Company Registration Number 2801072

The Frustum Group (Europe) Limited

Report and financial statements

For the year ended

31 May 2010

WEDNESDAY

A31 29/12/2010 COMPANIES HOUSE

The Frustum Group (Europe) Limited Company registration number 2801072

Directors' report for the year ended 31 May 2010

The Directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 May 2010

Principal activities

The Company is a non trading subsidiary within the Misys Group. No significant change in the activity of the Company is envisaged in the forthcoming year.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of section 415A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies exemption

Results & dividends

The results of the Company for the year are set out in detail on page 5. No interim dividend was paid during the year (2009 £nil). The Directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend (2009 £nil). A profit of £2,000 (2009 £nil) was transferred to reserves.

Directors

The Directors who served during the year and up to the date of signing of the financial statements were as follows

K Hughes (resigned 29 June 2010)

Misys Corporate Director Limited

N Farrimond (appointed 29 June 2010) T Homer (appointed 29 June 2010)

Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law, the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- · state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Directors' report for the year ended 31 May 2010

Disclosure of information to auditors

So far as each Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors were unaware. The Directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as Directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Directors' indemnities

All Directors have been granted an indemnity by the ultimate parent company, Misys plc, to the extent permitted by law in respect of certain liabilities incurred as a result of their office in associated companies. They are indemnified against liability to third parties, excluding criminal liability and regulatory penalties and certain other liabilities. This is a qualifying third party indemnity provision for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006 which was made during the financial year and remains in force at the date of this report.

Independent auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and are deemed automatically re-appointed

By order of the Board

For and on behalf of

Misys Corporate Director Limited

Director

13 December 2010

Independent Auditors' Report to the members of

The Frustum Group (Europe) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of The Frustum Group (Europe) Limited for the year ended 31 May 2010 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 1, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion, the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 May 2010 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Independent Auditors' Report to the members of

The Frustum Group (Europe) Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the Directors were not entitled to prepare the Directors' report in accordance with the small company regime

() () (44 h dd

Giles Hannam (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

13 December 2010

Profit and loss accounts for the year ended 31 May 2010

	Note	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Other operating income		3	
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2	3	-
Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	3	(1)	-
Profit for the financial year	7	2	

The notes to the financial statements are on pages 7 to 9

The results for the years reflect continuing operations

There were no recognised gains or losses for the year other than those disclosed in the profit and loss account above. Accordingly, no statement of total recognised gains and losses is given

There is no material difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the profit for the financial year stated above and their historical cost equivalents

Balance sheet as at 31 May 2010

	Note	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Current assets			
Debtors amounts falling due within one year	4	34	35
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(1)	(4)
Net current assets		33	31
Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	5	(2,630)	(2,630)
Net liabilities		(2,597)	(2,599)
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	6	-	-
Profit and loss account	7	(2,597)	(2,599)
Equity shareholder's deficit	8	(2,597)	(2,599)

The financial statements on pages 5 to 9 were approved by the Board of Directors on 13 December 2010 and signed on its behalf by $\frac{1}{2}$

2 m

N Farrimond Director

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2010

1. Accounting policies

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom. The principal accounting policies which have been applied consistently throughout the year are set out below.

Going concern

The Company has a deficiency of shareholders' funds. A letter of support has been received from the ultimate parent company, Misys plc, stating that it will provide continuing financial support as necessary to enable the Company to meet its obligations as and when they fall due, for a period of at least 12 months from the date of this report. Accordingly, the Directors are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Taxation

Current tax for the current and prior periods is provided at the amount expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or the right to pay less tax, at a future date, at tax rates expected to apply when the timing differences reverse based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Cash flow and related party disclosures

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Misys plc and is included in the consolidated financial statements of that company, which are publicly available. Consequently, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cash flow statement under the terms of FRS 1 (revised 1996) 'Cash Flow Statements'

The Company has also taken advantage of the exemption under FRS 8 'Related party disclosures' not to disclose transactions with group undertakings since Misys plc is the beneficial owner of the entire equity share capital of the Company

2. Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

Remuneration of the auditors and Directors has been borne by a fellow subsidiary. The Directors' services to this Company are of non-executive nature and as such their emoluments are deemed to be wholly attributable to their services to other group companies. There were no employees in the year (2009, none)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2010

