REPORT AND ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2001

REGISTERED NO 2808801

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REPORT AND ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2001

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DIRECTORS

IR Bodie (resigned 1/9/01)

S A Ashforth (resigned 1/9/01)

H Jansdorf (resigned 27/10/00)

T T Møller (resigned 1/9/01)

P Nørgaard (resigned 1/9/01)

D Y Maitland

N G D Blake (appointed 18/7/01)

J Durston (appointed 27/10/00)

IHA Gunn (appointed 1/9/01)

GNS James (appointed 18/7/01)

A Mawby (appointed 18/7/01)

SECRETARY

S A Ashforth

REGISTERED OFFICE

Hill House 1 Little New Street London EC4A 3TR

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche Chartered Accountants 39 George Street Edinburgh EH2 2HZ

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2001

The Directors present their report and audited accounts for the year ended 30 April 2001.

Business Review

The profit after taxation for the year under review was £4,936,000 (2000: £7,311,000 as restated). A dividend of £184,000 is proposed (2000: £nil). The results and future prospects are regarded as satisfactory.

On 29th June 2001 Danisco A/S sold the entire share capital of Sidlaw Group Limited, of which Amcor Flexibles UK Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary, to Amcor Flexibles UK Holding Limited (formerly Amcor Flexibles UK Limited) and Amcor Flexibles Europe A/S (a company incorporated in Denmark).

Amcor Flexibles Europe A/S subsequently sold its share holding in Sidlaw Group Limited to Amcor Flexibles UK Holding Limited on 30th June 2001.

The company closed its Oakbank operation in December 2001. The estimated closure costs are £3.7 million.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the company are the design, manufacture and printing of flexible packaging.

Directors

The names of the present directors appear on page 2.

Employee Involvement

Employees are provided with information on matters of concern to them, principally through the management structure and notice boards. Views of employees are sought as appropriate through the management structure.

Employment of Disabled Persons

The company policy recognises the importance of, and provides for, equality of opportunity in all aspects of employment for disabled persons.

Directors' Shareholdings

None of the Directors held any interests in the company in the year to 30 April 2001 (2000: £Nil). None of the Directors have any notifiable interest in the shares of the parent company.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (contd) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2001

Creditor Payment Policy

It is the Company policy to pay its suppliers in accordance with the terms of trade which may be agreed at the time of order. At the period end, the amount owed to trade creditors by the Company was equivalent to 45 days (2000: 55 days) of purchases from suppliers.

By order of the Board

Stephen A Ashforth

Secretary

27 February 2002

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS
TO THE MEMBERS OF AMCOR FLEXIBLES UK LIMITED
(formerly Danisco Flexible Limited)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2001

We have audited the financial statements on pages 7 to 21 which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on pages 10 and 11.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

As described on page 5, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements which are required to be prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

BASIS OF OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

OPINION

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 30 April 2001 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

DELOITTE & TOUCHE

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Manchester

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2001

		Year ended 30 Apr 01	Year ended 30 Apr 00 Restated*
	Notes	£'000	£'000
Turnover Cost of Sales	1 2	118,451 (100,559)	111,893 (90,268)
Gross profit Other operating expenses	3	17,892 (13,029)	21,625 (13,394)
Operating profit		4,863	8,231
Interest	4	(149)	(188)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Taxation	6	4,714 222	8,043 (732)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		4,936	7,311
Dividends proposed		(184)	_
Retained profit for the financial year	18	4,752	7,311
	:		***************************************

The results above relate entirely to continuing operations.

^{*} The profit and loss account for the year ended 30 April 2000 has been restated for the adoption of FRS 19 (See Note 15).

BALANCE SHEET AT 30 APRIL 2001

		30 Apr 01	30 Apr 00 Restated*
	Notes	£'000	£'000
Fixed assets	7	52.005	51 217
Tangible assets Investments	8	52,905 165	51,217 165
	-		
		53,070	51,382
Current assets	-		
Stocks	11	16,069	14,507
Debtors	12	21,817	19,755
Cash at bank and in hand		2,045	6,346
	-	39,931	40,608
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	59,480	22,215
Net current (liabilities)/assets	-	(19,549)	18,393
Total assets less current liabilities	-	33,521	69,775
Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	14	499	39,363
Provisions for liabilities and charges	15	3,021	5,171
Net assets employed	-	30,001	25,241
Capital and reserves	•		
Share capital	16	15,719	15,719
Special reserve	17	4,809	4,809
Profit and loss account	18	9,473	4,713
Equity shareholders' funds		30,001	25,241
	•		

Approved by the Board, 27 February 2002

DY Maitland \\ \} Director

^{*} The balance sheet as at 30 April 2000 has been restated for the adoption of FRS 19 (See note 15).

