

Company registration number: 02710407

Capital Plastics (Cardiff) Ltd

Unaudited filleted financial statements

31 December 2019

Capital Plastics (Cardiff) Ltd

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Capital Plastics (Cardiff) Ltd

Statement of financial position

31 December 2019

	Note	2019 £	£	2018 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5	45,595		52,899	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
			45,595		52,899
Current assets					
Stocks		259,309		179,422	
Debtors	6	209,753		365,063	
Cash at bank and in hand		19,657		23,593	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
		488,719		568,078	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(211,867)		(262,100)	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Net current assets			276,852		305,978
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total assets less current liabilities			322,447		358,877
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		(20,491)		(24,630)
Provisions for liabilities			(6,188)		(6,525)
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Net assets			295,768		327,722
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			15,000		15,000
Profit and loss account			280,768		312,722
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Shareholders funds			295,768		327,722
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>

For the year ending 31 December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 December 2020 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr R Thomas

Director

Company registration number: 02710407

Capital Plastics (Cardiff) Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 19 Murray Street, Llanelli, Carmarthenshire, SA15 1AQ.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

Tangible assets

tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery	-	20 % straight line
Fittings fixtures and equipment	-	15 % straight line
Motor vehicles	-	25 % straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 22 (2018: 20).

5. Tangible assets

	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 January 2019	60,815	52,535	119,138	232,488
Additions	333	1,297	10,000	11,630
At 31 December 2019	61,148	53,832	129,138	244,118
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2019	56,893	37,919	84,777	179,589
Charge for the year	1,300	3,615	14,019	18,934
At 31 December 2019	58,193	41,534	98,796	198,523
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2019	2,955	12,298	30,342	45,595
At 31 December 2018	3,922	14,616	34,361	52,899

6. Debtors

	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade debtors	107,067	269,487
Other debtors	102,686	95,576
	209,753	365,063

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade creditors	149,883	180,920
Corporation tax	(710)	(710)
Social security and other taxes	17,092	24,433
Other creditors	45,602	57,457
	211,867	262,100

Included in other creditors are hire purchase obligations totalling £12,451. These are secured over the related fixed assets .

8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Other creditors	20,491	24,630

Included in other creditors are hire purchase obligations totalling £20,491. These are secured over the related fixed assets.

9. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

2019

	Balance brought forward £	Advances /(credits) to the directors £	Amounts repaid £	Balance o/standing £
Mr R Thomas	41,215	16,638	(17,000)	40,853
Mr S Britton-Jones	21,877	7,119	(8,500)	20,496
	<u>63,092</u>	<u>23,757</u>	<u>(25,500)</u>	<u>61,349</u>

2018

	Balance brought forward £	Advances /(credits) to the directors £	Amounts repaid £	Balance o/standing £
Mr R Thomas	37,348	15,867	(12,000)	41,215
Mr S Britton-Jones	20,644	7,233	(6,000)	21,877
	<u>57,992</u>	<u>23,100</u>	<u>(18,000)</u>	<u>63,092</u>

The loans to the directors are repayable on demand. Interest was charged on the loans at the official rate.

10. Related party transactions

Included in advertising is £880 expenditure relating to the company's rally car, which is raced in rallies by one of the company's employees. After the year end dividends totalling £25,500 were paid to the company's shareholders on the 29th September 2020.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.