Registered number: 02732548

LONDONWASTE LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016



COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors .

J Boast (Chairman) (resigned 31 December 2016)

M Dunn R Georgeson N Grogan A P Sharpe M B Czulowski S L Forrest D Lloyd

M McGeehan (resigned 9 February 2016)

P D Wynn (Chairman) (appointed 26 January 2017)

Company secretary

M B Czulowski

Registered number

02732548

Registered office

Ecopark, Advent Way

Edmonton London N18 3AG

Independent auditors

Moore Stephens LLP

150 Aldersgate Street

London EC1A 4AB

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STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Review of the Business

The principal business of LondonWaste is the disposal, keeping or treatment of waste and the transfer and recycling of waste, including its incineration and conversion into electricity.

LondonWaste had a very positive trading year. During the year the first planned shutdown of the Energy Centre took place successfully, with the plant being brought back into service on schedule. There was no impact to customer service whilst the shutdown took place. Boiler availability and waste throughput were above budget and electricity export was considerably higher than budget as a result of improved plant performance. The company's ability to incinerate higher than budgeted volumes allowed the Company to process third party waste generating higher than budgeted profitability.

Principal risks and uncertainties

Volatility in electricity prices is actively managed by the Company to minimise short and medium term market risk.

The generating capacity of the Company is reliant on maintaining the ageing plant, minimising the risk of unplanned plant shutdown. 2016 was the first year of a major capital investment programme being undertaken to replace, refurbish or upgrade equipment that has the highest risk of breakdown.

The Company holds surplus funds in a current account and on deposit and these balances are subject to the risk of failure by the institutions holding them. This risk is minimised by assessing the financial stability of the banks holding these funds.

The Company has a closed defined benefit pension scheme. Regular employer pension contributions are made to the fund in respect of current service and lump sum contributions in respect of past service as well as meeting the fund expenses. In order to remove risk from the scheme the trustees have a long term plan to gradually switch assets from investment on equities into bonds as the scheme heads towards maturity. As at 31 December 2016 the scheme has a surplus, which the Company has not recognised as an asset.

Analysis of the development and performance of the business

The Company operates a waste management contract for the North London Waste Authority (NLWA) which extends to 1 December 2025 and for Hertfordshire County Council which expires in December 2017.

The NLWA has reviewed its strategy for the provision of an energy recovery facility to meet its future requirements and has resolved to build an Energy Recovery Facility to replace the existing operating plant by 2025 to continue to recover energy from waste and generate heat and power.

An application for a Development Consent Order to build the Energy Recovery Facility was submitted to the Planning Inspectorate in October 2015 and the application was consented on 24th February 2017.

Analysis of the position of the business

The Company successfully delivered the requirements of its waste contracts through 2016 and had sufficient excess capacity to manage spot market third party waste, generating additional revenue and profitability.

The balance sheet as at 31 December 2016 is strong with cash reserves of £26,852,000 and the Company has been debt free for several years. It is therefore well positioned to undertake the capital investment in extending the operating life of the Energy Centre. The capital investment will, however, consume much of the Company's cash reserves.

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Analysis using financial key performance indicators

Turnover for the year was £61,685,000 and profit before tax was £2,766,000 which represented a return on turnover of 4.5%. The balance sheet on page 9 of the financial statements shows that the company's net assets were £59,197,000, a 3.3% increase on the previous year.

The Company is committed to maximising the percentage of waste which is either recycled or converted to electricity and to minimising the amount of waste being landfilled. In 2016 the amount recycled or converted to electricity totalled 91% (2015 – 86%).

This report was approved by the board on MARCH 23 2017 and signed on its behalf.

A.P. Sharpe

Director

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £2,229,000 (2015 - £3,284,000).

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2015 - £1,000,000).

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

J Boast (Chairman) (resigned 31 December 2016)
M Dunn
R Georgeson
N Grogan
A P Sharpe
M B Czulowski
S L Forrest
D Lloyd

M McGeehan (resigned 9 February 2016)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Employment Policies

People with disabilities

The Company operates an equal opportunities employment policy and is opposed to all forms of discrimination.

Applications for employment by disabled persons are always fully considered, bearing in mind the abilities of the applicant concerned.

