we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our audit if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the Financial Statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the Directors in the preparation of the Financial Statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the Financial Statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the Financial Statements.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2008 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

Francis Clark
Chartered Accountants
Vantage Point
Woodwater Park
Pynes Hill
Exeter
EX2 5FD

Francice

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

	Note	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
TURNOVER	1	1434210	£ 1980952
Cost of sales		1087676	1607040
GROSS PROFIT		346534	373912
Administrative expenses		400224	589507
OPERATING LOSS	2	(53690)	(215595)
Interest payable	4 & 5	526	174
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		(54216)	(215769)
Taxation on Loss on ordinary activities	6	(3083)	26644
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION		£(51133)	£(242413)

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the loss for the year.

The notes on Pages 6 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2008

	<u>Notes</u>	£	2008 £	£	2007 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible Assets Plant, Vehicles and Equipment Investments	8	~	24366 1	-	7 0673
TOTAL FIXED ASSETS			24367		70674
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks and Work in Progress Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	9 10	44750 286213 15442		110134 426282 99	
		346405		536515	
CREDITORS - Amount falling due within one year	11	328311		513595	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			18094		22920
NET ASSETS			£42461		£93594
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital					
Equity share capital	12		16000		16000
Profit and loss account	13		26461		77594
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	14		£42461 ======		£93594

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with (i) the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies and (ii) the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007).

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 26 water 2009.

C Winter

A Clanson

) Directors

A Hanson

The notes on Pages 6 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007).

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful economic life, and is calculated at the following annual rates:

Motor vehicles

30% on reducing balance

Plant, machinery and office equipment

20% on reducing balance

Computers

30% on cost

Stocks and work in progress

Stocks and short-term contract work in progress:

Stocks and short-term contract work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials, labour, stores, sub-contract work, transport and machinery.

Long-term contract work in progress:

Long-term contract work in progress is stated at valuation, comprising total costs incurred, net of amounts transferred to the profit and loss account in respect of work carried out to date, less foreseeable losses and applicable payments on account. Cost comprises direct materials, labour, stores, sub-contract work, transport and machinery.

Profit on long-term contracts is accounted for once the outcome of a contract can be assessed with reasonable certainty and is based on the appropriate stage of completion of the contract.

Provision is made for foreseeable losses on all contracts based on the loss which is currently estimated to arise over the duration of any contract, irrespective of the amount of work carried out at the balance sheet date.

Contract valuations include the value of approved variations. Where the amount to be received in respect of these variations has not been settled, valuation is based on an estimate of the most likely settlement outcome in the light of current negotiations.

Contract valuations also include claims to the extent that negotiations have reached an advanced stage and there is sufficient evidence of the acceptability of the claim in principle to the client with an indication of the amount involved also being available. Valuation is based on an estimate of the most likely settlement outcome in the light of current negotiations.

Amounts receivable on long-term contracts are included in trade debtors. The excess of the value of work done over amounts receivable is shown as amounts recoverable on contracts under the heading of debtors, and the excess of amounts receivable over the value of work done is shown as payments on account under the heading of creditors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

1. <u>ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (cont'd)

Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts invoiced, excluding valued added tax, for work completed during the period, adjusted for opening and closing work in progress.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

2. <u>OPERATING LOSS</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
This is arrived at after charging/(crediting):	£	£
Depreciation	38482	33864
Profit/(Loss) on disposal of fixed assets	(3847)	2987
Auditors' remuneration	4527	4600
	====	====
3. DIRECTORS EMOLUMENTS		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	£	£
The emoluments paid to the directors comprise:		
Emoluments for directors' services	-	100229
Money purchase pension scheme contributions	-	5099
	£ -	£105328
	=====	
The number of directors for whom money purchase pension scheme		
contributions were paid during the year was	-	4
	==	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

4. INTEREST PAYABLE	2008 £	2007 £
On bank overdraft Other interest	26 500	129 63
Other interest		
	526	192
5. INTEREST RECEIVABLE		====
J. INTEREST RECEIVINGE		
Other interest	-	18
	==	==
6. TAXATION ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
(a) Analysis of charge in period	£	£
Current taxation:		
UK corporation tax recovery of losses through group relief	(2092)	(27300)
Adjustments in relation to previous periods	(3083)	(32778)
	(3083)	(60078)
Deferred taxation		
Write back of deferred tax asset	-	61522
Adjustments in relation to previous periods	-	25200
Total tax charge/(credit) for the year	£(3083)	£26644
Total tax charge/(cledit) for the year	=====	=====
7. <u>DEFERRED TAXATION</u>	2008 £	2007 £
	ž.	£
Balance brought forward	-	86722
Losses group relieved Write off of deferred asset	-	(25200)
write on or deferred asset		(61522)
	£ -	£ -
	=====	======

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

8. PLANT, VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT	Motor vehicles £	Plant and Machinery £	<u>Total</u>
COST			
At 1 January 2008 Additions Disposals	97382 - (42539)	165561 1964	262943 1964 (42539)
Disposais			
At 31 December 2008	54843	167525 ======	222367 =====
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 January 2008 Charge for the year Disposals	65441 9713 (32751)	126829 28769	192270 38482 (32751)
At 31 December 2008	£42403	£155598	£198001
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31 December 2008	£12440	£11927	£24366
At 31 December 2007	£31940	£38733	£70673
9. STOCKS AND WORK IN PROGRESS			
		<u>2008</u> £	<u>2007</u> £
Stocks : raw materials and consumables :work in progress		947 43803	4539 105595
		£44750	£110134
		======	=====
10. <u>DEBTORS</u>		2008 £	2007 £
Trade debtors		265916 2349	391716 150
Owed by group undertakings Owed by associated undertakings		2349	4404
Corporation tax recoverable		198	198
Sundry debtors		1548 14194	6890 22924
Prepayments		14134	
		£286213	£426282

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

11. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	2008 £	<u>2007</u> £
Bank overdraft Trade creditors	147853	64672 210111
Payments on account of contracts	79080	112835
Social security and other taxes	28300	19432
Owed to group undertakings	26762	43391
Owed to associated undertakings	4555	25125
Other creditors	4539	5465
Accruals	37222	32564
	£328311	£513595
	=======	=====
		tted, called up, l and fully paid 2008 & 2007
Ordinary shares of £1 each	E16000	£16000
==	====	=====
13. PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT	2008 £	2007 £
Balance brought forward	77594	320007
Loss for the financial year	(51133)	(242413)
	£26461	£77594

14. PENSION SCHEME

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents the contribution payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £8049 (2007: £15012).

15. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

Tauntfield Limited is the ultimate parent undertaking.

16. SECURITIES

The bank borrowings are secured by a fixed charge on book debts and by a floating charge on other assets of the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company is controlled by Tauntfield Limited, its parent company.

The company is taking advantage of the disclosure exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007), regarding related party transactions, on the grounds that its voting shares are more than 90% controlled within Tauntfield Limited. Consequently details of the company are included in the publicly available consolidated accounts of Tauntfield Limited.

During the year transactions with an associated company, Summerfield Developments (SW) Ltd, amounted to sales of £72501 (2007 - £55153) and management charges paid of £15471 (2007 - £47043). At the year end amounts due by Summerfield Developments (SW) Ltd were £2008 (2007 - £4404) and amounts due to Summerfield Developments (SW) Ltd were £4555 (2007 - £25125).