Registered number: 02671052

THE AMBASSADOR THEATRE GROUP LIMITED

UNAUDITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors M C Lyna

M C Lynas N G Potter M Cornell S Teo A Kenwright

Registered number

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Registered office

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STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

Introduction

The Directors present their Strategic Report on the affairs of The Ambassador Theatre Group Limited (the "Company") for the 52 week period to 25 March 2017 (the "period"). The Company's business activities together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out in this Strategic Report. The Directors, in preparing this Strategic Report, have complied with s414C of the Companies Act 2006.

Business review

The principal activity of the Company continued to be that of managing a group of companies operating theatres, producing theatrical productions and managing the associated ticketing business.

The results for the period are set out on page 4.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risk to the business is a downturn in theatre attendance due to the impact of the economic environment on the theatre-going public. The Company's commitment is to attract customers with new high quality productions and manage dark periods through nurturing strong relationships with show producers. Along with group investment in new shows this helps to reduce the impact of uncertainties in the market and enables the Company, along with the rest of the group, to take a long-term view.

Due to the nature of the Company's business and the assets and liabilities contained within the Company's balance sheet, a significant risk that the directors consider relevant to the Company is credit risk. This risk is mitigated through longstanding relationships with large ticketing agents and close monitoring of debtors who fail to pay within the Company's standard payment terms which are set under contract upfront. Liquidity risk is managed through group funding arrangements.

Financial key performance indicators

The Company considers its key performance indicators to be:

- 1) Sales Revenue was £3,662,000 for the period ended 25 March 2017 and £3,958,000 for the period ended 26 March 2016.
- 2) Net profit The Company had a pre-tax profit of £8,981,000 for the period ended 25 March 2017 compared to a pre-tax profit of £7,023,000 for the period ended 26 March 2016.

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

Environmental Matters

The Company recognises the importance of its environmental responsibilities and monitors its impact on the environment and designs and implements appropriate policies to minimise any damage that might be caused by the Company's activities.

Annual Risk Management targets and objectives now require venues to complete their own Project Blackout surveys at least annually. This project identifies overnight energy waste issues and engages with senior management, venue staff and the Company's Environmental Ambassadors to implement simple "switch off" solutions. Venues choosing to complete these surveys more often and act on their findings, driven by Environmental Ambassadors and supported by Management, are seeing considerable improvements and reductions in electricity bills

Our People

The Company complies with all relevant legislation including that specifically targeted at preventing discrimination. Such principles are embedded through the organisation by the requisite policies. The Company is committed to ensuring the health, safety and welfare of its employees as far as is reasonably practicable. The Company seeks to ensure that statutory duties are met at all times and that it operates effective health and safety management.

The Company's policy is to consult and discuss with employees, through unions, staff councils and at meetings, matters likely to affect employees' interests. Information on matters of concern to employees is given through information bulletins and reports which seek to achieve a common awareness on the part of all employees of the financial and economic factors affecting the Company's performance.

Thispeport was approved by the board on 19 December 2017 and signed on its behalf.

Page 2

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

The Directors present their report and the financial statements for the 52 week period ended 25 March 2017.

Results and dividends

The profit for the 52 week period, after taxation, amounted to £9,096,000 (2016: £7,176,000).

An ordinary dividend of £nil (2016: £nil) was paid during the period.

Directors

The Directors who served during the period and to the date of signing the financial statements (except as noted) were:

H H Panter (resigned 16 May 2016) R A Squire (resigned 16 May 2016)

H J Enright (resigned 14 September 2016)

M C Lynas

PRM Kavanagh (resigned 31 August 2016)

N G Potter

M Cornell (appointed 29 September 2016)

S Teo (appointed 29 September 2016)

A Kenwright (appointed 29 September 2016)

Future developments

The Directors expect no significant changes to the Company's business at this time.

Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the period end.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

The Company has net assets of £93,229,000 and net current liabilities of £98,733,000 at the balance sheet date. The net current liabilities position is due primarily to intercompany balances.

