CANARY WHARF HOLDINGS LIMITED Registered Number. 2798284

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

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#### THE DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

The directors present their report with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009

## **BUSINESS REVIEW AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Canary Wharf Group plc and its ultimate parent undertaking is Songbird Estates plc

The principal activity of the company is to act as a holding company for the Canary Wharf Holdings Limited group (the 'CWHL Group') which is involved in property development, investment and management. All activities take place within the United Kingdom The directors are not aware, at the date of this report, of any likely major changes in the company's activities in the coming year

As shown in the company's profit and loss account, the company's profit after tax for the year was £301,012,769 (2008 £43,019,077)

The balance sheet shows the company's financial position at the year end and indicates that net assets were £1,357,024,362 (2008 £1,233,002,025) Details of amounts owed to group companies are shown in Note 8

The Canary Wharf Group (comprising Canary Wharf Group plc and its subsidiaries) manages its operations on a unified basis. For this reason, the company's directors believe that key performance indicators specific to the company are not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of its business. The performance of the Canary Wharf Group, which includes the company, is discussed in the Annual Report of Canary Wharf Group plc, which does not form part of this report.

There have been no significant events since the balance sheet date

### **DIVIDENDS AND RESERVES**

The profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2009 is set out on page 7. No dividends have been paid or proposed (2008 £Nil) and the retained profit of £301,012,769 (2008 profit of £43,019,077) has been transferred to reserves

#### **GOING CONCERN**

The company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position (including the principal risks and uncertainties), are set out in this Directors' Report. The finances of the company and its liquidity position and borrowings are, where appropriate, also described in this report.

The company is in a net asset position at the year end. In addition, as a member of the Canary Wharf Group, the company has access to considerable resources

Having made the requisite enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will have adequate resources to continue its operations for the foreseeable future Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements

### THE DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors of the company throughout the year ended 31 December 2009 were

A P Anderson II G lacobescu R J J Lyons

The company provides an indemnity to all directors (to the extent permitted by law) in respect of liabilities incurred as a result of their office. The company also has in place liability insurance covering the directors and officers of the company. Both the indemnity and insurance were in force during the year ended 31 December 2009 and at the time of the approval of this Directors' Report. Neither the indemnity or the insurance provide cover in the event that the director is proven to have acted dishonestly or fraudulently.

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

As a member of the Canary Wharf Group the key risks facing the company include the cyclical nature of the property market, financing risk and concentration risk

### Cyclical Nature of the Property Market

The valuation of Canary Wharf Group's assets is subject to many external economic and market factors. The turmoil in the financial markets during 2008 and 2009 was reflected in the property market by such factors as the oversupply of available space in the office market, a significant decline in tenant demand for space in London and a change in the market perception of property as an investment resulting in a negative impact on property valuations in general. In the latter half of 2009 and since the year end there have been signs of a tightening of supply which has resulted in an increase in valuations and a compression of yields. Changes in financial and property markets are kept under constant review so that the company can react appropriately. The impact of the ongoing uncertainty in the financial and property markets continues to be closely monitored.

## **Financing Risk**

The broader economic cycle inevitably leads to movements in inflation, interest rates and bond yields. The company finances its operations largely through surplus cash and intercompany finance. The ongoing financial markets' uncertainty continues to significantly limit the availability of funding. In common with other UK property companies, such lack of financing facilities may have an impact on the business of Canary Wharf Group if the lending markets remain limited for the forseeable future.

#### **Concentration Risk**

The majority of Canary Wharf Group's real estate assets, including the assets of the company, are currently located on or adjacent to the Canary Wharf Estate, with tenants that are mainly linked to the financial services industry. Wherever possible steps are taken to mitigate or avoid material consequences arising from this concentration.

The principal risks facing the Canary Wharf Group are discussed in the Annual Report of Canary Wharf Group plc, which does not form part of this report

#### THE DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

#### POLICY ON THE PAYMENT OF CREDITORS

In respect of the company's suppliers it is the company's policy to settle the terms of payment with those suppliers when agreeing the terms of each transaction, ensure that those suppliers are made aware of the terms of payment and abide by the terms of payment

The company had no outstanding trade creditors at 31 December 2009 or 31 December 2008

#### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

Each director holding office at the date of this report has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information. As far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of Section 418(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

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Joint Secretary

25 June 2010

A M Holland

Registered office 30th Floor One Canada Square Canary Wharf London E14 5AB

Registered Number 2798284

## STATEMENT OF THE DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
  - state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CANARY WHARF HOLDINGS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Canary Wharf Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 December 2009 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, Balance Sheet and the related Notes 1 to 13. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of, whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

#### **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2009 and
  of its profit for the year then ended.
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- · have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CANARY WHARF HOLDINGS LIMITED

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

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Richard Muschamp (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors London, UK

