ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 31 March 1996

Registered No: 2684288



## Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 1996

The directors submit the audited accounts of the Company for the year ended 31 March 1996.

#### Review of activities

The principal activity of the Company is the sale of energy and related services including the design, construction and operation of combined heat and power (CHP) plant.

The Company currently owns three operational CHP schemes, including two schemes commissioned during the year, at Kemsley, Kent, supplying energy to Grovehurst Energy Ltd, and at Speke, Liverpool, supplying energy to Dista Products Ltd. In addition the Company has two schemes under construction, and has contracted with Brunner Mond & Co Ltd for energy from a proposed scheme at Winnington, Cheshire. The directors believe that there continues to be opportunities in the UK CHP market. The parent company, PowerGen plc, has declared its support for the Company.

The scheme at Kemsley was commissioned by the turnkey contractor on a date later than originally contracted. The retained profit for the year includes a settlement from the turnkey contractor in respect of liquidated damages for the delay.

The retained profit for the year ended 31 March 1996 was £2,528,000 (1995: £2,289,000)

### **Directors**

The directors who served during the year were Dr A Roberts, R J Kennett, T E Chappell, D Parry and J L Rennocks. D Parry resigned on 1 April 1996 and J L Rennocks resigned on 15 July 1996.

The directors holding office at the year end and their beneficial interests in relevant shares or debentures as disclosed by the register kept under the provisions of Section 325 of the Companies Act 1985 are listed below.

# Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 1996 (continued)

The directors had the following interests in the ordinary shares of PowerGen plc, the Company's ultimate holding company, at 31 March 1996:

## Ordinary shares of £1 each

	At 31 M	At 31 March 1996		April 1995
	Beneficial	Options	Beneficial	Options
R J Kennett		12,500	_	5,000
T E Chappell	52,461	44,358	54,794	32,858
D Parry	33,936	43,656	38,859	32,156

The interests of Dr A Roberts and J L Rennocks are stated in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements of PowerGen plc for the year ended 31 March 1996. No director had any interest (other than as nominees on behalf of PowerGen plc) in the shares of any other member of the Group.

## **Insurance purchased for officers**

During the period, the parent company, on behalf of the Company maintained insurance against directors' and officers' liability to the Company.

### Policy on payment of creditors

Where appropriate in relation to specific contracts, the Company's practice is to:

- a) settle the terms of payment with the supplier when agreeing the terms of each transaction;
- b) ensure that those suppliers are made aware of the terms of payment by inclusion of relevant terms in the contract; and
- c) pay in accordance with its contractual and other legal obligations.

# Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 1996 (continued)

## **Auditors**

On 29 January 1993 the company passed an elective resolution dispensing with the requirement to appoint auditors annually. Coopers & Lybrand continue in office.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD D J Jackson, Company Secretary

53 New Broad Street

London EC2M 1J3

9 January 1997

## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 1996

	Note	<b>1996</b> £'000	<b>1995</b> £'000
Turnover: continuing activities	2	26,412	4,977
Operating costs	3	(28,283)	(7,968)
Operating loss: continuing activities		(1,871)	(2,991)
Interest payable	6	(1,122)	(130)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(2,993)	(3,121)
Taxation credit on loss on ordinary activities	7	5,521	5,410
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation transferred to reserves		2,528	2,289

## STATEMENT OF RETAINED PROFITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 1996

	£,000
Retained profit at 2 April 1995	578
Profit for year	2,528
Retained profit at 31 March 1996	3,106

The Company has no recognised gains or losses in 1996, or 1995, other than the profit for the year (as stated above) and therefore no statement of total recognised gains or losses is presented.

## BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 1996

		31 March 1996	2 April 1995
	Note	£'000	£'000
Tangible fixed assets	8	87,488	61,799
Current assets			
Stores		271	39
Debtors	9	23,115	6,462
Cash at bank and in hand		2,502	502
		25,888	7,003
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(49,562)	(27,266)
Net current liabilities		(23,674)	(20,263)
Total assets less current liabilities		63,814	41,536
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	11	(60,608)	(40,858)
Net assets / (liabilities)		3,206	678
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	14	100	100
Profit and loss account		3,106	578
Equity shareholders' funds	15	3,206	678

The accounts were approved by the Board 🏟 🔊 January 1997

Dr A Roberts R J

R J Kennett

Director

Auditors' Report on page 17

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 1996

## 1 Accounting Policies

### (a) Basis Of Preparation Of Accounts

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards.