In the event of members of staff becoming disabled every effort is made to ensure that their employment with the company continues and that appropriate training is arranged. It is the policy of the company that the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons should, as far as possible, be identical to that of other employees.

Employee Involvement

The company recognises the importance of its employees and is committed to effective two-way communication and consultation.

Company policies and procedures are published on the company intranet, which is accessible to all employees.

The Company communicates information of concern to employees in a number of ways; by team briefing, newsletters, through union representation and by direct communication. The information in these publications and briefings covers a wide range of subjects that affect the business.

Where it is identified that operational changes are required to meet business or health and safety needs which affect employees the company consults with groups and individuals at both a functional and company-wide level.

An employee survey was undertaken for the first time in 2016 to seek input from employees and this will now be carried out on an annual basis.

The Company encourages the involvement of employees in the performance of the company through participation in a bonus scheme on successful achievement of company performance targets.

The company recognises the rights of every employee to join a trade union and participate in its activities.

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- So far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- The director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Auditors

The auditor, Moore Stephens LLP, was appointed by the Company on 1st October 2016 and will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

As permitted by paragraph 1A of schedule 7 to the Large and Medium Sized Companies and groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulation 2008, certain matters which are required to be disclosed in the Directors' Report have been omitted as they are included in the Strategic Report on pages 1-2. These matters relate to the principal activity and financial risk.

This report was approved by the board on

MARCH 23 2017

and signed on its behalf.

A.P. Sharpe

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF LONDONWASTE LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of LondonWaste Ltd for the year ended 31 December 2016 which are set out on pages 8 to 32. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's web-site at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2016 and of its profit or loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF LONDONWASTE LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the directors' report and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Nick Bennett

Senior Statutory Auditor

For and on behalf of Moore Stephens LLP, Statutory Auditor

150 Aldersgate Street London

EC1A 4AB

Date: 29 March 2017

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Note	2016 £000	2015 £000
Turnover	4	61,685	59,266
Cost of sales		(49,699)	(46,845)
Gross profit	-	11,986	12,421
Administrative expenses		(9,354)	(8,449)
Operating profit	-5	2,632	3,972
Interest receivable and similar income	9	86	102
Interest payable and expenses	10	(51)	(47)
Other finance income/(costs)	11	99	(11)
Profit before tax	_	2,766	4,016
Tax on profit	. 12	(537)	(732)
Profit for the year	_	2,229	3,284
Other comprehensive income for the year	_		
Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit pension scheme		· (1,961)	2,706
Pension surplus not recognised		1,643	(2,287)
Movement of deferred tax relating to pension surplus/ deficit		-	(84)
Other comprehensive income for the year		(318)	335
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	1,911	3,619

LONDONWASTE LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 02732548

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Note		2016 £000		2015 £000
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	14		39,333		37,791
		_	39,333		37,791
Current assets					
Stocks	15	1,822		1,644	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	16	9,694		8,816	
Bank and cash balances		26,852		21,546	
	•	38,368		32,006	,
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	17	(15,279)		(9,577)	
Net current assets	•		23,089		22,429
Total assets less current liabilities Provisions for liabilities			62,422		60,220
Deferred tax	19	(2,702)		(2,934)	
Provision	20	(523)		-	
	•		(3,225)		(2,934)
Net assets		_	59,197		57,286
Capital and reserves				_	
Called up share capital	21		31,196		31,196
Share premium account			1,648		1,648
Profit and loss account			26,353		24,442
			59,197		57,286

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

P. Wynn

(Chairman) Director

The notes on pages 13 to 32 form part of these financial statements.

A.P. Sharpe Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

At 1 January 2016	Called up share capital £000 31,196	Share premium account £000 1,648	Profit and loss account £000	Total equity £000 57,286
Comprehensive income for the year			2 220	2 220
Profit for the year	<u> </u>	-	2,229 	2,229
Actuarial losses on pension scheme	•	-	(318)	(318)
At 31 December 2016	31,196	1,648	26,353	59,197

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

At 1 January 2015	Called up share capital £000 31,196	Share premium account £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total equity £000 54,667
Comprehensive income for the year				
Profit for the year	-	-	3,284	3,284
Actuarial gains on pension scheme	-		419	419
Deferred tax on actuarial gains	•	•	(84)	(84)
Dividends: Equity capital	•	-	(1,000)	(1,000)
At 31 December 2015	31,196	1,648	24,442	57,286

