

Registered Number 02834777

LEVEL 4 GOLF LIMITED

Abbreviated Accounts

31 July 2015

Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2015

	Notes	2015	2014
		£	£
Fixed assets	2		
Intangible		19,809	14,179
Tangible		117,863	134,206
		<u>137,672</u>	<u>148,385</u>
Current assets			
Stocks		897,453	945,481
Debtors		749,888	554,882
Cash at bank and in hand		610,131	103,992
Total current assets		<u>2,257,472</u>	<u>1,604,355</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(1,550,046)	(1,249,419)
Net current assets (liabilities)		707,426	354,936
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>845,098</u>	<u>503,321</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	3	(228,582)	(219,264)
Provisions for liabilities		(25,725)	(27,470)
Total net assets (liabilities)		<u>590,791</u>	<u>256,587</u>

Capital and reserves

Called up share capital	4	250	250
Profit and loss account		590,541	256,337

Shareholders funds

590,791

256,587

- a. For the year ending 31 July 2015 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 24 February 2016

And signed on their behalf by:

MR A GRIMSTONE, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ending 31 July 2015

1 Accounting policies**Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax. In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows: Website-15% per annum on a straight line basis

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions: Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Fixtures & Fittings	15% Reducing Balance
Equipment	15% Reducing Balance
Leasehold Property Improvements	15% Reducing Balance

2 Fixed Assets

	Intangible Assets	Tangible Assets	Total
Cost or valuation	£	£	£
At 01 August 2014	21,721	386,789	408,510
Additions	9,125	4,298	13,423
At 31 July 2015	<u>30,846</u>	<u>391,088</u>	<u>421,934</u>
Depreciation			
At 01 August 2014	7,542	252,583	260,125
Charge for year	3,495	20,641	24,136
At 31 July 2015	<u>11,037</u>	<u>273,225</u>	<u>284,262</u>
Net Book Value			
At 31 July 2015	19,809	117,863	137,672
At 31 July 2014	<u>14,179</u>	<u>134,206</u>	<u>148,385</u>

3 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

4 Share capital

2015

2014

	£	£
Authorised share capital:		
1000 Ordinary of £1 each	1,000	1,000
1000 Ordinary A of £1 each	1,000	1,000
 Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
100 Ordinary of £1 each	100	100
150 Ordinary A of £1 each	150	150