

Raymech Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 January 2018

Mansell & Co
Chartered Certified Accountants
5 Ducketts Wharf
South Street
Bishops Stortford
Hertfordshire
CM23 3AR

Raymech Limited

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Raymech Limited

Company Information

Director R McCormack

Company secretary VM McCormack

Registered office 59A Palmerston Road
Harrow
Middlesex
HA3 7RR

Accountants Mansell & Co
Chartered Certified Accountants
5 Ducketts Wharf
South Street
Bishops Stortford
Hertfordshire
CM23 3AR

Raymech Limited

(Registration number: 02779315)

Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 January 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>3</u>	7,969	7,348
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>4</u>	10,000	3,747
Debtors		28,639	36,819
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>279,094</u>	<u>156,557</u>
		317,733	197,123
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		<u>(184,719)</u>	<u>(141,174)</u>
Net current assets		<u>133,014</u>	<u>55,949</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		140,983	63,297
Provisions for liabilities		<u>(1,310)</u>	<u>(1,147)</u>
Net assets		<u><u>139,673</u></u>	<u><u>62,150</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		<u>139,573</u>	<u>62,050</u>
Total equity		<u><u>139,673</u></u>	<u><u>62,150</u></u>

For the financial year ending 31 January 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Profit and Loss Account and an Abridged Balance Sheet in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

The notes on pages 4 to 6 form an integral part of these abridged financial statements.

Raymech Limited

(Registration number: 02779315)

Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 January 2018

Approved and authorised by the director on 23 October 2018

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R McCormack

Director

The notes on pages 4 to 6 form an integral part of these abridged financial statements.

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Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2018

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

59A Palmerston Road
Harrow
Middlesex
HA3 7RR

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 23 October 2018.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Basis of preparation

These abridged financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;
it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;
and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Raymech Limited

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2018

Deferred income tax is recognised on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements and on unused tax losses or tax credits in the company. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and a valuation allowance is set up against deferred tax assets so that the net carrying amount equals the highest amount that is more likely than not to be recovered based on current or future taxable profit.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Furniture, fittings & equipment	25% reducing balance basis
Motor vehicles	25% reducing balance basis
Other property, plant and equipment	25% reducing balance basis

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

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Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2018

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

3 Tangible assets

	Total £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 February 2017	57,639
Additions	<u>2,950</u>
At 31 January 2018	<u>60,589</u>
Depreciation	
At 1 February 2017	50,291
Charge for the year	<u>2,329</u>
At 31 January 2018	<u>52,620</u>
Carrying amount	
At 31 January 2018	<u><u>7,969</u></u>
At 31 January 2017	<u><u>7,348</u></u>

4 Stocks

	2018 £	2017 £
Other inventories	<u>10,000</u>	<u>3,747</u>

The cost of stocks recognised as an expense in the year amounted to £79,908 (2017 - £74,538).

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.