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

	2001	2000 Restated*
	£'000	£'000
Profit for the financial year Exchange gains	4,752	6,799 -
Total recognised profit Prior period adjustment (Note 15)	4,760 (5,171)	6,799 -
Total gains and losses since last annual report	(411)	6,799

^{*} The statement of recognised gains and losses for the year ended 30 April 2000 has been restated for the adoption of FRS 19.

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Company's accounts are prepared on the basis of historical cost convention.

TURNOVER

Turnover is stated net of sales taxes and allowances.

DEPRECIATION

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost or revalued amounts of the assets, less estimated residual values in equal annual instalments over the estimated useful economic lives of the assets. The estimated useful economic lives are as follows:

Heritable freehold and long leasehold property, 2% per annum; Leasehold property over the period of the lease; Plant and machinery 7% to 10%; Other equipment 20%.

STOCKS

Raw materials are valued at the lower of actual cost on a FIFO basis and net realisable value. Work-in-progress and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. For manufactured stocks, cost comprises material plus direct conversion costs and attributable overheads at normal output levels.

DEFERRED TAX

The Company has adopted FRS 19 Deferred tax early. Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from the revaluation of fixed assets where there is no commitment to sell the asset. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

LEASED ASSETS

Monetary assets obtained under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised at their fair value on acquisition and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. The finance charges are allocated over the period of the lease in proportion to the capital element outstanding.

Operating lease rentals are charged to income in equal annual amounts over the lease term.

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the period end or the contracted rates for the underlying transaction, whichever is appropriate. Differences on exchange are included in the profit and loss account.

PENSIONS

The cost of providing retirement pensions and related benefits is charged to the profit and loss account over the periods benefiting from the employees' services. The difference between the charge to the profit and loss account and the contributions paid to the schemes is shown as an asset or liability in the balance sheet.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

At 30 April 2001, the Company was a wholly-owned subsidiary of Danisco A/S. Consequently, the Company is exempt under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard No 1 from publishing a cash flow statement.

NOTES ON THE ACCOUNTS

1) Turnover

Turnover is based on goods invoiced less returns and allowances and is stated net of value added tax. It is analysed on the basis of destination. All turnover originates in the UK.

	Geographical analysis	Year to 30 Apr 01 £'000	Year to 30 Apr 00 £'000
	United Kingdom	104,190	103,764
	Europe	11,990	6,969
	Americas	552	461
	Other	1,719	699
		118,451	111,893
2)	Cost of sales	Year to 30 Apr 01 £'000	Year to 30 Apr 00 £'000
2)	Cost of suites	2 000	2 000
	Depreciation	5,517	4,960
	Operating lease rentals	,	,
	Land and buildings	442	371
	Plant and equipment	217	188
	Other costs	94,383	84,749
		100,559	90,268
		Year to	Year to
		30 Apr 01	30 Apr 00
3)	Other operating expenses	£'000	£'000
	Distribution costs	4,256	3,305
	Administration expenses		
	Depreciation expenses	1,112	403
	Operating lease rentals – equipment	711	673
	Land and buildings	230	134
	Other expenses	6,720	8,879
		8,773	10,089
		13,029	13,394

Auditors' remuneration is being met in full by the holding company.

NOTES ON THE ACCOUNTS

4)	Interest	Year to 30 Apr 01 £'000	Year to 30 Apr 00 £'000
	Payable on finance leases	149	188
	 	149	188
5)	Employees	Year to 30 Apr 01 £'000	Year to 30 Apr 00 £'000
	The average monthly number of employees during the year was 967 (2000 - 972).		
	Employee costs during the year amounted to:		
	Wages and salaries	26,036	24,742
	Social security costs	2,137	2,022
	Other pension costs	1,714	1,690
	- -	29,887	28,454
	Directors remuneration:	Year to 30 Apr 01 £'000	Year to 30 Apr 00 £'000
	Salaries and benefits	199	189
	Pension contributions	199	189
	Bonuses	-	18
	-	215	218
	Number of directors who: Are members of a defined benefit pension scheme	3	3
		-	· · · · · ·

NOTES ON THE ACCOUNTS

6)	Taxation (credit)/charge Current taxation	Year to 30 Apr 01 £'000	Year to 30 Apr 00 £'000
	Based on the taxable profits for the year: UK Corporation tax at 30% (2000: 30%)	888	826 418
	Adjustment in respect of prior years Total current tax	1,040	1,244
	Deferred taxation – current year Deferred taxation – adjustment in respect of prior years	433 (2,583)	709 (1,221)
		(222)	732

Adoption of FRS 19 has required a change in the method of accounting for deferred tax. As a result the comparative figure for the tax on profit on ordinary activities for 2000 has been restated from the previously reported amount of £1,244,000 to £732,000. The impact of adopting FRS 19 on the 2001 accounts is a reduction to the tax charge of £2,150,000.

