Company Registration No. 2731691

**CHG OVERSEAS LIMITED** 

**Financial Statements 2008** 

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# **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2008**

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## **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2008**

# OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

# **DIRECTORS**

D J Price P A Rayner

# **SECRETARY**

S L Ellard

# **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Chemring House 1500 Parkway Whiteley Fareham Hampshire PO15 7AF

## **BANKERS**

Bank of Scotland London United Kingdom

# **AUDITORS**

Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants Southampton United Kingdom

# **SOLICITORS**

Bond Pearce Southampton United Kingdom

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2008.

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The company's principal activity is to act as a holding company for overseas subsidiaries. CHG Overseas Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Chemring Group PLC.

#### **GOING CONCERN**

After making due enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the notes to these accounts and the consolidated financial statements of the parent company, Chemring Grup PLC, which are publicly available.

### **REVIEW OF THE YEAR AND FUTURE PROSPECTS**

The company has acted and will continue to act as a holding company for overseas subsidiaries for the foreseeable future.

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The results for the year are given on page 5. No dividend was paid in 2008 (2007: £22,000).

#### **DIRECTORS**

The present membership of the Board is set out on page 1. All directors served throughout the year and to date.

### **AUDITORS**

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- the director has taken all steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s234ZA of the Companies Act 1985.

On 1 December 2008 Deloitte & Touche LLP changed its name to Deloitte LLP. A resolution to re-appoint Deloitte LLP as auditors will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors on 17 August 2009.

Signed on behalf of the Board

S L Ellard Secretary

### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CHG OVERSEAS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of CHG Overseas Limited for the year ended 31 October 2008 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 17. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report whether in our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

## Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

### Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 October 2008 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and

the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors Southampton, United Kingdom

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# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT For the year ended 31 October 2008

	Note	Continuing operations 2008 £'000	Continuing operations 2007 £'000
Administrative expenses		(4,553)	(1,452)
OPERATING LOSS		(4,553)	(1,452)
Profit on disposal of business Income from shares in Group undertakings Interest receivable and similar income	3	502,502 2,976 6,892	21,722 1,215
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAX	5 3	(492)	(1,491)
Tax (charge)/credit on profit on ordinary	3	507,325	19,994
activities	6	(1,003)	514
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	11,12	506,322	20,508

No statement of total recognised gains and losses has been included as there are no recognised gains and losses other than the profit for the current and the preceding financial years.

# BALANCE SHEET As at 31 October 2008

<b>-</b>	Note	£'000	2008 £'000	£'000	2007 £'000
FIXED ASSETS Investments	8		424,113		13,537
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors due within one year Cash at bank and in hand	9	189,874 18,386		3,211 7,491	
			208,260		10,702
TOTAL ASSETS			632,373		24,239
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(122,236)		(22,824)
			510,137		1,415
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Profit and loss account	11 13		2,401 507,736		1 1,414
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	12		510,137		1,415
			<del></del>		

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 17 August 2009.

Signed on behalf of the Board

P A Rayber Director

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted have been applied consistently throughout the current and previous year and are described below.

### **Accounting convention**

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

## Going concern

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

### **Investments**

Investments are stated at cost less provision for permanent impairment.

#### **Current tax**

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided for at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and laws. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in tax computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

# Foreign currency

Transactions of the company denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates ruling at the date of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the rates ruling at that date. The translation differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account and included within administrative expenses.

### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

### 2. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

None of the directors' received any emoluments from the company during the year (2007: £nil). Their services as directors of this company are considered insignificant in the context of their overall services to the Group and therefore no allocation of remuneration to this subsidiary is made. Details of their total remuneration are publicly available in the accounts of Chemring Group PLC.

The company had no employees during the current or prior years.

# 3. PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITITES BEFORE TAX

The auditors' remuneration of £2,500 (2007: £2,500) is borne by Chemring Group PLC, the ultimate parent company.

During the year, the company disposed of its investment in CHG Group, Inc. (a company incorporated in the United States of America) to Chemring North America Group, Inc. for £502,502,000.

## 4. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Inter-company interest receivable	6,892	1,215
INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Interest payable on amounts owed to Group undertakings	492	1,491
TAX CHARGE/(CREDIT) ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVI		2027
		2007 £'000
Corporation tax:	2 000	2 000
Corporation tax charge for the year	2,118	9,654
	(1,190)	(9,654) (519)
Group relier surrendered		(31 <del>3</del> )
Current tax charge/(credit) for the year	928	(519)
	890	5
Prior year adjustment	(815) ———	-
Total deferred tax	75 	(514)
Tax charge/ (credit) on profit on ordinary activities	1,003	(514)
	Interest payable on amounts owed to Group undertakings  TAX CHARGE/(CREDIT) ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITY  Corporation tax: Corporation tax charge for the year Double tax relief Group relief surrendered  Current tax charge/(credit) for the year Deferred tax: Timing differences – current year Prior year adjustment  Total deferred tax	Inter-company interest receivable  INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES  Interest payable on amounts owed to Group undertakings  TAX CHARGE/(CREDIT) ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES  2008 £'000  Corporation tax: Corporation tax charge for the year Double tax relief Group relief surrendered  Current tax charge/(credit) for the year Deferred tax: Timing differences – current year Prior year adjustment  Total deferred tax  75

# 6. TAX CHARGE/(CREDIT ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

The tax assessed for the year differs from that resulting from applying the standard rate of corporation tax in the United Kingdom of 28.83% (2007: 30%) for the reasons set out in the following reconciliation:

		2008 £'000	2007 £'000
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	511,878	19,991 
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities at standard rate	147,576	5,997
	Factors affecting charge: Income received not taxable Double tax relief Group relief surrendered Gross up for underlying tax Utilisation of tax losses Rate differences	(144,874) (1,190) - 332 (890) (26)	(9,654) (519) 3,657
	Current tax credit for the year	928	(519)
7.	DIVIDEND		
	Dividend on ordinary shares of £1 each: No interim dividend paid (2007: £2,000 and £20,000)	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
	4114 220,000/		

## 8. INVESTMENTS

	Investments in subsidiaries £'000	Loans to subsidiaries £'000	Total undertakings £'000
Cost			
At 1 November 2007	10,153	3,384	13,537
Additions	412,232	· <u>-</u>	412,232
Disposals	-	(1,656)	(1,656)
		<del></del>	<del></del>
At 31 October 2008	422,385	1,728	424,113

During the year the company restructured the way it held its US investments. As a result two new subsidiaries, Chemring North America Group, Inc. and Chemring North America Unlimited were created to act as intermediary holding companies.

Principal subsidiary undertakings	Country of incorporation	Principal activity issue	Percentage of nominal value of d ordinary shares
Chemring North America			-
Unlimited *	England	Holding company	100
Chemring Investments Limited *	England	Investment company	100
Alloy Surfaces Company, Inc.*	USA	Countermeasures	100
CHG Flares, Inc.*	USA	Holding company	100
CHG Group, Inc. *	USA	Holding company	100
Chemring North America			
Group, Inc.	USA	Holding company	100
Kilgore Flares Company LLC*	USA	Countermeasures	100
Technical Ordnance, Inc.*	USA	Energetics	100
Titan Dynamic Systems, Inc.*	USA	Energetics	100
Scot, Inc.*	USA	Energetics	100
Martin Electronics, Inc.	USA	Energetics	100
Chemring Australia Pty Ltd	Australia	Countermeasures and energetics	100
Chemring Defence Germany		_	
GmbH	Germany	Energetics	100
Chemring defence Spain, S.L	Spain	Energetics	100
Chemring Nobel AS	Norway	Energetics	100

<sup>\*</sup> Investment held by a subsidiary company

In the opinion of the directors, the value of the company's interests in its subsidiary undertakings is not less than the amount at which they are stated in the balance sheet.

Group accounts are not prepared since the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Chemring Group PLC, a company incorporated in England and Wales. Consequently these accounts present information about the company as an entity rather than its group.

### 9. DEBTORS

э.	DEBTORS	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
	Deferred tax asset Group relief receivable Amounts owed by Group undertakings	2,208 187,666	75 3,136 -
		189,874	3,211
	Amounts owed by Group undertakings are due after more th	an one year.	
	Deferred tax:		£'000
	At 1 November 2007 Charge to the profit and loss account		75 (75)
	At 31 October 2008		-
	The deferred tax asset is analysed as follows:	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
	Tax losses		75
10.	CREDITORS - AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE T	HAN ONE YEAI 2008 £'000	₹ 2007 £'000
	Convertible capital bonds Amount owed to Group undertakings	18,450 103,786	18,450 4,374
		122,236	22,824
			<del>== ··</del>

Amounts owed to Group undertakings are unsecured and repayable after more than one year. There are no applicable repayment terms. Interest is attracted at a rate of 8.25% per annum.

Convertible capital bonds with a par value of £18,450,000 have been issued to the company's ultimate parent undertaking. These bonds are convertible at the option of the holder, in whole or in part, into 18,450,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at any time until 6 February 2031. If the conversion option is not exercised the bonds will be redeemed on 6 February 2031 at par value. The bonds attract interest at a rate of 8.25% per annum.

All amounts are due after more than one year.

The company, and certain other Chemring Group PLC subsidiaries, has given a full guarantee and debenture to Bank of Scotland to secure the Group borrowing facility. Details of the Group borrowing facilities are available in the Group accounts which are publicly available. The security is over the assets of certain Group subsidiary companies.

# 11. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Authorised, allotted and fully paid 2,401,000 (2007: 1,000) ordinary shares of £1 each	2,401	1

During the year, the company issued £2,400,000 ordinary shares at par value to Chemring Group PLC as part of the restructuring of its US investments.

# 12. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

		2008 £'000	2007 £'000
	Profit for the financial year Dividends paid	506,322	20,508 (22,000)
		506,322	(1,492)
	Ordinary shares issued Opening shareholders' funds	2,400 1,415 ———	2,907
	Closing shareholders' funds	510,137 ———	1,415
13.	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT		£'000
	Balance at 1 November 2007 Profit for the year		1,414 506,322
	Balance at 31 October 2008		507,736

## 14. CASH FLOW STATEMENT

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking and consequently no cash flow statement has been prepared.

# 15. ULTIMATE PARENT AND CONTROLLING COMPANY

In the opinion of the directors, the company's ultimate parent company and controlling party is Chemring Group PLC, a company incorporated in England and Wales. Copies of the Group financial statements of Chemring Group PLC are available from Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ. Chemring Group PLC is both the largest and the smallest group of which the company is a member and for which consolidated accounts are prepared.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 October 2008

# 16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred within FRS8 Paragraph 3c not to disclose transactions with other Group companies, as it is a wholly owned subsidiary of Chemring Group PLC, whose consolidated financial statements are publicly available.

# 17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On 12 December 2008 the company indirectly acquired the entire stock capital of Non-Intrusive Inspection Technology, Inc., a US incorporated company. The initial consideration for the acquisition was £26.8 million