DEAN & BOWES (HOMES) LIMITED (Registered Number 2806007)

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

53 WEEKS TO 6 JANUARY 1995

. . .

No.



DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE 53 WEEKS ENDED 6 JANUARY 1995

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company during the period was that of a residential housing developer.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The trading results are summarised below. The year under review has seen a significant increase in the company's activities, with two further developments completed, and four others planned to start in 1995. It is evident that land prices are once again starting to rise, and in order that the company may raise additional equity to fund purchases of landbank, we intend seeking permission to deal under Rule 4.2 of the Stock Exchange to encourage outside shareholders. The company will convert to a pic simultaneously.

The prospects for the coming year are encouraging.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit on ordinary activities after taxation was £49,917 (1993: £5,009). The directors do not propose any dividend to be paid (1993: £5,000).

FIXED ASSETS

An analysis of changes in fixed assets is set out in note 5.

DIRECTORS

The directors who held office during the period were as follows:

S Dean - Chairman

P Holmes

The interests of the directors in the share capital of the company as at 6 January 1995 are as follows:

Number

S Dean

999

S Dean and P Holmes jointly

1

On 27 Augus: 1994 9 of the 10 ordinary shares owned by Dean & Bowes Limited were transferred to Mr S Dean. "The remaining one share was transferred to Messrs S Dean and P Holmes jointly on the same date.

DIRECTORS' BEPORT FOR THE 53 WEEKS ENDED 6 JANUARY 1995

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fall view of the state of alfairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements:
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

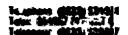
AUDITORS

Price Waterhouse have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution concerning their reappointment will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

By Order of the Board

P HOLMES Secretary

30 January 1995



Price Waterhouse



AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DEAN & BOWES (HOMES) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 11 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 6.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 6 January 1995 and of its profit for the period then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Prie Waterlowe

30 January 1995

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE 53 WEEKS ENDED 6 JANUARY 1995

	53 weeks to 6 January 1995 £	Six months to 31 December 1993
TURNOVER	781,047	76,920
Cost of sales	(702,432)	(67,920)
GROSS PROFIT	78,615	9,000
Administrative expenses	(10,084)	(2,505)
OPERATING PROFIT (Note 2)	68,531	6,495
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges (Note 3)	- <u>(1,664</u>)	50
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	66,867	6,545
Taxation (Note 4)	<u>(16,950</u>)	(1,536)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	49,917	5,009
Dividends		<u>(5,000)</u>
AMOUNT TRANSFERRED TO RESERVES (Note 15)	49,917	9

All recognised gains and losses are included within the profit and loss account. There are no differences between the profits disclosed in the profit and loss account and the result on an unmodified historical cost basis.

All activities of the company are continuing.

The notes on pages 6 to 11 form part of these accounts.

BALANCE SHEET - 6 JANUARY 1995

	6 January 1995 £	31 December 1993 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible fixed assets (note 5)	14,356	•
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks and work in progress (Note 6) Debtors (Note 7) Cash at bank and in hand	285,438 170,232 <u>210,335</u>	89,982 219,225 ———————————————————————————————————
	666,005	309,207
CREDITORS - Amounts falling due within one year (Note 8)	(617,468)	(304,198)
NET CURRENT ASSETS	48,537	5,009
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	62,893	5,009
CREDITORS - Amounts falling due after one year (Note 9)	(7,117)	-
PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES (Note 11)	(850)	
	54,926	5,009
ALBITAL AND DESERVES	1000-100-100-100-100-100-100-100-100-10	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital (Note 12) Share premium account (Note 13) Profit and loss account (Note 15)	1,000 4,000 <u>49,926</u>	1,000 4,000 <u>9</u>
	54,926	5,009

APPROVED BY THE BOARD ON 30 January 1995

S Dean \\
DIRECTOR

The notes on pages 6 to 11 form part of these accounts.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 6 JANUARY 1995

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been adopted by the company.

(a) Accounting Convention

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards under the historical cost convention.

(b) Turnover

Turnover represents the amount of goods sold, stated net of value added tax. Turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the company and arises in the UK.

(c) Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

(d) Cash Flow

The company has taken advantage of the exemption not to prepare a cash flow statement as it is classed as a small company under section 246 of the Companies Act 1985.

(e) Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life as follows:

Motor vehicles
Fixtures and fittings

- 25% pa on the straight line basis
- 25% pa on the straight line basis

(f) Leasing and hire purchase

Tangible fixed assets acquired under finance leases or hire purchase contracts are capitalised and depreciated in the same manner as other tangible fixed assets. The related obligations, net of future finance charges are included in creditors.

