Report and Financial Statements

30 September 2006

THURSDAY

A24 26/04/2007 COMPANIES HOUSE

107

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2006

CONTENTS

	Page
Officers and professional advisers	1
Directors' report	2
Statement of directors' responsibilities	4
Independent auditors' report	5
Profit and loss account	6
Balance sheet	7
Notes to the financial statements	8

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

R H Barnes D Callcott M W H Morgan P Sykes S J Stout

SECRETARY

D Callcott

REGISTERED OFFICE

7 Abbey Court
Eagle Way
Sowton Industrial Estate
Exeter
Devon
EX2 7HY

BANKERS

National Westminster Bank Plc 15 Bishopsgate London EC2P 2AP

SOLICITORS

-

Nabarro Nathanson 50 Stratton Street London W1X 6NX

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche LLP Bristol

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2006

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results for the year are shown in the profit and loss account on page 6 the profit after tax for the year was £2,388,371 (2005 £2,080,049) The directors do not propose a final dividend on the ordinary shares (2005 £nil)

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The principal activity of the company continued to be the provision of professional and scientific services, centred around the provision of software for the manipulation of Ordnance Survey mapping

The company had a very successful year with sales revenues increasing by 10% on the previous twelve months. The company plans to continue to develop new products during the forthcoming year, which it is hoped will stimulate market demand for its services. All related research and development costs are written off to the profit and loss account as incurred, it is not possible to separately identify these costs from the normal running costs of the company

The company's balance sheet as detailed on page 7 shows a satisfactory position with shareholders' funds amounting to £10,711,769 (2005 £8,323,398) The directors look forward to further good trading in the future

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The company's activities expose it to a number of financial risks. The company's main financial risk is primarily attributable to its trade debtors. The amounts presented in the balance sheet are net of allowances for doubtful debts. An allowance for impairment is made where there is sufficient doubt over recoverability based on previous experience. The company has no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a large number of customers.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The current directors of the company who served throughout the year are listed on page 1 No directors had any interest in the share capital of the company in the current or preceding year

R H Barnes, D Callcott and S J Stout are directors of EDR Landmark Information Limited and their interests in the shares of companies within the group at 30 September 2006 are disclosed in those accounts P Sykes is a director of DMG Information Limited and his interest in the shares of companies within the group at 30 September 2006 is disclosed in those accounts M W H Morgan is a director of Daily Mail and General Holdings Limited and his interest in the shares of companies within the group at 30 September 2006 is disclosed in those accounts. None of the other directors had any interest in any other group company incorporated in the United Kingdom

CREDITOR PAYMENT POLICY

It is the company's policy to maintain good relationships with its suppliers. Payment terms are agreed with each supplier in advance and their terms are adhered to. The average payment period was 34 days (2005) 54 days)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

AUDITORS

In the case of each of the persons who are directors of the company at the date when this report is approved

- So far as each of the directors is aware there is no relevant audit information (as defined by the Companies Act 1985) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- Each of the directors has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information (as defined) and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s234ZA of the Companies Act 1985

A resolution to reappoint Deloitte & Touche LLP as the company's auditors will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

D Callcott Secretary

20 March 2007

1 (Mest

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for the system of internal control, safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PRODAT SYSTEMS PLC

We have audited the financial statements of Prodat Systems Plc for the year ended 30 September 2006 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and related notes 1 to 15 These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements. In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2006 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

to traide us

Bristol, United Kingdom

28 North 2007

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 30 September 2006

	Notes	2006 £	2005 £
TURNOVER - continuing operations	2	14,630,364	13,293,031
Other external charges Depreciation Other operating charges		(7,382,009) (80,427) (3,769,833)	(6,916,851) (125,307) (3,281,420)
OPERATING PROFIT - continuing operations	3	3,398,095	2,969,453
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		3,398,095	2,969,453
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(1,009,724)	(889,404)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	11	2,388,371	2,080,049

There have been no recognised gains and losses attributable to the shareholders other than the profit for the current and preceding financial year. Accordingly, no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses is shown

BALANCE SHEET At 30 September 2006

	Notes		2006	0	2005
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	7	£	£ 58,628	£	£ 139,055
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	8	26,236,559 160,897		19,810,583 165,240	
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	9	26,397,456 (15,744,315)		19,975,823	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			10,653,141		8,184,343
NET ASSETS			10,711,769		8,323,398
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	10		00.700		02 520
Called up share capital Share premium account	10 11		92,739 616,775		92,739 616,775
Profit and loss account	11		10,002,255		7,613,884
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	11		10,711,769		8,323,398

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 20 March 2007

Signed on behalf of the Board

Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 30 September 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards and under the historical cost convention. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset evenly over its expected useful lives at the following rates

Short leasehold

lease term

Software and computer equipment

20% to 33 3% straight line

Fixtures and fittings 33 3%

33 3% straight line

Leasing

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Research and development

Expenditure on research and development incurred in the year is charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which it is incurred with the exception of expenditure on the development of certain major new data projects where the outcome of those projects is assessed as being reasonably certain as regards viability and technical feasibility. Such expenditure is capitalised and amortised over a period not exceeding ten years, commencing when sales of products including the new data are first made.

Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements. Deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from the revaluation of fixed assets where there is no commitment to sell the asset, or on unremitted earnings of subsidiaries and associates where there is no commitment to remit these earnings. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Cash flow statement

The company is exempt from the requirement of FRS1 to produce a cash flow statement since it is a wholly controlled subsidiary of Daily Mail and General Trust plc, which produces group accounts incorporating a consolidated cash flow statement

2. TURNOVER

Turnover which is stated net of value added tax represents amounts invoiced to third parties. The turnover for the year was derived from the company's principal activity and arose in the United Kingdom. Income is recognised when the service has been delivered or in the case of licence fee income it is initially deferred and then recognised as income over the period of the licence.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 30 September 2006

3.	OPERATING PROFIT	2006 £	2005 £
	Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting)		
	Auditors' remuneration in respect of audit services Operating lease rentals	10,000	10,000
	- plant and machinery	10,241	10,241
	- other	120,329	117,321
	Profit on sale of tangible fixed assets	•	(27,286)
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets - owned assets	80,427	125,307

4. **DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS**

R H Barnes, D Callcott and S J Stout are directors of Landmark Information Group Limited and Prodat Systems Plc Total directors' remuneration from Landmark Information Group Limited for the year was £716,256 It is not practicable to allocate this between the directors' services as directors of Landmark Information Group Limited and Prodat Systems Plc M W H Morgan and P Sykes received no remuneration in relation to their services to this company

5. STAFF COSTS

On 1 October 2004 the service contracts of the company's employees were transferred to Landmark Information Group Limited, a fellow group company

6.	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES Analysis of charge in year	2006 £	2005 £
	Current corporation tax		
	Charge in year	1,042,323	893,514
	Prior year	(1,441)	(8,694)
		1,040,882	884,820
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	(31,158)	4,584
	Taxation charge	1,009,724	889,404

The standard rate of current tax for the year, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax is 30% (2005 30%) The tax on profit on ordinary activities for the period differs from the standard rate for the reasons set out in the following reconciliation

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 30 September 2006

6.	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (continued)	2006 £	2005 £
	Factors affecting tax	ž.	*
	Profit before tax	3,398,095	2,969,453
		£	£
		•	~
	At standard rates of 30%	1,019,429	890,836
	Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	7,605	2,212
	Other timing differences	15,289	466
	Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous period	(1,441)	(8,694)
	Corporation tax charge	1,040,882	884,820

Factors affecting future tax charges

The company is not aware of any factors which might materially affect the future tax charge

7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Short leasehold £	Software and computer equipment	Fixtures and fittings £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 October 2005 and 30 September 2006	56,944	670,286	89,001	816,231
Depreciation				
At 1 October 2005	14,955	579,211	83,010	677,176
Charge for the year	17,375	58,680	4,372	80,427
At 30 September 2006	32,330	637,891	87,382	757,603
Net book value				
At 30 September 2006	24,614	32,395	1,619	58,628
At 30 September 2005	41,989	91,075	5,991	139,055
•	····			

١.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 30 September 2006

8.	DEBTORS				2006 £	2005 £
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Deferred taxation VAT recoverable Prepayments and accrued income				2,743,829 22,994,328 55,963 273,465 168,974	2,441,302 16,953,813 24,805 228,908 161,755
					26,236,559	19,810,583
	The deferred tax asset of £55,963 (2005)	5 £24,805)	is not recover	able within one	year	
9.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING	G DUE WI	ITHIN ONE Y	YEAR	2006 £	2005 £
	Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Corporation tax Accruals and deferred income				751,105 11,025,528 1,934,396 2,033,286 15,744,315	1,348,109 6,891,811 1,622,998 1,928,562 11,791,480
10.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL				2006 £	2005 £
	Authorised 100,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each				100,000	100,000
					£	£
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 92,739 ordinary shares of £1 each				92,739	92,739
11.	COMBINED RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT ON RESERVES	OF SHARE	CHOLDERS'	FUNDS AND		
		Share capital £	Share premum account	Profit and loss account £	Total 2006 £	Total 2005 £
	At beginning of year Profit for the year	92,739	616,775	7,613,884 2,388,371	8,323,398 2,388,371	6,243,349 2,080,049
	At end of year	92,739	616,775	10,002,255	10,711,769	8,323,398

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 30 September 2006

12. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 30 September 2006 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

Land and buildings	2006 £	2005 £
Operating leases which expire - between two and five years	121,755	118,902
Plant and equipment	£	£
Operating leases which expire - between two and five years	10,241	10,241

13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in Financial Reporting Standard 8 from the requirement to disclose related party transactions within the group, by virtue of being a wholly owned subsidiary of a company whose consolidated accounts are publicly available

14. IMMEDIATE AND ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANIES

The directors regard the ultimate parent company as Rothermere Continuation Limited, which is incorporated in Bermuda

The largest and smallest group of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up is that of Daily Mail and General Trust plc, registered in England and Wales Copies of the report and financial statements are available from The Company Secretary, Daily Mail and General Trust plc, Northcliffe House, 2 Derry Street, Kensington, London, W8 5TT

According to the register kept by the company, EDR Landmark Information Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales, has a 100% interest in the equity share capital of the company at 30 September 2006

15. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The directors regard the ultimate controlling party as The Viscount Rothermere of Rothermere Continuation Limited