Through its membership of the largest theatre group in the United Kingdom, it benefits from long-established relationships with major producers of shows and a network of supplier contracts across different geographic areas. Having prepared forecasts to cover the 12 months subsequent to the date of signing the financial statements and also considering the financial support available from the Company's ultimate UK parent, International Entertainment Holdings Limited, the directors are confident that the Company is well placed to manage its business risks.

This report was approved by the board on 19 December 2017 and signed on its behalf.

Director

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

	Note	52 week period ended 25 March 2017 £000	52 week period ended 26 March 2016 £000
Revenue	4	3,662	3,958
Cost of sales		•	(38)
Gross profit	•	3,662	3,920
Administrative expenses		(29,029)	(34,114)
Other operating income	5	15,491	11,896
Operating loss	6	(9,876)	(18,298)
Income from shares in group undertakings		20,800	27,000
Interest receivable and similar income	8	8	30
Interest payable and expenses	9	(1,951)	(1,709)
Profit before tax	•	8,981	7,023
Tax on profit	10	115	153
Profit for the financial 52 week period		9,096	7,176

There was no other comprehensive income for 2017 (2016: £nil).

The notes on pages 7 to 26 form part of these financial statements.

All results above derive from continuing operations.

There is no material difference between the profits before tax and the profits for the financial periods stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 25 MARCH 2017

	Note		25 March 2017 £000		26 March 2016 £000
Intangible assets	11		3,803		3,260
Property, plant and equipment	12		3,084		3,202
Fixed asset investments	13		185,175		185,175
		•	192,062	-	191,637
Current assets					
Trade and other receivables	14	540,356		359,334	
Current asset investments	15	1,336		2,158	
Cash and cash equivalents	16	7,403		14,757	
	•	549,095	•	376,249	
Trade and other payables	17	(647,828)		(483,753)	
Net current liabilities	•		(98,733)		(107,504)
Total assets less current liabilities		•	93,329	-	84,133
Other provisions	19		(100)		-
Net assets		-	93,229	_	84,133
Capital and reserves		•		_	
Called up share capital	20		9,983		9,983
Share premium account			57,913		57,913
Retained earnings			25,333		16,237
		-	93,229	-	84,133

The members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the 52 week period in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The Company was entitled to exemption from the requirement to have an audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006.

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on the pecember 2017.

S Teo

The notes on pages 7 to 26 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

	Called up share capital	Share premium account	Retained earnings	Total equity
	£000	£000	0003	£000
At 27 March 2016	9,983	57,913	16,237	84,133
Profit for the period	-	•	9,096	9,096
At 25 March 2017	9,983	57,913	25,333	93,229
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY				
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 28 M	MARCH 2016	Share		
	MARCH 2016 Called up	Share premium	Retained	
			Retained earnings	Total equity
	Called up	premium		Total equity £000
	Called up share capital	premium account	earnings	- •
FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 26 M	Called up share capital £000	premium account £000	earnings £000	£000

57,913

9,983

16,237

84,133

The notes on pages 7 to 26 form part of these financial statements.

At 26 March 2016

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

1. General information

The Ambassador Theatre Group Limited (the "Company") is a company incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act. Details of the Company's principal activity, registered office and directors can be found in the Strategic Report, Directors' Report and the Company Information page.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are presented in sterling, rounded to the nearest thousand, except where otherwise indicated.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

2.2 Financial reporting standard 101 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of:
 - paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
 - paragraph 73(e) of IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment,
 - paragraph 118(e) of IAS 38 Intangible Assets;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D, 111 and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
- · the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- the requirements of paragraph 17 and 18A of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member

2.3 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, details of which can be found on page 3 in the Directors' Report.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements

The Company is a parent company that is also a subsidiary included in the consolidated financial statements of its immediate parent undertaking established under the law of an EEA state and is therefore exempt from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006.

2.5 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

2.6 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The amortisation period of software is 4 years.

