THE LANCASTER LANDMARK HOTEL COMPANY LIMITED

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 October 2013

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The Lancaster Landmark Hotel Company Limited For the year ended 31 October 2013 Company Information

Directors

- J Sihanatkathakul
- S Sihanartkatakul
- M Gemei
- B Hladnik
- T Sıhanatkathakul
- T Sıhanatkathakul

Secretary and Registered Office

Cornhill Secretaries Limited Lancaster London Hotel Lancaster Terrace London W2 2TY

Auditors

Moore Stephens LLP 150 Aldersgate Street London EC1A 4AB The Lancaster Landmark Hotel Company Limited Strategic Report For the year ended 31 October 2013

Business Review and Principal Activities

The company's principal activity is the ownership and management of the Lancaster London Hotel, located in W2

The results for the company show a pre-tax profit of £4 9m (2012 £3 65m) on turnover of £31 1m (2012 £30 4m) A dividend of £18m was paid during the year (2012 £NiI)

The result for the year reflects efforts to control expenses while maintaining revenue in a challenging economic climate

Business Environment

Despite concerns regarding recovery in some countries in mainland Europe, in the United Kingdom recovery has finally taken hold. The economy is growing robustly as lifting uncertainty and thawing credit conditions start to unlock pent-up demand.

inner London hotels showed a 6% improvement in rooms yield in 2013 compared to 2012 despite no growth in occupancy. All London hotels showed good increases in average room rates but only Tourist and Boutique hotels showed increases in occupancies as well. Tourist hotels fared best with their average room rate increasing by 11% compared to 2012.

Future Outlook

The future outlook is good in 2014 with predictions that Britain's economy will expand at its fastest rate in seven years and as such we are optimistic as we move into the new year

Economic Activity

Despite the UK economy growing by 1.9% in 2013 the Bank of England reports that significant headwinds both home and abroad remain and there is a long way to go before the aftermath of the financial crisis has cleared and economic conditions normalize. However, the Office for Budget Responsibility is currently forecasting growth of 2.14% in 2014.

Unemployment in November 2013 reduced to 2 32 million from 2 51 million in November 2012. The unemployment rate of the economically active population fell to 7 1%, near to the point at which the Bank of England has said it might consider raising interest rates.

Competition

No new hotels are planned for opening so far in 2014 with which we would expect to compete directly

Key Performance Indicators

The principal key performance indicator is room revenue generated per available room night. This increased from 2012's figure of £109 to £113 reflecting the effort put into revenue management.

By Order of the Board

M Gemei

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The Lancaster Landmark Hotel Company Limited Directors Report For the year ended 31 October 2013

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2013, which is registered in England and Wales under reference 2832349

Directors

The directors who held office in the year were as follows -

- J Sihanatkathakul
- S Sihanartkatakul
- M Gemei
- B Hladnik
- T Sihanatkathakul
- T Sihanatkathakul

Employment of Disabled Persons

It is the company's policy to give fair consideration to the employment, training and career development of disabled persons and to comply with the current legislation regarding such persons

Employee Involvement

The directors recognise the benefits which accrue from keeping employees informed on the progress of the company's devolved structure facilitates the full involvement of employees

Auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- (a) so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware,
- (b) all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director, including making appropriate enquiries of the company's auditors for that purpose, have been taken, in order to be aware of any information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

The Lancaster Landmark Hotel Company Limited Directors' Report (continued)
For the year ended 31 October 2013

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable accounting regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any
 material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless its is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

By Order of the Board

M Gemei Director

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Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of The Lancaster Landmark Hotel Company Limited

We have audited the financial statements of The Lancaster Landmark Hotel Company Limited for the year ended 31st October 2013 which are set out on pages 6 to 20. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of, whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31st October 2013 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice,
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Paul Clark, Senior Statutory Auditor For and on behalf of Moore Stephens LLP, Statutory Auditor 150 Aldersgate Street London, EC1A 4AB

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The Lancaster Landmark Hotel Company Limited Profit and Loss Account For the year ended 31 October 2013

	Note	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Turnover	1(d)	31,091	30,436
Cost of sales		(2,849)	(2,780)
Gross profit		28,242	27,656
Administrative expenses		(21,835)	(22,093)
Operating profit	2	6,407	5,563
Interest receivable Interest payable	4 5	136 (1,784)	123 (2,036)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		4,759	3,650
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	6	(1,088)	(683)
Profit for the year	14	3,671	2,967
The results for the year arose from cor	itinuing activities		
Statement of Total Recognised Gar For the year ended 31 October 2013			
	Note	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Profit for the year		3,671	3,650
Actuarial (loss)/gain on defined benefit pension scheme	16	(90)	26
Deferred tax on actuarial (loss)/gain		22	(6)
Total recognised gains and losses since last annual report		3,603	3,670

