Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 2010

Company Number 2767620

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Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

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Directors

D Holl

T Smith

N Moore

Secretary and registered office

N Moore, 163 Eversholt Street, London NW1 1BU

Company number

2767620

Auditors

BDO LLP, 55 Baker Street, London, W1U 7EU

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2010

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 5 and shows the result for the year. The company made a loss of £921,850 (2009 - £83,083) and this amount has been transferred to reserves.

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2009 - £Nil)

Principal activities, trading review and future developments

The Company offers a range of high quality facial skin care and cosmetics products through its sales force of independent beauty consultants in the United Kingdom

Turnover has fallen by 7% compared to prior year, reflecting the wider difficult trading conditions in the UK. The Company's emphasis has been increasing the independent sales force count and their related productivity rather than the main focus being purely product-driven.

The Directors are satisfied with the trading performance in the year, however the economic conditions continue to impact the company performance

Charitable donations

Charitable donations were made during the year of £5,000 (2009 - £10,000)

Directors

The directors of the company during the year were

D Holl

T Smith

N Moore

Going concern

Mary Kay Inc. has confirmed that it is their present intension to continue to support the company financially for at least 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements. On this basis, the directors confirm that they have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and they have adopted the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements

Financial risk management

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Mary Kay Inc. and sources its product from fellow group undertakings. The company and its financial risks (including interest rate and currency risks) are managed as part of the overall Mary Kay Inc. group activities. The company seeks to minimise risks where appropriate, where not covered by group policy.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them as auditors will be proposed at the next annual general meeting

In preparing the directors' report advantage has been taken of the small companies exemption under the Companies Act 2006

On behalf of the Board

HENRY III

Date 20 9 11

Independent auditor's report

TO THE MEMBERS OF MARY KAY COSMETICS (UK) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Mary Kay Cosmetics (UK) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2010 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www frc org uk/apb/scope/private cfm

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of its profit for the
 year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit
- the Directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements and the directors' report in accordance with the small companies regime

lain Henderson, (senior statutory auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor
London

United Kingdom

30 September 2011

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127)

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 £	2009 £
Turnover	1	5,012,267	5,376,594
Cost of sales		(2,672,241)	(2,815,418)
Gross profit		2,340,026	2,561,176
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		(253,685) (3,070,292)	(252,366) (2,249,004)
		(983,951)	59,806
Other operating income	4	-	59,595
Operating (loss)/profit	4	(983,951)	119,401
Other interest receivable Interest payable	5	325 (34,357)	21,752 (36,063)
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation		(1,017,983)	105,090
Taxation on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	6	96,133	(22,007)
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities after taxation		(921,850)	83,083

All amounts relate to continuing activities

All recognised gains and losses are included in the profit and loss account

Balance sheet at 31 December 2010

Note	2010 £	2010 £	2009 £	2009 £
7		202,120		13,922
8	393,173		384,239	
9				
	268,490		571,157	
	2,365,645		2,433,372	
	• •		•	
10	4,798,885		3,801,564	
		(2,433,240)		(1,368,192)
		<u></u>		
		(2,231,120)		(1,354,270)
11		(45 000)		_
.,				
		(2,276,120)		(1,354,270)
12		100,000		100,000
13		(2,376,120)		(1,454,270)
	7 8 9 9	£ 7 8 393,173 9 730,157 9 973,825 268,490 2,365,645 10 4,798,885 11	£ £ 7 202,120 8 393,173 9 730,157 9 973,825	£ £ £ £ 7 202,120 8 393,173 384,239 9 730,157 512,075 9 973,825 965,901 571,157 2,365,645 2,433,372 10 4,798,885 3,801,564 (2,231,120) 11 (45,000) (2,276,120) 12 100,000

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 30/9/11

T Smith Director

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form part of these financial statements

Cash flow statement for the year ended 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 £	2010 £	2009 £	2009 £
Net cash outflow from operating activities	17		(96,922)		(189,067)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Interest paid		325 (11,562)		21,752 (17,121)	
Net cash inflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance			(11,237)		4,631
Taxation			17,532		(7,880)
Capital expenditure Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets			(212,024)		(2,152)
Decrease in cash	18,19		(302,651)		(194,468)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards

Going Concern

Mary Kay Inc. has confirmed that it is their present intention to continue to support the company financially for at least 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements. On this basis, the directors confirm that they have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and they have adopted the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied

Turnover

Turnover represents sales within the UK to independent beauty consultants, exclusive of VAT

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets to write off their cost evenly over their expected useful lives. The annual rates of depreciation are as follows.