The standard rate of tax for the year, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax is 30%. The actual tax charge for the current and the previous year exceeds the standard rate for the reasons set out in the following reconciliation.

	Year to 30 Apr 2001 £'000	Year to 30 Apr 2000 £'000
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	4,714	8,043
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities at standard rate	1,414	2,413
Factors affecting the charge for the period:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(93)	(810)
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(593)	(709)
Deductible movements on provisions	160	(68)
Adjustments to tax in respect of prior periods	1,040	418
Total actual amount of current tax	1,928	1,244

NOTES ON THE ACCOUNTS

7)	Tangible Assets	Land and buildings £'000	Plant and equipment £'000	Total £'000
	Cost			
	At 1 May 2000	8,864	80,825	89,689
	Additions	574	9,124	9,698
	Disposals	-	(3,499)	(3,499)
	Transfers between asset categories	32	(32)	-
	At 30 April 2001	9,470	86,418	95,888
	Aggregate depreciation			
	At 1 May 2000	969	37,503	38,472
	Charge for year	132	6,497	6,629
	Disposals	-	(2,118)	(2,118)
	Transfers between asset categories	24	(24)	-
	At 30 April 2001	1,125	41,858	42,983
	Net book value			
	At 30 April 2001	8,345	44,560	52,905
	At 30 April 2000	7,895	43,322	51,217
	Consisting of:			
	Long leasehold	1,672		
	Short leasehold	506		
	Freehold	6,167		
		8,345		
				

The net book value of tangible assets includes an amount of £2,457,000 (2000 - £3,613,000) in respect of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts. The depreciation on these assets was £448,000 (2000 - £457,000).

£'000

4,487 11,582

16,069

£'000

3,951 10,556

14,507

AMCOR FLEXIBLES UK LIMITED (formerly Danisco Flexible Limited)

NOTES ON THE ACCOUNTS

11)

Stocks

Raw materials

Work in progress and finished goods

8)	Investments			30	Apr 01 £'000	30 4	Apr 00 £'000
	Subsidiary undertaking: Cost at 30 April 2000 and 30 April 2	2001			165		165
	The Company has taken advantage therefore prepared group accounts as					nd l	nas not
	The subsidiary undertaking at 30 Ap	ril 20	00 and 30 A	pril 2001	was:		
		% ov		ounty of gistration		ture sines	
	S&R Gravure Limited	100	En	gland	Do	rman	ıt
9)	Capital Commitments			30	Apr 01 £'000	30 .	Apr 00 £'000
	Contracted but not provided				1,995		142
10)	Commitments under Operating Le	ases	Land & B 30 Apr 01 £'000	_	30 A	Equ Apr 01 000	~
	cancellable operating leases expiring Within 1 year Between 2-5 years	non-	9 -	5 68	2	41 450	136 342
	After 5 years	-	469	469			470
		=	478	542		491 ——-	478
					30 Ap	1	30 Apr 00

NOTES ON THE ACCOUNTS

12) D e	ebtors	30 Apr 01 £'000	30 Apr 00 £'000
	ue within one year		
	ade debtors	19,196	17,928
	epayments and accrued income her debtors	514 1,702	404 1,423
	orporation tax recoverable	405	-
		21,817	19,755
		30 Apr 01 £'000	30 Apr 00 £'000
13) C ı	reditors due within one year	£ 000	£ 000
Tr	ade creditors	11,070	13,271
	her taxes and social security	1,590	1,497
	ceruals and deferred income	3,184	3,970
Co	orporation tax	1,348	1,244
Fi	nance leases	778	723
	her creditors ue to other group companies	1,500 40,010	1,510 -
	- -	59,480	22,215
Th	te finance lease creditor is secured over the related assets.	···	
		30 Apr	30 Apr
		01	00
		£'000	£'000
	reditors due after one year epayable 1 - 2 years		
	nance leases	499	775
	ue to fellow subsidiary undertakings	-	18,421
D	ue to parent undertaking		19,668
		499	38,864
	epayable 2 - 5 years inance leases	-	499
T	otal creditors due after one year	499	39,363