2.7 Property, plant and equipment

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

The estimated useful lives range as follows:

Fixtures & fittings

- 4 to 10 years

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 impairment of assets

Assets that are subject to depreciation or amortisation are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication that the assets are impaired. Where there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the carrying value of the asset (or cash-generating unit to which the asset has been allocated) is tested for impairment. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's (or CGU's) fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (CGUs). Non-financial assets that have been previously impaired are reviewed at each reporting date to assess whether there is any indication that the impairment losses recognised in prior periods may no longer exist or may have decreased.

2.9 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

2.10 Investment in shows and co-production arrangements

Investments in shows are stated at cost less provisions for any amounts which the directors do not believe are recoverable.

2.11 Trade and other receivables

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours.

2.13 Trade and other payables

Creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers.

Creditors are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.14 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

2.15 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount, Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.16 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term, unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the lessee's benefit from the use of the leased asset.

2.17 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.18 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.19 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the 52 week period in which they are incurred.

2.20 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Statement of Financial Position date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Statement of Financial Position.

2.21 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of Financial Position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.22 Research and development

In the research phase of an internal project it is not possible to demonstrate that the project will generate future economic benefits and hence all expenditure on research shall be recognised as an expense when it is incurred. Intangible assets are recognised from the development phase of a project if and only if certain specific criteria are met in order to demonstrate the asset will generate probable future economic benefits and that its cost can be reliably measured. The capitalised development costs are subsequently amortised on a straight line basis over their useful economic lives, which range from 3 to 6 years.

If it is not possible to distinguish between the research phase and the development phase of an internal project, the expenditure is treated as if it were all incurred in the research phase only.

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

There are a limited number of judgments having a material impact on these financial statements. The primary judgments are as follows:

Useful economic lives

The useful economic lives applied when depreciating assets are derived from historical experience of replacement periods from comparable assets within the wider group, and are considered appropriate. The lives are revisited where, for example, significant gains or losses on disposal are expected or experienced. Where it becomes apparent that assets' book values are materially in excess of their market value, the assets would be assessed for impairment.

Recoverability of current assets

Current assets that are outstanding significantly after their expected recovery date are reviewed for evidence of irrecoverability. Where an asset is considered wholly or partially irrecoverable, a provision is made against the book value of the relevant asset. Where sufficient evidence of recoverability exists, no such provision is made.

Recoverable amount of investments in subsidiaries

The book value of investments in subsidiaries is determined by comparing the book value, being historical purchase price, to recoverable amount, being the higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is determined by reference to forecast economic benefits expected to flow from the investment in future, and is therefore judgemental.

4. Revenue

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

5. Other operating income

	52 week period ended 25 March 2017 £000	52 week period ended 26 March 2016 £000
Management fees from subsidiaries	15,491	11,896
	15,491	11,896

The Company received £15.5m (2016: £11.9m) in management fees from its subsidiaries.

6. Operating loss

The operating loss is stated after charging:

	52 week	
	period	52 week
	ended	period ended
	25 March	26 March
	2017	2016
	£000	£000
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	486	714
Amortisation of intangible assets	1,373	1,183
Exchange differences	(4,397)	752
Staff costs (Note 7)	6,149	9,057
Operating lease payments		
- plant and machinery	•	18
- other operating leases	770	417

The Directors are not remunerated directly by the Company and are remunerated by the Company's intermediate parent company, International Entertainment Investments Ltd. It is not possible to disaggregate directors' remuneration in respect of services to the Company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

7 .	Employees		
	Staff costs were as follows:		
		52 week period ended 25 March 2017 £000	52 week period ended 26 March 2016
	Wages and salaries	5,308	7,639
	Social security costs	542	1,057
	Cost of defined contribution scheme	299	361
		6,149	9,057
	The average monthly number of employees, including the Directors, during	the period was	as follows:
		52 week period ended	52 week period ended
		period	period
	Administration	period ended 25 March 2017	period ended 26 March 2016
8.	Administration Interest receivable	period ended 25 March 2017 No.	period ended 26 March 2016 No.
8.		period ended 25 March 2017 No.	period ended 26 March 2016 No.
8.		period ended 25 March 2017 No. 146	period ended 26 March 2016 No. 157
8.		period ended 25 March 2017 No. 146 52 week period ended	period ended 26 March 2016 No. 157
8.		period ended 25 March 2017 No. 146 52 week period ended 25 March	period ended 26 March 2016 No. 157
8.		period ended 25 March 2017 No. 146 52 week period ended	period ended 26 March 2016 No. 157
8.		period ended 25 March 2017 No. 146 52 week period ended 25 March 2017	period ended 26 March 2016 No. 157 52 week period ended 26 March 2016