### (b) Overhaul

Charges are made annually against profits to provide for the accrued proportion of the estimated costs of the cyclical programme for the major overhaul and maintenance of operating plant.

### (c) Depreciation

Provision for depreciation is made so as to write off, on a straight line basis, the book value of tangible fixed assets. Assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives for the principal categories of fixed assets are:

Asset	Life in years
Operating plant and buildings	10 - 15
Office equipment and other short term a	ssets 3-5

### (d) Tangible Fixed Assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at original cost less accumulated depreciation. In the case of assets constructed by the Company, related works, administrative overheads and commissioning costs are included in cost. Assets in the course of construction are included in tangible fixed assets on the basis of expenditure incurred at the balance sheet date.

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 1996

#### (e) <u>Leases</u>

Rents payable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account evenly over the term of the lease.

### (f) Stores

General and engineering stores are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

### (g) Deferred Taxation

Deferred taxation arises in respect of items where there is a timing difference between their treatment for accounting purposes and their treatment for taxation purposes. Provision for deferred taxation using the liability method, is made to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise in the foreseeable future.

### (h) Pensions

Pension contributions are charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' remaining working lives. The regular cost is attributed to individual years using the projected unit credit method. Variations in pension costs, which are identified as a result of actuarial valuations, are amortised over the average expected remaining service lives of members. Differences between the amounts funded and the amounts charged to the profit and loss account are treated as either provisions or prepayments in the balance sheet.

#### (i) Cash Flow Statement

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of PowerGen plc and the cash flows of the Company are included in the consolidated group cash flow statement of PowerGen plc. Consequently the Company is exempt under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 1 from publishing a cash flow statement.

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 1996

### 2 Turnover

Turnover relates to continuing activities and principally derives from the sale of energy within the U.K.

### 3 Operating Costs

Operating costs relate to continuing activities and are made up as follows:

	1996	1995
	£'000	£'000
Cost of sales	27,086	7,004
Administration expenses	1,197	964
	28,283	7,968

Operating costs include auditors' remuneration for audit of £5,000 (1995: £5,000) and depreciation of £2,512,500 (1995: £868,000). The auditors received £2,000 (1995: £6,000) for provision of non-audit services to the Company during the year.

## 4 Employee Information

The average number of persons employed by the Company, including directors, during the year was 73 (1995: 40). All employees are involved in the sale of energy within the UK.

The salaries and related costs of employees, including directors, were:

	<b>1996</b> £'000	<b>1995</b> £'000
Wages and salaries	2,130	1,210
Social security costs	185	107
Other pension costs	261	149
	2,576	1,466

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 1996

## 5 Directors' Emoluments

The highest paid director received the following emoluments for management services:

	<b>1996</b> £'000	<b>1995</b> £'000
Salary	103	81
Pension contribution	12	8
	115	89

The Chairman received no emoluments from the Company during the year (1995: nil).

The number of directors whose emoluments, excluding pension contributions, fell within the following ranges were as follows:

£	<b>1996</b> Number	1995 Number
Nil - 5,000	5	5
80,001 - 85,000	-	1
110,001 - 115,000	1	-

The directors whose emoluments fell between nil and £5,000 in 1996 and 1995 received no remuneration in respect of services provided to the Company during the respective years.

## 6 Interest Payable

Interest payable is all payable to the parent company.

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 1996

## 7 Tax On Loss On Ordinary Activities

	<b>1996</b> £'000	<b>1995</b> £'000
United Kingdom corporation tax at 33% (1995: 33%)	(5,512)	(5,144)
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(9)	(266)
	(5,521)	(5,410)

The tax credit on the loss on ordinary activities of £5,521,000 (1995: £5,410,000) represents an amount receivable from the parent company in respect of the transfer of tax losses, at a tax rate of 33%, under group relief provisions.

