

**ContentFilm Pictures Limited**

**Financial statements**  
**For the year ended 31 March 2012**

WEDNESDAY



\*L1K8A3CX\*

LD4

24/10/2012

#65

COMPANIES HOUSE

## Contents

Directors' report	1 - 2
Independent auditor's report to the members of ContentFilm Pictures Limited	3
Profit and loss account	4
Balance sheet	5
Notes	6 - 9

## **Directors' report**

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

### **Principal activity**

The principal activity of the company is the creation, development and exploitation of entertainment based intellectual property rights. The company will continue to trade on its library.

### **Results and dividends**

The company recorded a profit for the year of £Nil (2011 loss £19,097)

No dividends were paid or proposed during the year (2011 £nil)

The board considers the company's key performance indicator is profit before tax

### **Business Review**

The company continues to derive revenues from the exploitation of its intellectual property rights as it has done in previous years. The company expects to continue these activities in the future.

### **Directors**

The directors of the company who served during the year were as follows

J Schmidt  
G Webb

## **Directors' report** *(continued)*

### **Directors' Responsibilities Statement**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable laws). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as each of the directors is aware

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

### **Principal risks and uncertainties**

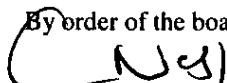
From the perspective of the Company, the principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with the principal risks of the group and are not managed separately.

Accordingly, the principal risks and uncertainties of Content Media Corporation Limited (formerly Content Media Corporation plc), the Company's ultimate undertaking, are discussed within the 'Principal risks and uncertainties' paragraph in the directors' report of the financial statements of Content Media Corporation Limited, which do not form part of this report.

### **Auditors**

Grant Thornton UK LLP offer themselves for re-appointment as auditors in accordance with section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

By order of the board

  
**G Webb**  
Secretary

19 Heddon Street  
London  
W1B 4BG

19 October 2012



## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CONTENTFILM PICTURES LIMITED**

We have audited the financial statements of ContentFilm Pictures Limited for the year ended 31 March 2012 which comprise the profit and loss account, balance sheet, the principal accounting policies and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

### **Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor**

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

### **Scope of the audit of the financial statements**

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at [www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm](http://www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm).

### **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2012 and of its result for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006**

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Mark Henshaw".

Mark Henshaw  
Senior Statutory Auditor  
for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP  
Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants  
London  
Date 19 October 2012

**Profit and loss account**  
*for the year ended 31 March 2012*

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2012</b> £	2011 £
<b>Turnover</b>	2	<b>18,412</b>	10,268
Cost of sales		<b>(18,412)</b>	(19,082)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Gross loss</b>		-	(8,814)
Administrative expenses		-	(10,283)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Operating loss</b>	5	-	(19,097)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Loss on ordinary activities before taxation</b>		-	(19,097)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	6	-	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Loss for the financial year</b>		-	(19,097)
Profit and loss account brought forward		<b>(1,499,991)</b>	(1,480,894)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Profit and loss account carried forward</b>		<b>(1,499,991)</b>	(1,499,991)
		<hr/>	<hr/>

Turnover and results reported above all relate to continuing operations

There were no recognised gains or losses during either year other than the results reported above

**Balance sheet**  
*at 31 March 2012*

	<i>Notes</i>	<b>2012</b> £	<b>2011</b> £
<b>Current assets</b>			
Stocks	7	30,133	30,133
		<u>30,133</u>	<u>30,133</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	8	(1,530,024)	(1,530,024)
<b>Net liabilities</b>		<u>(1,499,891)</u>	<u>(1,499,891)</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital	9	100	100
Profit and loss account		(1,499,991)	(1,499,991)
<b>Equity shareholders' deficit</b>	10	<u>(1,499,891)</u>	<u>(1,499,891)</u>

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 19 October 2012 and were signed on its behalf by



**G Webb**  
*Director*

## Notes

*(forming part of the financial statements)*

### 1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies remain unchanged from the previous year and have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements

#### ***Basis of preparation***

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, under the historical cost convention and on the going concern basis which the directors believe to be appropriate for the following reasons. The company is dependent for its working capital on funds provided to it by Content Media Corporation Limited, the company's ultimate holding undertaking. Content Media Corporation Limited has indicated that for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements, it will continue to make available such funds as are needed by the company and in particular will not seek repayment of the amounts currently made available. This should enable the company to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future by meeting its liabilities as they fall due for payment. As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so.