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

9.	Interest payable and similar charges		
		52 week period ended 25 March 2017 £000	52 week period ended 26 March 2016 £000
	Bank interest payable	744	600
	Loans from group undertakings	1,207	1,109
		1,951	1,709
10.	Taxation		
		52 week	
		period	52 week
			period ended
		25 March 2017	26 March 2016
		£000	£000
	Total current tax	•	
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	(115)	(153)
	Total deferred tax	(115)	(153)
	Taxation on loss on ordinary activities	(115)	(153)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

10. Taxation (continued)

Factors affecting tax charge for the 52 week period/period

The tax assessed for the 52 week period/period is higher than (2016: lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2016: 20%). The differences are explained below:

	52 week period ended 25 March 2017 £000	52 week period ended 26 March 2016 £000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	8,981	7,023
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2016: 20%) Effects of:	1,796	1,405
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	57	403
Capital allowances for 52 week period/period in excess of depreciation	-	179
Deferred tax	(356)	(153)
Dividends from UK companies	(4,160)	(5,356)
Prior year adjustment	241	-
Group relief	2,307	3,369
Total tax charge for the 52 week period/period	(115)	(153)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The Finance Act 2016 provides for reductions in the main rate of corporation tax from 20% to 19% effective from 1 April 2017 and to 17% from 1 April 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

11. Intangible assets

	Software
	£000
Cost	
At 27 March 2016	8,964
Additions	1,915
Disposals	(1,771)
At 25 March 2017	9,108
Amortisation	
At 27 March 2016	5,704
Charge for the year	1,373
On disposals	(1,771)
At 25 March 2017	5,306
Net book value	
At 25 March 2017	3,802
At 26 March 2016	3,260
At 25 March 2017	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

12. Property, plant and equipment

	Fixtures & fittings £000
Cost	
At 27 March 2016	6,148
Additions	368
Disposals	(825)
At 25 March 2017	5,691
Depreciation	
At 27 March 2016	2,946
Charge for the period	486
Disposals	(825)
At 25 March 2017	2,607
Net book value	
At 25 March 2017	3,084
At 26 March 2016	3,202

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

13. Fixed asset investments

	Investments in subsidiary companies £000
Cost or valuation	
At 27 March 2016	198,694
Amounts written off	(293)
At 25 March 2017	198,401
Impairment	
At 27 March 2016	13,519
Amounts written off	(293)
At 25 March 2017	13,226
Net book value	
At 25 March 2017	185,175
At 26 March 2016	185,175

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

14. Trade and other receivables	14.	Trade	and	other	receivables
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	25 March 2017 £000	26 March 2016 £000
Due after more than one year		
Amounts owed by group undertakings	49,043	42,527
Due within one year		
Trade receivables	173	1,029
Amounts owed by group undertakings	482,452	306,437
Amounts owed by joint ventures and associated undertakings	108	-
Other receivables	5,987	8,015
Prepayments and accrued income	2,010	858
Deferred taxation	583	468
	540,356	359,334

Amounts owed by group undertakings that are considered financing arrangement carry interest at 4.5% plus libor per annum. All other amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

15. Current asset investments

		25 March 2017 £000	26 March 2016 £000
	Investments in shows	1,336	2,158
		1,336	2,158
16.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		25 March 2017	26 March 2016
		£000	£000
	Cash at bank and in hand	7,403	14,757
		7,403	14,757