NOTES ON THE ACCOUNTS

		30 Apr 01 £'000	30 Apr 00 £'000
15)	Deferred taxation		
	Provision for deferred taxation consists of the following amounts:		
	Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Other timing differences	3,088 (67)	5,051 120
		3,021	5,171
	The movements during the year on deferred tax provided were:		
	Balance at 1 May Current year charge/(credit) Prior year adjustment	5,171 433 (2,583)	5,683 709 (1,221)
	Balance at 30 April	3,021	5,171

The adoption of FRS 19 *Deferred Taxation* has required changes in the method of accounting for deferred tax assets and liabilities. As a result of these changes in accounting policy the comparatives have been restated as follows:

	Deferred Taxation	Profit and loss reserve	Shareholders Funds
	£'000	£'000	£'000
2000 as previously reported	-	9,884	30,412
Adoption of FRS 19 at 1 May 1999 Deferred tax movement during the year	5,683	(5,683)	(5,683)
ended 30 April 2000	(512)	512	512
Adoption of FRS 19 at 30 April 2000	5,171	(5,171)	(5,171)
2000 restated	5,171	4,713	25,241
			

NOTES ON THE ACCOUNTS

		30 Apr 01 30 Apr 00 £'000 £'000
16)	Share Capital Authorised	w 000 u 000
	15,719,011 Ordinary shares of £1 each	15,719 15,719
	Called-up and fully paid 15,719,011 Ordinary shares of £1 each	15,719 15,719
17)	Special Reserve At 1 May 2000 and 30 April 2001	4,809 4,809

The special reserve arose from the cancellation of the share premium account in 1995. The company cannot distribute the special reserve until all creditors outstanding at the time of the cancellation have been paid.

18)	Profit and Loss Account	2001 £'000	2000 £'000
	Retained profit/(loss) brought forward Retained profit for the year Exchange differences	4,713 4,752 8	(2,598) 7,311
	At 30 April 2001	9,473	4,713

Balance of profit and loss account for the company as at 1 May 2000 has been restated for the adoption of FRS 19. See Note 15 for details.

		2001	2000 Restated*
		£'000	£'000
19)	Reconciliation of Movements in		
	Equity Shareholders' Funds		
	Opening equity shareholders' funds *	25,241	17,930
	Retained profit for the year	4,752	7,311
	Exchange differences	8	
	Closing equity shareholder's funds	30,001	25,241

^{*} The opening shareholders funds at 1 May 2000 as previously reported amounted to £30,412,000 before the prior year adjustment of £5,171,000 (see Note 15).

NOTES ON THE ACCOUNTS

20) Pension Schemes

The parent company, Sidlaw Group Limited, operates on a group basis, a defined benefit pension scheme for the majority of employees.

The Scheme is administered by Trustees and its funds are separate from the Company. The fund is valued at least every three years by an independent qualified actuary and the total contributions are paid on the basis of this advice. The last actuarial valuation of the scheme was as at 5 April 2001. The valuation used a projected unit method and the actuarial value of the assets was £67.0 million. The report also shows that on an ongoing basis, the value of the past service liabilities exceeds the value of the assets by £6,831,000, equivalent to a funding level of 91% at the valuation date.

The principal actuarial assumption used in the valuation was that over the long term the annual rate of return on investments would exceed the annual rate of increase in pensionable remuneration by 1.5%.

The parent company has agreed to make a one-off special contribution of approximately £4 million together with special contributions of £300,000 per annum to improve the funding position. No provision is made in the financial statements in respect of the deficiency shown in the 5 April 2001 valuation.

21) Post Balance Sheet Event

The company closed its Oakbank operation in December 2001. The estimated closure costs are £3.7 million.

NOTES ON THE ACCOUNTS

22) Contingent Liabilities

The company is party to a cross-guarantee arrangement with its parent company in respect of bank borrowings.

23) Ultimate Parent Company

At 30 April 2001, the Company's ultimate parent company was Danisco A/S, a company incorporated in Denmark. Copies of the group financial statements of Danisco A/S are available from Langebrogade 1, PO Box 17, DK-1001, Copenhagen K, Denmark.

On 29th June 2001 Amcor Limited, a company incorporated in Australia became the Company's ultimate parent company.

24) Related Party Transactions

In accordance with FRS8 'Related Party Disclosures' the Company has taken advantage of the exemptions not to disclose transactions with other Group companies as it was a wholly owned subsidiary of Danisco A/S at 30 April 2001.