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 1996

	Operating plant and buildings £'000	Other short term assets £'000	Total £'000
Cost			
At 2 April 1995	63,020	85	63,105
Additions	28,119	82	28,201
At 31 March 1996	91,139	167	91,306
Depreciation			
At 2 April 1995	(1,276)	(30)	(1,306)
Charge for year	(2,484)	(28)	(2,512)
At 31 March 1996	(3,760)	(58)	(3,818)
Net book value			
At 31 March 1996	87,379	109	87,488
At 2 April 1995	61,744	55	61,799

Of the additions during the period on operating plant and buildings £28,042,000 (1995: £45,774,000) are in respect of assets under construction.

The net book value of freehold buildings as at 31 March 1996, included within operating plant and buildings, was £7,573,000 (1995: £6,399,000).

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 1996

## 9 Debtors

	31 March 1996 £'000	2 April 1995 £'000
Tax under group relief provisions	5,521	5,410
Prepayments	38	58
Trade debtors	17,556	950
Taxation and social security	_	44
	23,115	6,462

Of the total debtors £7,000 (1995: nil) are due after one year.

## 10 Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	31 March 1996 £'000	2 April 1995 £'000
Amounts owing to the parent company	24,373	17,582
Trade creditors	3,843	780
Other creditors	21,346	8,904
	49,562	27,266

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 1996

## 11 Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year

	31 March 1996 £'000	2 April 1995 £'000
Amounts owing to the parent company	60,020	40,468
Other creditors	588	390
	60,608	40,858

The amounts owing to the parent company represent an unsecured loan repayable on 31 October 2003.

## 12 Deferred Taxation

An analysis of the full potential liability and the deferred taxation liability recognised at 31 March 1996 at 33 per cent (1995: 33 per cent) is as follows:

5,727	-
4,502	-
10,229	-
	4,502

No reversal of accelerated capital allowances is expected in the foreseeable future.

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 1996

### 13 Pension Scheme Arrangements

The Company is a member of the PowerGen plc Group Scheme, and the Company's pension contributions are based on pension costs across the Group as a whole. The Group participates in the industry wide scheme, the Electricity Supply Pension Scheme (ESPS), for the majority of its employees. This scheme is of the defined benefit type, with assets invested in separate trustee administered funds.

An actuarial valuation of the ESPS is normally carried out every three years by the Scheme's actuary, who recommends the rates of contribution payable by each group participating in the scheme. In intervening years, the actuary reviews the continuing appropriateness of the rates. The latest actuarial valuation of the ESPS was at 31 March 1995.

Particulars of the actuarial valuation of the Group Scheme are contained in the accounts of PowerGen plc.

### 14. Share Capital

The share capital of the company comprises:

31 March 1996 £'000	2 April 1995 £'000
100	100
100	100
	1996 £'000

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 1996

### 15 Reconciliation Of Movements In Shareholders' Funds

	<b>1996</b> £'000	<b>1995</b> £'000
Profit for the period	2,528	2,289
Net increase / (decrease) in shareholders' funds for the period	2,528	2,289
Opening shareholders' funds	678	(1,611)
Closing shareholders' funds	3,206	678

## 16 Ultimate Parent Undertaking

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of PowerGen plc, a Company registered in England and Wales. Copies of PowerGen plc's accounts are available by applying to:

D J Jackson Company Secretary PowerGen plc 53 New Broad Street London EC2M 1JJ

### 17 Commitments And Contingent Liabilities

At 31 March 1996, the Company had commitments of £10,704,000 (1995: £24,640,000) for capital expenditure and other project related expenditure, of which £1,764,000 (1995: £8,622,000) related to expenditure to be incurred after one year. A further £147,465,000 (1995: £11,517,000) had been approved by the directors but had not been contracted for.

## **Directors' Statement of Responsibility**

### The Directors:

- acknowledge the legal requirement for the preparation of financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss for that period;
- acknowledge their responsibility for maintaining adequate accounting records, for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- confirm that suitable accounting policies, consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, have been used in the preparation of the financial statements;
- confirm that applicable accounting standards have been followed;
- confirm that the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

# Report of the Auditors to the members of PowerGen CHP Limited

We have audited the accounts on pages 4 to 16.

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 16, the Company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

### Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at 31 March 1996 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Coopers & Lybrand

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Looper M ~ d

London

9 January 1997