# **ContentFilm Pictures Limited**

Financial statements
For the year ended 31 March 2009

WEDNESDAY

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Registered number: 2803116

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Registered number: 2803116

## Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March2009.

## Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is the creation, development and exploitation of entertainment based intellectual property rights. The company will continue to trade on its library.

## Results and dividends

The company recorded a loss for the year of £15,240 (2008: £10,897).

No dividends were paid or proposed during the year (2008: £nil).

The board considers the company's key performance indicator is profit before tax

## **Business Review**

The company continues to derive revenues from the exploitation of its intellectual property rights as it has done in previous years. The company expects to continue these activities in the future.

## **Directors**

The directors of the company who served during the year were as follows:

J Schmidt

G Webb

## Directors' report (continued)

## Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

## Principal risks and uncertainties

From the perspective of the Company, the principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with the principal risks of the group and are not managed separately.

Accordingly, the principal risks and uncertainties of ContentFilm plc, the Company's ultimate undertaking are discussed within the 'Principal risks and uncertainties' paragraph in the directors' report of the financial statements of ContentFilm plc, which do not form part of this report.

#### **Auditors**

Grant Thornton UK LLP offer themselves for re-appointment as auditors in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

By order of the board

G Webb Secretary 19 Heddon Street London W1B 4BG

30 September 2009



## REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR TO THE MEMBERS OF CONTENTFILM PICTURES LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of ContentFilm Pictures Limited for the year ended 31 March 2009 which comprise the accounting policies, the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and notes 1 to 14. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Directors' Report and financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom law and Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed. We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

## Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2009 and of its loss for the year then ended.
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

GRANT THORNTON UK LLP REGISTERED AUDITORS CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS LONDON Come them on is

30 September 2009

# Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 March 2009

	Note	2009 £	2008 £
Turnover Cost of sales	2	8,928 (7,278)	21,830 (11,263)
Gross profit Administrative expenses	<b>,</b>	1,650 (16,890)	10,567 (21,464)
Operating loss	5	(15,240)	(10,897)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on loss on ordinary activities	6	(15,240)	(10,897)
Loss for the financial year Profit and loss account brought forward		(15,240) (1,457,149)	(10,897) (1,446,252)
Profit and loss account carried forward		(1,472,389)	(1,457,149)

Turnover and results reported above all relate to continuing operations.

There were no recognised gains or losses during either year other than the results reported above.

# Balance sheet at 31 March 2009

	Notes	2009 £	2008 £
Current assets Stocks	7	57,660	72,900
		57,660	72,900
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(1,529,949)	(1,529,949)
Net liabilities		(1,472,289)	(1,457,049)
Capital and reserves		<del></del>	
Called up share capital	9	100	100
Profit and loss account		(1,472,389)	(1,457,149)
Equity shareholders' deficit	10	(1,472,289)	(1,457,049)

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 30 September 2009 and were signed on its behalf by:

G Webb Director

Registered number: 2803116

## Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

## 1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies remain unchanged from the previous year and have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

## Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, under the historical cost convention and on the going concern basis which the directors believe to be appropriate for the following reasons. The company is dependent for its working capital on funds provided to it by ContentFilm plc, the company's ultimate holding undertaking. ContentFilm plc has indicated that for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements, it will continue to make available such funds as are needed by the company and in particular will not seek repayment of the amounts currently made available. This should enable the company to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future by meeting its liabilities as they fall due for payment. As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so.

## Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In determining the cost of film project inventory, cost is taken as direct costs incurred for the development or production of film projects less any foreseeable losses. Where the Group acts fundamentally in the management of an individual film production, attributable overhead is also included in the cost of film inventory. Interest on any loans taken out to fund specific production costs is capitalised until the date of completion. Film project inventory is appraised at each balance sheet date on a project by project basis and is amortised over a maximum amortisation period of ten years. In respect of the maximum amortisation period of ten years and the resultant carrying value at each balance sheet date due regard is given to the requirement for current assets to be held at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is calculated on a project by project basis having regard for the present value of estimated sales less further costs of completion and unrecoupable sales expenses.

