BAMPTON (B & B) LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2015

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COHEN ARNOLD.

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor
New Burlington House
1075 Finchley Road
London
NW11 0PU

BAMPTON (B & B) LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

CONTENTS	PAGES
Officers and professional advisers	1
Directors' report	2 to 3
Independent auditor's report to the shareholders	4 to 5
Profit and loss account	6
Statement of total recognised gains and losses	7
Balance sheet	8
Notes to the financial statements	9 to 14
The following pages do not form part of the financial statements	
Detailed profit and loss account	16
Notes to the detailed profit and loss account	17

BAMPTON (B & B) LIMITED OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

The board of directors BSE Freshwater

D Davis

Company secretary M R M Jenner, F.C.I.S.

Registered office Freshwater House

158-162 Shaftesbury Avenue

London WC2H 8HR

Auditor Cohen Arnold

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor New Burlington House 1075 Finchley Road

London NW11 0PU

DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2015.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the company is property investment which remained unchanged during the year and no change is envisaged in the immediate future.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £297,111. The directors have not recommended a dividend.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

B S E Freshwater

D Davis

The Articles of Association of the company do not require the directors to retire by rotation. Neither director has a service contract, nor do they receive any emoluments from the company.

The company does not grant share options to its directors nor does it pay pension contributions on their behalf.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

The majority of the day-to-day management of the company's properties and its operations is carried out by Freshwater Property Management Limited and Highdorn Co. Limited. Mr BSE Freshwater is a director of, but has no beneficial interest in the share capital of, either of these companies.

Mr BSE Freshwater and Mr D Davis are also Governors of the parent undertaking of Freshwater Property Management Limited, but have no beneficial interest in that company.

The only contracts in which directors were interested were those entered into in the normal course of business.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARE CAPITAL

The whole of the issued share capital of the company is owned by The Bampton Property Group Limited. At 31 March 2015, neither director has any interest in the share capital of the company, the parent undertaking or any subsidiary of the company's parent undertaking.

The interest of the directors, and those of their families and family trusts, in the share capital of Daejan Holdings PLC, the ultimate parent undertaking, are set out in the Directors' Report of that company.

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

A professional revaluation of the whole of the company's investment portfolio was carried out at 31 March 2015 by the company's external valuers, Colliers International Property Advisers UK LLP, RICS Registered Valuers. The resultant figures have been included in the Financial Statements now being presented. The surplus of £622,908 above previous book values has been transferred to the Revaluation Reserve.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DONATIONS

During the year the company made no charitable donation nor political contribution.

AUDITOR

Cohen Arnold are deemed to be re-appointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirm that:

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- each director has taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Signed by order of the directors

M R M Jenner, F.C.I.S. Company Secretary

Approved by the directors on 3 September 2015

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF BAMPTON (B & B) LIMITED

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

We have audited the financial statements of Bampton (B & B) Limited for the year ended 31 March 2015 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, Balance Sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

SCOPE OF THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

OPINION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2015 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

OPINION ON OTHER MATTER PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF BAMPTON (B & B) LIMITED (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or

• the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

DAVID BIRNS (Senior Statutory

Auditor)

For and on behalf of COHEN ARNOLD

Chartered Accountants

& Statutory Auditor

New Burlington House 1075 Finchley Road London NW11 0PU

3 September 2015

BAMPTON (B & B) LIMITED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

	Note	2015 €	2014 £
TURNOVER	2	940,060	920,216
Cost of Sales		(435,390)	(237,825)
GROSS PROFIT		504,670	682,391
Administrative Expenses		(14,400)	(14,400)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	490,270	667,991
Interest Receivable and Similar Income Interest Payable and Similar Charges	5	743 (102,000)	721 (123,000)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFO	ORE	389,013	545,712
Tax on Profit on Ordinary Activities	6	(91,902)	(126,000)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		297,111	419,712

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

	2015 £	2014 £
Profit for the Financial Year Attributable to the Shareholders	297,111	419,712
Unrealised Profit on Revaluation of Certain Fixed Assets	622,908	20,000
Total Gains and Losses Recognised Since the Last Annual Report	920,019	439,712

BALANCE SHEET

31 MARCH 2015

		201	.5	201	4
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	7		11,667,908		11,045,000
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	8	1,251,206		153,037	
Cash at Bank		56,255		54,683	
		1,307,461		207,720	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
within one year	9	(4,003,628)		(3,200,998)	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(2,696,167)		(2,993,278)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	LIABI	LITIES	8,971,741		8,051,722
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-Up Equity Share Capital	12		1,000		1,000
Revaluation Reserve	13		5,475,945		4,853,037
Profit and Loss Account	13		3,494,796		3,197,685
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	14		8,971,741		8,051,722

These accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 3 September 2015, and are signed on their behalf by:

BSE Freshwater

Director

Company Registration Number: 2798348

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles appropriate to a going concern notwithstanding the deficiency in net current assets at the balance sheet date. The directors consider this to be appropriate having regard to the continued provision of financial support by the company's ultimate parent undertaking, Daejan Holdings PLC. This should enable the company to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future by meeting its liabilities as they fall due for payment. As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so. Based on this undertaking the directors believe that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from the basis of preparation being inappropriate.