The notes on pages 13 to 32 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	2016	2015
	£000	£000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit for the financial year	2,229	3,284
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation of tangible assets	4,387	3,950
Profit on disposal of tangible assets	(17)	-
Interest paid	51	47
Interest received	(86)	(102)
Taxation charge	537	732
(Increase)/decrease in stocks	(178)	164
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	(1,832)	1,914
Decrease in amounts owed by groups	954	720
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	5,965	(2,529)
Increase in provisions	523	-
(Decrease) in amounts owed to groups	(6)	(1,081)
Difference between pension charge and cash contributions	(219)	(556)
Corporation tax (paid)	(1,025)	(114)
Other finance (income)/costs	(99)	. 11
Net cash generated from operating activities	11,184	6,440

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	2016	2015
5.	£000	£000
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(5,930)	(3,406)
Interest received	86	102
Sale of assets	17	-
Net cash from investing activities	(5,827)	(3,304)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Dividends paid	-	(1,000)
Interest paid	(51)	(47)
Net cash used in financing activities	(51)	(1,047)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	5,306	2,089
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	21,546	19,457
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	26,852	21,546
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year comprise:		
Cash at bank and in hand	26,852	21,546
	26,852	21,546

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1. General information

These financial statements are presented in Pounds Sterling (GBP), as that is the currency in which the majority of the company's transactions are denominated. They comprise the financial statements of the company for the period ended 31 December 2016 and presented to the nearest £'000.

The Company is a United Kingdom company limited by shares. It is both incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales. The address of its registered office is Ecopark, Advent Way, Edmonton, London, N18 3AG.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

These financial statements represent the individual entity and not the consolidated financial group position.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 4 Statement of Financial Position paragraph 4.12(a)(iv);
- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments paragraphs 11.39 to 11.48A;
- the requirements of Section 12 Other Financial Instruments paragraphs 12.26 to 12.29;
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of North London Waste Authority as at 31 March 2017 and these financial statements may be obtained from http://www.nlwa.gov.uk/.

2.3 Turnover

Revenue is recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax. Revenue is recognised when an amount of revenue can be reliably measured and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity. This will take effect either when waste is delivered by a customer or when electricity is exported.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

The Company adds to the carrying amount of an item of fixed assets the cost of replacing part of such an item when that cost is incurred, if the replacement part is expected to provide incremental future benefits to the Company. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. Repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

The Company currently has a capitalisation threshold for assets of £1,000.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Freehold property
Plant and machinery
Motor vehicles

Office equipment

Works on freehold land Capital work in progress - 5-7% per annum on cost

- 6.66-20% per annum on cost - 12.5-25% per annum on cost

- 12.5-25% per annum on cost

- 2% per annum on cost

- not depreciated until brought into use

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

2.5 Stocks

Stocks consist of consumables and are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks.

2.6 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

2.7 Cash

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours.

2.8 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.10 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

2.11 Operating leases

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term, unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the lessee's benefit from the use of the leased asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.12 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

Defined benefit pension plan

The Company operates a defined benefit plan for certain employees. A defined benefit plan defines the pension benefit that the employee will receive on retirement, usually dependent upon several factors including but not limited to age, length of service and remuneration. A defined benefit plan is a pension plan that is not a defined contribution plan.

Where the plan is an asset (surplus) at the year-end, this is not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position. Where the plan is a liability at the year-end, this is recognised in the Statement of Financial Position in respect of the defined benefit plan as the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting date less the fair value of plan assets at the reporting date (if any) out of which the obligations are to be settled.

The defined benefit obligation is calculated using the projected unit credit method. Annually the company engages independent actuaries to calculate the obligation. The present value is determined by discounting the estimated future payments using market yields on high quality corporate bonds that are denominated in sterling and that have terms approximating to the estimated period of the future payments ('discount rate').

The fair value of plan assets is measured in accordance with the FRS 102 fair value hierarchy and in accordance with the Company's policy for similarly held assets. This includes the use of appropriate valuation techniques.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to other comprehensive income. These amounts together with the return on plan assets, less amounts included in net interest, are disclosed as 'Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability'.

