Registered number: 2731691

CHG OVERSEAS LIMITED

UNAUDITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019



25/03/2020 COMPANIES HOUSE

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors S L Ellard

A G Lewis M Ord

Company Secretary S L Ellard

Registered number 2731691

Registered office Roke Manor

Old Salisbury Lane

Romsey Hampshire SO51 0ZN

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STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

Business review

The loss for the year, after tax, amounted to £26,603,000 (2018: £87,399,000 profit).

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Chemring Group PLC. The Group Board is responsible for the Group's systems of internal control and its risk management systems. The Group Board has constituted a Risk Management Committee, which meets quarterly, to review the key risks associated with the achievement of the annual budget and the five year plan for each business, the most significant health and safety risks identified at each site, and the risk control procedures implemented. Brief details of the principal risks and uncertainties currently facing the company are set out below. Further details can be found in the consolidated financial statements of Chemring Group PLC.

Compliance and corruption risks

The company operates under the Group's Code of Conduct, which stipulates the standard of acceptable business conduct required by employees and third parties acting on the company's behalf. The company has also adopted the Group's Bribery Act Compliance Manual, incorporating anti-bribery policies and procedures.

Financial risks

The company uses financial instruments to manage financial risk wherever it is appropriate to do so. The main risk addressed by financial instruments is foreign exchange rate risk.

The company undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign currencies, giving rise to exposures to exchange rate fluctuations.

The company's policy is to hedge transactional currency exposures through the use of forward foreign exchange contracts. The measurement and control of this risk is monitored on a Group-wide basis.

The company translates the results and net assets of overseas operations in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 1. The translation risk on net assets is mitigated by the transfer of currencies between Group companies and the appropriate use of foreign currency borrowings.

Financial key performance indicators

The company uses a number of financial key performance indicators (KPIs) to measure its performance. The principal KPI used is profit/(loss) after tax as given above.

This report was approved by the Board of Directors on

24 March

2020.

Signed on behalf of the Board.

S Ellard

Company Secretary

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2019.

Principal activity

The company's principal activity is to act as a holding company for overseas subsidiaries. CHG Overseas Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Chemring Group PLC.

Going concern

As part of a regular assessment of the company's financial performance and position, the directors have prepared a detailed bottom-up budget and cashflow forecast for the period through to October 2021 and five year forecast to October 2024, being at least 12 months after the date of approval of the financial statements. The directors, having considered these forecasts, the risks and the associated mitigating actions, believe the company is well placed to manage its risks and have assessed that there is a reasonable expectation that adequate financial resources will continue to be available for the foreseeable future. The company has also obtained a letter of support from the parent company, Chemring Group PLC, confirming their continued financial support. Details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis for Chemring Group PLC can be found in the consolidated financial statements, which are publicly available. Thus, the directors continue to support the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Results and dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2018: £nil).

Directors

The directors who served during the year, unless otherwise stated, were:

S L Ellard A G Lewis M Ord

Financial risks

The company uses financial instruments to manage financial risk wherever it is appropriate to do so. Further details can be found in the strategic report on page 1.

This report was approved by the board on

24 March

2020.

Signed on behalf of the Board.

S L Ellard

Company Secretary

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

	Note	2019	2018 £000
	Note	£000	2000
Administrative expenses		(421)	(51)
Impairment of investments		(2,357)	(209,235)
Other operating expenses		(100)	(830)
Operating loss	2	(2,878)	(210,116)
Income from other fixed asset investments		2,834	320,325
Interest receivable and similar income	7	538	-
Interest payable and similar expenses	8	(25,470)	(26,749)
(Loss)/profit before tax	-	(24,976)	83,460
Tax on (loss)/profit	9	(1,627)	3,939
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	-	(26,603)	87,399
	=	=	

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2019 or 2018 other than those included in the income statement.

The notes on pages 7 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

All results for the year derive from continuing operations.

CHG OVERSEAS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 2731691

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2019

			2019		2018
	Note		£000		£000
Fixed assets					
Fixed asset investments	10		968,423		968,423
Current assets					
Trade and other receivables	11	42,158		57,300	
Trade and other payables	12	(35,539)		(1,668)	
Net current assets	_		6,619		55,632
Total assets less current liabilities		-	975,042	•	1,024,055
Non-current liabilities	13		(836,297)		(858,707)
Net assets		-	138,745		165,348
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	15		1,444		1,444
Retained earnings			137,301		163,904
Shareholders' funds		-	138,745	•	165,348

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006. The company was entitled to exemption from the requirement to have an audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 24 Norch 2020.

Signed on behalf of the Board.



