# CARPET DESIGN CENTRE (WITHAM) LIMITED ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31ST MARCH 2000

Registered number: 2764751

A35
COMPANIES HOUSE

KAY PETERS & CO

CHARTERED CERTIFIED ACCOUNTANTS

London

# ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# for the year ended 31st March 2000

# CONTENTS

	Page
Auditors' report	1
Abbreviated balance sheet	2
Notes on abbreviated financial statements	3

Auditors' report to
Carpet Design Centre limited
under section 247B of the Companies Act 1985

We have examined the abbreviated financial statements set out on pages , together with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31st March 2000 prepared under section 226 of the Companies Act 1985.

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated financial statements in accordance with section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated financial statements prepared in accordance with sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the registrar of companies and whether the financial statements to be delivered are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you.

### Basis of opinion

We have carried out the procedures we considered necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated financial statements and that the abbreviated financial statements to be delivered are properly prepared. The scope of our work for the purpose of this report does not include examining or dealing with events after the date of our report on the full financial statements.

### Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated financial statements prepared in accordance with sections 246(5) and (6) of the Companies Act 1985, and the abbreviated financial statements on pages are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

London 13th December 2000 Kay Peters & Co.
Registered Auditors &
Chartered Certified Accountants

# ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

### at 31st March 2000

		:	2000	1999	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	2		5,505		6,882
Tangible assets	2		41,946	_	50,674
			47,451		57,556
Current assets					
Stocks		94,713		97,033	
Debtors		1,830		1,695	
Cash at bank and in hand		4,644		10,512	
		101,187		109,240	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year		(127,786)		(148,428)	
Net current liabilities			(26,599)	_	(39,188)
Total assets less current liabilitie	<b>e</b> s		20,852		18,368
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year			(3,413)	_	(12,527)
			17,439	_	5,841
Capital and reserves		•	<del></del> _	=	
Called up share capital	3		100		100
Profit and loss account			17,339	_	5,741
Total shareholders' funds			17,439	•	5,841
		•		:	-

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

The abbreviated financial statements on pages were approved by the board of directors on 13th December 2000 and signed on its behalf by:

Ronald Paul Scott

Director

### NOTES ON ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 31st March 2000

### 1 Accounting policies

### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cash flow statement as conferred by Financial Reporting Standard No. 1 (Revised 1996) on the grounds that it qualifies as a small company under the Companies Act 1985.

### Turnover

Turnover represents the amount derived from the provision of goods and services after deduction of trade discounts and value added tax.

### Intangible fixed assets

Goodwill represents the difference between the fair value of the consideration paid on acquisition of a business and the fair value of its separable net assets at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is amortised over its estimated useful life of 20%.

# Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation of fixed assets is calculated to write off their cost or valuation less any residual value over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Leasehold land and buildings

Plant and machinery 15% Motor vehicles 25% Fixtures and fittings 15%

# Leases and hire purchase contracts

Tangible fixed assets acquired under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised at the estimated fair value at the date of inception of each lease or contract. The total finance charges are allocated over the period of the lease in such a way as to give a reasonably constant charge on the outstanding liability.

### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is computed on a first in first out basis.

Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less the estimated cost of disposal.

# Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided on the liability method in respect of the taxation effect of all timing differences to the extent that tax liabilities are likely to crystallise in the foreseeable future.

# Pensions

## Defined contribution scheme

Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

# NOTES ON ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 31st March 2000

# 2 Fixed assets

3

Ordinary share capital

Cost		Intangible ixed assets	Tangible fixed assets	<b>Total</b> £
1st April 1999 Additions		26,251 -	74,383 102	100,634 102
31st March 2000		26,251	74,485	100,736
Depreciation			<del></del>	
1st April 1999 Charge for the year		19,369 1,376	23,709 8,831	43,078 10,207
31st March 2000		20,745	32,540	53,285
Net book amount				
31st March 2000		5,505	41,946	47,451
1st April 1999		6,882	50,674	57,556
Called up share capital		2000		999
	Number of shares		Number of shares	£
Authorised				
Ordinary share capital	100	100	100	100
Allotted called up and fully paid				

100

100 100

100