Distribution Network Company Limited Report and Accounts 31 December 1996

MARTIN GREENE RAVDEN

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors 55 Loudoun Road St John's Wood London NW8 0DL

Company No. 2760501



REPORT AND ACCOUNTS For the year ended 31 December 1996

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors D A Crux

A E Crux

Secretary E Dindjer

Business address Park House

12 Deer Park Road London SW19 3TU

Registered office 55 Loudoun Road

St John's Wood London NW8 0DL

Auditors Martin Greene Ravden

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors 55 Loudoun Road St John's Wood

London NW8 0DL

Principal bankers Coutts & Company

440 Strand

London WC2R OQS

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the year ended 31 December 1996

The directors present their report and the audited accounts for the year ended 31 December 1996.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

A statement of the directors' responsibilities in relation to the accounts is set out on page 3.

Principal activities and business review

The principal activities of the company are those of wholesalers and mail order retailers of leisurewear products.

The directors are satisfied with the results for the year and the company's future trading prospects. The directors believe that the company is soundly based to take advantage of opportunities arising in the coming year.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out in the profit and loss account on page 5. The directors recommend that no dividend be paid for the year (1995 - £nil).

Directors and their interests

The directors who held office during the year and their beneficial interests in the company's share capital were as follows:

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	Number of £1	Ordinary Snares at	
1 January 1996 or date of appointment		31 December 1996	
D A Crux	50,000	50,000	
A E Crux	50,000	50,000	

Mr A E Crux was appointed as an additional director on 30 October 1996. Mr M Conlon resigned as a director on 11 August 1997.

Auditors

M Conlon

A resolution to re-appoint the auditors, Martin Greene Ravden, will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

By order of the Board

Secretary

27 October 1997

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' AND AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES in relation to the accounts

The following statement is made with a view to distinguishing for shareholders the respective responsibilities of the directors and of the auditors in relation to the accounts.

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the company's state of affairs at the end of the year and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts;
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors, having prepared the accounts, are required to provide to the auditors such information and explanations as the auditors think necessary for the performance of their duty.

Auditors' responsibilities

The auditors are required to form an independent opinion on the accounts presented by the directors, based on their audit, and to report their opinion to the shareholders. The Companies Act 1985 also requires the auditors to report to shareholders if the following requirements are not met:

- that the company has maintained proper accounting records;
- that the accounts are in agreement with the accounting records;
- that directors' emoluments and other transactions with directors are properly disclosed in the accounts;
 and
- that the auditors have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of their knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purpose of their audit.

The Companies Act 1985 requires the auditors to report to shareholders if the matters contained in the directors' report are inconsistent with the accounts.

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AUDITORS' REPORT

to the shareholders of Distribution Network Company Limited

We have audited the accounts on pages 5 to 15 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on pages 8 and 9.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of accounts. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those accounts and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

In our opinion, the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31 December 1996 and of its profit and cash flow for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

MARTIN GREÆNE RAVDEN

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors 55 Loudoun Road

St John's Wood London NW8 0DL

27 October 1997

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PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT For the year ended 31 December 1996

	Notes	1996 £	1995 £
Turnover	2	6,604,043	5,882,678
Cost of sales		(5,201,228)	(4,917,800)
Gross profit		1,402,815	964,878
Administrative expenses		(1,021,990)	(968,469)
		380,825	(3,591)
Other operating income		37,660	34,550
Operating profit	3	418,485	. 30,959
Interest receivable Interest payable	6	9,587 (5,471)	445 (16,237)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		422,601	15,167
Taxation	7	(149,983)	(7,109)
Profit for the financial year		272,618	8,058
Retained profit brought forward		99,544	91,486
Retained profit carried forward		372,162	99,544

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

All recognised gains and losses are included in the profit and loss account.

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BALANCE SHEET at 31 December 1996

			1996		1995
N	lotes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8		140,716		160,590
Current assets					
Stocks	9	225,572		543,325	
Debtors	10	988,370		952,862	
Cash at bank and in hand		737,050		1,813	
		1,950,992		1,498,000	
Creditors due within one year					
Trade and other creditors	11	1,595,818		1,187,744	
Short term borrowings	12	18,626		247,463	
		1,614,444		1,435,207	
Net current assets			336,548		62,793
Total assets less current liabilities	6		477,264		223,383
Creditors due after one year	10		5 100		22.020
Loans and other borrowings	12		5,102		23,839
Net assets			472,162		199,544
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	14		100,000		100,000
Profit and loss account			372,162		99,544
Shareholders' funds			472,162		199,544

The accounts were approved by the Board on 27 October 1997 and signed on its behalf by

DA Crux - Director

CASH FLOW STATEMENT For the year ended 31 December 1996

			1996	1	1995
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Net cash inflow (outflow) from operating activities	18.1		1,026,883		(123,718)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Interest paid		9,587 (5,471)		445 (16,237)	•
Net cash inflow (outflow) from returns on investments and servicing of finance			4,116		(15,792)
Taxation UK corporation tax paid			(6,983)		(36,556)
Net cash inflow (outflow) before investing activities			1,024,016		(176,066)
Investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets Disposal of tangible fixed assets		(41,705) 500		(61,678)	
Net cash outflow from investing activities			(41,205)		(61,678)
Net cash inflow (outflow) before financing			982,811		(237,744)
Cash (outflow) inflow from financing Borrowings	18.2		(20,097)		20,632
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	18.3		962,714		(217,112)

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NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 31 December 1996

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Basis of accounting

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents the invoiced value of goods supplied by the company stated net of value added tax.