## Writing and development costs

Expenditure relating to writing, research and development of projects where there is no reasonable expectation of recovery is written off as incurred. Expenditure relating to projects where there is a reasonable expectation of yielding sufficient gross revenues to recover costs is carried forward as film project inventory and transferred accordingly to stocks.

## Income recognition

Income from the exploitation of film rights is recognised on a receivable basis except where payment is dependent on the film or television project being completed or delivered, in which case income is recognised on completion or delivery.

#### Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the loss for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes.

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19.

#### Currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

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## Notes (continued)

## 1 Accounting policies (continued)

## Cash flow statement

A cash flow statement has not been prepared because the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of ContentFilm plc and the financial statements of that company contain a consolidated cash flow statement dealing with the cash flows of its group.

## Related party disclosures

Under Financial Reporting Standards 8, the company is exempt from the disclosure of transactions with other group undertakings on the grounds that it is a wholly owned subsidiary of ContentFilm plc and its results are included in the consolidated financial statements of that company.

#### 2 Turnover

Turnover, which excludes value added tax, represents sales agent fees and commissions and other income ancillary to the exploitation of the company's intellectual property.

## 3 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 2 (2008: 2). Staff costs have been borne by a fellow group company.

## 4 Directors' emoluments

None of the directors received any remuneration from the company during the year(2008: £nil).

## 5 Loss on ordinary activities before taxation

All audit and non audit fees were borne by a fellow group undertaking.

## 6 Tax on loss on ordinary activities

	2009 £	2006 f
UK current tax:	-	~
Corporation tax (charge) / credit on the results for the year	-	-
Adjustments in respect of prior years	-	-
		-
	-	-

2008

## Notes (continued)

## 6 Tax on loss on ordinary activities (continued)

Factors affecting the tax charge for the current year

The current tax credit for the year is lower (2008: lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK at 28% (2008: 30%). The differences are explained below:

	2009	2008
C the st	£	£
Current tax reconciliation	(15.3.40)	(10.007)
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(15,240)	(10,897)
	<del></del>	<del></del>
Current tax credit at 28% (2008: 30%)	(4,267)	(3,269)
·		
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	-	-
Tax losses carried forward	4,267	3,269
	<del></del>	
Total current tax credit (see above)	-	-

## Factors affecting future tax charges

There are unutilised tax losses within the company of £1.4m (2008: £1.4m) carried forward for relief against future suitable taxable profits and for which no deferred tax asset has been recognised on the grounds of prudence.

## 7 Stocks

, Stocks	2009 £	2008 £
Film project inventory	57,660	72,900
8 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		•
	2009 £	2008 £
Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,529,949	1,529,949
9 Share capital		
	2009 £	2008 £
Authorised 200 ordinary shares of 50p each	100	100
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
200 ordinary shares of 50p each	100	100

## Notes (continued)

## 10 Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' deficit

	2009 £	2008 £
Shareholders' deficit brought forward Loss for the financial year	(1,457,049) (15,240)	(1,446,152) (10,897)
Shareholders' deficit carried forward	(1,472,289)	(1,457,049)

## 11 Capital commitments

There were no capital commitments at 31 March 2009 (2008: £nil).

## 12 Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities 31 March 2009 (2008: £nil).

## 13 Ultimate controlling party

The company is controlled by ContentFilm plc, the ultimate parent company, which is also the ultimate controlling party. The only group in which the results of the company are consolidated is ContentFilm plc. The consolidated accounts of this company are available to the public and may be obtained from the company's registered address, 19 21 Heddon Street, W1B 4BG.

## 14 JP Morgan Chase Bank Guarantee

In relation to a Credit and Guarantee Agreement (the Agreement) dated March 26 2004, between JP Morgan Chase Bank, the Company's parent company ContentFilm plc, and a related group company ContentFilm Inc., the Company has provided a guarantee to JP Morgan Chase Bank in relation to the repayment of all amounts owing under the Agreement. Further JP Morgan Chase Bank have a security interest over the assets of the Company and its shares. The balance of the bank facility in ContentFilm plc as at 31 March 2009 was £23.7m (2008: £13.6m).