# **Avonside Group Holdings Limited**

Directors' report and financial statements Registered number 2666866 31 December 2004

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# **Contents**

Directors' report	1
Statement of directors' responsibilities	2
Report of the independent auditors to the members of Avonside Group Holdings Limited	3
Profit and loss account	4
Balance sheet	5
Notes	6

# Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2004.

#### Principal activities

The company is an investments holding company, providing management services.

#### **Business review**

The directors consider the results for the year to be satisfactory.

#### Proposed dividend

An interim dividend of £nil (2003: £nil) was paid during the year. The directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of £nil (2003: £nil).

#### Directors and directors' interests

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

J J Walker

D M Walker (appointed 13 August 2004)

J J Walker is a director of the company's parent company, Avonside Group Limited, and his interest in the share capital of that company is disclosed in the directors' report of that company.

According to the register of directors' interests, no rights to subscribe for shares in the company were granted to any of the directors or their immediate families, or exercised by them, during the year.

#### Fixed assets

In the opinion of the directors the market value of the company's properties held as fixed assets at the end of the financial year was not materially different to their net book value.

#### Political and charitable contributions

The company made no political contributions or charitable donations during the year.

#### Auditors

In accordance with Section 384 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG LLP as auditors of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

#### **Approval**

The report of the directors was approved by the Board on 28 October 2005 and signed on its behalf by:

J J Walker Director Churchill House 47 Regent Road Stoke on Trent ST1 3RQ

# Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



### KPMG LLP

St James' Square Manchester M2 6DS United Kingdom

# Report of the independent auditors to the members of Avonside Group Holdings Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 14.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and, as described on page 2, the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and by our profession's ethical guidance.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2004 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

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KPMG LLP

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor

28 october 2005

# Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 2004

Joi the year chaca 31 December 2004			
	Note	2004 £000	2003 £000
Staff costs	3	(74)	(533)
Depreciation		-	(4)
Other operating income/(charges) (excluding excepti items)	onal	620	(18)
Exceptional items	2	74	(61)
Total operating income/(charges)		694	(79)
Management income		96	12
Operating profit/(loss)	2	716	(604)
Profit on disposal of subsidiary undertakings	18	-	4,203
Income from shares in Group undertakings		-	274
Interest receivable	5	24	258
Amounts written off investments	9	=	(56)
Interest payable	6	-	(59)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		740	4,016
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(1)	435
Retained profit for the year	14	739	4,451

The notes on pages 6 to 14 form part of these accounts.

There were no recognised gains or losses other than those reported above.

# Balance sheet at 31 December 2004

at 31 December 2004	Note	2004		2003	
		£000	£000	£000	£000
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8	16		377	
Investments	9	11,245		11,184	
		<u></u> -	11,261		11,561
Current assets			•		
Debtors	10	5,753		6,016	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,387		581	
		7,140		6,597	
	* 1	(2.228)		(2.705)	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(3,229)		(3,725)	
Net current assets			3,911		2,872
Net assets			15,172		14,433
					====
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	12		10,175		10,175
Share premium account	13		631		631
Capital redemption reserve	13		709		709
Profit and loss account	13		3,657		2,918
Equity shareholders' funds	14		15,172		14,433
			======		=====

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 28 October 2005 and were signed on its behalf by:

J J Walker
Director

#### **Notes**

#### (forming part of the financial statements)

#### 1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements except as noted below.

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standard under the historical cost convention.

#### Group accounts

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Section 228 of the Companies Act 1985 from preparing Group accounts. The results have been included in the consolidated accounts of the parent undertaking, Avonside Group Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

#### Cash flow statement

Avonside Group Holdings Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company registered in England and Wales which will publish, as part of its own accounts, a consolidated cash flow statement which complies with FRS1. Thus Avonside Group Holdings Limited has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS1 and has not presented its own cash flow statement.

#### Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided evenly on the cost of tangible fixed assets to write them down to their estimated residual values over their expected useful lives. No depreciation is provided on freehold land. The principal annual rates used for other assets are:

Freehold buildings - 2%

Fixtures, fittings and equipment - 10% to 25%

Freehold land is not depreciated.

Where there is evidence of impairment, fixed assets are written down to recoverable amounts. Any such write down would be charged to operating profit.

#### Leased assets

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the terms of the lease.

#### Post retirement benefits

Pension costs for defined contribution schemes are charged to the profit and loss account in the period for which contributions are payable.

### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred. Deferred tax is recognised without discounting in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19.

#### Investments

Investments are stated at cost less provision for impairment where necessary to reduce book value to recoverable amount. Cost is purchase price including acquisition expenses.

#### 2 Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation

Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation is arrived at after charging:	2004 £000	2003 £000
Auditors' remuneration – Audit services	5	64
Auditors' remuneration – Non- audit services	5	58
Depreciation and other amounts written off tangible fixed assets	-	4
Exceptional items	(74)	61
(Profit) on disposal of fixed assets	(419)	327
Rental income from land and buildings	(59)	-
Amounts written off investments	-	56
The exceptional items in the year comprise:-	2004	2003
	£000	£000
Onerous lease costs (Refund)/payment of guarantee	(74)	(13) 74
	(74)	61

#### 3 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, analysed by category, are as follows:

	2004 No	2003 No
Sales, finance and administration	-	2
Directors	1	1
	1	3

# 3 Staff numbers and costs (continued)

	2004 £000	2003 £000
Wages and salaries	57	471
Social security costs Pension costs	7	43
Pension costs		19
	74	533
4 Remuneration of directors	<del></del>	
. Remared and of directors	2004	2003
	£000	£000
Directors' remuneration was as follows:	2000	2000
Basic salary and fees	57	395
Pension contributions to defined contribution schemes	10	17
	67	412
	<del></del>	====
	2004	2003
The remuneration of the highest paid executive director was as follows:	£000	£000
Basic salary	57	206
Pension	10	9
	67	215
	<del></del>	

Retirement benefits are accruing to one director (2003: one) under a money purchase scheme.

