Report and Financial Statements

29 February 2008

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REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2008

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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

Z G Tejani

F G Tejanı

N G Tejani

T E Johnson

SECRETARY

A P White

REGISTERED OFFICE

Albany Court Yard 47 - 48 Piccadilly London W1J 0LR

BANKERS

Barclays Bank PLC PO Box 15162 50 Pall Mall London, SW1A 1QB

The Cooperative Bank 80 Cornhill London, EC3V 3NJ

SOLICITORS

Clintons 55 Drury Lane London WC2B 5RZ

AUDITORS

KPMG Audit Plc Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor 8 Salisbury Square London EC4Y 8BB

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors submit their report and the audited financial statements of International Currency Exchange (Europe) PLC ("the Company") for the year ended 29 February 2008

ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Company during the year were the provision of foreign exchange, the provision of travel services and hotel bookings

REVIEW OF DEVELOPMENTS

A summary of the year's trading is given on page 6 to the accounts. The directors consider the result achieved is satisfactory. The Company produced a profit after tax for the year of £1 260,730 (2007 £2,095,511)

DIVIDENDS

No dividend is proposed for the year (2007-£nil)

FUTURE PROSPECTS

The directors are optimistic for a continuing profits trend for the foreseeable future

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The company is exposed to financial risk through its financial assets and liabilities. The key financial risk is that the proceeds from financial assets are not sufficient to fund the obligations arising from liabilities as they fall due. The most important components of financial risk are interest rate risk, currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, cash flow risk and price risk. Due to the nature of the company's business and the assets and liabilities contained within the company's balance sheet the only financial risks the directors consider relevant to this company are currency, interest rate and cash flow risk. These risks are mitigated by the routine monitoring of key management information. The KPI's used by the company to monitor financial risk include turnover, gross profit and salary costs as a percentage of turnover. A summary of key financial data is set out below.

KEY FINANCIAL DATA	2008	2007
TURNOVER	29,037,068	33,142,706
GROSS PROFIT	2,278,330	3,066,525
RETAINED PROFIT AFTER TAX	1,260,730	2,095,511
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	9,593,897	8,333,167
TOTAL ASSETS	11,626,976	9,123,097
SALARY COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF TURNOVER	3.12%	3 09%

PAYMENT OF CREDITORS

It is the policy of the Company to abide by the terms of payment agreed with each supplier At the year end, creditor days were 30 days (2007 - 30 days)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued....)

DIRECTORS

The names of persons who were directors throughout the year are as follows

Z G Tejanı

F G Tejanı

N G Tejanı

T E Johnson

N G Tejani held one £1 ordinary share in International Currency Exchange (Europe) PLC throughout the year The directors' interests in Lenlyn Holdings PLC and International Currency Exchange PLC are disclosed in the financial statements of these companies. There are no other disclosable interests in group companies.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

F Tejani Director

25 September 2008

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- · make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF INTERNATIONAL CURRENCY **EXCHANGE (EUROPE) PLC**

We have audited the financial statements of International Currency Exchange (Europe) Plc for the year ended 29 February 2008 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Reconciliation of Movement in Shareholders Funds and the related notes These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 4

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 29 February 2008 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

KPMG Addit Plc Chartered Accountants

Kome heart

Registered Auditor

8 Salisbury Square London EC4Y 8BB

25 September 2008

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 29 February 2008

	Note	2008 £	2007 £
TURNOVER Cost of sales	1	29,037,068 (26,758,738)	33,142,706 (30,076,181)
GROSS PROFIT		2,278,330	3,066,525
Administrative expenses Other operating income		(1,207,448) 183,749	(1,549,595) 146,573
OPERATING PROFIT		1,254,631	1,663,503
Interest receivable and similar income	3	4,451	33
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	4	1,259,082	1,663,536
Tax credit on profit on ordinary activities	5	1,648	431,975
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	10	1,260,730	2,095,511

The notes on pages 8 - 14 form part of these financial statements

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the current and prior year

There is no difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the profit for the financial year, and their historical cost equivalents

All activities derive from continuing operations

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this profit and loss account

RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT ON SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS

	2008 £	2007 £
Profit for the year	1,260,730	2,095,511
Opening shareholders' funds	8,333,167	6,237,656
Closing shareholders' funds	9,593,897	8,333,167

The notes on pages 8 - 14 form part of these financial statements

BALANCE SHEET At 29 February 2008

	Note	2008 £	2007 £
FIXED ASSETS		-	
Tangible assets	6	397,269	5,462
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks		8,450	109,563
Debtors	7	10,412,749	8,663,748
Cash at bank and in hand		808,508	344,324
		11,229,707	9,117,635
CREDITORS - amounts falling due		, ,	
within one year	8	(2,033,079)	(789,930)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		9,196,628	8,327,705
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			
LIABILITIES		9,593,897	8,333,167
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	11	50,000	50,000
Profit and loss account	10	9,543,897	8,283,167
		-,,	
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		9,593,897	8,333,167
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The notes on pages 8 - 14 form part of these financial statements

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 25 September 2008 Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

F Tejani Director

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 29 February 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention

Turnover and cost of sales

Turnover represents sales of foreign currency and travellers cheques, cash processing and related commissions and fees receivable

Cost of sales represents the cost of purchase of foreign currency, direct selling costs and holding gains and losses on foreign currency

The directors consider that the activities of the Company comprise one business segment

In accordance with the exemptions of the Companies Act 1985 disclosure of turnover by geographical segment would be, in the opinion of the directors, seriously prejudicial to the interests of the Company and as such is not given.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful economic life

