COMPANIES HOUSE

REGISTERED NUMBER: 02794851 (England and Wales)

ULTRABARN PLC

Strategic Report, Report of the Directors and

Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

Lancaster Haskins Limited Statutory Auditor
Granville House
2 Tettenhall Road
Wolverhampton
West Midlands
WV1 4SB



Contents of the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

| | Pag |
|------------------------------------|-----|
| Company Information | 1 |
| Strategic Report | 2 |
| Report of the Directors | 3 |
| Report of the Independent Auditors | 5 |
| Income Statement | 7 |
| Other Comprehensive Income | 8 |
| Balance Sheet | 9 |
| Statement of Changes in Equity | 10 |
| Cash Flow Statement | 11 |
| Notes to the Cash Flow Statement | 12 |
| Notes to the Financial Statements | 13 |

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

DIRECTORS:

Mrs J M Kennedy

P D Kennedy J M Kennedy Mrs L J Sutton

SECRETARY:

Mrs J M Kennedy

REGISTERED OFFICE:

719 Chester Road

Erdington Birmingham West Midlands B24 0BY

REGISTERED NUMBER:

02794851 (England and Wales)

SENIOR STATUTORY

AUDITOR:

James Roden BA FCA

AUDITORS:

Lancaster Haskins Limited Statutory Auditor

Granville House 2 Tettenhall Road Wolverhampton West Midlands WV1 4SB

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 May 2020.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The Directors are satisfied with the results for the year. Over the next 12 months the Directors want to focus on reducing the amount of repairs incurred by the business. The Directors want to consolidate their position by improving the management of their current property portfolio.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company faces a number of risks and uncertainties that may have an impact on its operation or future performance.

It is important for the Board to effectively manage risks and opportunities in seeking to achieve the Company's objectives. The Directors have overall responsibility for risk management and internal control systems.

The risks and uncertainties described below represent those which the directors consider to be the most significant in achieving the Company's objectives.

Adverse economic and business conditions

Changing UK conditions could adversely affect the Company's trading, financial position and prospects.

The interest rate within the UK is currently at 0.1% and there is a risk that this will increase within the next 12 months. This is a risk to the Company due to the level of loans. This will be managed by monitoring cash balances.

Adverse interest rate movements

The tenants are varied across all properties. The Company continually monitors occupancy rates.

Changes in tenant demand

Financial covenants are monitored closely by the Board and there is regular communication with the bank.

Breach of borrowing covenants

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Given the straightforward nature of the business, the company's directors are of the opinion that analysis using KPIs is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

26/2/21

Mrs L J Sutton - Director

Date:

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 May 2020.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 May 2020.

EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE YEAR

Information relating to events since the end of the year is given in the notes to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 June 2019 to the date of this report.

Mrs J M Kennedy P D Kennedy J M Kennedy Mrs L J Sutton

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

AUDITORS

The auditors, Lancaster Haskins Limited Statutory Auditor, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Mrs L J Sutton - Director

Date: 26/2/21

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Ultrabarn Plc (the 'company') for the year ended 31 May 2020 which comprise the Income Statement, Other Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 May 2020 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page three, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

James Roden BA FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Lancaster Haskins Limited Statutory Auditor

Granville House

2 Tettenhall Road

Wolverhampton

West Midlands

WV1 4SB

Date: 26/2/2021

Income Statement for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

| | Notes | 31.5.20 £ | 31.5.19 £ |
|--|-------|--------------|--------------|
| TURNOVER | | - | - |
| Administrative expenses | | 849,041 | 487,006 |
| c | | (849,041) | (487,006) |
| Other operating income | 3 | 1,106,436 | 1,104,091 |
| OPERATING PROFIT | 5 | 257,395 | 617,085 |
| Interest receivable and similar income | | 7,885 | 7,217 |
| | | 265,280 | 624,302 |
| Interest payable and similar expenses | 6 | 120,716 | 130,453 |
| PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION | | 144,564 | 493,849 |
| Tax on profit | 7 | 183,325 | 40,437 |
| (LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIA YEAR | AL | (38,761) | 453,412 |

