Pacific Manufacturing (UK) Ltd
Report and Accounts
30 September 2010

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Fairman Law

Chartered Accountants
Fairman Law House
Park Terrace
Worcester Park
Surrey, KT4 7JZ

## Pacific Manufacturing (UK) Ltd Registered number: 2784764

### **Director's Report**

The director presents his report and accounts for the year ended 30 September 2010

### Principal activities

The company's principal activity during the year continued to be that of exportation of chemicals and commodities including provision of facilities of an export confirming house

### Review of the business

The trading profit on ordinary activities before taxation was £192,986

The turnover has increased by 33 0% this year and the company is expecting similar performance in the future. Business risks are monitored continually by the Board of Directors

### Financial instrument risk

The company's exposure to credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risk is considered to be low, hence the information relating to its financial risk management is immaterial to the assessment of assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company

#### Directors

The following persons served as directors during the year

M Hussain

#### Political and charitable donations

A charitable donation of £10,000 was made to Wimbledon Mosque

### Disclosure of information to auditors

The director confirms that

- so far as he is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware
  of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that
  information.

This report was approved by the board on 22 06 2011

M Hussal Director

## Pacific Manufacturing (UK) Ltd Statement of Director's Responsibilities

The director is responsible for preparing the report and accounts in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the director to prepare accounts for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the accounts in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the accounts unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these accounts, the director is required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts,
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### Pacific Manufacturing (UK) Ltd Independent auditors' report to the shareholders of Pacific Manufacturing (UK) Ltd

We have audited the accounts of Pacific Manufacturing (UK) Ltd for the year ended 30 September 2010 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities, the director is responsible for the preparation of the accounts and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the accounts in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

### Scope of the audit of the accounts

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www frc org uk/apb/scope/private cfm

#### Opinion on the accounts

In our opinion the accounts

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2010 and of its profit for the year then
  ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

#### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Director's Report for the financial year for which the accounts are prepared is consistent with the accounts

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- · the accounts are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

E Mawji

(Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of

Fairman Law

Accountants and Statutory Auditors

**23** June 2011

Fairman Law House

Park Terrace

Worcester Park

Surrey

KT4 7JZ

# Pacific Manufacturing (UK) Ltd Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 30 September 2010

	Notes	2010 £	2009 £
Turnover	2	8,759,451	9,822,603
Cost of sales		(8,319,129)	(9,297,999)
Gross profit		440,322	524,604
Administrative expenses		(234,409)	(272,204)
Operating profit	3	205,913	252,400
Interest receivable Currency Losses		7 (12,934)	2,946 25,916
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		192,986	281,262
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	(39,938)	(59,278)
Profit for the financial year		153,048	221,984

### Continuing operations

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the above two financial years

## Statement of total recognised gains and losses

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the above two financial years

# Pacific Manufacturing (UK) Ltd **Balance Sheet** as at 30 September 2010

Fixed assets         Tangible assets       6       15,888         Current assets         Debtors       7       3,340,975       2,590,365         Cash at bank and in hand       877,793       1,021,772         4,218,768       3,612,137    Creditors, amounts falling due	£
Current assets         Debtors       7       3,340,975       2,590,365         Cash at bank and in hand       877,793       1,021,772         4,218,768       3,612,137    Creditors, amounts falling due	
Debtors       7       3,340,975       2,590,365         Cash at bank and in hand       877,793       1,021,772         4,218,768       3,612,137    Creditors, amounts falling due	14,200
Debtors       7       3,340,975       2,590,365         Cash at bank and in hand       877,793       1,021,772         4,218,768       3,612,137    Creditors, amounts falling due	
Cash at bank and in hand       877,793       1,021,772         4,218,768       3,612,137    Creditors, amounts falling due	
Creditors, amounts falling due	
within one year 8 (560,164) (3,510,099)	
Net current assets 3,658,604	102,038
Total assets less current	
liabilities 3,674,492	116,238
Creditors: amounts falling due	
after more than one year 9 (3,405,206)	-
Net assets 269,286	116,238
	<u> </u>
Capital and reserves	
Called up share capital 10 30,000	30,000
Profit and loss account 11 239,286	86,238
Shareholders' funds 13 269,286	116,238