The Lancaster Landmark Hotel Company Limited Balance Sheet At 31 October 2013

	Note	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	7	75,279	75,6 <u>16</u>
Current assets Stocks Debtors	8	52	54
Amounts falling due after more than one year Amounts falling due within one	9	101,054	115,806
year Cash at bank and in hand	9	2,269 7,042	5,383 2,981
		110,417	124,224
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(49,819)	(8,608)
Net current assets		60,598	115,616
Total assets less current liabilities		135,877	191,232
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	11	-	(40,400)
Provision for liabilities	12	(1,429)	(1,968)
Net assets excluding pension surplu	s	134,448	148,864
Pension surplus	16	150	131_
Net assets	•	134,598	148,995
Capital and reserves Share capital Profit and loss account Capital redemption reserve	13 14 14	1,000 124,598 9,000	1,000 138,995 9,000
Shareholder's funds	15	134,598_	148,995

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 164 75 214

M Gemei Director

Company No 2832349

The Lancaster Landmark Hotel Company Limited Cash Flow Statement For the year ended 31 October 2013

	Note	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Net cash inflow from operating activities	18	24,815	5,252
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	g 19	22	31
Taxation	19	(997)	(1,971)
Capital expenditure and financial investment	19	(1,779)	(1,218)
Dividends Paid		(18,000)	
Net cash inflow before financing		4,061	2,094
Financing	19		
Increase in cash in the year	20	4,061	2,094
Reconciliation of Net Cash Flows to Movement in Net Debt			
Increase in cash in the year	20	4,061	2,094
Net debt at 1 November 2012	20	(37,419)	(39,513)
Net debt at 31 October 2013	20	(33,358)	(37,419)

1. Principal Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

(b) Going Concern

As stated in note 22, a fellow group company has provided a guarantee to ensure that group liabilities falling due within one year can be met. The financial statements have, accordingly, been prepared on the going concern basis.

(c) Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at historical cost less depreciation and any write down for impairment

Assets other than long leasehold land and buildings and operating equipment are being written off on a straight line basis over their remaining useful lives at the following rates -

Fixtures, fittings and equipment Plant and machinery

5-33% per annum

4-33% per annum

It is the company's policy to maintain its long leasehold land and buildings to a high standard on an ongoing basis. The directors consider that the life of the property is so long and the residual value so high that any depreciation on land and buildings would be immaterial, so none is charged. The directors perform annual impairment reviews in accordance with the requirements of FRS 15 "Tangible Fixed Assets" and FRS 11 "Impairment of Fixed Assets and Goodwill" to ensure that the carrying value is not higher than the recoverable amount

All items costing less than £1,000 are written off to the profit and loss account as incurred, unless a number of similar items are bought at the same time together costing over £1,000, in which case they are considered as a group and are capitalised

(d) Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value

(e) Turnover

Turnover represents the net amounts receivable from customers for services provided in the normal course of business, exclusive of value added tax, and is confined to the United Kingdom

(f) Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted to reflect the time value of money.

1. Principal Accounting Policies (Continued)

(g) Operating leases

The annual rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a level term basis over the life of each lease

(h) Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Any exchange differences are reflected in the profit and loss account for the year

(i) Pension costs

The company operates defined contribution pension schemes with guaranteed minimum benefits for certain members. The company also operates a defined benefit scheme which is now closed to new members.

Contributions are paid to the schemes in accordance with the actuaries' guidance and are charged against profits in the year to which they relate in accordance with the provisions of FRS 17 "Retirement Benefits"

2. Operating Profit

	2013 £'000	£'000
Operating profit is stated after charging		
Depreciation	2,106	2,101
Auditors' remuneration - audit	38	38
- non audit (taxation and others)	29	12
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	10	109
Expenditure on repairs and maintenance	1,116	1,222
Operating lease rentals -		
Land and buildings	827	1,013
Other	20	20

3 Directors and Employees

There were no directors emoluments paid during the year (2012 £Nil)

Staff costs during the year were as follows

	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Wages and salaries Social security costs & related Pension costs	7,917 651 160	7,623 674 155
	8,728	8,452

3. Directors and Employees (Continued)

4.