Cash flow statement

Under Financial Reporting Standard No. 1, the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a wholly-owned subsidiary undertaking of an ultimate parent undertaking registered in England and Wales, which prepares Consolidated Financial Statements that include a Consolidated Cash Flow Statement.

Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions in Financial Reporting Standard No. 8 "Related Party Disclosures" in order to dispense with the requirement to disclose transactions with other Daejan Holdings PLC Group Companies.

Turnover

Turnover comprises rents and service charges receivable less applicable provisions. Rents receivable from investment property leased out under operating leases is recognised in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis up to the date when it is expected that the prevailing market rent will be receivable.

Depreciation

In accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No. 19, no depreciation or amortisation is provided in respect of Freehold investment properties nor on Leasehold investment properties having an unexpired term of more than twenty years. This departure from the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, for all properties to be depreciated, is necessary, as the directors consider that this Accounting Policy results in the Financial Statements giving a true and fair view.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investment properties

Investment properties are included in the Balance Sheet at professional valuation. Any surplus, and any temporary deficit is transferred to the revaluation reserve, and on realisation this surplus or deficit is transferred to the cumulative Profit and Loss Account. Deficits which are expected to be permanent are charged to Profit and Loss Account, and subsequent reversals of such deficits are credited to Profit and Loss Account in the same way.

Taxation

The charge for tax is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes.

Current:

Provision is made for consideration payable to or receivable from other group undertakings for the surrender of losses under group relief provisions.

Deferred taxation:

Deferred tax is provided in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date where an event has occurred that results in an obligation to pay more or less tax in future, except that:

- No provision is made in respect of unrealised property revaluation surpluses; and
- Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that they are considered recoverable.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Acquisitions and disposals of properties

Acquisitions and disposals are considered to have taken place at the date of legal completion and are included in the financial statements accordingly.

2. TURNOVER

The turnover of the company is represented by rents and charges receivable in respect of the properties held for investment purposes.

The gross profit is comprised as follows:

2013	2014
£	£
940,060	920,216
(435,390)	(237,825)
504,670	682,391
	£ 940,060 (435,390)

2015

2014

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

OPERATING PROFIT 3.

Operating profit is stated after charging:

	2015	2014
	£	£
Auditor's remuneration		
- as auditor	12,000	10,200

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The staff provided by the property and administrative management company, Highdorn Co. Limited, are engaged under joint employment contracts with a fellow subsidiary of the company and their costs subsequently recharged to the company at a level appropriate to the activity of the company. No recharges were made during the year (2014: Nil).

The directors of the company received no remuneration during the year nor in the preceding year.

INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES 5.

2015	2014
£	£
102,000	123,000
	£

Other similar charges payable relate to interest payable to group undertakings.

TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

(a) Analysis of charge in the year

	2015 €	2014 £
Current tax:	<i>a.</i>	æ.
UK Corporation tax based on the results for at 21% (2014 - 23%) Over provision in prior year	93,000 (1,098)	126,000
Total current tax	91,902	126,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

6. TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (continued)

(b) Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 21% (2014 - 23%).

	2015	2014
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	389,013	545,712
Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax	81,693	125,514
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	(1,098)	.•
Land remediation relief	(261)	(646)
Other differences	(75)	1,132
Disallowed expenses	12,508	
Excess capital allowances over depreciation	(865)	
Total current tax (note 6(a))	91,902	126,000

(c) Factors that may affect future tax charges

A reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 23% to 21% (effective from 1 April 2014) was substantially enacted on 2 July 2013. A further reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 21% to 20% (effective from 1 April 2015) was substantially enacted on 2 July 2013. In July 2015 the Government announced further reductions in the UK Corporation Tax rate to 19% by 1 April 2017 and to 18% by 1 April 2020. This will reduce the Company's future tax charge accordingly.