25 June 2010

## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

	Note	Year Ended 31 December 2009 £	Year Ended 31 December 2008 £
Income from fixed asset investments	6	301,201,878	70,970,815
GROSS PROFIT		301,201,878	70,970,815
Administrative expenses before exceptional items Exceptional items		(8,450)	(19,062)
Waiver of group debtors	7	(9,972,978)	(5,004,100)
Provision against group debtors	7	112,917	(11,042,566)
OPERATING PROFIT	2	291,333,367	54,905,087
Interest receivable and similar income	3	729,402	219,124
Interest payable and similar charges	4	_	(3,155,134)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		292,062,769	51,969,077
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	8,950,000	(8,950,000)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION FOR THE YEAR	10	301,012,769	43,019,077

Movements in reserves are shown in Note 10 of these financial statements

All amounts relate to continuing activities in the United Kingdom

The Notes on pages 10 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements

# STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

	Year Ended 31 December 2009 £	Year Ended 31 December 2008 £
Profit for the financial year	301,012,769	43,019,077
Unrealised (deficit)/surplus on revaluation of Fixed asset investments	(176,990,433)	285,244,193
Total recognised gains relating to the year	124,022,336	328,263,270

The Notes on pages 10 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements

## **BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2009**

	Nata	31 December 2009	31 December 2008
	Note	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Investments	6	1,039,824,294	1,216,814,727
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	7	332,014,591	40,937,568
Cash at bank		230,568	230,069
		332,245,159	41,167,637
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(15,045,091)	(24,980,339)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		317,200,068	16,187,298
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,357,024,362	1,233,002,025
NET ASSETS		1,357,024,362	1,233,002,025
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called-up share capital	9	405,105,001	405,105,001
Revaluation reserve	10	595,333,171	772,323,603
Profit and loss account	10	356,586,190	55,573,421
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	11	1,357,024,362	1,233,002,025

The Notes on pages 10 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements

APPROVED BY THE BOARD ON 25 JUNE 2010 AND SIGNED ON ITS BEHALF BY

R J J LYONS DIRECTOR

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

#### 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the principal accounting policies of the company, all of which have been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year, is set out below

#### **Accounting convention**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of properties and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis as described in the Directors' Report.

In accordance with the provisions of FRS 1 (Revised) the company is exempt from the requirements to prepare a cash flow statement, as it is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Canary Wharf Group plc, which has prepared a consolidated cash flow statement

#### Income from investments

Investment income comprises dividends paid by the company's subsidiary undertakings during the accounting period

### Interest receivable and interest payable

Interest receivable and payable are recognised on an accruals basis in the period in which they fall due

#### Investments

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated in the company's balance sheet at the net asset value of the subsidiaries before the provision for deferred tax. Increases or decreases in the net asset value of the subsidiaries are taken to the revaluation reserve other than any provision for impairment which is charged to the profit and loss account. The directors consider that this policy presents fairly the company's investment in its subsidiaries.

#### Trade and other debtors

Debtors are recognised initially at fair value. A provision for impairment is established where there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the debtor concerned.

#### Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are stated at cost

#### **Taxation**

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. The company is part of a UK group for group relief purposes and accordingly may take advantage of the group relief provisions whereby current taxable profits can be offset by current tax losses arising in other companies in that group. The group's policy is that no payment will be made for tax losses surrendered under the group relief provisions.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED **31 DECEMBER 2009**

## 2. OPERATING PROFIT

Operating	profit is	stated	after	charging
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Year Ended	Year Ended
31 December	31 December
2008	2009
£	£
3 000	3 000

Remuneration of the auditors Audit fees for the audit of the company

None of the directors received any emoluments in respect of their services to the company during the year or the prior year

No staff were employed by the company during the year or the prior year

## 3. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	Year Ended	Year Ended
	31 December	31 December
	2009	2008
	£	£
Bank interest receivable	499	4,219
Interest receivable from group undertakings	728,903	214,905
	729,402	219,124

### 4. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	Year Ended	Year Ended
	31 December	31 December
	2009	2008
	£	£
Interest payable to group undertakings		3,155,134
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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

#### 5. TAXATION

	Year Ended 31 December 2009 £	Year Ended 31 December 2008 £
Current tax UK corporation tax	_	8,950,000
Over/under provision in prior year	(8,950,000)	
Total current tax	(8,950,000)	8,950,000
Tax reconciliation		
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	292,062,769	51,969,077
Tax on profit on ordinary activities at UK corporation tax rate of 28% (2008 28 5%)	81,777,575	14,811,187
Effects of Over/under provision in prior year	(8,950,000)	_
Items not chargeable to tax	(84,368,142)	(20,226,682)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	2,792,434	44.005.405
Tax losses and other timing differences	(201,867)	14,365,495
Current tax charge for the year	(8,950,000)	8,950,000

The tax rate for the prior year of 28 5% was calculated by reference to the current corporation tax rate of 28% which was in effect for the final three quarters of that year and the previous rate of 30% which was in effect for the first quarter of that year

