THE EMPLOYMENT LAWYERS ASSOCIATION (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Hopper Williams & Bell Limited
Statutory Auditor
Highland House
Mayflower Close
Chandler's Ford
Eastleigh
Hampshire
SO53 4AR

CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Pag
Company Information	1
Balance Sheet	3
Notes to the Financial Statements	4

THE EMPLOYMENT LAWYERS ASSOCIATION (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

DIRECTORS: H E Adams

H M Belton

Ms M J Bloodworth E M Cordingley K L Edwards C H G Glyn T G F Goodwin S Greenhalgh Ms B Hale Ms J S Harris Ms S V E Hayes Ms K Healy Ms F J Herrell M Jones

Ms L M Knowles H A R Lynn C N Mather P M McFarlane K R Morrison E Nash D E Pollard S M C Pye D J Regan A C Roberts Ms C L Rolston R T Scrase Ms C A Smith Ms M Walsh

SECRETARY: Ms J S Harris

REGISTERED OFFICE: Highland House

Mayflower Close Chandler's Ford Eastleigh Hampshire SO53 4AR

REGISTERED NUMBER: 02765744 (England and Wales)

THE EMPLOYMENT LAWYERS ASSOCIATION (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

SENIOR STATUTORY AUDITOR: Michaela Johns

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS: Hopper Williams & Bell Limited

Statutory Auditor Highland House Mayflower Close Chandler's Ford Eastleigh Hampshire

Hampshire SO53 4AR

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2022

		2022	2021
	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Intangible assets	4	25,584	9,249
Tangible assets	5	3,755	4,028
		29,339	13,277
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	6	169,350	172,339
Investments	7	145,962	102,917
Cash at bank		913,504	908,229
		1,228,816	1,183,485
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	8	(487,278)	(503,278)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		741,538	680,207
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT		<u> </u>	
LIABILITIES		<u>770,877</u>	693,484
RESERVES			
Emergency fund	9	350,000	250,000
Income and expenditure account	9	420,877	443,484
•		770,877	693,484

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 12 April 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

R T Scrase - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

The Employment Lawyers Association (A Company Limited By Guarantee) is a private company, limited by guarantee, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standards applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £1.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty Impairment of debtors

The Association makes an estimate of the recoverable value of trade and other debtors by considering factors including the current credit rating of the debtor, the ageing profile of debtors and historical experience. The Association will (unless there is good reason to do otherwise) usually exclude from any provision any debt less than 30 days overdue or which is in respect of membership subscription for a subsequent year or an event that has not yet taken place. See note 6 for the net carrying amount of the debtors and associated impairment provision.

Page 4 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Association and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide membership services and events is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Association will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

What this means for ELA, is that we recognise revenue arising from subscription income in the period to which that subscription relates and we recognise income from events in the period in which the event takes place. ELA's usual practice is to issue renewal invoices for subscriptions in advance of the year to which that subscription relates and the value of these invoices is treated as Deferred Income (Note 8). Similarly, any expenses incurred in the period but which relate to events or the running of the Association in the subsequent year are treated as Prepayments (Note 6).

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Website costs are being amortised evenly over the estimated useful life of 3 years.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Office equipment - 20% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

Page 5 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to surplus or deficit on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Financial assets

The Company has elected to apply the provision of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial assets are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, unless the arrangement constitutes a financial transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities which include trade and other payables, are initially measured at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 4 (2021 - 4).

Page 6 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

4.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		
			Other
			intangible
			assets
	COST		£
	At 1 January 2022		9,249
	Additions		<u>22,511</u>
	At 31 December 2022		31,760
	AMORTISATION		
	Charge for year		6,176
	At 31 December 2022		6,176
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 December 2022		25,584
	At 31 December 2021		9,249
			
5.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		
			Office
			equipment
			£
	COST		
	At 1 January 2022		10,062
	Additions		1,928
	At 31 December 2022		<u>11,990</u>
	DEPRECIATION		
	At 1 January 2022		6,034
	Charge for year At 31 December 2022		2,201
	NET BOOK VALUE		8,235
	At 31 December 2022		3,755
	At 31 December 2021		$\frac{3,733}{4,028}$
	At 51 December 2021		4,028
6.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
0.	DEDICKS. AMOUNTS PALLING DOL WITHIN ONE TEAK	2022	2021
		£	£
	Trade debtors	141,293	90,852
	Prepayments and accrued income	28,057	81,487
		169,350	172,339

Page 7 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

7.	CURRENT ASSET INVESTMENTS		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Term deposit accounts	<u>145,962</u>	<u>102,917</u>
8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Trade creditors	5,069	5,172
	Tax	1,766	675
	VAT	2,173	13,161
	Other creditors	55,303	56,058
	Accruals and deferred income	422,967	428,212
		487,278	503,278

9. RESERVES

Emergency fund

The emergency fund is held as a contingency against the occurrence of a significant event that would lead to a significant loss of income. It is there to ensure the continuance of the Association and ensure that the Association has sufficient funds to meet its obligations to its members and third parties. The management committee monitor the level of funds held and have to sanction any increase in the fund or use of funds in the event of them being needed.

10. DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 444(5B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

The Auditors' Report was unqualified.

Michaela Johns (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Hopper Williams & Bell Limited

11. OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

At the balance sheet date the Association had future contractual commitments relating to the provision of administration services of £39,675 (2021: £37,080).

12. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

From time to time the Association benefits from room hire and speakers from various member firms that may be at a figure lower than the market rate. The benefit derived from these hires and speaker expenses, is not considered to be material to either party.

13. COMPANY STATUS

The Association is a private company limited by guarantee and consequently does not have share capital. Each of the members is liable to contribute an amount not exceeding £1 towards the assets of the Association in the event of liquidation. The number of members during the year was 5,984 (2021: 5,749).

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.