In the event of a realisation of the company's investment properties at an amount equal to the valuation recorded in the Financial Statements, a liability to corporation tax on chargeable gains would arise which is estimated at £878,000 (2014 - £763,000) and for which no provision has been made in the Financial Statements in accordance with FRS 19.

7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Freehold Properties	Long Leasehold Property £	Short Leasehold Property £	Total £
COST OR VALUATION				
At 1 April 2014	9,635,000	675,000	735,000	11,045,000
Revaluation	632,908	25,000	(35,000)	622,908
At 31 March 2015	10,267,908	700,000	700,000	11,667,908
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 March 2015	10,267,908	700,000	700,000	11,667,908
At 31 March 2014	9,635,000	675,000	735,000	11,045,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (continued)

The historical cost of investment properties at 31 March 2015 is £6,191,963.

The company's investment properties were professionally valued at 31 March 2015 by Colliers International Property Advisers UK LLP, RICS Registered Valuers. The valuation figures are based upon open market values in accordance with the Practice Statements in the R.I.C.S. Appraisal and Valuation Manual.

8. DEBTORS

	Trade debtors Other debtors	2015 £ 170,187 1,081,019	2014 £ 133,000 20,037
		1,251,206	153,037
9.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within o	one year	
		2015 £	2014 £
	Trade creditors	141,354	152,886
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	3,202,212	2,572,691
	Corporation tax	476,581	384,679
	Other creditors	183,481	90,742

10. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company has charged investment properties with a market value of £11,705,000 (2014 - £11,045,000) as part security for a bank loan facility granted to its ultimate parent undertaking, Daejan Holdings PLC, which at 31 March 2015 amounted to to £32,219,320 (2014 - £33,594,733).

4,003,628

3,200,998

11. DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS

The majority of the day-to-day management of the company's properties and its operations is carried out by Freshwater Property Management Limited and Highdorn Co. Limited respectively. Mr BSE Freshwater is a director of, but has no beneficial interest in the share capital of, either of these companies.

Mr BSE Freshwater and Mr D Davis are also Governors of the parent undertaking of Freshwater Property Management Limited, but have no beneficial interest in that company.

The aggregate amounts paid to Freshwater Property Management Limited and Highdorn Co. Limited for the provision of management services charged for at normal commercial rates was £10,240 (2014: £20,594). The amount outstanding at 31 March 2015 was £31,537 (2014: £9,915).

At 31 March 2015, £1,060,087 (2014: £nil) was due from Freshwater Property Management Limited.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

12. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2015		2014	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000

13. RESERVES

·	Revaluation	Profit and loss
	reserve	account
	£	£
Balance brought forward	4,853,037	3,197,685
Profit for the year	_	297,111
Other gains and losses		
- Revaluation of fixed assets	622,908	
Balance carried forward	5,475,945	3,494,796

14. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2015	2014
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	297,111	419,712
Other net recognised gains and losses	622,908	20,000
Net addition to shareholders' funds	920,019	439,712
Opening shareholders' funds	8,051,722	7,612,010
Closing shareholders' funds	8,971,741	8,051,722

15. PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The parent company is The Bampton Property Group Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales.

The company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Daejan Holdings PLC, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales.

Copies of the Group Financial Statements of Daejan Holdings PLC can be obtained from Freshwater House, 158-162 Shaftesbury Avenue, London, WC2H 8HR.

BAMPTON (B & B) LIMITED MANAGEMENT INFORMATION YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

The following pages do not form part of the statutory financial statements which are the subject of the independent auditor's report on pages 4 to 5.

DETAILED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

	2015		2014	
	£	£	£	£
TURNOVER		940,060		920,216
COST OF SALES				
Ground rent	(2,578)		(2,579)	
General and water rates	(93,442)		(77,384)	
Insurance	(46,730)		(53,804)	
Repairs and renewals	(117,847)		(49,052)	
Legal and professional	(98,364)		(14,288)	
Light and heat	(4,559)		13,291	
Porterage and cleaning	(40,008)		(33,560)	
Letting & management commission	(31,862)		(20,449)	
		(435,390)		(237,825)
GROSS PROFIT		504,670		682,391
OVERHEADS ·				
Administrative Expenses		(14,400)		(14,400)
OPERATING PROFIT		490,270		667,991
Other Interests Receivable		743		721
		491,013		668,712
Group interest payable		(102,000)		(123,000)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		389,013		545,712

NOTES TO THE DETAILED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

		2015 £		2014 £
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES				
General expenses				
Legal and professional fees	2,400		4,200	
Auditors remuneration	12,000		10,200	
		14,400		14,400
INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMII	LAR INCOME			
Other interests receivable		743		721