Registered number: 2825054

BPC ELECTRONICS LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Smith Hannah Limited

Chartered Certified Accountants

50 Woodgate Leicester Leicestershire LE3 5GF

BPC Electronics Limited Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2020

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BPC Electronics Limited Balance Sheet As at 31 March 2020

Registered number: 2825054

		2020		2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible Assets	3		211,127		261,408
Tangible Assets	4		310,747		339,981
			521,874		601,389
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		752,750		773,774	
Debtors	5	2,613,944		2,988,287	
Cash at bank and in hand		24,923		16	
		3,391,617		3,762,077	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(1,677,563		(1,514,059	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			1,714,054		2,248,018
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			2,235,928		2,849,407
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	7		(599,640)		(833,481)
NET ASSETS			1,636,288		2,015,926
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			770,100		20,100
Profit and Loss Account			866,188		1,995,826
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,636,288		2,015,926

BPC Electronics Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 March 2020

For the year ending 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

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On behalf of the board	

Dr Gurbakhash Singh Sanghera

Director

14th October 2020

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoiced value of goods and services supplied by the company, net of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

1.3. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Goodwill

Goodwill is amortised to profit and loss account over its estimated economic life of 10 years.

1.4. Research and Development

Capitalised expenditure on research and development and amortised over 5 years on a straight line basis.

1.5. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery 15% - 20% reducing balance Motor Vehicles 15% - 20% reducing balance Computer Equipment 15% - 20% Reducing balance

1.6. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

1.7. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

1.8. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

1.9. Pensions

The company operates a defined pension contribution scheme. Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows:

	2020	2019
Sales, marketing and distribution	36	39
	36	39

	Goodwill	Development Costs	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
As at 1 April 2019	100,000	226,408	326,408
As at 31 March 2020	100,000	226,408	326,408
Amortisation			
As at 1 April 2019	65,000	-	65,000
Provided during the period	5,000	45,281	50,281
As at 31 March 2020	70,000	45,281	115,281
Net Book Value			
As at 31 March 2020	30,000	181,127	211,127
As at 1 April 2019	35,000	226,408	261,408

4. Tangible Assets

	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Computer Equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
As at 1 April 2019	1,242,594	142,929	204,364	1,589,887
Additions	61,013	18,676	-	79,689
Disposals		(24,750)		(24,750)
As at 31 March 2020	1,303,607	136,855	204,364	1,644,826
Depreciation				
As at 1 April 2019	1,011,860	49,186	188,860	1,249,906
Provided during the period	67,099	22,046	3,101	92,246
Disposals	-	(8,073)	-	(8,073)
As at 31 March 2020	1,078,959	63,159	191,961	1,334,079
Net Book Value				
As at 31 March 2020	224,648	73,696	12,403	310,747
As at 1 April 2019	230,734	93,743	15,504	339,981

5. Debtors	2020	2040
	2020	2019
	£	£
Due within one year	F06 010	765 540
Trade debtors	506,018	765,548
Other debtors	1,263,146	1,450,946
Corporation tax recoverable assets	31,915	
	1,801,079	2,216,494
Due after more than one year		
Other debtors	812,865	771,793
	812,865	771,793
	2,613,944	2,988,287
6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	82,216	65,078
Trade creditors	736,349	619,446
Bank loans and overdrafts	229,647	260,700
Other taxes and social security	250,897	143,343
Other creditors	378,454	425,492
	1,677,563	1,514,059
7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	78,992	46,017
Other creditors	393,829	359,852
Amounts owed to group undertakings	126,819	427,612
	599,640	833,481

8. Secured Creditors

Of the creditors falling due within and after more than one year the following amounts are secured.

	2020	2019
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	161,208	111,095
Trade Creditors	334,715	309,260
Bank loans and overdrafts	229,647	260,700

9. Ultimate Parent Undertaking and Controlling Party

The company's parent undertaking is BPC (Holdings) Limited, a company incorporated in England & Wales.

10. General Information

BPC Electronics Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 2825054. The registered office is Gorse Hill Industrial Estate, 48 Boston Road, Leicester, LE4 1AA.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.