# Citigroup Capital Finance Ireland Limited

Directors' report and financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2006

Registered number

2698894

27/10/2007 COMPANIES HOUSE

# Citigroup Capital Finance Ireland Limited

# Directors' report and financial statements

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# Citigroup Capital Finance Ireland Limited

# Directors' and other information

**Directors** 

Paul Bushnell

Anthony Golden (appointed 9 June 2006)

Martin Brown Amir M Karimi Ciaran Kelleher Edward K Murphy

Secretary

Andrew Gaulter

**Registered Office** 

Citigroup Centre Canada Square Canary Wharf London E14 5LB

**Bankers** 

Citibank Europe plc 1 North Wall Quay

Dublin 1

**Auditors** 

**KPMG** 

Chartered Accountants
1 Harbourmaster Place

International Financial Services Centre

Dublin 1

**Solicitors** 

Matheson Ormsby Prentice 70 Sir John Rogerson's Quay

Dublin 2

# CITIGROUP CAPITAL FINANCE IRELAND LIMITED REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS -----

The Directors present their report and the financial statements of Citigroup Capital Finance Ireland Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2006

# Business review and Principal activities

Section S234ZZB of the Companies Act 1985 requires companies to produce a business review in their Directors Reports for periods beginning on or after 1 April 2005

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Citibank Holdings Ireland Limited The principal activities of the Company are the provision of accounting services and funding activities

The accounting services are provided to a number of Client Companies of Citibank Europe plc, a related Company The details of the current funding activities are detailed in note 6 to the Accounts

#### Results

The Company made a profit after tax for the year of GBP 45,457,425 (2005 GBP 43,034,762) The state of affairs of the Company as at the year end is detailed in the balance sheet on page 10

#### Income

Total Operating Income was GBP 57,254,970 (2005 GBP 49,911,529), a 15% increase on the previous year

#### Costs

Operating expenses increased by 35% to GBP 2,066,167 (2005 GBP 1,527,778)

# **Balance Sheet**

Total Net Assets of GBP 901,772,385 were 5% higher than at 31 December 2005 This increase was as a result of an increase in loans advanced

# **Key Financial Performance indicators**

In addition to the Financial results of the group, senior management also consider the following other key financial performance indicator

 Net Margin (Profit on Ordinary activities/Operating Income) as a % of Operating Income 2006 10% (2005 4%)

# Risk management

Risk management is an important part of the business. Further discussion of risks affecting the Company and how they are managed are outlined in note 15

#### **Future developments**

The economic outlook for the businesses conducted by the Company is foreseen to be favourable in the near term. The Company's strategy is to continue to take advantage of opportunities for the further development of its business.

#### Directors, secretary and their interests

The names of the Directors and Secretary who held office at 31 December 2006 were as follows

Paul Bushnell
Anthony Golden
Martin Brown
Amir M Karimi
Ciaran Kelleher
Edward K Murphy

Anthony Golden was appointed a Director with effect from the 9 June 2006

#### **Directors Indemnity**

The Directors benefit from qualifying third party indemnity provisions in place during the financial year and at the date of this report

# Directors' responsibilities for financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards.

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

## Adoption of new accounting standards

The following accounting standards apply in full from 1 January 2006,

The Company has adopted Financial Reporting Standard 23 The effect of changes in foreign exchange rates. The financial statements are presented in Sterling ("GBP"), which is the functional currency of the Company

The Company has adopted Financial Reporting Standard 25 Financial Instruments Disclosure and Presentation All required disclosures are made in the financial statements on a retrospective basis

The Company has adopted Financial Reporting Standard 26 Financial Instruments Measurement The Company has classified certain financial instruments as financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value and certain assets as available for sale

Employees-

There were 5 people employed by the Company during the year

#### Charitable donations and political contributions

There were no charitable donations nor any contributions for political purposes made by the Company during the year or the preceding year

#### Close Company provisions

In the opinion of the Directors, the close Company provisions of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988, as amended, do not apply to the Company during the period in which it was UK resident Equivalent close Company provisions in Ireland did not at 31 December 2006 apply to the Company.

#### Ultimate holding Company

The Directors regard Citigroup Inc , which is incorporated in the United States of America under laws of the State of Delaware, as the ultimate holding Company at 31 December 2006

#### Auditors

An elective resolution to dispense with the annual appointment of auditors pursuant to Section 386 of the Companies Act 1985 is in force KPMG, Chartered Accountants, Dublin, have expressed their willingness to continue in office

### Disclosure of Information to Auditors

In accordance with s 234ZA, Companies Act 1985 it is stated by the Directors who held office at the Date of approval of this Directors Report that, so far as each is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Companies Auditors are unaware, and each Director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's Auditors are aware of that information This Statement is made subject to all provisions of s 234ZA

On behalf of the board

Paul Bushnell Director Martin Brown Director 12th September 2007

# Independent auditors' report to the members of Citigroup Capital Finance Ireland-Ltd. -

We have audited the financial statements of Citigroup Capital Finance Ireland Limited for the year ended 31 December 2006 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

## Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 5, the Company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the Company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

## Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2006 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors Report is consistent with the financial statements

KPMG

**Chartered Accountants** Registered Auditors 1 Harbourmaster Place **IFSC** 

Dublin 1

12 September

2007

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Statement of accounting policies — for the year ended 31 December 2006

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Company's financial statements

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting principles under the historical cost convention and comply with financial reporting standards of the Accounting Standards Board, as promulgated by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales

#### Cash flow statement

A cashflow statement has not been prepared as required under Financial Reporting Standards No 1 (Revised) as the Company is a subsidiary of Citigroup Inc, a Company incorporated in the State of Delaware, United States of America which has prepared consolidated cashflow statement including the cashflows of the Company

# Income recognition

Interest receivable and payable is recognised in the profit and loss account as it accrues over the term of the investments and deposits using the effective interest rate pertaining to the period

Fees receivable which represent a return for services provided are credited to income when the related service is performed

#### Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date. The foreign currency gain or loss on monetary items is the difference between amortised cost in the functional currency at the beginning of the period, adjusted for effective interest and payments during the period, and the amortised cost in foreign currency translated at the exchange rate at the end of the period. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognised in profit or loss, except for differences arising on the retranslation of available-for-sale equity instruments.

#### Taxation

Corporation tax payable is provided on taxable profits at current rates

In accordance with FRS19 "Deferred Tax" except where otherwise required by accounting standards, full provision without discounting is made for all timing differences which have arisen but not reversed at the balance sheet date Provision is made at the rate of taxation expected to prevail at the time of reversal

A deferred tax asset is recorded where it is more likely than not to be recoverable. The recoverability of deferred tax assets is assessed annually by the directors

#### Provision for bad and doubtful debts

Specific provisions are made as a result of a detailed appraisal of risk assets. In addition, general provisions are carried to cover risks, which, although not specifically identified, are present in any portfolio of bank advances. The total provision for bad and doubtful debts is deducted in arriving at the balance sheet figures of loans and advances to banks and to customers, as appropriate. Provisions made during the year, less existing provisions no longer required and recoveries of bad debts previously written off are charged against profits.

#### Financial Instruments

Financial assets other than those which are designated at fair value are classified as loans advances and other assets. Loans and advances are initially recognised at fair value, which is the cash given to originate the loan and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment charges.

#### **Derivative contracts**

Derivative contracts are carried at their fair value and are initially recognised on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into Fair values are based on quoted mid-market prices where available. If no quoted price exists for a particular contract, fair value is determined from market prices for its components using appropriate valuation models. Changes in the fair values of derivatives are included in the profit and loss account.

# Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 2006

	Note	2006 GBP	2005 GBP
Operating income - continuing activities Administrative expenses Interest expenses	1 2 3	57,254,970 (2,066,167) (3,237,460)	49,911,529 (1,527,778) (567,349)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	4	51,951,343	47,816,402
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	(6,493,918)	(4,781,640)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation	12	45,457,425	43,034,762

The Company had no recognised gains or losses in the financial period or the preceding year other than those set out in the profit and loss account and, accordingly, a separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has not been prepared

On behalf of the board

Paul Bushnell

Director

Martin Brown

Director

12<sup>th</sup> September 2007

# Balance sheet

at 31 December 2006

	Note	GBP	2006 GBP	GBP	2005 GBP
Fixed assets Investments	6	ç	007,342,823		911,819,206
Current assets Debtors Loans advanced Cash at bank	7 8	12,842,537 90,722,157 7,045,261		10,277,806 37,401,426 4,265,907	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	110,609,955	)	51,945,139 (107,449,385)	
Net current assets			(5,570,438)		(55,504,246)
Net assets			901,772,385		856,314,960
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account Capital contribution	10 12 13		1,000,000 215,465,368 685,307,017		1,000,000 170,007,943 685,307,017
Shareholders' funds – equity	11	,	901,772,385		856,314,960

On behalf of the board

Paul Bushnell Director Martin Brown Director 12th September 2007

# Notes

forming part of the financial statements

1	Operating income		
	•	2006	2005
		GBP	GBP
	Interest on loans	25,603,172	19,206,328
	Interest from partnership securities	27,221,898	27,468,839
	Interest on deposits	2,585,953	2,182,464
	Fee income	247,097	560,398
	Fx Gains/(Losses)	1,596,850	493,500
		57,254,970	49,911,529
•	Administration Francisco		<del></del>
2	Administration Expenses	2006	2005
		GBP	GBP
	Staff Costs	309,031	265,425
	Echo Charges	1,265,713	1,090,614
	Other Administration expenses	491,423	171,739
		<del></del>	<del></del>
The	average number of persons employed by the Co	ompany during the year wa	us 5 (2005 8)
3	Interest payable and similar charges		
		2006	2005
		GBP	GBP
	Interest payable on group loan	3,237,460	567,349
4	Statutory information		
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is	stated after charging	
	•	2006	2005
		GBP	GBP
	Directors' remuneration	-	-
	Auditors' remuneration	4,099	4,114
		<del></del>	<del></del>