1.3 Royalties payable

Royalties payable are charged to the profit and loss account on an accruals basis. Advances to artists and licensors are assessed and the value of the unrecouped proportion to be included in debtors is determined by the prospects of future recoupement, based on past sales performance, current popularity and projected sales. Provisions are made for unrecouped royalty advances in the accounting period in which they are regarded as irrecoverable.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation.

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Computer software	25%	straight line
Fixtures and fittings	15%	straight line
Office equipment	20%	straight line
Motor vehicles	25%	straight line

1.5 Leasing and hire purchase

Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised at fair value as tangible fixed assets and depreciated in accordance with the company's normal depreciation policy for the class of asset concerned. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. Finance charges are taken to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

1.6 Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

1.7 Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences arising in the normal course of trade are included in the profit and loss account.

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NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS For the year ended 31 December 1996

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.8 Deferred taxation

Provision is made for deferred taxation using the liability method to take account of timing differences between the incidence of income and expenditure for taxation and accounting purposes to the extent that a liability to taxation is likely to crystallise.

1.9 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and contributions are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they are paid. The amount of contributions is determined by a qualified actuary.

2. TURNOVER AND OPERATING PROFIT

The whole of the turnover and profit before taxation is attributable to the company's principal activities as stated in the Directors' Report. A geographical analysis of turnover is as follows:

		1996 £	1995 £
	United Kingdom	4,520,320	3,741,268
	Rest of Europe	2,061,541	2,084,106
	Rest of the World	22,182	57,304
		6,604,043	5,882,678
3.	OPERATING PROFIT	1996	1995
		£	£
	The operating profit is stated after charging:		
	Staff costs (Note 4)	554,175	533,933
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets		
	owned by the company	39,902	30,948
	held under finance leases	21,408	17,432
	Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(231)	-
	Operating lease rentals		
	Hire of plant and equipment	1,965	1,982
	Motor vehicle leasing	1,662	10,980
	Auditors' remuneration	9,736	13,501

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NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 31 December 1996

4. STAFF COSTS AND DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS	1996 £	1995 £
Staff and directors' costs		
Wages and salaries	496,402	477,775
Social security costs	51,109	49,832
Other pension costs	6,664	6,326
	554,175	533,933
		
Aviono go monthly myshon of analogous Justice the mon	No.	No.
Average monthly number of employees during the year Sales and distribution	22	22
Administrative	23 7	23
Administrative	/	7
	30	30
		
	£	£
Directors' emoluments		
Management remuneration (including pension contributions)	88,874	69,786
	£	£
Management remuneration (excluding pension		
contributions) is attributable to:		
The chairman	31,460	31,460
The highest paid director	37,000	32,000
Other directors who fell within the following ranges:	No.	No.
£10,001 - £15,000	1	-

5. PENSION COSTS

The company operates a money purchase pension scheme for certain of its directors, the assets of which are held in an independently administered fund. Contributions paid in the year amounted to £6,664 (1995 - £6,326).

6.	INTEREST PAYABLE	1996 £	1995 £
	Bank overdraft Hire purchase contracts and finance leases	2,375 3,096	12,085 4,152
		5,471	16,237

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NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS For the year ended 31 December 1996

7.	TAXATION	1996 £	1995 £
	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities:		,.
	UK corporation tax at 33% (1995 - 25%)	150,000	7,000
	Prior year adjustments	(17)	109
		149,983	7,109

The taxation charge for the year has been affected by the disallowance of certain expenditure.

8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Computer software £	Fixtures & fittings	Office equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
		-		-
9,342	40,716	113,858	89,984	253,900
6,000	-	23,705	12,000	41,705
_		-	(4,315)	(4,315)
15,342	40,716	137,563	97,669	291,290
6,284	15,206	48,197	23,623	93,310
3,211	6,108	25,273	26,718	61,310
	-		(4,046)	(4,046)
9,495	21,314	73,470	46,295	150,574
				
£ 0.47	10.400	C4 002	£1 274	140 716
5,84 <i>1</i>	19,402	04,093 ———	51,374	140,716
3,058	25,510	65,661	66,361	160,590
	9,342 6,000 	software £ £ 9,342	software £ & fittings £ equipment £ 9,342 40,716 113,858 6,000 - 23,705	software £ & fittings £ equipment £ vehicles £ 9,342 40,716 113,858 89,984 6,000 - 23,705 12,000 - - (4,315) 15,342 40,716 137,563 97,669 6,284 15,206 48,197 23,623 3,211 6,108 25,273 26,718 - - (4,046) 9,495 21,314 73,470 46,295 5,847 19,402 64,093 51,374

Included in the total net book value of tangible fixed assets at 31 December 1996 is £43,874 (1995 - £65,282), in respect of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts. The depreciation charged on these assets for the year was £21,408 (1995 - £17,432).