The cost of the defined benefit plan, recognised in profit or loss as employee costs, except where included in the cost of an asset, comprises:

- a) the increase in net pension benefit liability arising from employee service during the period; and
- b) the cost of plan introductions, benefit changes, curtailments and settlements.

2.13 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.14 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Statement of Financial Position date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Statement of Financial Position.

2.15 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the United Kingdom where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of Financial Position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

2.16 Grants received

Government grants received on capital expenditure are initially recognised within deferred income on the company's statement of financial position and are subsequently recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the useful life of the related capital expenditure.

2.17 Insurance proceeds

Insurance proceeds are recognised in the period to which relevant losses relate, and thereafter in subsequent periods as and when a reliable estimate of the amount receivable can be made.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have had to make the following judgements:

Determine whether leases entered into by the company either as a lessor or a lessee are operating
or finance leases. These decisions depend on an assessment of whether the risks and rewards of
ownership have been transferred from the lessor to the lessee on a lease by lease basis.

Other key sources of estimation uncertainty:

Tangible fixed assets (see note 14)

Tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on the number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation, product life cycles and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.

Pension scheme assets/liabilities (see note 23)

The calculation of the defined benefit pension scheme valuation involves the use of actuarial assumptions.

4. Turnover

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the company's principal activity.

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom.

5. Operating profit

The operating profit is stated after charging:

	2016 £000	2015 £000
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	4,387	3,950
Amortisation of grants	(113)	(113)
Rent - operating leases	107	106
Other operating leases	758	639
Defined benefit pension cost	409	610

During the year, the value of inventories that were expensed into the profit and loss account amounted to £1,995,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Auditors' remuneration		
		2016 £000	2015 £000
	Fees payable to the Company's auditor and its associates for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements	37	40
	Fees payable to the Company's auditor and its associates in respect of:	· ·	
	Other services relating to taxation	7	10
	All other services	4	1
		11	11
7.	Employees Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows:		
	Starr costs, including directors remaineration, were as renewe.		
		2016 £000	2015 £000
	Wages and salaries	11,839	10,997
	Social security costs	1,161	1,054
	Cost of defined benefit scheme	409	610
	Cost of defined contribution scheme	190	149
	Cost of defined contribution scheme	190 	
	Cost of defined contribution scheme The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the		12,810
			12,810 ows:
		13,599 year was as follo	149 12,810 ows: 2015 No. 248

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

8.	Directors' remuneration		
		2016 £000	2015 £000
	Directors' emoluments	570	481
	Company contributions to defined contribution pension schemes	22	20
	Compensation for loss of office	30	-

During the year retirement benefits were accruing to 6 directors (2015 - 6) in respect of defined contribution pension schemes.

During the year retirement benefits were accruing to no directors (2015 - 1) in respect of defined benefit pension schemes.

The highest paid director received remuneration of £187,000 (2015 - £127,000).

The value of the company's contributions paid to a defined contribution pension scheme in respect of the highest paid director amounted to £14,630 (2015 - £13,000).

9. Interest receivable

			2016 £000	2015 £000
	Other interest receivable		86	102
			86	102
10.	Interest payable and similar charges			
			2016 £000	2015 £000
	Loans from group undertakings		51	44
•	Other interest payable		-	3
		1	51	47

622

501

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

11.	Other finance income/(costs)	·	
		2016 £000	2015 £000
	Interest income on pension scheme assets	1,060	977
	Interest cost on pension scheme liabilities	(961)	(988)
		99	(11,
40			
12.	Taxation		
		2016 £000	2015 £000
	Corporation tax		
	Current tax on profits for the year	766	954
	Adjustments in respect of previous periods	2	(2,
		768	952
		<u></u>	
	Total current tax	768	952
	Deferred tax	 	
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	(48)	102
	Changes to tax rates	(161)	(326)
	Over/(under) provided	(22)	4
	Total deferred tax	(231)	(220
	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	537	732

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

12. Taxation (continued)

13.