Leasehold improvements

Life of lease

Computer equipment

25% per annum

Fixtures and fittings

25% per annum

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date except that the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates making sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences

Deferred tax balances are not discounted

Operating lease costs

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate

Reverse premiums an similar incentives received to enter in to operating lease agreements are released to the profit and loss account over the period to the date on which the rent is first expected to be adjusted to the prevailing market rate

Pension costs

The company operates a money purchase pension scheme for employees Company contributions are charged to the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Dilapidations

Where leases include a clause relating to dilapidation work which must be undertaken before a property is vacated, a provision is made for the estimated costs of the dilapidation repairs, based on the current condition of the property

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the end of the financial period except for fixed assets and stocks which are translated at the rates of exchange ruling when the assets were acquired All exchange gains and losses are credited or charged to the profit and loss account

2	Employees		
_		2010	2009
		£	£
	Staff costs consist of		
	Wages and salaries	804,696	724,500
	Social security costs	127,108	78,279
	Other pension costs	25,350	30,606
		957,154	833,385

The average number of employees during the year (including directors) was 18 (2009 - 20) All employees are involved in management and administrative activities

3 Directors

No directors were paid through the company in the year (2009 - none)

None of the directors have retirement benefits accruing under money purchase pension schemes (2009 - none)

4 Operating (loss)/profit

	2010 £	2009 £
This has been arrived at after charging/(crediting)		
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Hire of plant and machinery - operating leases Hire of other assets - operating leases Auditors' remuneration - audit services Exchange loss/(gain)	23,826 99,456 210,875 37,701 45,420	13,346 87,190 324,509 33,930 (317,269)
Other operating income comprises		
Subtenant rental income	-	(59,595)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 *(continued)*

5	Interest payable	0040	0000
		2010 £	2009 £
	Interest payable on intercompany balances	22,795	30,970
	Other interest	11,562 ———	5,093
		34,357	36,063
6	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	2010	2009
	Current tax	£	£
	UK corporation tax on profits of the year	(54,408)	21,127
	Adjustments in respect of previous years	(41,725)	880
			20.007
	Total current tax (credit)/charge	(96,133)	22,007
	The tax assessed for the year differs to the standard rate of corp		
	The tax assessed for the year differs to the standard rate of corp	poration tax in the UK The d	differences are
	The tax assessed for the year differs to the standard rate of corp explained below (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate	2010 £ (1,017,983)	2009 £ 105,090
	The tax assessed for the year differs to the standard rate of corp explained below (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax	poration tax in the UK The d 2010 £	lifferences are
	The tax assessed for the year differs to the standard rate of corpexplained below (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 - 28%) Effects of	2010 £ (1,017,983) (285,035)	2009 £ 105,090 29,425
	The tax assessed for the year differs to the standard rate of corpexplained below (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 - 28%) Effects of Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	2010 £ (1,017,983)	2009 £ 105,090
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	The tax assessed for the year differs to the standard rate of corpexplained below (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 - 28%) Effects of Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Expenses not allowable for tax purposes Other timing differences Prior year adjustments	2010 £ (1,017,983) (285,035) 7,307 20,961	2009 £ 105,090 29,425 2,753 9,974 2,546 880
	The tax assessed for the year differs to the standard rate of corpexplained below (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 - 28%) Effects of Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Expenses not allowable for tax purposes Other timing differences Prior year adjustments Utilisation of losses	2010 £ (1,017,983) (285,035) 7,307 20,961 179,832 (41,725)	2009 £ 105,090 29,425 2,753 9,974 2,546
	The tax assessed for the year differs to the standard rate of corpexplained below (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 - 28%) Effects of Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Expenses not allowable for tax purposes Other timing differences Prior year adjustments Utilisation of losses Carry back of losses	2010 £ (1,017,983) (285,035) 7,307 20,961 179,832 (41,725)	2009 £ 105,090 29,425 2,753 9,974 2,546 880
	The tax assessed for the year differs to the standard rate of corpexplained below (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 - 28%) Effects of Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Expenses not allowable for tax purposes Other timing differences Prior year adjustments Utilisation of losses	2010 £ (1,017,983) (285,035) 7,307 20,961 179,832 (41,725)	2009 £ 105,090 29,425 2,753 9,974 2,546 880

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

6 Taxation on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The unprovided amounts of deferred taxation for timing differences are as follows

	2010 £	2009 £
Accelerated capital allowances Tax losses	33,384 305,796	28,619 119,693
Deferred tax asset	339,180	148,312

A deferred tax asset has not been recognised as utilisation is not expected within the foreseeable future

7 Tangible assets

•	rangible assets	Short leasehold Improvements £	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Total £
	Cost	_	_	_
	At 1 January 2010	234,400	315,077	549,477
	Additions	212,024	.	212,024
	Disposals	<u>-</u>	(23,012)	(23,012)
	At 31 December 2010	446,424	292,065	738,489
	Depreciation	 		
	At 1 January 2010	234,400	301,155	535,555
	Charge for the year	15,807	8,019	23,826
	Disposals	•	(23,012)	(23,012)
	At 31 December 2010	250,207	286,162	536,369
	Net book value			
	At 31 December 2010	196,217	5,903	202,120
	At 31 December 2009		13,922	13,922
	,			
8	Stocks			
			2010 £	2009 £
	Goods for resale		393,173	384,239