Other Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

| Notes | 31.5.20 £ | 31.5.19 £ |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| (LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE YEAR | (38,761) | 453,412 |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME | | |
| TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR | (38,761) | 453,412 |

ULTRABARN PLC (REGISTERED NUMBER: 02794851)

Balance Sheet 31 May 2020

| | | 31.5 | | 31.5.19 | |
|---|--------|---------|-------------|---------|------------|
| , | Notes | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| FIXED ASSETS | 0 | | 20.464 | | 24.00 |
| Tangible assets | 8 9 | | 30,464 | | 34,985 |
| Investment property | 9 | | 13,402,727 | | 14,112,966 |
| | | | 13,433,191 | | 14,147,951 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | | | |
| Debtors | 10 | 477,142 | | 451,467 | |
| Cash at bank | | 520,215 | , | 289,715 | |
| | | 997,357 | | 741,182 | |
| CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year | 11 | 467,300 | | 515,189 | |
| Amounts faming due within one year | 11 | 407,300 | | 313,169 | |
| NET CURRENT ASSETS | | | 530,057 | | 225,993 |
| TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT | | | 12.062.040 | | 14.050.04 |
| LIABILITIES | | | 13,963,248 | | 14,373,944 |
| CREDITORS | | | | | |
| Amounts falling due after more than one | | | | | |
| year | 12 | | (3,691,272) | | (4,144,61 |
| PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES | 16 | | (1,067,641) | | (986,237 |
| NET ASSETS | | | 9,204,335 | | 9,243,09 |
| | | | | | |
| CAPITAL AND RESERVES | | | • | | |
| Called up share capital | 17 | | 1,220,000 | | 1,220,000 |
| Capital redemption reserve | 18 | | 280,000 | | 280,000 |
| Non distributable retained earnings | 18 | | 7,176,741 | | 7,765,84 |
| Retained earnings | 18 | • | 527,594 | | (22,74) |
| SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS | | | 9,204,335 | | 9,243,09 |

Mrs L J Sutton - Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

| · | Called up share capital £ | Retained earnings | Capital redemption reserve | Non distributable retained earnings £ | Total equity £ |
|--|------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Balance at 1 June 2018 | 1,220,000 | (188,629) | 280,000 | 7,478,313 | 8,789,684 |
| Changes in equity Total comprehensive income | | 165,882 | | 287,530 | 453,412 |
| Balance at 31 May 2019 | 1,220,000 | (22,747) | 280,000 | 7,765,843 | 9,243,096 |
| Changes in equity Total comprehensive income | | 550,341 | | (589,102) | (38,761) |
| Balance at 31 May 2020 | 1,220,000 | 527,594 | 280,000 | 7,176,741 | 9,204,335 |

Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

| | | 31.5.20 | 31.5.19 |
|--|-------|--|-------------|
| 1 | Notes | £ | £ |
| Cash flows from operating activities | ., | - | ~ |
| Cash generated from operations | 1 | 290,677 | 303,842 |
| Interest paid | • | (120,203) | (128,755) |
| Interest element of hire purchase payments | | (120,203) | (120,733) |
| paid | | (513) | (1.600) |
| Tax paid | | The state of the s | (1,698) |
| Tax paid | | <u>(73,684</u>) | 3,963 |
| Net cash from operating activities | | 96,277 | 177,352 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | | |
| Purchase of tangible fixed assets | | (3,174) | (1,842) |
| Purchase of investment property | , | - (5,1,1) | (287,000) |
| Sale of investment property | | 610,274 | (207,000) |
| Interest received | | 7,885 | 7,217 |
| morest received | | | 7,217 |
| Net cash from investing activities | | 614,985 | (281,625) |
| Cook Same from Engaging activities | | | |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | | 275 000 |
| New loans in year | | (450,000) | 275,000 |
| Loan repayments in year | | (450,000) | (200,000) |
| Capital repayments in year | • | (3,339) | (2,369) |
| Amount withdrawn by directors | | (27,423) | (129,384) |
| Net cash from financing activities | | (480,762) | (56,753) |
| | | | |
| Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equi | | 230,500 | (161,026) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning o | 2 | 289,715 | 450,741 |
| year | | 207,/13 | 430,741 |
| | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | 2 | 520,215 | 289,715 |