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2015 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 - 20.25%). The differences are explained below:

Profit on ordinary activities before tax 2,766 4,016 Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 - 20.25%) 553 813 Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill amortisation and impairment 248 243 Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods (19) (2) Adjustments to deferred tax in respect of prior years 8 4 Adjustment of deferred tax to average rate of 20% (2015 - 20.25%) (162) (326) Non-taxable income (23) - Additional deduction for land remediation expenditure (5) - Other permanent differences (63) - Total tax charge for the year 537 732 Dividends Dividends - 1,000		2016	2015 £000
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 - 20.25%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill amortisation and impairment Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods Adjustments to deferred tax in respect of prior years 8 4 Adjustment of deferred tax to average rate of 20% (2015 - 20.25%) Non-taxable income Additional deduction for land remediation expenditure Other permanent differences (63) - Total tax charge for the year 537 732 Dividends Dividends on equity capital		2000	2000
### Total tax charge for the year Seffects of: Separate Sep	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	2,766	4,016
and impairment 248 243 Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods (19) (2) Adjustments to deferred tax in respect of prior years 8 4 Adjustment of deferred tax to average rate of 20% (2015 - 20.25%) (162) (326) Non-taxable income (23) - Additional deduction for land remediation expenditure (5) - Other permanent differences (63) - Total tax charge for the year 537 732 Dividends 2016 £000 2015 £000 £000 £000 £000 Dividends on equity capital - 1,000	the UK of 20% (2015 - 20.25%)	553	813
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods Adjustments to deferred tax in respect of prior years Adjustment of deferred tax to average rate of 20% (2015 - 20.25%) Non-taxable income Additional deduction for land remediation expenditure Other permanent differences Total tax charge for the year Dividends Dividends C19 (19) (2) 8 4 4 4 Adjustments to deferred tax in respect of prior periods 8 4 4 Adjustments to deferred tax in respect of prior periods 8 4 Adjustments to deferred tax in respect of prior periods 8 4 Adjustments to deferred tax in respect of prior periods 8 4 Adjustments to deferred tax in respect of prior periods 8 4 Adjustments to deferred tax in respect of prior periods 8 4 Adjustments to deferred tax in respect of prior periods 8 4 Adjustments to deferred tax in respect of prior periods 8 4 Adjustments to deferred tax in respect of prior years 8 4 Adjustments to deferred tax in respect of prior years 8 4 Adjustments to deferred tax in respect of prior years 8 4 Adjustments to deferred tax in respect of prior years 8 4 Adjustments to deferred tax in respect of 20% (2015 - 20.25%) (162) (1			
Adjustments to deferred tax in respect of prior years Adjustment of deferred tax to average rate of 20% (2015 - 20.25%) Non-taxable income Additional deduction for land remediation expenditure Other permanent differences (63) Total tax charge for the year 537 732 Dividends Dividends on equity capital - 1,000			_ : -
Adjustment of deferred tax to average rate of 20% (2015 - 20.25%) Non-taxable income Additional deduction for land remediation expenditure Other permanent differences (63) Total tax charge for the year 537 732 Dividends Dividends Dividends on equity capital - 1,000		(19)	(2)
Non-taxable income Additional deduction for land remediation expenditure Other permanent differences (63) - Total tax charge for the year 537 732 Dividends Dividends Dividends on equity capital - 1,000	Adjustments to deferred tax in respect of prior years	8	4
Additional deduction for land remediation expenditure Other permanent differences (63) Total tax charge for the year 537 732 Dividends 2016 £000 £000 Dividends on equity capital - 1,000	Adjustment of deferred tax to average rate of 20% (2015 - 20.25%)	(162)	(326)
Other permanent differences Total tax charge for the year 537 732 Dividends 2016 £000 £000 Dividends on equity capital - 1,000	Non-taxable income	(23)	-
Dividends 2016 £000 2015 £000 Dividends on equity capital - 1,000	Additional deduction for land remediation expenditure	(5)	-
2016 £000 2015 £000 Dividends on equity capital - 1,000	Other permanent differences	(63)	-
2016 £000 2015 £000 Dividends on equity capital - 1,000	Total tax charge for the year	537	732
Dividends on equity capital - 1,000	Dividends		
Dividends on equity capital - 1,000		2016	2015
		£000	£000
- 1,000	Dividends on equity capital	-	1,000
	• •	-	1,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

14. Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold property £000	Plant and machinery £000	Motor vehicles £000	Office equipment £000	Capital work in progress £000	Total £000
Cost or valuation						
At 1 January 2016	31,490	82,947	1,690	7,346	949	124,422
Additions	-	45	61	152	5,719	5,977
Disposals	-		(141)	(26)	-	_. (167)
Transfers between classes	484	3,858	212	89	(4,643)	-
Prior year adjustment	•	-	-	(18)	(30)	(48)
At 31 December 2016	31,974	86,850	1,822	7,543	1,995	130,184
Depreciation						
At 1 January 2016	16,803	61,851	1,364	6,613	-	86,631
Charge for period	408	3,476	217	286	-	4,387
Disposals	-	-	(141)	(26)	-	(167)
At 31 December						
2016	17,211	65,327	1,440	6,873	-	90,851
Net book value						
At 31 December						
2016	14,763	21,523	382	670	1,995 ———— =	39,333
At 31 December 2015	14,687	21,096	326	733	949	37,791

Included in land and buildings is freehold land at cost of £11,775,000 (2015 - £11,775,000) which is not depreciated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

15.	Stocks		
		2016 £000	2015 £000
	Consumables	1,822	1,644
		1,822	1,644
16.	Debtors		
		2016 £000	2015 £000
	Trade debtors	1,624	710
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	5,269	6,223
	Other debtors	1	-
	Prepayments and accrued income	2,800	1,883
		9,694	8,816
17.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2016 £000	2015 £000
	Too do anaditana		
	Trade creditors	4,900 237	2,997 243
	Amounts owed to group undertakings Corporation tax	23 <i>7</i> 391	243 647
	Other taxation and social security	702	802
	Other creditors	67	45
	Accruals and deferred income	8,982	4,843
		15,279	9,577

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Financial instruments		
	2016 £000	2015 £000
Financial assets		
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	26,852	21,546
Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost	6,895	6,933
	33,747	28,479
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	(14,185)	(8,128)
	(14,185)	(8,128)

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise cash.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade debtors and other debtors.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise trade creditors, accruals, amounts owed to group companies and other creditors.

19. Deferred taxation

18.

	2016
	£000£
At beginning of year	(2,934)
Charged to profit or loss	232
Charged to other comprehensive income	-
Utilised in year	-
At end of year	(2,702)
The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:	
	2016 £000
Accelerated capital allowances	(2,702)
	(2,702)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

20. Provisions

	2016 £000
Charged to profit or loss	523
At 31 December 2016	523
•	

In December 2016 the Company announced a restructuring of working practices and consolidation of employee terms and conditions. It is now in a period of consultation with employees and negotiations with Trades Unions on how to implement these changes. A provision of £523,000 has been made in the Company accounts for the potential costs associated with this programme.

21. Share capital

		2016 £000	2015 £000
Shares classified as equity	•	2000	2000
Allotted, called up and fully paid			
31,195,874 Ordinary shares of £1 each		31,196	31,196

The share premium reserve reflects consideration received for shares issued above the nominal value of the shares. There is no restriction on the use of this amount.

22. Capital commitments

At 31 December 2016 the Company had capital commitments as follows:

	2016 £000	2015 £000
Contracted for but not provided in these financial statements	4,229	2,632
	4,229	2,632

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

23. Pension commitments

The company's pension arrangements comprise a group personal pension scheme (defined contribution scheme) and a defined benefit scheme. The most recent actuarial valuation for the defined benefit scheme took place on the 1st January 2015.

Defined contribution scheme

During the year the company made contributions of £190,000 (2015 - £149,000) to its defined contribution scheme and other personal pension arrangements for employees.

Defined benefit scheme

The LondonWaste Limited pension scheme is a final salary scheme plan available to qualifying employees of the company.

The amounts recognised in the balance sheet are as follows:

Reconciliation of present value of plan liabilities:

	2016	2015
	£000	£000
Reconciliation of present value of plan liabilities		
At the beginning of the year	(25,625)	(28,085)
Current service cost	(409)	(610)
Interest cost	(961)	(988)
Actuarial gains/losses	(5,902)	3,663
Contributions:	(115)	(130)
Benefits paid	1,656	525
At the end of the year	(31,356)	(25,625)
	2016	2015
Reconciliation of present value of plan assets	£000	£000
At the beginning of the year	27,912	27,121
Interest income	1,060	977
Actuarial gains/losses	3,941	(957)
Contributions	743	1,296
Benefits paid	(1,656)	(525)
At the end of the year	32,000	27,912

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

23. Pension commitments (continued)

Composition of plan assets:

	2016 %	2015 %
The major categories of scheme assets as a percentage of total scheme assets are as follows:	·	
Equity	50	48
Debt	13	41
Other	37	11
Total plan assets	100	100

The expected return on plan assets is determined by considering the expected returns available on the assets underlying the current investment policy. Expected yields on fixed interest investments are based on gross redemption yields as at the balance sheet date. Expected returns on equity and property investments reflect long-term real rates of return experienced.

