COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 2749401

MURPAK LTD ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 30 APRIL 2007

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ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2007

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

30 APRIL 2007

	2007		2006		
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	2		21,439		24,323
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		100,875		95,000	
Debtors		126,193		102,092	
		227,068		197,092	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due		174 225		149,917	
within one year		174,235		149,917	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			52,833		47,175
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	LIABII	LITIES	74,272		71,498
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due	after				
more than one year			-		1,414
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	AND CH	IARGES	1,790		1,876
			72,482		68,208

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

30 APRIL 2007

	2007		2006	
	Note	£	£	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called-up equity share capital	4	100	100	
Profit and loss account		72,382	68,108	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		72,482	68,208	

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (1) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (11) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors on their behalf by

P MURNE

J. My MRSSK MURNEY

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2007

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005)

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents the invoice value of goods provided during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

The company had no long-term contracts or contracts for on-going services at the accounting date

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Leasehold Property Imp'ments

- Straight line over 6 years

Fixtures & Fittings

- 15% per annum using the reducing balance method

Computer Equipment

- 25% per annum using the reducing balance method

Assets held under finance leases and included in computer equipment are depreciated using the straight line method over the term of the lease

Stocks

Stocks are valued by a director at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account at a constant rate of charge on the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Finance lease agreements

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated in accordance with the above depreciation policies. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included with creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account at a constant rate of charge on the balance of capital repayments outstanding, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2007

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred taxation

Provision is made in full for all taxation deferred in respect of timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2 FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible
	Assets
	£
COST	
At 1 May 2006	52,703
Additions	3,637
Disposals	(12,536)
At 30 April 2007	43,804
	
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 May 2006	28,380
Charge for year	5,651
On disposals	(11,666)
At 30 April 2007	22,365
	
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 30 April 2007	21,439
At 30 April 2006	24,323

3 TRANSACTIONS WITH THE DIRECTORS

Included in other creditors are sums due to Mr and Mrs P Murney and Mr P Toolin in the amount of £25,549 and £5,616

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2007

4. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital:

1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2007 £ 1,000			2006 £ 1,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	2007		2006	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
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