| 1. | RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION | J TO CASH CENI | TDATED EDA | M |
|----|--|--------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | OPERATIONS | TO CASH GEN | SKATED I KO | V1 |
| | | | 31.5.20 £ | 31.5.19 £ |
| | Profit before taxation | | 144,564 | £ 493,849 |
| | Depreciation charges | | 7,695 | 9,305 |
| | Loss on disposal of fixed assets | | 84,726 | - |
| | Loss on revaluation of fixed assets | | 15,239 | - - |
| | Fair value adjustment Finance costs | | 120,716 | (287,332) 130,453 |
| | Finance income | | (7,885) | (7,217) |
| | 1 manor moone | | _ (1,003) | |
| | | | 365,055 | 339,058 |
| | Decrease/(increase) in trade and other debtors | | 1,748 | (31,879) |
| | Decrease in trade and other creditors | | <u>(76,126)</u> | (3,337) |
| | Cash generated from operations | | 290,677 | 303,842 |
| 2. | CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | | |
| | The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in resp | pect of cash and ca | sh equivalents a | are in respect of |
| | these Balance Sheet amounts: | | | |
| | Year ended 31 May 2020 | | | |
| | , | | 31.5.20 | 1.6.19 |
| | | | £ | £ |
| | Cash and cash equivalents | | 520,215 | 289,715 |
| | Year ended 31 May 2019 | | | |
| | ************************************** | | 31.5.19 | 1.6.18 |
| | | | £ | £ |
| | Cash and cash equivalents | | 289,715 | 450,741 |
| 3. | ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | At 1.6.19 | Cash flow | At 31.5.20 |
| | Net cash | £ | £ | £ |
| | Cash at bank | 289,715 | 230,500 | 520,215 |
| | | 289,715 | 230,500 | 520,215 |
| | Debt | (0.000) | 2 222 | (4.000) |
| | Finance leases | (8,298) | 3,338 | (4,960) |
| | Debts falling due within 1 year Debts falling due after 1 year | (200,000) (4,125,001) | 450,001 | (200,000) (3,6 <u>7</u> 5,000) |
| | Doors raining due diter 1 year | (1,123,001) | .55,001 | (3,0,0,000) |
| | | (4,333,299) | 453,339 | (3,879,960) |
| | Total | (4 <u>,043,584</u>) | 683,839 | (3,359,745) |
| | | | | |

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Ultrabarn Plc is a private company, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling (£).

Significant judgements and estimates

Management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

There are no key sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Plant and machinery

- Straight line over 3 years

Fixtures and fittings

- 33.33% on reducing balance

Motor vehicles

- 12.5% on cost

Computer equipment

- 12.5% on cost

Financial instruments

Basic financial instruments are recognised at amortised cost, except for investments in non-convertible preference shares or non-puttable ordinary shares which are measured at fair value, with changed recognised in profit or loss. Derivative financial instruments are initially recorded at cost and thereafter at fair value with changes recognised in profit or loss.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Investment properties

This year all of the investment properties have been valued at fair value in accordance with FRS 102.

Rental income

Rental income from properties is recognised in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

3. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

Rental Income

The income and the profit before tax are attributable to the principle activities of the company that arose from investment properties based in the United Kingdom only.