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

At 1 November 2017	Share capital £000	Share premium account £000 178	Retained earnings £000	Total equity
At 1 November 2017	114,352	170	(66,581)	47,949
Comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year	-	-	87,399	87,399
Total comprehensive income for the year			87,399	87,399
Shares issued during the year	30,000	-	-	30,000
At 1 November 2018	1,444	•	163,904	165,348
Comprehensive income for the year				
Loss for the year	-	-	(26,603)	(26,603)
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	(26,603)	(26,603)
At 31 October 2019	1,444		137,301	138,745

The notes on pages 7 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

See note 15 for details on share capital.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

1. Accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

CHG Overseas Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated and registered in England & Wales. Its registered office address is included on the company information page.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' ("FRS 101") and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the company's accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

1.2 Financial reporting standard 101 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of paragraphs 45(b) and 46-52 of IFRS 2 Share based payment
- the requirements of paragraphs 62, B64(d), B64(e), B64(g), B64(h), B64(j) to B64(m), B64(n)(ii), B64(o)(ii), B64(p), B64(q)(ii), B66 and B67 of IFRS 3 Business Combinations
- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of:
 - paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- the requirements of paragraph 17 and 18A of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions
 entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is
 a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member

1.3 Going concern

The directors continue to support the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

For further information see the directors' report on page 2.

1.4 Investments

Investments held as non-current assets are shown at cost less provision for any impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.5 Current tax

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided for at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

1.6 Deferred tax

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

Deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from the revaluation of fixed assets in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

1.7 Foreign currencies

The financial statements are presented in the company's functional currency, pounds sterling, being the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates.

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are converted into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Translation differences are dealt with in the income statement.

1.8 Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

1.9 Derivative financial instruments

The company's activities expose it to the financial risks of interest rate transactions, and it uses derivative financial instruments to hedge its exposure to these transactional risks. The company uses interest rate swap contracts to reduce these exposures and does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.10 Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

When applying the company's accounting policies, management must make assumptions and estimates concerning the future that affect the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date and the amounts of revenue and expenses recognised during the period. Such assumptions and estimates are based upon factors including historical experience, the observance of trends in the industries in which the company operates, and information available from the company's customers and other external sources.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year include:

Carrying value of investments in subsidiaries

The carrying value of investments in subsidiaries (see note 10) is assessed annually for impairment in line with the provisions of IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets*.

Determining whether the investments are impaired requires an estimation of the value—in—use of the cash—generating units to which the investments have been allocated. The value—in—use calculation requires the entity to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash—generating unit, and to determine a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value.

In reviewing the carrying value of the company's businesses, the Board has considered the separate plans and cash flows of these businesses consistent with the requirements of IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets*. The plans and cash flows of these businesses reflect current and anticipated conditions in the defence industry.

Details of the Group's impairment assessment are available in note 11 of Chemring Group PLC's financial statements which are available as set out in note 1.11.

1.11 Exemption from preparing consolidated accounts

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under IAS 27 (8) to prepare consolidated financial statements.

Copies of the Group financial statements of Chemring Group PLC are available at the Group website (www.chemring.co.uk) or by contacting the registered office, the address of which is listed on the company information page at the start of these financial statements.

1.12 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in the income statement in the year in which they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

2. Operating loss

The operating loss is stated after charging:

· ·		
Exchange losses	100	830
	£000	£000
	2019	2018

3. Auditor's remuneration

For the years ended 31 October 2019 and 31 October 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006.

4. Staff costs

The company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2018: £nil).

5. Directors' remuneration

The emoluments of A G Lewis, S L Ellard and M Ord were borne by Chemring Group PLC. Their services as directors of the company were considered insigificant in the context of their overall services to the Group and therefore no allocation of remuneration to this subsidiary is made. Details of their total remuneration are publicly available in the financial statements of Chemring Group PLC.

6. Income from fixed asset investments

During the year CHG Overseas Limited received dividends from the following investments in subsidiaries:

		2019 £000	2018 £000
	Chemring Australia Pty Limited	2,834	3,295
	Chemring Luxembourg Holding SARL	-	317,030
		2,834	320,325
7.	Interest receivable and similar income		
		2019	2018
		£000	£000
	On amounts due from owned subsidiaries	538	-
		538	-
			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

8.	Interest payable and similar expenses		
		2019	2018
		£000	£000
	Other interest payable	1	-
	On amounts due to owned subsidiaries	1,366	-
	On amounts due to parent company	24,103	26,749
		25,470	26,749
9.	Taxation		
		2019 £000	2018 £000
	Corporation tax		
	Current tax on (loss)/profit for the year	-	(3,946)
	Adjustments in respect of previous periods	(149)	7
	Total current tax credit	(149)	(3,939)
	Adjustment in respect of prior periods	1,776	<u>-</u>
	Taxation charge/(credit) on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	1,627	(3,939)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

9. Taxation (continued)

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2018 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.0% (2018 - 19.0%). The differences are explained below:

	2019 £000	2018 £000
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax	(24,976)	83,460
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.0% (2018 - 19.0%) Effects of:	(4,745)	15,857
Non-deductible impairment of investments	449	39,755
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill amortisation and impairment	78	-
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	1,627	(10)
Non-taxable income	(538)	(60,862)
Group relief surrendered	4,756	566
CFC income	-	755
Total tax charge/(credit) for the year	1,627	(3,939)

The Finance Act 2016

The Finance Act 2016, which provided for reductions in the main rate of UK corporation tax from 20% to 19% effective from 1 April 2017 and to 17% effective from 1 April 2020, was substantively enacted on 19 September 2016.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

10. Investments in subsidiaries

	Investments in subsidiary companies £000
Cost or valuation	
At 1 November 2018	968,423
Additions	2,357
At 31 October 2019	970,780
Impairment	
Charge for the period	2,357
At 31 October 2019	2,357
Net book value	
At 31 October 2019	968,423
At 31 October 2018	968,423 ————

On 30 October 2018 CHG Overseas Limited made a capital contribution of £58,649,000 to one of its subsidiary undertakings, Chemring North America Group, Inc. An additional £611,971,000 of investments in Chemring Nobel AS and Chemring Finance Europe Limited were distributed to CHG Overseas Limited from its subsidiary, Chemring Luxembourg Finance SARL.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

10. Investments in subsidiaries (continued)

Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the company at the year end:

Name	Class of shares	Holding	Principal activity
Alloy Surfaces Company, Inc.*	Ordinary	100 %	Countermeasures
Chemring Energetic Devices, Inc.*	Ordinary	100 %	Energetics
Chemring Ordnance, Inc.*	Ordinary	100 %	Energetics
Kilgore Flares Company LLC*	Ordinary	100 %	Countermeasures
Chemring Sensors and Electronic			
Systems, Inc*	Ordinary	100 %	Sensors
Tactical Systems & Ordnance, Inc.*	Ordinary	100 %	Non-trading
Chemring Australia Pty Ltd	Ordinary	100 %	Countermeasures
Chemring UAE Limited	Ordinary	100 %	Consultancy services
Chemring Nobel AS	Ordinary	100 %	Energetics

The company tests investment values for impairment at least annually. The recoverable amounts of the investments are determined from value-in-use calculations.

On 30 April 2019, an impairment against Chemring Luxemburg Finance SARL was recognised and a charge of £2,357,000 was recorded. Chemring Luxemburg Finance SARL was previously a subsidiary of CHG Overseas Limited and has now been liquidated.

On 30 October 2018, an impairment against Chemring Luxemburg Finance SARL was recognised and a charge of £209,235,000 was recorded. Further detail on this methodology is available in note 11 of the Chemring Group PLC financial statements.

In the opinion of the directors, the value of the company's interests in its subsidiary undertakings is not less than the amount at which they are stated in the balance sheet.

^{*}Investments held by a subsidiary company

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

11. Trade and other receivables

£000
33,420
7,131
-
4,001
44,552
2,481
10,267
-
57,300

Amounts owed by Group undertakings have no fixed rate of repayment and are not subject to interest.

12. Trade and other payables

	2019	2018
	£000	£000
Bank overdrafts	19,479	8
Trade creditors	-	12
Amounts owed to parent company	13,094	9
Amounts owed to fellow subsidiaries	2,960	1,594
Group relief payable	-	45
Financial instruments	6	-
	35,539	1,668

Amounts owed to Group undertakings have no fixed rate of repayment and are not subject to interest.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

13.	Non-current liabilities		
		2019 £000	2018 £000
	Amounts owed to parent company	448,922	471,332
	Amounts owed to fellow subsidiaries	387,375	387,375
		836,297	858,707
			

Amounts owed to Group undertakings are unsecured and repayable after more than one year. There are no applicable repayment terms. Interest rates on the loans are between 0.0% and 8.0%.

14. Deferred taxation

		2019 £000	2018 £000
	At beginning of year	4,001	-
	(Charged)/credited to profit or loss	(1,776)	4,001
	At end of year	2,225	4,001
	The deferred tax asset is made up as follows:		
		2019	2018
		£000	£000
	Tax losses carried forward	2,225	4,001
		2,225	4,001
15.	Share capital		
		2019	2018
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	£000	£000
	144,352,360 (2018: 144,352,360) ordinary shares of £0.01 each	1,444	1,444

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

16. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

In the opinion of the directors, the company's ultimate parent company and controlling party is Chemring Group PLC, a company incorporated in England and Wales. Copies of the Group financial statements of Chemring Group PLC are available at the Group website (www.chemring.co.uk) or by contacting the registered office, the address of which is listed on the company information page at the start of these financial statements. Chemring Group PLC is the largest and smallest group of which the company is a member and for which consolidated financial statements are prepared.