There is no material difference between the replacement cost of stocks and the amount stated above

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

9	Debtors		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Due within one year	L	
	Trade debtors	163,610	53,421
	Other debtors	365,607	250,211
	Prepayments	159,720	190,535
	Corporation Tax	41,220	17,908
		730,157	512,075
	Due after more than one year		- · - , - · ·
	Amounts owed by fellow subsidiary undertakings	973,825	965,901
		1,703,982	1,477,976
10	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	-	2010	2009
		3	£
	Bank overdraft	2,342	2,358
	Trade creditors	67,269	29,070
	Amounts owed to parent undertaking	3,200,243	2,073,809
	Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary undertakings	1,000,958	1,089,485
	Other taxation and social security	188,069	252,899
	Accruals and deferred income	340,004	353,943
		4,798,885	3,801,564
			<u> </u>
11	Provisions for liabilities		
			Dilapidations £
	At 1 January 2010		<u>.</u>
	Capitalised within fixed assets		45,000
	At 31 December 2010		45,000

The dilapidations provision is for alterations that will be required to leasehold improvements to return the leased property to its original condition

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

12	Share capital				
		2010 Number	Authori 2009 Number	sed 2010 £	2009 £
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000
		•	lssue		
		2010 Number	2009 Number	2010 £	2009 £
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
13	Reserves				Profit and loss account £
	At 1 January 2010 Loss for the year				(1,454,270) (921,850)
	At 31 December 2010				(2,376,120)
14	Reconciliation of movements in shareho	olders' deficit		2010 £	2009 £
	(Loss)/profit for the year			(921,850)	83,083
	Net (increase)/decrease in shareholder's d Opening shareholder's deficit	eficit		(921,850) (1,354,270)	83,083 (1,437,353)
	Closing shareholder's deficit			(2,276,120)	(1,354,270)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

15 Commitments under operating leases

As at 31 December 2010, the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

Operating leases which expire	2010 Land and buildings £	2010 Other £	2009 Land and buildings £	2009 Other £
Within one year In two to five years	181,956	15,937 64,830	194,500 65,000	41,850 37,969
	181,956	80,767	259,500	79,819

16 Related party transactions

During the year, the company carried out a number of transactions with related parties in the normal course of business and on an arm's length basis. The names of the related parties, the nature of these transactions and their total value is shown below

	2010 £	2009 £
Product purchased from the manufacturer, Mary Kay Inc, for resale in the United Kingdom on normal trading terms	844,721	913,351
Consulting services provided to the company by Mary Kay Inc and fellow subsidiary undertakings		
Mary Kay Inc	471,968	175,705
Consulting services provided by the Company recharged to Mary Kay Inc and fellow subsidiary undertakings		
Pink Rose Information System Services Limited	(18,000)	(18,000)
Intercompany interest payable relating to related party transactions Mary Kay Inc Tender Power Inc Mary Kay Worldwide Inc	6,478 18 (1)	20,250
Fellow subsidiary undertakings	16,300	10,720

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

16	Related party transactions (continued)	2010	2009		
	Related party receivables at year end	£	£		
	Mary Kay (Czech Republic) s r o Mary Kay Cosmetic Poland Sp z o o Pink Rose Information System Services Limited	585,364 306,647 81,814	585,364 306,648 73,889		
	All amounts fall due for payment in more than one year				
	Related party payables at year end				
	Mary Kay Inc Mary Kay Cosmetics GmbH Tender Power Inc Mary Kay Worldwide Inc	3,200,243 853,963 1,105 145,890	2,073,809 1,089,485 - -		
17	Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities				
		2010 £	2009 £		
	Operating (loss)/profit Depreciation (Increase) in stocks (Increase)/decrease in debtors Increase/(decrease) in creditors Increase/(decrease) in provisions	(983,951) 23,826 (8,934) (147,080) 974,217 45,000	119,401 13,346 (3,584) 500,241 (798,358) (20,113)		
	Net cash outflow from operating activities	(96,922)	(189,067)		
18	Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds	2010 £	2009 £		
	Decrease in cash in the year	(302,651)	(194,468)		
	Change in net funds	(302,651)	(194,468)		
	Net funds at 1 January	568,799	763,267		
	Net funds at 31 December	266,148	568,799		

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

19	Analysis of net funds	At 1 January 2010 £	Cash flow £	At 31 December 2010 £
	Cash in hand and at bank Overdrafts	571,157 (2,358)	(302,667) 16	268,490 (2,342)
	Total	568,799	302,651	266,148

20 Ultimate parent company

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Mary Kay Inc, a company incorporated in the United States of America The ultimate parent company is Mary Kay Holding Corporation, also incorporated in the United States of America