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Company Registration No. 02679394

The Settle-Carlisle Railway Development Company Limited

(a company limited by guarantee)

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 30 June 2002



Baker Tilly Chartered Accountants Carlton House, Grammar School Street, Bradford, BD1 4NS

(A company limited by guarantee) DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

DIRECTORS

P Simpson

S Harrison

B R Sutcliffe

P F Johnston

SECRETARY

P Johnston

COMPANY NUMBER

2679394 (England and Wales)

REGISTERED OFFICE

Town Hall Market Place Settle BD24 9EJ

AUDITORS

Baker Tilly Carlton House Grammar School Street Bradford BD1 4NS

(A company limited by guarantee)

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors submit their report and the financial statements of Settle-Carlisle Railway Development Company Limited for the year ended 30 June 2002.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the company is to promote all and any nature of activity intended to provide or generate additional use of the railway line between Settle and Carlisle.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The operating surplus for the year is £3,730 (2001 £18,355) and this amount has been deducted from reserves. The memorandum of association does not provide for any distribution to members.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year were:

P G Adams

(resigned 31 May 2002)

E M Graham

(resigned 25 June 2002)

P Simpson

G H Mounsey-Heysham

(resigned 8 October 2002)

J E French

(resigned 24 January 2002)

S Harrison

A K Morgan

(resigned 8 June 2002)

B R Sutcliffe

P F Johnston

GUARANTEE

The company was incorporated on 21 January 1992 as limited by guarantee and not having a share capital. The members of the company have undertaken each to contribute an amount not exceeding £100 towards any deficit arising in the event of the company being wound up. This guarantee applies during the membership and extends one year after membership ceases.

AUDITORS

A resolution to reappoint Baker Tilly, Chartered Accountants, as auditors will be put to the members at the annual general meeting.

By order of the board

S Harrison

Director

18th, January 2003

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(A company limited by guarantee)
DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE PREPARATION
OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- a. select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- b. make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- c. prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE SETTLE-CARLISLE RAILWAY DEVELOPMENT COMPANY LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 10.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company and other members of the group is not disclosed.

We read other information contained in the Annual Report, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. This other information comprises only the Directors' Report. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 30 June 2002 and of its surplus for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

BAKER TILLY

Registered Auditor Chartered Accountants Carlton House Grammar School Street Bradford BD1 4NS

20 January 2003

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(A company limited by guarantee)
INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT
for the year ended 30 June 2002

				£
		213,045		274,175
	113,950		100,336	
			•	
	•		•	
			•	
			•	
	848			
	60		80	
	_		961	
	1,839		1,294	
			44	
	· -		64,319	
	_		200	
	956		3,180	
		(209,581)		(258,932)
1		3,464		15,243
		288		3,456
		3,752		18,699
3		(22)		(344)
8		3,730		18,355
	3	1,839 1,518	74,960 3,113 6,561 3,753 2,023 848 60 1,839 1,518 956 3,464 288 3,752 3 (22)	74,960 3,113 3,745 6,561 3,027 3,753 3,249 2,023 848 1,370 60 80 - 961 1,839 1,294 1,518 - 64,319 200 956 - 956 - 3,464 288 - 3,752 - 3 (22)

The surplus for the year arises for the company's continuing operations

The company has no recognised surpluses or deficits other than the deficit for the year stated above.

(A company limited by guarantee)
BALANCE SHEET

30 June 2002

	Notes	2002 £		2001 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets Investments	4 5	4,077 1		2,865 1
		4,078	_	2,866
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank Cash in hand	6	77,817	-	87,041 11,566 225
CDEDITORS. A manufa falling due within any man	7	77,975	-	98,832
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year NET CURRENT ASSETS	,	(11,276)	(78,562
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		70,777		81,428
Deferred income		(10,694)	(25,075)
NET ASSETS		60,083	=	56,353
RESERVES Income and expenditure account	. 8	60,083	==	56,353

Approved by the Board of Directors on 18th. January 2003.

