RAMCO (UK) LIMITED

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR AND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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RAMCO (UK) LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

DIRECTOR:	N A Sanderson
SECRETARY:	Mrs B K Sanderson
REGISTERED OFFICE:	27-29 Lumley Avenue Skegness Lincolnshire PE25 2AT
REGISTERED NUMBER:	02722506 (England and Wales)
AUDITORS:	Duncan & Toplis Limited, Statutory Auditor 27 - 29 Lumley Avenue Skegness Lincolnshire PE25 2AT
BANKERS:	Nat West Bank PLC 97 Lumley Road Skegness Lincolnshire

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The director presents his report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2016.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of the sale of Government items to the general public and general trading.

DIRECTOR

N A Sanderson held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2016 to the date of this report.

The director shown below was in office at 31 December 2016 but did not hold any interest in the Ordinary shares of £1 each at 1 January 2016 or 31 December 2016.

N A Sanderson

The ultimate controlling company of the group is Wiggly Piggly Investments Limited, of which at the year end 50% were held by NA Sanderson.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The director is responsible for preparing the Report of the Director and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Duncan & Toplis Limited, Statutory Auditor, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

28 June 2017

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF RAMCO (UK) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Ramco (UK) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2016 on pages four to eleven. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of director and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities set out on page two, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the director; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Report of the Director to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit, the information given in the Report of the Director for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements, and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements. In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Report of the Director.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or

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- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the director was not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Director.

Damon A. Brain FCA FMAAT (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Duncan & Toplis Limited, Statutory Auditor

27 - 29 Lumley Avenue

Skegness Lincolnshire PE25 2AT

23 August 2017

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

		2016		2015	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
TURNOVER			2,012,277		2,665,039
Cost of sales			563,658		1,192,701
GROSS PROFIT			1,448,619		1,472,338
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		266,074 938,577		289,374 1,156,749	
			1,204,651		1,446,123
			243,968		26,215
Other operating income			30,126		(479)
OPERATING PROFIT	4		274,094		25,736
Interest payable and similar expenses			11,876		24,941
			-		
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION			262,218		795
Tax on profit	·		59,252		15,485
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR			202,966		(14,690)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 DECEMBER 2016

		2016		2015	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	6				
Tangible assets	7		167,416		215,496
Investments	8		101		101
			167,517		215,597
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		14,112		-	
Debtors	9	1,429,697		1,610,746	
Cash at bank and in hand		212,203		380,810	
		1,656,012		1,991,556	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	10	773,448		1,174,213	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			882,564		817,343
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			1,050,081		1,032,940
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one year	11		(46,418)		(98,053)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			(18,012)	•	(21,957)
NET ASSETS			985,651		912,930
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			2		2
Retained earnings			985,649		912,928
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			985,651		912,930

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The financial statements were approved by the director on 28 June 2017 and were signed by:

N A Sanders op - Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2015	2	994,940	994,942
Prior year adjustment	-	72,178 	72,178
As restated	2	1,067,118	1,067,120
Changes in equity			
Dividends	•	(139,500)	(139,500)
Total comprehensive income		(14,690) —————————	(14,690)
Balance at 31 December 2015		912,928	912,930
Changes in equity			
Dividends	-	(130,245)	(130,245)
Total comprehensive income	<u> </u>	202,966	202,966
Balance at 31 December 2016		985,649	985,651

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Ramco (UK) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The transition to FRS 102 has resulted in a small number of changes in accounting policies used to those previously used.

The nature of these changes and their impact on opening equity and profit for the comparative period are explained in the notes to the financial statements.

Turnover

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of services, excluding value added tax and net of commissions paid and payable.

Intangible asset - computer software

A website domain name purchased during 2012 is being amortised over its expected useful life of 3 years.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Land and buildings

- 10% on cost

Plant and machinery etc

- 33% on cost, 25% on reducing balance and 15% on reducing balance

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the statement of financial position date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to the income statement in the period to which they relate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Stock

The company holds stock under agreements from various UK Government bodies on the basis that the company will sell the goods in the market place and retain a commission from the UK Government (or its delegated agency).

Much of the stock held does not have an identifiable base cost due to its often unique original usage to the original user and accordingly stock control from the Government to the company is based on units rather than base costs. Stock items purchased from other suppliers are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Ramco (UK) Limited seeks to achieve the maximum possible for each unit in the market.

Accordingly, whilst the holding of stock by Ramco (UK) Limited for the UK Government has many features which Financial Reporting Standards 102 may indicate as being consignment stock. Furthermore, at the reporting date there are not deemed to be any material benefits or risk as a result of this arrangement.

Government grants

Capital grants - the income received is deferred and released over the life of the asset.

