Registered number: 02698931

RIALTO HOMES LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019



COMPANY INFORMATION

C. M. Barham **DIRECTORS**

A. J. Barham J. Nordigian P. D. Barham

COMPANY SECRETARY J. Nordigian

REGISTERED NUMBER 02698931

Bayley Hall Queens Road **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Hertford Hertfordshire **SG14 1EN**

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS Wilder Coe Ltd

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors 1st Floor, Sackville House

143-149 Fenchurch Street

London EC3M 6BL

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RIALTO HOMES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 02698931

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2019

	Note		2019 £		2018 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets CURRENT ASSETS	4		1,067		1,387
Stocks	5	4,401,865		3,396,405	
Debtors	6	9,031		3,647,074	
Cash at bank and in hand		4,943,376		1,778,231	
		9,354,272		8,821,710	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(1,366,254)		(1,163,700)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			7,988,018	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7,658,010
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			7,989,085		7,659,397
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		-		(729,587)
NET ASSETS			7,989,085		6,929,810
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					-
Called up share capital	9		8,758		7,700
Share premium account			7,592,242		6,593,300
Profit and loss account			388,085		328,810
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		:	7,989,085		6,929,810

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The company has opted not to file the Directors' Report and the Profit and Loss Account in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the Small Companies' Regime, under section 444 of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

ilm fadrully 2020

C. M. Barham

Director

The notes on pages 2 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Rialto Homes Limited (Company number: 02698931), having its registered office at Bayley Hall, Queens Road, Hertford, Hertfordshire, SG14 1EN, is a private limited company incorporated in England and Wales.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Statement of Cash Flows

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions in Financial Reporting Standard section 1A.7 from the requirement to produce a Statement of Cash Flows on the grounds that it is a small company.

2.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before turnover is recognised:

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of turnover can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.4 Tangible Fixed Assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment tosses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Office equipment

20% straight-line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

2.5 Stocks

Land and development work in progress is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value in the normal course of business.

Interest charges on loans to finance developments are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income as incurred.

2.6 Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

2.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.8 Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, and loans to related parties.

Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate, which is an approximation of the amount that the company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the Balance Sheet date.

2.9 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.10 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument

2.11 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

2.12 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income using the effective interest method.

2.13 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year that they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.14 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax.

The current corporation tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

3. EMPLOYEES

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 9 (2018 - 10).

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Office equipment £
COST	
At 1 November 2018 and 31 October 2019	1,600
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 November 2018	213
Charge for the year	320
At 31 October 2019	533
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 October 2019	1,067
At 31 October 2018	1,387

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

	Work in progress	2019 £ 4,401,865	2018 £ 3,396,405
6.	DEBTORS		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Due within one year		
	Other debtors	2,399	3,380,610
	Prepayments and accrued income	6,632	266,464
		9,031	3,647,074
7.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2019 £	2018 £

The loan from C. M. Barham included within other creditors of £270,096 (2018: £377,442) is secured against the property developments to which it relates.

2,150

13,302

3,616

7,880

1,339,306

1,366,254

26,736

12,170

7,900

1,116,894

1,163,700

8. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

5.

STOCKS

Trade creditors

Corporation tax

Other creditors

Other taxation and social security

Accruals and deferred income

	2019 £	2018 £
Bank loan	•	729,587

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

9. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid	2019 £	2018 £
8,758 (2018 - 7,700) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	8,758	7,700

During the year 1,058 ordinary shares of £1.00 nominal value were issued for a total consideration of £1,000,000.

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Included within other creditors due within one year are amounts due to key management personnel of the company of £270,096 (2018: £377,442).

Included within prepayments and accrued income are amounts due from a related party of £Nil (2018: £236,958).

Included within other creditors are amounts due to related parties of £1,069,210 (2018: £734,296).

Included within other debtors are loan amounts due from related parties of £Nil (2018: £3,275,222).

11. AUDITORS' INFORMATION

The company was subject to an audit for the year ended 31 October 2019. The audit report issued by Robert Bradman BA CA, as Senior Statutory Auditor of Wilder Coe Ltd, was issued with an unqualified opinion.