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

17.	Trade and other payables		
		25 March	26 March
		2017	2016
		2000	£000
	Bank loans	5,000	-
	Trade creditors	1,425	1,402
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	631,990	478,562
	Other taxation and social security	438	340
	Other creditors	838	195
	Accruals and deferred income	8,137	3,253
		647,828	483,752

Amounts owed to group undertakings that are considered financing arrangement carry interest at 4.5% plus libor per annum. All other amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

18. Deferred taxation

	2017 £000	2016 £000
At beginning of year	468	315
Charged to profit or loss	115	153
At end of year	583	468
The deferred tax asset is made up as follows:		
	25 March 2017 £000	26 March 2016 £000
Accelerated capital allowances	583	468
	583	468

The closing deferred tax liability as at 25 March 2017 has been calculated at 17% reflecting the tax rate at which the deferred tax asset is expected to be utilised in future periods.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

19. Provisions

20.

1101101010		
	D	ilapidations £000
Charged to profit or loss		100
At 25 March 2017		100
Share capital		
	25 March 2017 £000	26 March 2016 £000
Shares classified as equity	2007	2000
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
9,983.323 Ordinary shares of £1 each	9,983	9,983

21. Contingent liabilities

A corporate cross guarantee of the senior debt borrowed by International Entertainment Investments Limited exists between the Company, its parent International Entertainment Finance Limited and the majority of its subsidiary undertakings. The senior debt is secured by a debenture over the whole of the assets of International Entertainment Finance Limited and the majority of the assets of the Group.

22. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £299.000 (2016: £361,000).

Contributions totalling £81,000 (2016: £177,000) were outstanding at the balance sheet date and are included in other payables.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 26 MARCH 2017

23. Commitments under operating leases

At 25 March 2017 the Company had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	25 March	26 March
	2017	2016
	£000	£000
Not later than 1 year	738	575
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	1,657	1,292
Later than 5 years	2,070	1,260
	4,465	3,127
	=======================================	

24. Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of exemptions available under paragraph 8(k) of FRS 101 not to disclose transactions with related parties which are wholly owned members of the same group. As such, there were no related party transactions during the period requiring disclosure (52 week period ended 26 March 2016; £nil).

25. Controlling party

The Company's immediate parent company is The Ambassador Entertainment Group Limited. The ultimate UK parent company to which the Company belongs is International Entertainment Holdings Limited. The consolidated accounts of the UK parent company International Entertainment Holdings Limited are available from the company's registered office, 28 St. George Street, London, W1S 2FA.

The Company's ultimate parent company is IE Luxco S.a.r.I (Luxembourg), which is controlled by Providence Equity Partners VII-A-LP (Cayman Islands) and Providence VII Global Holdings LP (Cayman Islands), which the directors consider to be the Company's ultimate controlling parties.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

26. Listing of subsidiary entities, associates and joint ventures and investments

Subsidiaries

100% of the ordinary share capital of all subsidiaries is owned directly or indirectly unless otherwise indicated. Where indicated, shareholdings are effective ownership percentages as held by the parent.

Incorporated in United Kingdom

All subsidiaries have taken the s479a exemption from audit unless exempt from audit in any case.