Revenue grants - the income received is recognised on receipt.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 23 (2015 - 26).

4. OPERATING PROFIT

The operating profit is stated after charging:

	2016	2015
	£	£
Depreciation - owned assets	44,822	49,263
Computer software amortisation	-	2,005

5. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT

During the year ended 31 December 2015 it came to light that a rent refund of £91,939 should of been included, along with an additional corporation tax charge of £19,761. This was disclosed as a prior year adjustment.

6. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	intangible assets
COST	
At 1 January 2016	
and 31 December 2016	6,250
AMORTISATION	
At 1 January 2016	·
and 31 December 2016	6,250
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 December 2016	-
At 31 December 2015	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

7.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
			Plant and	
		Land and	machinery	
		buildings	etc	Totals
		£	£	£
	COST			
	At 1 January 2016	233,604	341,003	574,607
	Additions	-	1,550	1,550
	Disposals	-	(34,352)	(34,352)
	At 31 December 2016	233,604	308,201	541,805
				
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 January 2016	130,756	228,355	359,111
	Charge for year	24,944	19,878	44,822
	Eliminated on disposal	· <u>-</u>	(29,544)	(29,544)
		· 		```
	At 31 December 2016	155,700	218,689	374,389
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 December 2016	77,904	89,512	167,416
	At 51 December 2010	——————————————————————————————————————	=====	====
	At 31 December 2015	102,848	112,648	215,496
	At 31 December 2013	102,048	=====	====
8.	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS			
٥.	FIXED ASSET HAVESTIMENTS	Shares in	Interest	
		group	in joint	T
		undertakings	venture	Totals
		£	£	£
	COST			
	At 1 January 2016	_		
	and 31 December 2016	1	100	101
				
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 December 2016	1	100	101
	At 31 December 2015	1	100	101
9.	DEBTORS			
			2016	2015
			£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year:			
	Trade debtors		100,985	46,428
	Amounts owed by group undertakings		177,608	180,512
	Other debtors	-	954,025	1,190,548
			1,232,618	1,417,488
	Amounts falling due after more than one year:			
	Other debtors		197,079	193,258
4,	Januar Meditoria		137,073	=====
	Aggregate amounts		1 420 507	1,610,746
	Aggregate amounts		1,429,697	1,610,746

CREDITORS, ANACHISTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE VEAD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

10.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2016	2015
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	111,398	377,676
	Trade creditors	270,287	247,699
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	65,944	100,197
	Taxation and social security	74,755	104,062
	Other creditors	251,064	344,579
		773,448	1,174,213
11.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
		2016	2015
		£	£
	Bank loans	-	13,500
	Other creditors	46,418	84,553
		46,418	98,053
	•		===
	Amounts falling due in more than five years:		
	Repayable otherwise than by instalments		
	Grants	-	13,500
	·		
12.	LEASING AGREEMENTS		
	Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases fall due as follows:		
		2016	2015
		£	£
	Within one year	117,563	-
	Between one and five years	464,059	466,623
	In more than five years	297,083	297,083
	·		

13. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	2016	2015
	£	£
Bank overdrafts	111,398	377,676

A personal guarantee is provided from NA Sanderson (director) to National Westminster Bank PLC of £187,500. The company guarantees the Cessna 182 Airplane to The Freedom Trust. An inter-company guarantee is provided from Piggly Wiggly Holdings Limited, Ramco (UK) Limited, Ramco Global Limited and Storit Limited to National Westminster Bank PLC and is of an unlimited amount.

14. OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

There is a bank guarantee in place in favour of The Secretary of State for Defence amounting to £90,000.

The company has also guaranteed the overdraft of its sister company Ramco Global Limited whose balance at 31 December 2016 was £39,448 (2015: £40,321).

763,706

878,705

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

15. DIRECTOR'S ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The following advances and credits to a director subsisted during the years ended 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2015:

	2016	2015
	£	£
N A Sanderson		
Balance outstanding at start of year	887,278	851,996
Amounts advanced	133,936	174,782
Amounts repaid	(130,245)	(139,500)
Amounts written off	-	-
Amounts waived	-	-
Balance outstanding at end of year	890,969	887,278

The loans made to the directors were unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand

16. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year, total dividends of £130,245 were paid to the parent company.

	Sales £	Purchases £	Expenses £	Outstanding balances £
Entities over which the company has control, joint control or				
significant influence				
At 31 December 2016	21,507	9,168	1,571,555	115,829
At 31 December 2015	10,201	55,176	2,107,404	86,054

Remuneration paid to the directors during the year was £10,200 (2015 - £110,200).

17. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The controlling party is joint control by N A and B S Sanderson by virtue of majority shareholding in parent company Wiggly Piggly Investments Limited.