4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

| | £ | £ |
|-----------------------|---------|---------|
| Wages and salaries | 385,564 | 377,707 |
| Social security costs | 38,909 | 34,946 |
| Other pension costs | 6,992 | 4,879 |
| | 431,465 | 417,532 |

31.5.19

31.5.20

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

| 4. | EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS - continued | | |
|----|--|--|---|
| | The average number of employees during the year was as follows: | 31.5.20 | 31.5.19 |
| | Office Staff Directors | 7 4 11 | 7 4 11 |
| | Directors' remuneration | 31.5.20 £ 234,400 | 31.5.19. £ 233,545 |
| | Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows: | 31.5.20 | 31.5.19 |
| | Emoluments etc | £ 90,000 | £ 90,000 |
| 5. | OPERATING PROFIT | | |
| | The operating profit is stated after charging: | | |
| | Depreciation - owned assets Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts Loss on disposal of fixed assets Auditors' remuneration | 31.5.20 £ 4,686 3,009 84,726 14,100 | 31.5.19 £ 5,298 4,012 - 14,346 |
| 6. | INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES | 31.5.20 | 31.5.19 |
| | Bank and loan interest Hire purchase | £ 120,203 513 | £ 128,755 1,698 |
| | | 120,716 | 130,453 |

| 7. | TAXATION | | |
|----|--|--------------|--------------|
| | Analysis of the tax charge | | |
| | The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows: | | |
| | | 31.5.20 £ | 31.5.19 £ |
| | Current tax: | | |
| | UK corporation tax | 102,009 | 40,635 |
| | Overprovision in previous year | (88) | - |
| | Total current tax | 101,921 | 40,635 |
| | Deferred tax | 81,404 | (198) |
| | Tax on profit | 183,325 | 40,437 |
| - | | 31.5.20 | 31.5.19 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Profit before tax | 144,564 | 493,849 |
| | Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% | | |
| • | (2019 - 19%) | 27,467 | 93,831 |
| | Effects of: | | |
| | Expenses not deductible for tax purposes | 6,040 | (54,209) |
| | Depreciation in excess of capital allowances | 463 | 1,013 |
| | Capital gain | 54,365 | - |
| | Deferred tax rate change | 81,405 | - |
| | Loss on sale of assets | 13,656 | - |
| | Deferred tax on fair value adjustments | - | (198) |
| ٠ | Over Provision | (71) | |
| | Total tax charge | 183,325 | 40,437 |

| 8. | TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS | | | | | |
|----|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| | , | Plant and machinery £ | Fixtures and fittings £ | Motor vehicles £ | Computer equipment £ | Totals £ |
| | COST | | | | - | |
| | At 1 June 2019 | 40,156 | 166,625 | 69,084 | 20,055 | 295,920 |
| | Additions | 3,174 | <u> </u> | | | 3,174 |
| | At 31 May 2020 | 43,330 | 166,625 | 69,084 | 20,055 | 299,094 |
| | DEPRECIATION | | | | | |
| | At 1 June 2019 | 24,234 | 164,566 | 53,084 | 19,051 | 260,935 |
| | Charge for year | 2,868 | 515 | 3,999 | 313 | 7,695 |
| | At 31 May 2020 | 27,102 | 165,081 | _57,083 | 19,364 | 268,630 |
| | NET BOOK VALUE | | | | | |
| | At 31 May 2020 | 16,228 | <u>1,544</u> | 12,001 | <u>691</u> | 30,464 |
| | At 31 May 2019 | 15,922 | 2,059 | 16,000 | 1,004 | 34,985 |
| | Fixed assets, included in the abo | ove, which are he | eld under hire pu | ırchase contracts | are as follows: | |
| | | ٠ | | | | Motor vehicles £ |
| | COST | | | | | |
| | At 1 June 2019 | | | | | |
| | and 31 May 2020 | | | | | 19,753 |
| | DEPRECIATION | | | | | |
| | At 1 June 2019 | | | | | 7,717 |
| | Charge for year | | • | | | _3,009 |
| | At 31 May 2020 | | | | | 10,726 |
| | NET BOOK VALUE | | | | | |
| | At 31 May 2020 | | | | | 9,027 |
| | At 31 May 2019 | | | | | 12,036 |