(g) Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided where in the opinion of the directors there is reasonable evidence that such taxation will become payable in the foreseeable future.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 6 JANUARY 1995 (CONTINUED)

OPERATING PROFIT 2

3

Operating profit is stated after charging:		
	53 weeks to 6 January 1995 £	Six months to 31 December 1993
Depreciation Auditors' remuneration Directors' remuneration	344 3,500 2,000	1,000
The company has no employees, other than the directors.		
INTEREST PAYABLE		
	53 weeks to 6 January 1995 £	Six months to 31 December 1993
Hire purchase Bank overdraft	60 <u>1,604</u>	·
	1,664	-
		20.40.4,
TAXATION		
	53 weeks to <u>6 January</u> <u>1995</u> £	Six months to 31 December 1993
Corporation tax charge at 25% based on the result for the period Adjustment to prior period Deferred tax	16,000 100 <u>85C</u>	1,536 -
	16,950	1,536

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 6 JANUARY 1995 (CONTINUED)

5 FIXED ASSETS

	Motor <u>vehicles</u> £	Fixtures and littings	Total £
Cost At 1 January 1994 Additions	12,300	- 2 <u>.400</u>	14,700
At 6 January 1995	12,300	2,400	14,700
	t-familia	3:3720mm2	
Depreciation At 1 January 1994 Charge for the year	<u>-</u> <u>294</u>	- _ <u>50</u>	344
At 6 January 1995	294	50	344
			-
Net book value At 6 January 1995	12,006	2,350	14,356
At 31 December 1993	-	2011/11/14 2 	-

Included within the cost of motor vehicles held at 6 January 1995 was £10,500 (1993: £Nil) in respect of assets held under finance leases. The depreciation charged was £219.

6 STOCKS AND WORK IN PROGRESS

31 December 1993 £	6 January 1995 £	
89,982	120,575 164,863	Land Work in progress Finished stocks
89,982	285,438	

Construction costs are collated and recharged to this company by Dean & Bowes (Contracts) Limited, a company in which Mr S Dean has an interest.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 6 JANUARY 1995 (CONTINUED)

7 DEBTORS

		6 January 1995 £	31 December 1993 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors	165,000 <u>5,232</u>	69,225 150,000
		170,232	219,225
8	CDEDITORS Amounts follow due within any years	**************************************	
0	CREDITORS - Amounts falling due within one year		
		6 January 1995 £	31 December 1993 £
	Other loans Bank overdraft	468,500 -	189,500 45,490
	Dividends Corporation tax Other creditors Hire purchase (Note 10)	16,000 130,575 <u>2,393</u>	5,000 1,536 62,672
		617,468	304,198
	The loan of £468,500 as at 6 January 1995 (1993: £189,500 the company. The loan is interest free and does not have a	is from Mr S Dea any fixed repayment	n who is a director of terms.
9	CREDITORS - Amounts failing due after one year		
		6 January 1995 £	31 December 1993 £
	Hire purchase (Note 10)	7,117	
		Marie Control	
10	HIRE PURCHASE - AMOUNTS REPAYABLE		
		<u>6 January 1995</u> £	31 December 1993 £
	Within one year Between one and five years Less interest and charges	3,114 9,224 (2,828)	——————————————————————————————————
		9,510	-

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 6 JANUARY 1995 (CONTINUED)

10 HIRE PURCHASE - AMOUNTS REPAYABLE (CONTINUED)

IU	HINZ PUNCHASE - AMOUNTS HERATABLE (CONTINGEN)		
		<u>6 January 1995</u> ξ	31 December 1993 £
	Interest and charges repayable		
	Within one year Between one and five years	721 <u>2, </u>	-
	•	2,828	-

11	DEFERRED TAX		
	The potential and amount provided for deferred tax at 25	i% is as follows:	
		<u>6 January 1995</u> รู	31 December 1993 €
	Accelerated capital allowances	850	_
12	SHARE CAPITAL		
		<u>6 January 1995</u> £	31 December 1993 £
	Authorised, allotted and fully paid:		
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
13	SHARE PREMIUM		
	The share premium arose on the issue of the ordinary st	hares.	
14	RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS		
		<u>6 January 1995</u> £	31 December 1993 £
	Opening shareholders funds	5,009	
	Ordinary shares Issued during the period Profit for the period	49,917	5,000 5,009
	Dividends		(5,000)
	Closing shareholders funds	54,926	5,009

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 6 JANUARY 1995 (CONTINUED)

15 PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

	6 January 1995 £	31 December 1993 £
Opening profit and loss account reserves Retained profit for the period	9 <u>49,917</u>	_9
Closing profit and loss account reserves	49,926	9

16 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On 19 January 1995 the company acquired a subsidiary, TayVin 9 Limited which changed its name to Dean Homes Limited on 20 January 1995. The company was incorporated on 14 October 1994 and has not traded since then.