Directors' remuneration is borne by Citibank Europe plc

# Notes (continued)

# 5 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

The Company pays tax at a rate of 12 5% on qualifying activities Passive income is taxable at 25%

Analysis of charge in year	2006 GBP	2005 GBP
Current tax Irish corporation tax on profits for the period	(6,493,918)	(4,781,640)

# Factors that may affect future tax charges

Corporation tax rates in respect of trading income in the Republic of Ireland increased from 10% to 12 5% from 1 January 2006

# 6 Investments in Subordinated floating rate notes and securities

	2006 GBP	2005 GBP
Investments	907,342,823	911,819,206

In 2001, the Company purchased subordinated floating rate notes of StgGBP335,750,000 from Citibank Investments Limited and subordinated floating rate partnership securities of StgGBP350,000,000 from Citigroup Partners UK The Company is the Limited Partner of Citigroup Partners UK The above notes are due to be redeemed in 2031 On the 26th October 2005 there was a further purchase of Floating rate notes denominated in Euro330,000,000 (StgGBP226,069,206)

7	Debtors	2006 GBP	2005 GBP
	Accrued interest	11,810,800	9,879,716
	Unrealised gain on fx forward	895,208	-
	Fee income	136,529	398,090
		-	
		12,842,537	10,277,806

All amounts fall due within one year

# Notes (continued)

8	Loans advanced	2006 GBP	2005 GBP
	Amounts falling due within one year	90,722,157	37,401,426
9	Creditors amounts falling due within one year	2006 GBP	2005 GBP
	Accruals Corporation tax payable Amounts due to fellow group undertakings Loan Interest due Loan payable	185,924 190,212 11,782 1,509,495 114,282,980 ————————————————————————————————————	14,986 434,870 815,508 - 106,184,021 - 107,449,385
10	Share capital	2006 GBP	2005 GBP
	Authorised 100,000,000 ordinary shares of StgGBP1 each	100,000,000	100,000,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 1,000,000 ordinary shares of StgGBP1 each	1,000,000	1,000,000
11	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds	2006 GBP	2005 GBP
	Shareholders' funds at beginning of year	856,314,960	813,280,198
	Total recognised gains and losses for the year	45,457,425	43,034,762
	Shareholders' funds at end of year - equity	901,772,385	856,314,960

# Notes (continued)

12	Profit and Loss	2006 GBP	2005 GBP
	Opening balance	170,007,943	126,973,181
	Profit for the year	45,457,425	43,034,762
	Closing balance	215,465,368	170,007,943

# 13 Capital contribution

The capital contribution amount of GBP685,307,017 is non repayable and forms part of distributable reserves

#### 14 Ultimate parent undertaking

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking is Citigroup Inc , which is incorporated in the State of Delaware, United States of America

The largest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by Citigroup Inc. The consolidated financial statements of Citigroup Inc. are available to the public and may be obtained from Citigroup Document Services, 140 58th Street, Suite 51, Brooklyn, New York, NY11220, United States of America

The smallest group in which the results of the accounts are consolidated is that headed by Citibank Holdings Ireland Limited, which became the parent Company on 24 November 2003 Copies of these group accounts will be available to the public and may be obtained from its offices at Citigroup Centre, 1 North Wall Quay, Dublin 1

# 15 Risk Management

# **Operational Risks**

The operations of the Company are subject to quarterly risk and control self-assessments and periodic reviews by Citigroup Internal Audit

# Foreign Currency Risk

The principal foreign currency in which the company earns income is Euros ("EUR") This gives rise to a foreign currency risk on the translation of this income to Sterling Out of Net Assets of GBP 901,663,010 all amounts are in Sterling except for GBP 230,916,790 which is denominated in Euro During the financial year ended 31st December 2006 such exposures are included in the Company foreign currency hedging strategy

# Notes (continued)

# Risk Management (cont'd)

#### Credit Risk

The Company may be exposed to credit Risk in respect of balances held by group counterparties. The Company is guided by the Citigroup Corporate and Investment Bank ("CIB") Credit Policies and Procedures which ensure consistent standards across the CIB for the origination, documentation and maintenance of extensions of credit and establish a consistent approach towards problem recognition, the classification of problem exposures and remedial action

### Interest rate Risk

The Company's exposure to interest rate fluctuations on its borrowings and deposits is proactively managed and monitored within approved guidelines

#### Market Risk

The Company's exposure to market Risk is proactively managed on an ongoing basis

# 16 Related parties

As the Company is ultimately a subsidiary of Citigroup Inc. it is availing of the disclosure exemption under Financial Reporting Standard No. 8 for subsidiary undertakings

# 17 Approval of financial statements

The financial statements of the Company were approved by the Board of Directors on 12<sup>th</sup> September 2007