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Subsidiary undertaking	% Shares held	Principal activity	
Direct investments			
ATG Entertainment Limited		Holding company	
ATG London Limited		Theatre operator	and
		ticketing agent	
ATG Management Limited		Dormant	
ATG Productions Limited		Production company	,
ATG WOTV Limited		Production company	
Aylesbury Waterside Theatre Limited		Theatre operator	
Churchill Theatre Bromley Limited		Theatre operator	
First Family Entertainment LLP		Production company	
Glasgow Theatres Limited		Theatre operator	
Highland Fling Japan Limited		Dormant	
London Turnstyle Limited		Dormant	
Milton Keynes Theatre Limited		Theatre operator	
New Wimbledon Theatre Limited		Theatre operator	
Richmond Theatre Limited		Theatre operator	
Screenstage Limited		Dormant	
Screenstage Productions Limited		Dormant	
Smart Plays Limited		Dormant	
Sonia Friedman Productions Limited		Production company	
Stoke-on-Trent Theatres Limited		Theatre operator	
The Ambassador Theatre Group (Venues) Limit		Theatre operator	
The Ambassador Theatre Group Overseas Hok	dings Limited	Holding company	
The Duke of York's Theatre Limited		Theatre operator	
The Ticket Machine Group Limited		Ticketing agency	
Theatre Royal Brighton Limited		Theatre operator	
Woking Turnstyle Limited		Theatre operator	
Indirect Investments			
G.S Lashmar Limited	90%	Dormant	
London Theatre Club Limited		Dormant	
Playhouse Theatre Limited		Theatre operator	
Savoy Theatre Group Limited		Holding company	
Savoy Theatre Holdings Limited		Dormant	
Savoy Theatre Limited		Theatre operator	
SFP Dreams Limited		Production company	
SFP Shows Limited		Production company	
SFP Sunny Limited		Production com	pany
Incorporated in USA			
Subsidiary undertaking	% Shares held	Principal activity	
ACE Theatrical Group LLC		Management Service	s
Arts Center Enterprises LLC		Theatre operator	_
Arts Center Enterprises – Brooklyn LLC		Theatre operator	
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

Arts Center Enterprises – New Orleans LLC Ambassador Theatre Group – NY LLC ATG Tickets US, LLC Hudson Theatre, LLC Kings Theatre Developer, LLC Kings Theatre Manager, LLC Hudson Theatre, LLC Lyric Theatre, LLC		Theatre operator Production company Ticketing agency Theatre operator Venue development Managing member Theatre operator Theatre operator
Majestic Presents, LLC Saenger Aggregator Leverage Lender, LLC Saenger Theatre Developer, Inc	90%	Promotions company Financing company Venue Development
Saenger Theatre Manager, LLC Saenger Theatre Partnership, Ltd SFP-NY, LLC		Managing Member Dormant Production company
Sundance Productions, Inc The Ambassador Theatre Group US Holdings, Inc	90%	Production company Holding company

Incorporated in Germany

The following subsidiaries have elected to apply the exemption available under §264, section 3 of the German Commercial Code and have not prepared and published financial statements under German GAAP because they are included as fully consolidated subsidiaries in the International Entertainment Holdings Limited group financial statements.

Subsidiary undertaking		% Shares held	Principal activity
BB Entertainment Holding GmbH			Holding company
BB Group GmbH		90%	Holding/Management services
company BB Promotion GmbH		90%	Dramations company
		90%	Promotions company Holding company
Bodyguard Verwaltungs GmbH		90%	Production company
Bodyguard Musical GmbH & Co KG ESMS GmbH		90%	Marketing services
		90%	Production company
Fandango Musical GmbH		30%	Production company
Incorporated in Australia			
Subsidiary undertaking		% Shares held	Principal activity
The Ambassador Theatre Group Asi Pty Limited	ia Pacific		Production company
Associates and Joint Venutures			
Name	Incorporated	% Shares held	Principal activity
Girl Perfect Holdings Limited	United Kingdom	50%	Production company
Girl Perfect Limited	United Kingdom	50%	Production company
HP West End Limited	United Kingdom	25%	Production company
JB UK Touring Limited	United Kingdom	0%	Production company
Priscilla Tour UK Limited	United Kingdom	0%	Production company
Saenger Theatre Redevelopment	J		• •
Company LLC	USA	20%	Venue Development
Intershow Merchandise GmbH	Germany	50%	Production company
ISM Show AG	Switzerland	50%	Production company
			• •

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 52 WEEK PERIOD ENDED 25 MARCH 2017

Other investments Name Incorporated % Shares held Principal activity Deutsche Eintrittskarten TKS GmbH 0.02% Germany Ticketing agency Cieven Investments Limited **United Kingdom** 10% Production company Kings Theatre Redevelopment USA 1.08% Company LLC Venue Development Saenger Theatre Master Tenant ЦС USA 0.01% Theatre operator

Details of all group registered offices are included in the consolidated financial statements of International Entertainment Holdings Limited.