| 9. | INVESTMENT PROPERTY | |
|----|--|------------|
| | | Total £ |
| | FAIR VALUE | |
| | At 1 June 2019 | 14,112,966 |
| | Disposals | (695,000) |
| | Revaluations | (15,239) |
| | At 31 May 2020 | 13,402,727 |
| | NET BOOK VALUE | |
| | At 31 May 2020 | 13,402,727 |
| | At 31 May 2019 | 14,112,966 |
| | Fair value at 31 May 2020 is represented by: | £ |
| | Valuation in 2010 | 7,281,745 |
| | Valuation in 2011 | 112,508 |
| | Valuation in 2012 | (865) |
| | Valuation in 2013 | 362,680 |
| | Valuation in 2014 | (1,776) |
| | Valuation in 2016 | 678,599 |
| | Valuation in 2017 | 516,000 |
| - | Valuation in 2018 | (484,142) |
| | Valuation in 2019 | 287,332 |
| | Valuation in 2020 | (507,698) |
| | Cost | 5,158,344 |
| | | 13,402,727 |
| | | |

Investment property were valued on an open market basis on 31 May 2020 by Stephens McBride Chartered Surveyors.

10. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

| DEDICKS: AMOUNTS I MEETING DOD WITHIN ONE TERM | | |
|--|---------|---------|
| | 31.5.20 | 31.5.19 |
| | £ | £ |
| Trade debtors | 33,347 | 40,299 |
| Other debtors | 92,959 | 84,046 |
| Directors' current accounts | 323,300 | 295,877 |
| Prepayments | 27,536 | 31,245 |
| | 477,142 | 451,467 |

| 11. | CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR | | |
|-----|--|--------------|--------------|
| 11. | CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR | 31.5.20 | 31.5.19 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 13) | 200,000 | 200,000 |
| | Hire purchase contracts (see note 14) | 3,688 | 3,688 |
| | Trade creditors | 48,188 | 110,583 |
| | Tax | 110,922 | 82,685 |
| | Social security and other taxes | 7,874 | 6,129 |
| | Other creditors | 8,519 | 13,456 |
| | Accrued expenses | 88,109 | 98,648 |
| | | 467,300 | 515,189 |
| 12. | CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE | | |
| | YEAR | | |
| | | 31.5.20 | 31.5.19 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Bank loans (see note 13) | 3,675,000 | 4,125,001 |
| | Hire purchase contracts (see note 14) | 1,272 | 4,610 |
| | Other creditors | 15,000 | 15,000 |
| | | 3,691,272 | 4,144,611 |
| | | | |
| 13. | LOANS | | |
| 13. | LOANS An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below: | | |
| 13. | | 31.5.20 | 31.5.19 |
| 13. | An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below: | 31.5.20 £ | 31.5.19 £ |
| 13. | An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below: Amounts falling due within one year or on demand: | £ | £ |
| 13. | An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below: | | |
| 13. | An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below: Amounts falling due within one year or on demand: Bank loans | £ | £ |
| 13. | An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below: Amounts falling due within one year or on demand: | £ | £ |
| 13. | An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below: Amounts falling due within one year or on demand: Bank loans Amounts falling due between two and five years: | £ 200,000 | £ 200,000 |
| 13. | An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below: Amounts falling due within one year or on demand: Bank loans Amounts falling due between two and five years: | £ 200,000 | £ 200,000 |
| 13. | An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below: Amounts falling due within one year or on demand: Bank loans Amounts falling due between two and five years: Bank loans - 2-5 years Amounts falling due in more than five years: | £ 200,000 | £ 200,000 |
| 13. | An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below: Amounts falling due within one year or on demand: Bank loans Amounts falling due between two and five years: Bank loans - 2-5 years | £ 200,000 | £ 200,000 |