£	199 5 £
225,572	543,325

There is no material difference between the replacement cost and historical cost of stocks.

 $Y_{i_1}(Y_i) \geq$

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS For the year ended 31 December 1996

10.	DEBTORS	1996 £	1995 £
	Due within one year		
	Trade debtors	973,414	901,775
	Value added tax recoverable	<u>-</u>	16,507
	Other debtors	11,329	3,489
	Prepayments and accrued income	3,627	31,091
		988,370	952,862
			

During the year, the company made interest free loans to certain directors which were repaid before the year end. The highest balances on these loans were:

		1996 £	1995 £
	D A Crux	4,340	5,695
	M Conlon	1,296	-
	CDEDWONG	1006	1007
11.	CREDITORS	1996 £	1995 £
	Due within one year	~	~
	Trade creditors	1,289,159	974,666
	Corporation tax	150,000	7,000
	Other taxes and social security	74,107	19,500
	Other creditors	2,438	9,468
	Accruals	80,114	177,110
		1,595,818	1,187,744

12. BORROWINGS

	Due within one year		Due after one year	
	1996	1995	1996	1995
	£	£	£	£
Secured				
Bank overdraft	•	227,477	-	-
Net obligations under hire purchase				
contracts and finance leases	18,626	19,986	5,102	23,839
	18,626	247,463	5,102	23,839
	10,020	247,403	3,102	23,639

The bank overdraft in the previous year was secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company. The finance leases are secured on the assets concerned.

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NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 31 December 1996

13.	OBLIGATIONS UNDER HIRE PURCHASE CONTRACTS AND FINANCE LEASES	1996 £	1995 £
	Amounts payable: Within one year Between one and two years Between two and five years	20,749 5,015	23,193 20,750 5,014
	Finance charges allocated to future periods	25,764 (2,036)	48,957 (5,132)
	Net obligations	23,728	43,825
	Net obligations are analysed as follows: Current obligations Non-current obligations	18,626 5,102 23,728	19,986 23,839 43,825
14.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL	1996 £	1995 £
,	Authorised 100,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100,000	100,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 100,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100,000	100,000
15.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	1996 £	1995 £
	Retained profit for the year Opening shareholders' funds	272,618 199,544	8,058 191,486
	Closing shareholders' funds	472,162	199,544
16.	CONTINGENT LIABILITIES Additional royalty advances payable	1996 £	1995 £
	if initial advances are recouped	24,000	60,500

 $S_{k}(X_{k}, X_{k})$

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 31 December 1996

17. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 31 December 1996, the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases

	as follows:			-		
	as ionows.	Land and	Land and buildings		Other	
		1996	1995	1996	1995	
		£	£	£	£	
	On leases expiring:				•	
	Within one year	-	-	-	1,531	
	Between one and two years	3,500	_	1,887	-	
	Between two and five years	-	3,500	-	1,887	
		3,500	3,500	1,887	3,418	
18.	NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW	STATEMENT				
18.1	Reconciliation of operating profit			1996	1995	
	inflow (outflow) from operating a	activities		£	£	
	Operating profit			418,485	30,959	
	Depreciation			61,310	48,380	
	Profit on sale of tangible fixed asso	ets		(231)	-	
•	Decrease (increase) in stocks			317,753	(181,275)	
	(Increase) in debtors			(35,508)	(1,345)	
	Increase (decrease) in creditors			265,074	(20,437)	
	Net cash inflow (outflow) from op-	erating activities		1,026,883	(123,718)	
						
18.2	Analysis of changes in financing	during the year		1996	1995	
				£	£	
	Finance lease obligations:			42.005	22 102	

Analysis of changes in financing during the year	1996 £	1995 £
Finance lease obligations:	u	
At 1 January 1996	43,825	23,193
At 31 December 1996	23,728	43,825
(Decrease) increase in borrowings	(20,097)	20,632
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NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 31 December 1996

18. NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

18.3	Analysis of changes in cash and cash equivalents during the year	1996 £	1995 £
	At 1 January 1996 Cash at bank and in hand Bank overdrafts	1,813 (227,477)	599 (9;151)
		(225,664)	(8,552)
	At 31 December 1996 Cash at bank and in hand Bank overdrafts	737,050	1,813 (227,477)
		737,050	(225,664)
	Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	962,714	(217,112)

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