	2016 £000	2015 £000
Fair value of plan assets	32,000	27,912
Present value of plan liabilities	(31,356)	(25,625)
Less derecognition of surplus	(644)	(2,287)
Net pension scheme liability	-	

The company has not recognised the pension surplus as an asset as it does not have the unconditional right to cover the surplus through reduced contributions in the future or through refunds from the plan.

The amounts recognised in profit or loss in respect of the pension scheme are as follows:

	2016 £000	2015 £000
Current service cost	(409)	(610)
Interest cost on defined benefit obligation	(961)	(988)
Interest income on scheme assets	1,060	977
Total	(310)	(621)
Actual return on scheme assets		20

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

23. Pension commitments (continued)

The current service cost is £409,000 (2015 - £610,000) included in cost of sales. The net finance (income)/cost on scheme assets and obligations is (£99,000) (2015 - £11,000) included in other finance costs.

	2016 £000	2015 £000
Analysis of actuarial gain/(loss)	2000	2000
Actual return less interest income included in net interest income	3,941	(957)
Experience gains and losses arising on the scheme liabilities	105	1,903
Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of the scheme liabilities	(6,007)	1,760
	(1,961)	2,706

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

23. Pension commitments (continued)

Principal actuarial assumptions at the Statement of Financial Position date (expressed as weighted averages):

	2016 %	2015 %
Discount rate at 31 December	2.65	3.80
Future salary increases	3.70	3.55
Future pension increases	3.30	3.20
	·	

Amounts for the current and previous four periods are as follows:

Defined benefit pension schemes

Defined benefit obligation Scheme assets	2016 £000 (31,356) 31,356	2015 £000 (25,625) 25,625	2014 £000 (28,085) 27,121	2013 £000 (24,571) 24,105	2012 £000 (23,957) 20,373
Deficit		-	(964)	(466)	(3,584)
Experience adjustments on scheme liabilities Experience adjustments on	105	1,903	371	140	1,006
scheme assets	3,941	(957)	761	1,967	969
	4,046	946	1,132	2,107	1,975

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

24. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 December 2016 the Company had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2016 £000	2015 £000
Plant and Machinery		
Not later than 1 year	775	396
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	1,160	565
· ·	 1,935	961
•	 -	
	2016 £000	2015 £000
Land and Buildings		
Not later than 1 year	110	107
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	456	445
Later than 5 years	473	584
·	1,039	1,136

25. Related party transactions

The directors are of the opinion that, as at 31 December 2016, the company is 100% owned and controlled by the North London Waste Authority (NLWA). Balances and transactions between the Company and NLWA are not disclosed, as permitted by the exemption contained in Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 33 'Related Party Disclosures' paragraph 33.11A not to disclose transactions with certain group companies on the grounds that 100% of the voting rights in the company are controlled by the group.

26. Controlling party

The immediate and ultimate parent company is North London Waste Authority, an entity established in the United Kingdom, whose registered office is North London Waste Authority, Berol House, Unit 1B, 25 Ashley Rd, Tottenham, London, N17 9LJ.

The smallest and largest group into which the results of the Company are consolidated is North London Waste Authority. These financial statements are available to the public and may be obtained from the registered office or website at http://www.nlwa.gov.uk/.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

27. Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Name	Holding	Principal activity
LondonWaste Recycling Limited	100%	Dormant
London EcoPark Limited	100 %	Dormant
EcoPark Limited	100 %	Dormant
LondonEnergy Limited	100 %	Dormant
North LondonEnergy Limited	100 %	Dormant
North LondonEco Limited	100 %	Dormant
LondonEco Limited	100 %	Dormant
North London Heat and Power Limited	100 %	Dormant