Fixtures and fittings

20% on cost, five years, straight line

Computer equipment

20% on cost, five years, straight line

Profits and losses on disposal of tangible fixed assets are disclosed separately in the profit and loss account where material

Cash at bank and in hand

Foreign currencies and foreign currency travellers cheques are included in cash at bank and in hand and are valued at their estimated net realisable value based on the foreign exchange rate ruling at the year end

Foreign currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling and recorded at the rates of exchange ruling at the dates of the transactions. Assets and habilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date. All translation differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Cash flow statement

The Company is exempt from preparing a cash flow statement under paragraph 5(a) of Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) "Cash Flow Statements"

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 29 February 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred Taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in the taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

	2008 £	2007 £
Directors' emoluments (excluding pension contributions)	207,803	288,702
Company contributions paid to a pension scheme in respect of directors	-	<u>-</u>
During the year no contributions were made to the directors pension scheme (2007 - amounts for remuneration include the following in respect of the highest paid directors		bove
	2008 £	2007 £
Remuneration of the highest paid director (excluding pension contributions)	123,349	101,233
Company contributions paid to the pension scheme for highest paid director	-	-
Employee costs were as follows	2008 £	2007 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs	821,945 74,479	925,697 85,375
Social security costs	10,577	12,098
	907,001	1,023,170

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 29 February 2008

2.	INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES (continu	ıed)	
	The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows	2008 No.	2007 No.
	Bureaux staff	44	53
3.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME		
		2008	2007
	Bank interest	4,451 ————	33
4.	PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		
		2008 £	2007 £
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is after charging-		
	Auditors' remuneration - audit services	31,500	32,000
	 tax compliance Depreciation of tangible fixed assets 	5,500 20,724	5,500
	Debicolation of militage tixen assers	20,724	4,625

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Year ended 29 February 2008

5. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

	2008 £	2007 £
United Kingdom corporation tax at 30% (2007 - 30%)	-	-
Adjustment in respect of prior years	(2,111)	435,059
Deformed tourstram (Nets 0)	(2,111)	435,059
Deferred taxation (Note 9) Timing differences, origination and reversal	3,759	(3,084)
	1,648	431,975

The tax assessed for the period is higher than that resulting from applying the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2007 - 30%) The differences are explained below

	2008 £	2007 £
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	1,259,082	1,663,536
Tax at 30% thereon (2007 30%)	(377,725)	(499,061)
Plus/(less) the effects of		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(2,549)	(4,219)
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(4,183)	3,026
Other deferred tax movements	(1,025)	-
Other short term timing differences	330	56
(Under)/over provision of current tax	(2,111)	435,063
Group relief claimed for no charge	385,152	500,194
	(2,111)	435,059

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 29 February 2008

6. TANGIBLE ASSETS

7.

	Computer equipment £	Fixtures and fittings £	TOTAL £
COST			-
At I March 2007	223,675	677,268	900,943
Additions	10,272	405,678	415,950
Disposals	(206,802)	(531,786)	(738,588)
At 29 February 2008	27,145	551,160	578,305
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION			
At 1 March 2007	222,504	672,977	895,481
Charge for the year	1,565	19,159	20,724
Disposals	(206,794)	(528,375)	(735,169)
At 29 February 2008	17,275	163,761	181,036
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 29 February 2008	9,870	387,399	397,269
At 28 February 2007	1,171	4,291	5,462
DEBTORS			
Due within one year:		2008	2007
O. H. Januarkana assentativa as d		£	£
Called up share capital not paid		37,500	37,500 435,059
Corporation tax recoverable Amount owed by group companies		9,914,244	7,988,635
Deferred tax asset (Note 9)		15,689	11,930
Prepayments and accrued income		368,081	•
Other debtors		77,235	159,559
Outor doctors			
		10,412,749	8,663,748

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 29 February 2008

8.	CREDITORS - AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2008	2007
		£	£
	Bank overdraft	-	37,166
	Other taxes and social security	-	29,473
	Trade creditors	24,290	69,912
	Amounts due to group companies	1,882,027	585,585
	Other creditors	33,989	6,484
	Accruals and deferred income	92,773	61,310
		2,033,079	789,930
9.	DEFERRED TAXATION Movement of deferred tax balance At 1 March Credit/(Charge) to profit and loss account (Note 5)	2008 £ 11,930 3,759	2007 £ 15,014 (3,084)
	At 29 February (Note 7)	15,689	11,930
	Analysis of deferred tax balance:	2008 £	2007 £
	Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	15,689	11,601
	Short term timing differences	· -	329
		15,689	11,930

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 29 February 2008

10. STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT ON RESERVES

	Profit and loss account £
At 1 March 2007 Profit for the year	8,283,167 1,260,730
At 29 February 2008	9,543,897

11. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2008 £	2007 £
Authorised: 5,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	5,000,000	5,000,000
Allotted: 50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000
Called and partly paid: 50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each 25p paid	12,500	12,500

12. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company takes advantage of the exemption provided in Financial Reporting Standard No 8 "Related party disclosures" not to disclose transactions with group related parties. There were no other related party disclosures requiring disclosure

13. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

International Currency Exchange (Europe) PLC is controlled by International Currency Exchange PLC, an unquoted company incorporated in Great Britain International Currency Exchange PLC is the parent of the smallest group for which consolidated accounts are prepared. The ultimate holding company of International Currency Exchange (Europe) PLC is Lenlyn Holdings PLC which is incorporated in Great Britain. Lenlyn Holdings PLC is the parent of the largest group for which consolidated accounts are prepared. Copies of the consolidated financial statements for the smallest and largest groups are available from Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