No director has a material interest in any contract of significance in relation to the business of the company and its subsidiary undertakings.

#### 5 Other interest receivable and similar income

	2004 £000	2003 £000
Bank interest receivable Other	21 3	218 40
	<del></del>	
	24	258

6	Interest	payable	and	similar	charges
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interest payable and similar charges		
	2004 £000	2003 £000
On bank loan and overdrafts	_	59
On bank loan and overgrans	<del></del>	
7 Taxation		
/ Taxadou		
	2004 £000	2003 £000
UK Corporation tax		
Current tax on income for the period	-	(43)
Adjustment in respect of prior periods		(387)
Total current tax	-	(430)
Origination/reversal of timing differences	(1)	(5)
Total deferred tax (see note 10)	(1)	(5)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	(1)	(435)
Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period		
The current tax charge for the year is lower (2003: lower) than the standard rate of (30%, 2003: 30%). The differences are explained below.	of corporation tax	in the UK
	2004	2003
	£000	£000
Current tax reconciliation		
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	740	4,016
Current tax at 30% (2003: 30%)	222	1,205
Effects of:	(130)	(82)
Non taxable income  Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(129)	(82) (1,333)
Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation	1	(1,333)
Tax loss carried forward	(94)	154
Group relief surrendered for nil consideration	-	14
Prior year adjustment	-	(387)
Current tax (credit)/charge	-	(430)

# 8 Tangible fixed assets

Freehold land and buildings £000	Fixture and fittings £000	Total £000
447 (431)	46	493 (431)
16	46	62
70 (70)	46	116 (70)
	46	46
16	-	16
377	-	377
	land and buildings £000  447 (431)  16  70 (70)	land and buildings £000  447

# 9 Fixed assets investments

	Shares in group undertakings	Other investments	Total
_	000£	£000	£000
Cost			** ***
At beginning of year	21,801	200	22,001
Additions	-	61	61
At end of year	21,801	261	22,062
•	· 		<del></del>
Provisions			
At beginning and end of year	10,617	200	10,817
The organism and the or your	10,017	200	10,017
	<del></del>		_ <del></del> _
Net book value			
At 31 December 2004	11,184	61	11,245
	<del></del>		
At 1 January 2004	11,184	-	11,184

Included in other investments are £61,000 of listed investments. At 31 December 2004 the market value of these investments was £54,600.

Company	Country of incorporation	Principal activity	Interest in ordinary shares %
Avonside Houses Limited	England	Dormant	100%
Parry Homes Limited	England	Property development	100%
Avonside Holdings Limited	England	Dormant	100%
Joshua & Tom Taylor Limited	England	Dormant	100%

# 10 Debtors

	2004 £000	2003 £000
Corporation tax recoverable Amounts owed by parent company Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income Deferred tax asset	9 5,098 414 220 4 8	189 5,028 691 99
	5,753	6,016
Other debtors include £129,000 (2003: £nil) due after more than one year.		
Deferred tax	2004 £000	2003 £000
At the beginning of the year Credit/(charge) to the profit and loss account	9 (1)	5
At the end of the year	8	9
The elements of deferred tax are as follows:	2004 £000	2003 £000
Accelerated capital allowances	8	9
11 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	<del> </del>	
	2004 £000	2003 £000
Amounts owed to subsidiary undertakings Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	3,175 47 7	3,451 50 224
	3,229	3,725

#### 12 Called up share capital

2004	2003
£000	£000
14,000	14,000
14,000	14,000
<del></del>	
10,175	10,175
====	
Capital	
redemption	Profit and loss
reserve £000	Account £000
2000	2000
709	2,918
-	739
709	3,657
2004	2003
£000	£000
739	4,451
	4,451 9,982
	9,982
15.172	14,433
	739 14,433 15,172

#### 15 Commitments

There are no annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases.

## 16 Pension commitments

The company has a number of pension arrangements, all of which are now defined contribution schemes. The company has converted the residual defined benefit element of past schemes into paid up, fully funded policies or transferred cash equivalent value of those schemes into new schemes. The contributions to these schemes are provided for in the accounts of the year to which they relate. In all cases the assets are held separately from the group and the pension funds are independently managed. The total charge for the company was £9,718 (2003: £19,000).

## 17 Related party disclosures

The company has undertaken transactions with fellow subsidiaries of Avonside Group Limited.

Under the provisions of FRS8 "Related Party Disclosures" the company is exempt from disclosing the details of these transactions.

#### Screen FX Plc

Jon Walker is a director and the sole shareholder of the company's ultimate parent, Avonside Group Limited. He is also a non-executive director of Screen FX Plc with full voting rights at Board meetings.

Transactions and balances with Screen FX Plc were as follows:

	2004 £	2003 £
Purchases from Screen FX Plc	121,483	_
Amounts due from Screen FX Plc	87,121	-
	<del></del>	

#### 18 Profit on disposal of subsidiary undertakings

	2004 £000	2003 £000
Cost of investment Less: provisions	<u>-</u> -	(12,564) 13,329
	-	765
Proceeds less costs	-	4,531
Intercompany account written off	-	(1,093)
	-	4,203

# 19 Ultimate parent company

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Avonside Group Limited which is registered in England and Wales. Copies of the accounts of Avonside Group Limited can be obtained from Churchill House, 47 Regent Road, Stoke on Trent, ST1 3RQ.