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The average monthly number of full time equivalent employees during the year was as follows 2012 2013 No No. 92 94 Rooms 178 164 Catering 18 17 Sales 31 31 Administration 14 13 Service 332 320 Interest Receivable 2012 2013 £'000 £'000 22 31 Bank interest 114 92 Net return on pension scheme assets and liabilities 136 123 Interest Payable 2012 2013 £'000 £'000 2,036 1,784 Interest on inter-company loans **Taxation on Profit on Ordinary Activities**

razation on Front on Oraniary Front title	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Corporation tax on the profit for the year Adjustment in respect of prior years	1,606 (8)	498 14
	1,598_	512
D. Consideration (code 42)	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Deferred taxation (note 12) Current year - adjustment in respect of previous year - pension scheme deficit	(86) (452) 28	378 (221) 14
	(510)	171
Total	1088_	683
		

7.

6. **Taxation on Profit on Ordinary Activities (Continued)**

	2013	2012
	£'000	£'000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	4,759	3,650
Tax on profit on ordinary activities at 23 41% (2012 24 83%)	1,114	906
Factors affecting the charge for the year	47	00
Disallowable expenditure	47	86
Transfer pricing adjustment	869	1,027
Reversal of transfer pricing adjustment	(869)	(1,027)
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	54	19
Other timing differences including FRS 17 adjustment	(27)	(19)
Short term timing differences	418_	(494)
Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	1,606	498
Tangible Fixed Assets		
Long	Enstruce	
Leasehold	Fixtures, Fittings &	
Land & Plant &	_	Total
Buildings Machinery £'000 £'000	Equipment £'000	£'000
	£ 000	£ 000
Cost At 1 November 2012 58,405 23,182	13,459	95,046
	440	1,779
Additions 970 369 Disposals - (44)	(2)	(46)
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	Buildings £'000	Machinery £'000	Equipment £'000	Total £'000
Cost				
At 1 November 2012	58,405	23,182	13,459	95,046
Additions	970	369	440	1,779
Disposals		(44)	(2)	(46)
At 31 October 2013	59,375	23,507	13,897	96,779
Depreciation				
As 1 November 2012	-	9,874	9,556	19,430
Charge for the year	-	1,351	755	2,106
Disposals		(35)	(1)	(36)
At 31 October 2013	-	11,190	10,310	21,500
Net book value				
At 31 October 2013	59,375	12,317	3,587	75,279
At 31 October 2012	58,405	13,308	3,903_	75,616

40,400

The Lancaster Landmark Hotel Company Limited Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 October 2013

8	Stocks	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
	December of a consumer black	52	54
	Raw materials and consumables	52_	
9.	Debtors	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
	Amounts falling due within one year		
	Trade debtors Amount due from fellow subsidiary undertakings (note 22)	1,824 - 81	1,671 3,250 98
	Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	364_	364
	Amounts falling due after more than one year	2,269	5,383
	Authorities failing due dites more than one year		
	Amount due from fellow subsidiary undertakings (note 22) Other debtors	100,946 108	115,696 110_
		101,054	115,806
	Amounts due from fellow subsidiary undertakings include £100	9m (2012 £115 7m)	from a fellow

Amounts due from fellow subsidiary undertakings include £100 9m (2012 £115 7m) from a fellow subsidiary, whose principal asset is a freehold property. Although the debt is repayable within 12 months of notice to repay, it can only currently be repaid on the disposal of the property, which is presently not for sale.

10.	Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
		2013 £'000	2012 £'000
	Trade creditors	1,083	1,164
	Amounts due to fellow subsidiary undertakings (note 22)	1,288	1,330
	Amounts due to intermediate parent undertakings (note 22)	40,568	173
	Corporation tax	853	250
	Other creditors	205	368
	Other taxation and social security costs	1,097	1,318
	Accruals and deferred income	3,048	2,352
	Payments on account	1,677	1,653
		49,819	8,608
11.	Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After One Year		
		2013	2012
		£'000	£'000
	Amounts due to intermediate parent undertaking (note 22)	-	40,400