#### ***Stocks***

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In determining the cost of film project inventory, cost is taken as direct costs incurred for the development or production of film projects less any foreseeable losses. Where the Group acts fundamentally in the management of an individual film production, attributable overhead is also included in the cost of film inventory. Interest on any loans taken out to fund specific production costs is capitalised until the date of completion. Film project inventory is appraised at each balance sheet date on a project by project basis and is amortised over a maximum amortisation period of ten years. In respect of the maximum amortisation period of ten years and the resultant carrying value at each balance sheet date due regard is given to the requirement for current assets to be held at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is calculated on a project by project basis having regard for the present value of estimated sales less further costs of completion and unrecoverable sales expenses.

#### ***Writing and development costs***

Expenditure relating to writing, research and development of projects where there is no reasonable expectation of recovery is written off as incurred. Expenditure relating to projects where there is a reasonable expectation of yielding sufficient gross revenues to recover costs is carried forward as film project inventory and transferred accordingly to stocks.

#### ***Income recognition***

Income from the exploitation of film rights is recognised on a receivable basis except where payment is dependent on the film or television project being completed or delivered, in which case income is recognised on completion or delivery.

#### ***Taxation***

The charge for taxation is based on the loss for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes.

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19.



## Notes (continued)

### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

#### Cash flow statement

A cash flow statement has not been prepared because the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Content Media Corporation Limited and the financial statements of that company contain a consolidated cash flow statement dealing with the cash flows of its group.

#### Related party disclosures

Under Financial Reporting Standards 8, the company is exempt from the disclosure of transactions with other group undertakings on the grounds that it is a wholly owned subsidiary of Content Media Corporation Limited and its results are included in the consolidated financial statements of that company.

### 2 Turnover

Turnover, which excludes value added tax, represents sales agent fees and commissions and other income ancillary to the exploitation of the company's intellectual property.

### 3 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 2 (2011: 2). Staff costs have been borne by a fellow group company.

### 4 Directors' emoluments

None of the directors received any remuneration from the company during the year (2011: £nil).

### 5 Loss on ordinary activities before taxation

All audit and non audit fees were borne by a fellow group undertaking.

### 6 Tax on loss on ordinary activities

	2012 £	2011 £
UK current tax		
Corporation tax (charge) / credit on the results for the year	-	-
Adjustments in respect of prior years	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>

## Notes (continued)

### 6 Tax on loss on ordinary activities (continued)

#### Factors affecting the tax charge for the current year

The current tax credit for the year is lower (2011 lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK at 26% (2011 28%). The differences are explained below

	2012 £	2011 £
<i>Current tax reconciliation</i>		
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	-	(19,097)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Current tax credit at 26% (2011 28%)	-	(5,347)
<i>Effects of</i>		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	-	2,875
Tax losses carried forward	-	1,121
Group relief surrendered for no payment	-	1,352
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total current tax credit (see above)	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>

#### Factors affecting future tax charges

There are unutilised tax losses within the company of £1.4m (2011 £1.4m) carried forward for relief against future suitable taxable profits and for which no deferred tax asset has been recognised

### 7 Stocks

	2012 £	2011 £
Film project inventory	30,133	30,133
	<hr/>	<hr/>

### 8 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2012 £	2011 £
Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,530,024	1,530,024
	<hr/>	<hr/>

### 9 Share capital

	2012 £	2011 £
<i>Authorised</i>		
200 ordinary shares of 50p each	100	100
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>Allotted, called up and fully paid:</i>		
200 ordinary shares of 50p each	100	100
	<hr/>	<hr/>

## Notes (continued)

### 10 Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' deficit

	2012 £	2011 £
Shareholders' deficit brought forward	(1,499,891)	(1,480,794)
Loss for the financial year	-	(19,097)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Shareholders' deficit carried forward	(1,499,891)	(1,499,891)
	<hr/>	<hr/>

### 11 Capital commitments

There were no capital commitments at 31 March 2012 (2011 £nil)

### 12 Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities 31 March 2012 (2011 £nil)

### 13 Ultimate controlling party

The company is controlled by Content Media Corporation Limited, the ultimate parent company, which is also the ultimate controlling party. The only group in which the results of the company are consolidated is Content Media Corporation Limited. The consolidated accounts of this company are available to the public and may be obtained from the company's registered address, 19-21 Heddon Street, W1B 4BG.

### 14 JP Morgan Chase Bank Guarantee

In relation to a Credit and Guarantee Agreement (the Agreement) dated March 26 2004, between JP Morgan Chase Bank, the Company's parent company Content Media Corporation Limited, and a related group company Content Media Corporation, the Company has provided a guarantee to JP Morgan Chase Bank in relation to the repayment of all amounts owing under the Agreement. Further JP Morgan Chase Bank have a security interest over the assets of the Company and its shares. The balance of the bank facility in Content Media Corporation Limited as at 31 March 2012 was £20.2m (2011 £18.1m).