3.	Tax on profit on ordinary activities		
	·	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	ent tax proporation tax (charge) credit on profit for the financial year	(1)	-
The t	ax assessed for the current year is equal (2009 equal) to the	standard rate of corporati	on tax in the
UK OI	f 28% (2009 28%) The differences are explained below	2010	2009
		£'000	£,000
Profi	it on ordinary activities before taxation	3	
	rent tax credit for the year on loss on ordinary activities at the dard rate of UK tax of 28% (2009 28%)	(1)	-
Curr	rent tax (charge) credit for the year	<u>(1)</u>	
	rred tax asset		
	lerated capital allowances red tax asset	<u>51</u>	<u>51</u> 51
		LIDOCATOID OF IC DOLONIFICANT	lv anticinated
A nu State corpo separ chang these	e deferred tax assets have not been recognised as their use is a insufficient suitable profits within the Group of changes to the UK corporation tax system were a ment. The Finance (no 2) Act 2010 was enacted in July pration tax from 28% to 27% from 1 April 2011. Further recreately each year with the aim of reducing the rate by 1% per ges had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet of financial statements. We estimate the reduction in the corporate material impact on the Company's results.	announced in the June 2 2010 and reduces the i ductions are proposed to r annum to 24% by 1 Api date and, therefore, are no	2010 Budget main rate of be enacted ril 2014 The ot included in
A nu State corpo separ chang these	mber of changes to the UK corporation tax system were a ment. The Finance (no 2) Act 2010 was enacted in July bration tax from 28% to 27% from 1 April 2011. Further retrately each year with the aim of reducing the rate by 1% perges had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet of financial statements. We estimate the reduction in the corporation.	announced in the June 2 2010 and reduces the i ductions are proposed to r annum to 24% by 1 Api date and, therefore, are no	2010 Budget main rate of be enacted ril 2014 The ot included in
A nu State corpo separ chang these have	mber of changes to the UK corporation tax system were a ment. The Finance (no 2) Act 2010 was enacted in July bration tax from 28% to 27% from 1 April 2011. Further retrately each year with the aim of reducing the rate by 1% per ges had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet of financial statements. We estimate the reduction in the corpora a material impact on the Company's results.	announced in the June 2 2010 and reduces the inductions are proposed to rannum to 24% by 1 Aprilate and, therefore, are not ation tax rate from 28% to	2010 Budget main rate of be enacted ril 2014 The of included in 27% will not
A nu State corpo separ chang these have	mber of changes to the UK corporation tax system were a ment. The Finance (no 2) Act 2010 was enacted in July bration tax from 28% to 27% from 1 April 2011. Further retrately each year with the aim of reducing the rate by 1% perges had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet of financial statements. We estimate the reduction in the corpora a material impact on the Company's results. Debtors unts falling due within one year.	announced in the June 2 2010 and reduces the inductions are proposed to rannum to 24% by 1 April date and, therefore, are not ation tax rate from 28% to 2010 £'000	2010 Budget main rate of be enacted ril 2014 The of included in 27% will not 2009 £'000
A nu State corpo separ chang these have	mber of changes to the UK corporation tax system were a ment. The Finance (no 2) Act 2010 was enacted in July bration tax from 28% to 27% from 1 April 2011. Further recretely each year with the aim of reducing the rate by 1% perges had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet of financial statements. We estimate the reduction in the corpora a material impact on the Company's results. Debtors unts falling due within one year unts owed by group undertakings.	announced in the June 2 2010 and reduces the inductions are proposed to rannum to 24% by 1 April date and, therefore, are not ation tax rate from 28% to 2010 £'000	2010 Budget main rate of be enacted ril 2014 The of included in 27% will not
A nu State corpo separ chang these have	mber of changes to the UK corporation tax system were a ment. The Finance (no 2) Act 2010 was enacted in July bration tax from 28% to 27% from 1 April 2011. Further retrately each year with the aim of reducing the rate by 1% perges had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet of financial statements. We estimate the reduction in the corpora a material impact on the Company's results. Debtors unts falling due within one year.	announced in the June 2 2010 and reduces the inductions are proposed to rannum to 24% by 1 April date and, therefore, are not ation tax rate from 28% to 2010 £'000	2010 Budget main rate of be enacted ril 2014 The of included in 27% will not 2009 £'000
A nu State corpo separ chang these have	mber of changes to the UK corporation tax system were a ment. The Finance (no 2) Act 2010 was enacted in July bration tax from 28% to 27% from 1 April 2011. Further recretely each year with the aim of reducing the rate by 1% perges had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet of financial statements. We estimate the reduction in the corpora a material impact on the Company's results. Debtors unts falling due within one year unts owed by group undertakings.	announced in the June 2 2010 and reduces the inductions are proposed to rannum to 24% by 1 April date and, therefore, are not ation tax rate from 28% to 2010 £'000 34 and payable on demand	2010 Budget main rate of be enacted ril 2014 The ot included in 27% will not 2009 £'000
A nu State corpo separ chang these have	mber of changes to the UK corporation tax system were a ment. The Finance (no 2) Act 2010 was enacted in July bration tax from 28% to 27% from 1 April 2011. Further representation tax from 28% to 27% from 1 April 2011. Further representately each year with the aim of reducing the rate by 1% perges had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet of financial statements. We estimate the reduction in the corporate material impact on the Company's results. Debtors unts falling due within one year unts owed by group undertakings.	announced in the June 2 2010 and reduces the inductions are proposed to rannum to 24% by 1 Apriliate and, therefore, are not ation tax rate from 28% to 2010 £'000 34 and payable on demand	2010 Budget main rate of be enacted ril 2014 The ot included in 27% will not 2009 £'000 35