Director

Director
Approved by the board on 22 | 06 | 2011

# Pacific Manufacturing (UK) Ltd Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 30 September 2010

	Notes	2010 £	2009 £		
Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities					
Operating profit Depreciation and amortisation Currency losses Increase in debtors Increase in creditors		205,913 2,804 (198,891) (750,610) 660,924	252,400 4,123 25,916 (795,691) 885,231		
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities		(79,860)	371,979		
CASH FLOW STATEMENT					
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities		(79,860)	371,979		
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	14	7	2,946		
Taxation		(59,634)	(9,912)		
Capital expenditure	14	<u>(4,492)</u> (143,979)	(227) 364,786		
Equity dividends paid		(143,979)	(200,000) 164,786		
(Decrease)/increase in cash		(143,979)	164,786		
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt					
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the period		(143,979)	164,786		
Change in net debt	15	(143,979)	164,786		
Net funds at 1 October		1,021,772	856,986		
Net funds at 30 September		877,793	1,021,772		

### 1 Accounting policies

### Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the value, net of value added tax and discounts, of goods provided to customers and work carried out in respect of services provided to customers

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows

Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment

15% net book value

#### Stocks

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value

#### Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred taxation resulting from timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the accounts and their recognition for tax purposes

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates which are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences will reverse, and discounted to reflect the time value of money using rates based on the post-tax yields to maturity that could be obtained at the balance sheet date on government bonds with similar maturity dates

### Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account

2	Analysis of turnover	2010 Ł	2009 Ł
	By activity	~	~
	Exportation of chemicals and commodities including providing facilities of an export confirming house	8,759,451	9,822,603
	By geographical market		
	Africa	8,759,451	9,822,603
3	Operating profit	2010 Ł	2009 Ł
	This is stated after charging		
	Depreciation of owned fixed assets	2,804	4,122

4	Staff costs	2010 £	2009 £
	Wages and salaries	124,668	151,971
	Social security costs	11,540	13,544
		136,208	165,515
5	Taxation	2010	2009
	Analysis of about in ported	£	£
	Analysis of charge in period Current tax		
	UK corporation tax on profits of the period	40,076	59,773
	Adjustments in respect of previous periods	(138)	(495)
		39,938	59,278
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	39,938	59,278
	Factors affecting tax charge for period  The differences between the tax assessed for the period and the st	andard rate of	corporation tax
	are explained as follows	2010	2009
		£	£
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	192,986	281,262
	Standard rate of corporation tax in the UK	21%	21%
		£	£
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax	40,527	59,065
	Effects of		
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	740	1,100
	Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation	(1,191)	(530)
	Overprovision for tax	-	138
	Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	(138)	(495)
	Current tax charge for period	39,938	59,278
6	Tangible fixed assets		
			Fixtures,
			fittings,
			tools and
			equipment
	Cost		£
	At 1 October 2009		35,684
	Additions		4,492
	At 30 September 2010		40,176
	Depreciation		
	At 1 October 2009		21,484
	Charge for the year		2,804
	At 30 September 2010		24,288
	Net book value		
	At 30 September 2010		15,888
	At 30 September 2009		14,200
			· · · · · ·

7	Debtors			2010 £	2009 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors			3,339,630 1,345	2,584,783 5,582
				3,340,975	2,590,365
8	Creditors amounts falling due with	hın one year		2010 £	2009 £
	Trade creditors Corporation tax Shareholders loan			503,039 40,076	377,674 59,773 3,054,966
	Other loans Other taxes and social security costs Other creditors			3,858 6,687 6,504	2,640 15,046
				560,164	3,510,099
9	Creditors. amounts falling due afte	er one year		2010 £	2009 £
	Other creditors			3,405,206	
10	Share capital	Nominal value	2010 Number	2010 £	2009 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid Ordinary shares	£1 each	30,000	30,000	30,000
11	Profit and loss account			2010 £	2009 £
	At 1 October 2009 Profit for the financial year Dividends			86,238 153,048	64,254 221,984 (200,000)
	At 30 September 2010			239,286	86,238
12	Dividends			2010 £	2009 £
	Dividends for which the company became liable during the year Dividends paid			<u>-</u>	200,000
13	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds			2010 £	2009 £
	At 1 October Profit for the financial year Dividends			116,238 153,048	94,254 221,984 (200,000)
	At 30 September		-	269,286	116,238

14	Gross cash flows			2010 £	2009 £
	Returns on investments and ser- interest received	vicing of finan	ce	7	2,946
	Capital expenditure Payments to acquire tangible fixed	(4,492)	(227)		
15	Analysis of changes in net debt	At 1 Oct 2009 £	Cash flows	Non-cash changes £	At 30 Sep 2010 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	1,021,772	(143,979)		877,793
	Total	1,021,772	(143,979)		877,793

### 16 Comparative figures

Whilst the financial statements relate to the 12 months ending 30 September 2010, the comparative figures are for the 18 months period from 01 April 2008 to 30 September 2009