40	Provision for Liabilities		
12	Provision for Liabilities	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
	Deferred tax	£ 000	2 000
	At 1 November 2012 Movement in the year (note 6)	1,968 (539)	1,811 1 <u>57</u> _
	At 31 October 2013	1,429	1,968
	The deferred tax liability consists of		
	Accelerated capital allowances Loan relationship deficit	1,819 (390)	2,498 (530)
		1,429	1,968
	Of the movement in the year £221,000 (2012 £nil) was released applicable tax rates	following the re	duction in the
13	Share Capital	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 1,000,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
	All shares rank equally in respect of shareholders rights		
14.	Reserves		
	Profit and Loss Account	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
	At 1 November 2012 Profit for the year Dividends paid	138,995 3,671 (18,000)	136,008 2,967
	Actuarial (loss) / gain on pension scheme	(68)	20
	At 31 October 2013	124,598	138,995
	Capital redemption reserve At 31 October 2012 and 2013	9,000	9,000
15.	Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholder's Funds	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
	At 1 November 2012 Profit for the year Dividends paid	148,995 3,671 (18,000)	146,008 2,967
	Actuarial (loss) / gain on pension scheme	(68)	20
	At 31 October 2013	134,598	148,995

16. Pensions

The company sponsors the Royal Lancaster Hotel Retirement Benefits Plan which is a defined contribution arrangement, although certain members have a defined benefit underpin to their emerging benefits. The last full actuarial valuation of this scheme was carried out by a qualified independent actuary as at 5 April 2012 and updated on an approximate basis to 31 October 2013.

The contributions made by the employer over the financial year were £90,000 (2012 £66,000). There are two groups of members

- Defined contribution members Contribution to this section of the scheme ceased in 2009
- Members with a defined benefit underpin. The ordinary rate of employer contribution is fixed at either 8% or 10% of Pensionable Salary depending on category. The employer also pays additional contingency contributions, which were 8 2% of Pensionable Salary up to May 2013 and are now paid 13 6% of Pensionable Salary. Members contribute 8% of pensionable salary.

The assets of the scheme have been taken at market value and the liabilities have been calculated using the following principal actuarial assumptions

	31 October 2013 %p.a.	31 October 2012 %p.a.	31 October 2010 %p.a.
Inflation (RPI)	3 2%	2 5%	2 6%
Rate of increase in salaries	4 7%	4 0%	4 1%
LPI pension in payment increases			
GMPs accrued before 6 April 1988	Nıl	Nil	Nil
GMPs accrued after 5 April 1988	Nil	Nil	Nil
Excess over GMP accrued before 6 April 1997	Nıl	Nil	Nil
Revaluation rate for deferred pensioners	N/A	n/a	3 0%
Discount rate Allowance for commutation of pension for	4 3%	4 9%	5 2%
cost at retirement	Nıl	Nil	Nil

The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 October 2013 imply the following life expectancies at age 65

2013

Male retiring at age 65 in 2013	22 3 years
Female retiring at age 65 in 2013	24 4 years
Male retiring at age 65 in 2033	24 1 years
Female retiring at age 65 in 2033	26 3 years

16. Pensions (Continued)

The assets in the scheme and the expected rate of return were

	Long term rate of return expected at 31 October 2013 %p a	Value at 31 October 2013 £'000	Long term rate of return expected at 31 October 2012 %p a	Value at 31 October 2012 £'000	Long term rate of return expected at 31 October 2010 %p a	Value at 31 October 2011 £'000
Equities Fixed interest bonds Cash	6 8% 2 7% 0 5%	10,322 2,619 3	7 3% 3 2% 0 5%	8,446 2,575 9	8 1% 4 0% 0 5%	7,761 2,553 3
Total market value of assets Present value of scheme		12,444		11,030		10,317
liabilities		(12,747)		(10,858)		(10,246)
Surplus in the scheme Related deferred tax		197		172		71
liability		(47)_		(41)		(20)
Net pension asset		150		131		51
Level of funding		101 6%		101 6%		100 7%
Analysis of the amount charged to operating profit						
					2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Current service cos Past service cost	t					83
Total operating cha	rge				89	83
Analysis of the amounts credited to other finance income						
Analysis of the an					2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Expected return on Interest on pension					412 (298)	399 (307)
Net return					114	92
Total credit to profit and loss account				(25)	(9)_	

2012

£'000

71

£'000

172

The Lancaster Landmark Hotel Company Limited **Notes to the Financial Statements** For the year ended 31 October 2013

Statement of total recognised gains and losses

Surplus/(deficit) in scheme at beginning of the year

16. **Pensions (Continued)**

2013 £'000 £'000 999 354 Actual return less expected return on pension scheme assets 8 03% 3 21% Percentage of scheme assets 68 (590)Experience (losses) / gains arising on the scheme liabilities Effects of the changes in demographic and financial assumptions (396)underlying the present value of the scheme liabilities (499)-3 92% -3 65% Percentage of present value of scheme liabilities