No provision for corporation tax has been made since the taxable profit for the year will be covered by the group relief expected to be made available to the company by other companies in the group. No charge will be made by other group companies for the surrender of group relief. There is no unprovided deferred taxation.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

#### 6. INVESTMENTS

#### **Fixed asset investments**

	£
At 1 January 2009	1,216,814,727
Revaluations	(176,990,433)
At 31 December 2009	1,039,824,294

On a historical cost basis, investments would have been included as follows

At 31 December 2009	444,491,124
At 31 December 2008	444,491,124

At 31 December 2009 the company's principal subsidiary undertakings were as follows

Name	Description of shares held	Principal activities
Canary Wharf Contractors Limited	Ordinary £1 shares	Property contractors
Canary Wharf Finance (Investments) Limited		Investment holding
Canary Wharf Investments Limited	Ordinary £1 shares and deferred £1	
	shares	Property investment
Canary Wharf Limited	Ordinary £1 shares and redeemable	9
•	preferred ordinary £1 shares	Property development
Canary Wharf Telecoms Limited	Ordinary £1 shares	Telecommunication
OW Francis Haldren H.L. workerd	O-d 04 -b	services
CW Finance Holdings II Limited	Ordinary £1 shares	Finance company
CWBC Finance (BP1) Limited	Ordinary £1 shares	Finance company
CWCB Finance II Limited	Ordinary £1 shares	Finance company
CWCB Holdings Limited	Ordinary £1 shares	Investment holding
CWG (Wood Wharf) Holdings Limited	Ordinary £1 shares	Investment holding
Heron Quays Properties Limited	Ordinary £1 shares	Property development
Norquil Limied	Ordinary £1 shares	Property development

The above are wholly owned subsidiaries registered in England and Wales A complete list of the company's subsidiary undertakings will be appended when the company submits its annual return

Dividends totalling £301,201,878 (2008 £70,970,815) were paid by the company's subsidiaries during the year ended 31 December 2009

In accordance with section 400 of the Companies Act 2006, financial information is only presented in these financial statements about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group because the company and its subsidiary undertakings are included in the consolidated financial statements of a larger group (Note 13)

The directors are of the opinion that the value of the company's investments at 31 December 2009 was not less than the amount shown in the company's balance sheet

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

#### 7. DEBTORS

	31 December 2009 £	31 December 2008 £
Amount owed by subsidiary undertaking Loan to subsidiary undertaking Corporation tax repayable	27,373,418 303,433,370 1,207,803	38,802,099 2,135,469
	332,014,591	40,937,568

The loan to a subsidiary undertaking carries interest at a rate of 10% subject to certain caps and is repayable on demand

At 31 December 2009 the company had recognised a provision against its loan to a subsidiary undertaking which was in a net liability position at the year end of £10,929,649 (2008 11,042,566) The movement in the provision of £112,917 has been taken to the profit and loss account and treated as an exceptional item

On 30 December 2009, the company waived four outstanding balances with subsidiary undertakings totalling £9,972,978. This has been taken to the profit and loss account and treated as an exceptional item.

## 8. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	31 December 2009 £	31 December 2008 £
Amount owed to parent undertaking Amounts owed to subsidiary undertakings Corporation tax Accruals and deferred income	872,070 14,170,021 - 3,000	1,720,771 14,271,898 8,950,000 37,670
	15,045,091	24,980,339

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

## 9. CALLED-UP SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital:
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Trainioniosa Silario Capitali	31 December 2009 £	31 December 2008 £
405,115,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each 95,000,000 Preferred redeemable ordinary shares of	405,115,000	405,115,000
£1 each	95,000,000	95,000,000
	500,115,000	500,115,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
	31 December 2009 £	31 December 2008 £
405,105,001 Ordinary shares of £1 each	405,105,001	405,105,001

### 10. RESERVES

	Revaluation reserve £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 January 2009	772,323,603	55,573,421	827,897,024
Profit for the year	_	301,012,769	301,012,769
Revaluation of fixed assets	(176,990,432)		(176,990,432)
At 31 December 2009	595,333,171	356,586,190	951,919,361

## 11. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	31 December	31 December
	2009	2008
	£	£
Opening shareholders' funds	1,233,002,025	904,738,755
Profit for the year	301,012,769	43,019,077
Revaluation	(176,990,432)	285,244,193
Closing shareholders' funds	1,357,024,362	1,233,002,025

## 12. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

As at 31 December 2009 the company had given guarantees in respect of the performance of certain other group undertakings under certain agreements for lease

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

#### 13. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Canary Wharf Estate Limited

As at 31 December 2009, the smallest group of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up is the consolidated financial statements of Canary Wharf Group plc. The largest group of which the company is a member for which group financial statements are drawn up is the consolidated financial statements of Songbird Estates plc, the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party. Copies of the financial statements of both companies may be obtained from the Company Secretary, One Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 5AB

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 3(c) of FRS 8 allowing the company not to disclose related party transactions with respect to other group companies