REGISTERED NUMBER: 02731178 (England and Wales)

Martins The Printers Limited

Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31st March 2022

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Martins The Printers Limited

Company Information for the year ended 31st March 2022

Directors:	C Hardie Mrs. E M A Hardie R D Martin
Secretary:	W Hardie
Registered office:	18 Castle Terrace Berwick upon Tweed Northumberland TD15 1NP
Business address:	Sea View Works Spittal Berwick-upon-Tweed Northumberland TD15 1RS
Registered number:	02731178 (England and Wales)
Accountants:	Rennie Welch LLP Academy House Shedden Park Road Kelso Roxburghshire TD5 7AL

Balance Sheet 31st March 2022

		202	2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Intangible assets	4		-		-	
Tangible assets	5		576,533	_	555,815	
			576,533		555,815	
Current assets						
Stocks		211,958		144,778		
Debtors	6	873,868		764,494		
Cash at bank and in hand	Ů	188,809		126,858		
odon at barn and in hand		1,274,635		1,036,130		
Creditors		, ,,		.,,		
Amounts falling due within one year	7	591,072		394,021		
Net current assets			683,563	<u> </u>	642,109	
Total assets less current liabilities			1,260,096	_	1,197,924	
0						
Creditors						
Amounts falling due after more than one	8		(292,733)		(407,252)	
year	0		(292,733)		(407,232)	
Provisions for liabilities			(108,906)		(81,437)	
Net assets			858,457	-	709,235	
				=		
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital			20,000		20,000	
Retained earnings			838,457	_	689,235	
Shareholders' funds			858,457	=	709,235	

Balance Sheet - continued 31st March 2022

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31st March 2022.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2022 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 1st November 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

C Hardie - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2022

1. Statutory information

Martins The Printers Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. Accounting policies

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales invoiced during the year, or the fair value of services provided for amounts not invoiced at the year end.

Turnover arising from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have passed to the buyer. Turnover arising from the provision of services is recognised as contract activity progresses and the right to consideration is earned.

Goodwill

Acquired goodwill is written off in equal instalments over its estimated useful economic life of 10 years.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery - 10% on reducing balance Fixtures & equipment - 25% on reducing balance Motor vehicles - 25% on reducing balance

Computer equipment - 25% on cost

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Stocks

Stock and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes all direct expenditure and appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less further costs expected to be incurred in bringing the stock and work in progress to completion.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2022

2. Accounting policies - continued

Financial instruments

The following assets and liabilities are classified as financial instruments - trade debtors, trade creditors, accruals, directors loans, bank loans and hire purchase contracts.

Hire purchase contracts and bank loans are initially measured at the present value of future payments, discounted at a market rate of interest, and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Directors' loans (being repayable on demand), trade debtors, trade creditors and accruals are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received.

Financial assets that are measured at amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the date of the transactions. All differences are taken to the Profit and Loss account.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The pension costs charged in the financial statements represent the contribution payable by the company during the year.

Provisions

Provisions are set up only where it is probable that a present obligation exists as a result of an event prior to the balance sheet date and that a payment will be required in settlement that can be estimated reliably. Where material, provisions are calculated on a discounted basis.

Employee benefits

Short term employee benefits, including holiday pay, are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings in the period in which they are incurred.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2022

2. Accounting policies - continued

Going concern

The directors have considered the company's financial position for a period of 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements and have reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce constant periodic rates of charge on the net obligations outstanding in each period.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

3. Employees and directors

The average number of employees during the year was 30 (2021 - 31).

4. Intangible fixed assets

·	Goodwill £
Cost	•
At 1st April 2021	
and 31st March 2022	45,000
Amortisation	
At 1st April 2021	
and 31st March 2022	<u>45,000</u>
Net book value	 -
At 31st March 2022	_
At 31st March 2021	<u> </u>

5. Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures & equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
Cost					
At 1st April 2021	603,184	12,277	-	12,881	628,342
Additions	78,577	1,707	4,075	-	84,359
At 31st March 2022	681,761	13,984	4,075	12,881	712,701
Depreciation					
At 1st April 2021	53,702	9,165	-	9,660	72,527
Charge for year	58,623	948	849	3,221	63,641
At 31st March 2022	112,325	10,113	849	12,881	136,168
Net book value					<u> </u>
At 31st March 2022	569,436	3,871	3,226	-	576,533
At 31st March 2021	549,482	3,112	<u>-</u>	3,221	555,815

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2022

6.	Debtors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Trade debtors	775,383	557,297
	Other debtors	98,485	207,197
		<u>873,868</u>	<u>764,494</u>
7.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	g and manned you	2022	2021
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	79,900	-
	Hire purchase contracts	11,188	14,083
	Trade creditors	277,769	244,624
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	119,319	99,095
	Taxation and social security	35,490	10,117
	Other creditors	<u>67,406</u>	<u>26,102</u>
		<u>591,072</u>	394,021
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
0.	orealtors, amounts failing due after more than one year	2022	2021
		£	£
	Bank loans	279,650	399,500
	Hire purchase contracts	13,083	7,752
		292,733	407,252
9.	Secured debts		
	The following secured debts are included within creditors:		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Bank loans	359,550	399,500
	Hire purchase contracts	24,271	21,835
		383,821	421,335

The HP liabilities are secured against the assets to which they relate. HSBC holds security over the company for the value of the loan.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.