| 14. | LEASING AGREEMENTS | | | |
|-----|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| | Minimum lease payments under hire purchase fall due as followed | lows: | | |
| | | | 31.5.20 £ | 31.5.19 £ |
| | Net obligations repayable: Within one year Between one and five years | | 3,688 1,272 | 3,688 4,610 |
| | | | 4,960 | 8,298 |
| 15. | SECURED DEBTS | | | |
| | The following secured debts are included within creditors: | | | |
| | | | 31.5.20 £ | 31.5.19 £ |
| | Bank loans Hire purchase contracts | | 3,875,000 4,960 | 4,325,001 8,298 |
| | | | 3,879,960 | 4,333,299 |
| 16. | At the year end date the company had 3 loans outstanding w 27 March 2023 and one for £250,000 due for expiry on 27 March 2023. The hire purchase is secured against the asset to which it related to the provisions for LIABILITIES Deferred tax | March 2023 and on | | |
| | Balance at 1 June 2019 Charge to Income Statement during year | | | 986,237 81,404 |
| | Balance at 31 May 2020 | | | 1,067,641 |
| 17. | CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL | | | |
| | Allotted, issued and fully paid: Number: Class: 1,220,000 Ordinary | Nominal value: 1.00 | 31.5.20 £ 1,220,000 | 31.5.19 £ 1,220,000 |

18.

| RESERVES | | | | Non | |
|----------------------------|--------------|-------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|
| | | Retained earnings | Capital redemption reserve | distributable retained earnings | Totals £ |
| At 1 June 2019 | | (22,747) | 280,000 | 7,765,843 | 8,023,096 |
| Deficit for the year | | (38,761) | | | (38,761) |
| Non distributable transfer | - | 589,102 | <u>-</u> | (589,102) | |
| At 31 May 2020 | • | 527,594 | 280,000 | 7,176,741 | 7,984,335 |

19. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The following advances and credits to directors subsisted during the years ended 31 May 2020 and 31 May 2019:

| | 31.5.20 | 31.5.19 |
|---|---------------|----------|
| M. IMIZ | £ | £ |
| Mrs J M Kennedy Balance outstanding at start of year | 64,240 | 42,410 |
| Amounts advanced | 20,768 | 21,830 |
| Amounts repaid | 20,700 | 21,030 |
| Amounts written off | - | ~ |
| Amounts waived | - | - |
| Balance outstanding at end of year | <u>85,008</u> | 64,240 |
| | | |
| Mrs L J Sutton | | |
| Balance outstanding at start of year | 43,074 | 41,773 |
| Amounts advanced | 1,077 | 1,301 |
| Amounts repaid Amounts written off | - | <u>-</u> |
| Amounts written on | - | _ |
| Balance outstanding at end of year | 44,151 | 43,074 |
| 24 candidate in grant of the candidat | | |
| P D Kennedy | | |
| Balance outstanding at start of year | 94,847 | 41,131 |
| Amounts advanced | 3,236 | 53,716 |
| Amounts repaid | - | - |
| Amounts written off | - | - |
| Amounts waived | 00 003 | 04 847 |
| Balance outstanding at end of year | 98,083 | 94,847 |
| J M Kennedy | | |
| Balance outstanding at start of year | 93,716 | 41,179 |
| Amounts advanced | 2,343 | 52,537 |
| Amounts repaid | - | - |
| Amounts written off | - | - |
| Amounts waived | - | - |
| Balance outstanding at end of year | 96,059 | 93,716 |
| | | |

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

19. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES - continued

The director's loans are repayable on demand and interest is charged at a rate of 2.25%.

20. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

P.D.Kennedy is a director of Skylark Developments Limited. At the 31st May 2020 Ultrabarn Plc owed Skylark Developments Limited £11,234 (2019: Ultrabarn Plc owed Skylark Developments Limited £8,623). During the year there were sales made to Skylark Developments Limited of £2,700 (2019: £2,400), and purchases made from Skylark Developments Limited of £nil (2019: £nil). These transactions were made at an arms length basis, on normal commercial terms.

There is also a long term loan from Skylark Developments Limited to Ultrabarn plc of £15,000 (2019: £15,000).

21. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

Following a challenging period of lockdown uncertainty for both ourselves and most businesses across the UK, we can report that we are continuing to navigated our way through this difficult time.

We are continuing to perform well and are suitably funded to see out the current difficulties of the COVID-19 pandemic. We forecast to maintain a consistent performance over the next twelve months in the current market conditions.

22. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling party of the company are the directors.