ALBANYGATE LIMITED  UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021  PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR
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## **BALANCE SHEET**

### AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

Fixed assets Tangible assets  Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand Creditors: amounts falling due within one year  Net current assets  \$\text{\$\frac{\til\exitex{\$\frac{\tilit{\$\frac{\text{\$\frac{\text{\$\frac{\text{\$\frac{\text{\$\frac{\circ{\$\frac{\text{\$\frac{\text{\$\frac{\tik\circ{\circ{\circ{\circ	18,423 54,496 72,919	£
Tangible assets  Current assets  Debtors  Cash at bank and in hand  Creditors: amounts falling due within one year  4,714  4,714  2,953  54,436  57,389  Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	54,496	9,660
Current assets  Debtors  Cash at bank and in hand  Creditors: amounts falling due within one year  4 2,953 54,436 57,389  Creditors: amounts falling due within one	54,496	9,660
Debtors	54,496	
Cash at bank and in hand  54,436  57,389  Creditors: amounts falling due within one year  5 (22,153)	54,496	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 5 (22,153)		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 5 (22,153)	72,919	
year 5 (22,153)		
	(40.050)	
Net current assets 35 236	(10,652) ———	
100 4411 411 400 40		62,267
Total assets less current liabilities 39,950		71,927
Creditors: amounts falling due after more		
than one year 6 (35,449)		(43,750)
Provisions for liabilities (896)		(980)
Net assets 3,605		27,197
<del></del>		
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital 90		90
Profit and loss reserves 3,515		27,107
Total equity 3,605		27,197

## BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

#### AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 September 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 4 July 2022

Mr George Misser **Director** 

Company Registration No. 02740575

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Albanygate Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Old Station Road, Loughton, Essex, England, IG10 4PL.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest  $\pounds$ .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, [modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value]. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the fair value of the consideration is the present value of the future receipts. The difference between the fair value of the consideration and the nominal amount received is recognised as interest income.

#### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures and fittings 25% written down value Motor vehicles 25% written down value

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.6 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

#### 1.7 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

#### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2021	2020
	Number	Number
Total	1	2

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

3	Tangible fixed assets		
		m	Plant and achinery etc
			£
	Cost		
	At 1 October 2020		63,374
	Disposals		(6,000)
	At 30 September 2021		57,374
	Depreciation and impairment		
	At 1 October 2020		53,714
	Depreciation charged in the year		1,571
	Eliminated in respect of disposals		(2,625)
	At 30 September 2021		52,660
	Carrying amount		
	At 30 September 2021		4,714
	At 30 September 2020		9,660
4	Debtors		
	Amounts falling due within one year:	2021 £	2020 £
	Trade debtors	2,100	-
	Other debtors	853	18,423
		2,953	18,423
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2024	2020
		2021 £	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans	8,301	-
	Trade creditors	782	158
	Corporation tax	8,709	7,121
	Other creditors	4,361	3,373
		22,153	10,652

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

6	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	35,449	43,750

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.