26 (90)Actuarial (loss)/gain Movement in deficit during the year 2012 2013

Movement in year (83)(89)Current service cost 92 114 Net finance charge 66 90 Contributions 26 (90)Actuarial (loss)/gain 172 197 Surplus in scheme at end of the year

The valuation at 31 October 2013 shows a movement from a surplus position of £172,000 to a surplus of £197,000 The company expects to contribute £83,600 to the scheme in 2014, which is similar to that for 2013

16. Pensions (Continued)

History of experience gains and losses

A liability of the amounts recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses for the current and previous for accounting year are as follows

	2013 £'000	2012 £'000	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Difference between the expected and actual return on scheme assets				
Amount percentage of the scheme assets	999 8 03%	354 3 2%	(130) -1 26%	366 3 3%
Experience (losses)/gains on scheme liabilities				
Amount	(590)	68	(142)	120
percentage of the present value of the scheme liabilities	4 6%	1 3%	-1 4%	1 1%
Effects of changes in the demographic and financial assumptions underlying the present value of the scheme liabilities				
Amount	(499)	(396)	257	(318)
percentage of the present value of the scheme liabilities	-3 9%	-3 7%	-2 51%	2 9%
Total actuarial (loss)/gain Amount percentage of the present value	(90)	26	(15)	168
of the scheme liabilities	0 7%	0 2%	-0 1%	1 5%

17 Operating Lease Commitments

The company has the following annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases which expire -

	expire -	Land and buildings		Other		
		2013 £'000	2012 £'000	2013 £'000	2012 £'000	
	Over five years	950	950	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	
18.	Reconciliation of Operatin	g Profit to Net Cas	sh Inflow from Op	perating Activities		
				2013 £'000	2012 £'000	
	Operating profit Depreciation Decrease in stocks Decrease in debtors Increase in creditors Loss on disposal of fixed ass	sets		6,407 2,106 2 17,866 (1,576)	5,563 2,101 16 554 (3,091) 109	
	Net cash inflow			24,815_	5,2 <u>52</u>	
19.	Analysis of Cash Flows fo	r headings netted	ın the Cash Flow	Statement		
	Returns on investment an	d servicing of fina	nce	2013 £'000	2012 £'000	
	Interest received			22	31_	
	Taxation			2013 £'000	2012 £'000	
	Corporation tax paid			(997)	(1,971)	
	Capital expenditure and fi	inancial investme	nt	2013 £'000	2012 £'000	
	Purchase of tangible fixed as Proceeds on disposal of tang			(1,779)	(1,218)	
	•			(1,779)	(1,218)	

20. Analysis of net debt

Analysis of not dobt	2012	Cash flow	2013
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cash at bank and in hand	2,981	4,061	7,042
Bond (note 22)	(40,400)		(40,400)
Net debt	(37,419)	4,061	(33,358)

21 Ultimate Parent Company

The ultimate parent company of The Lancaster Landmark Hotel Company Limited is Siam Property Development Company Limited, a company incorporated in Thailand There is no one ultimate controlling party

The immediate parent company is Lancaster Hotel Jersey Limited

22. Related Party Transactions

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption provided by FRS8 and have therefore not disclosed transactions with wholly owned entities which form part of the group headed by Siam Property Development Company Limited

At 31 October 2013 the company owed Landmark Overseas Development Company Limited £167,897 (2012 £173,181)

At 31 October 2013 the company had the following balances due (to)/from fellow subsidiary companies

	<u>2013</u>	2012
Landmark Hotel London Limited	(£1,279,612)	(£1,259,612)
K West Hotel London Limited	(£6,780)	(£6,780)
Basil Street Apartments London Limited	(£751)	(£61,821)

Following the disposal of certain hotel interests to fellow subsidiary companies in a prior year the company was also owed £100,945,506 (2012 £115,695,506) by Landmark Hotel London Limited at 31 October 2013. The loan is repayable within 12 months of written notice to repay and is interest free.

At 31 October 2013 the company owed £40 4m (2012 £40 4m) to LODJ Limited, a fellow group company, under the terms of a two year bond repayable at a value of £43 98m on 30 September 2014 Accruals include £1,935,217 (2012 £150,974) in respect of interest payable on the bond

A fellow subsidiary company has given a guarantee to provide sufficient financial support to enable the company to continue as a going concern until, at the earliest, 30th April 2015