S Harrison¹

Director

(A company limited by guarantee) ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the applicable Accounting Standards.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets are stated at cost.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the costs of fixed assets over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Fixtures and fittings,

20% per annum on a straight line basis with a full year's charge in the year of acquisition

PENSIONS CONTRIBUTIONS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions are charged in the profit and loss account as they are paid.

GRANTS AND DONATIONS

Income comprises grants and donations, some of which are to support activities over specific periods and others are ad hoc with no associated terms and conditions covering unspecified periods. Income relating to specific periods is recognised in that period. All other income, other than bank interest received, is accounted for on a receipt basis. Grants relating to specific projects are released to income and expenditure accounts over the period of expenditure. Grants not released at the balance sheet date are shown as deferred income.

GROUP ACTIVITIES

The accounts present information about the company as an individual undertaking, and not about its group, as the company has taken advantage of the exemption provided by section 248 of the Companies Act 1985 not to prepare group accounts.

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(A company limited by guarantee)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the year ended 30 June 2002

1	SURPLUS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	2002 £	2001 £
	The operating surplus is stated after charging:		
	Staff costs:		
	Wages and salaries	67,220	66,750
	Social security	4,809	4,824
	Pension contributions	2,931	2,931
	Depreciation Auditors' remuneration	1,839	1,294
	Auditors remuneration	1,000	2,000
	None of the directors received any emoluments for their services to the	company durin	g the year.
2	EMPLOYEES	2002	2001
2	ENT EXTENS	No	No
	The average number of persons employed during the year	7	7
3	TAXATION	2002	2001
		£	£
	Corporation tax charge	22	344
	Factors effecting the tax charge for the period:		
	The tax charge assessed for the period is lower than the standard rate of	corporation ta	x in the UK.
	The differences are explained below:	2002	2001
		£	£
	Surplus on ordinary activities before tax	3,730	18,699
	Add surplus not subject to taxation	(3,442)	(15,243)
	Surplus subject to taxation	288	3,456
			
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of		
	corporation tax as adjusted for small companies marginal relief, in the		
	UK of 7.5% (2001: 10%)	22	344
	Current tax charge for the period	22	344
			

(A company limited by guarantee)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the year ended 30 June 2002

4	FIXED ASSETS				Fixtures and fittings
					£
	Cost At 1 July 2001 Additions				10,729 3,051
	At 30 June 2002				13,780
	Depreciation At 1 July 2001 Charge in the year				7,864 1,839
	At 30 June 2002				9,703
	Net book value 30 June 2002				4,077
	30 June 2001				2,865
5	INVESTMENTS			2002 £	2001 £
	Investment in subsidiary			1	1
		Country of registration	Percentage of share capital held		Class of share held
	Subsidiary Guidefuture Limited	England	100		Ordinary

The investment related to 100% of the issued share capital of Guidefuture Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. Guidefuture Limited was incorporated on 14 March 2001 and remains a dormant company.

(A company limited by guarantee)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the year ended 30 June 2002

6	DEBTORS	2002	2001
Ü	DIDIONO	£	£
	Trade debtors	439	86,540
	Accrued income	75,656	-
	Prepayments	1,286	158
	Taxation	56	343
	VAT debtor	380	-
		77,817	87,041
7	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	2002	2001
		£	£
	Bank overdraft	464	-
	Trade creditors	1,403	13,552
	Other taxation and social security creditors	1,669	2,222
	Corporation tax	22	-
	Other creditors	1,216	-
	Accruals	6,502	4,496
		11,276	20,270
		11,270	20,270
8	RESERVES	2002	2001
	Income and expenditure account	£	£
	At 1 July 2001	56,353	37,998
	Surplus for the year	3,730	18,355
	At 30 June 2002	60,083	56,353
	At 50 June 2002	=====	

9 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

At 30 June 2002 there were no commitments in respect of capital expenditure or lease agreements.

10 PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension cost charge represents contributions by the company and amounted to £2,931 (2001 £2,931).