A nui State corpo separ chang these have	mber of changes to the UK corporation tax system were a ment. The Finance (no 2) Act 2010 was enacted in July bration tax from 28% to 27% from 1 April 2011. Further representation tax from 28% to 27% from 1 April 2011. Further representately each year with the aim of reducing the rate by 1% perges had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet of financial statements. We estimate the reduction in the corporate material impact on the Company's results. Debtors unts falling due within one year unts owed by group undertakings.	announced in the June 2 2010 and reduces the inductions are proposed to rannum to 24% by 1 April date and, therefore, are not ation tax rate from 28% to 2010 £'000 34 and payable on demand	2010 Budget main rate of be enacted ril 2014 The ot included in 27% will not 2009 £'000
A nu State corpo separ chang these have	mber of changes to the UK corporation tax system were a ment. The Finance (no 2) Act 2010 was enacted in July bration tax from 28% to 27% from 1 April 2011. Further represented a part of reducing the rate by 1% per ges had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet of financial statements. We estimate the reduction in the corpora a material impact on the Company's results. Debtors unts falling due within one year unts owed by group undertakings. Creditors Creditors	announced in the June 2 2010 and reduces the inductions are proposed to rannum to 24% by 1 Apriliate and, therefore, are not ation tax rate from 28% to 2010 £'000 34 and payable on demand	2010 Budget main rate of be enacted ril 2014 The ot included in 27% will not 2009 £'000 35
A nu State corpo separ chang these have 4. Amou Amou Corpo	mber of changes to the UK corporation tax system were a ment. The Finance (no 2) Act 2010 was enacted in July bration tax from 28% to 27% from 1 April 2011. Further representately each year with the aim of reducing the rate by 1% per ges had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet of financial statements. We estimate the reduction in the corpora a material impact on the Company's results. Debtors unts falling due within one year unts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free a Creditors. Creditors	announced in the June 2 2010 and reduces the inductions are proposed to rannum to 24% by 1 Apriliate and, therefore, are not ation tax rate from 28% to 2010 £'000 34 and payable on demand 2010 £'000	2010 Budget main rate of be enacted ril 2014 The of included in 27% will not 2009 £'000 2009 £'000
A nu State corpo separ chang these have 4. Amou Amou Corpo	mber of changes to the UK corporation tax system were a ment. The Finance (no 2) Act 2010 was enacted in July bration tax from 28% to 27% from 1 April 2011. Further retrately each year with the aim of reducing the rate by 1% per ges had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet of financial statements. We estimate the reduction in the corpora a material impact on the Company's results. Debtors unts falling due within one year unts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free a creditors. Creditors unts falling due within one year oration tax.	announced in the June 2 2010 and reduces the inductions are proposed to rannum to 24% by 1 Apriliate and, therefore, are not ation tax rate from 28% to 2010 £'000 34 and payable on demand 2010 £'000	2010 Budget main rate of be enacted ril 2014 The ot included in 27% will not 2009 £'000 35
Amount Am	mber of changes to the UK corporation tax system were a ment. The Finance (no 2) Act 2010 was enacted in July bration tax from 28% to 27% from 1 April 2011. Further retrately each year with the aim of reducing the rate by 1% per ges had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet of financial statements. We estimate the reduction in the corpora a material impact on the Company's results. Debtors unts falling due within one year unts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free a creditors. Creditors unts falling due within one year oration tax.	announced in the June 2 2010 and reduces the inductions are proposed to rannum to 24% by 1 Apriliate and, therefore, are not ation tax rate from 28% to 2010 £'000 34 and payable on demand 2010 £'000	2010 Budget main rate of be enacted ril 2014 The of included in 27% will not 2009 £'000 2009 £'000

Amounts due to group undertakings are interest free, unsecured and repayable on demand. However, payment is not expected within the short term and so these amounts are classified as non-current liabilities.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2010

6 Called up share capital		
	2010	2009
	£	£
Authorised		
10,000 (2009 10,000) Ordinary shares of US\$1 each	6,600	6,600
Allotted and fully paid		
100 (2009 100) Ordinary shares of US\$1 each	66	66

The share capital has been translated into sterling at the exchange rate ruling at the date of issue of the shares

7. Reserves

		Profit and loss account £'000
At 1 June 2009		(2,599)
Profit for the financial year		2
At 31 May 2010		(2,597)
8. Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' deficit		
	2010	2009
	£'000	£,000
Opening shareholders' deficit	(2,599)	(2,599)
Profit for the financial year	2	-
Closing shareholders' deficit	(2,597)	(2,599)

9. Ultimate parent company

The Company's immediate parent company is Misys International Banking Systems Inc, a company registered in the United States of America

The parent company of both the largest and smallest group in which The Frustum Group (Europe) Limited is included in consolidated accounts is that of Misys plc

The Company's ultimate parent company and controlling party is Misys plc, a company registered in England and Wales Copies of the group financial statements of Misys plc may be obtained from The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff CF14 3UZ