Acornmain Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 31st December 2018

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HEBBLETHWAITES

Chartered Accountants 2 Westbrook Court Sharrow Vale Road Sheffield S11 8YZ

Financial Statements

Year ended 31st December 2018

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Chartered Accountants Report to the Director on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Financial Statements of Acornmain Limited

Year ended 31st December 2018

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Acornmain Limited for the year ended 31st December 2018, which comprise the statement of financial position and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at www.icaew.com/en/membership/regulations-standards-and-guidance.

This report is made solely to the director of Acornmain Limited in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 23rd August 2018. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Acornmain Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to you in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF as detailed at www.icaew.com/compilation. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Acornmain Limited and its director for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Acornmain Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Acornmain Limited. You consider that Acornmain Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Acornmain Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

HEBBLETHWAITES
Chartered Accountants

2 Westbrook Court Sharrow Vale Road Sheffield S11 8YZ

21st August 2019

Statement of Financial Position

31st December 2018

2018			2017
Note	£	£	£
5		5,626	960
6	16,715		14,201
	326,815		234,334
	343,530		248,535
7	79,782		46,051
		263,748	202,484
		269,374	203,444
		1,028	133
		268,346	203,311
	5 6	Note £ 5 6 16,715 326,815 343,530	Note £ £ 5 5,626 6 16,715 326,815 343,530 7 79,782 263,748 269,374 1,028

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 4 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31st December 2018

	2018			2017
	Note	£	£	£
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital			2	2
Profit and loss account			268,344	203,309
Shareholders funds			268,346	203,311

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31st December 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 19. fugust.. 2019, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr R Potts Director

Company registration number: 2649483

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31st December 2018

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 2 Westbrook Court, Sharrow Vale Road, Sheffield, S11 8YZ.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Commissions

The company accounts for commissions when receivable in terms of business written in the period. One aspect of the total income is in the form of Indemnity commissions which are paid to the company and which give rise to the possibility of commission clawback in cases where sums have been received and premiums are not subsequently paid by the policyholder. No provision is made for any such unquantifiable clawback.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

In the opinion of management, there are no areas of judgement or key sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant effect on the financial statements, other than those highlighted below.

Revenue recognition

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31st December 2018

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of tax currently payable and any deferred tax provision.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit can differ from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of adjustment for items that are not taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates in force at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax arises as a result of including items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the company's accounts. Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation to pay more (or less) tax at a future date, at the average tax rates that are expected to apply when the timing differences reverse, based on current tax rates and laws. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Office Furniture, Fixtures & - 25% straight line Fittings

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31st December 2018

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Impairment of fixed assets (continued)

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2017: 2).

Office

5. Tangible assets

	Οπιce Furniture, Fixtures &	
	Fittings £	Total £
Cost At 1st January 2018 Additions	31,226 6,574	31,226 6,574
At 31st December 2018	37,800	37,800
Depreciation At 1st January 2018 Charge for the year	30,266 1,908	30,266 1,908
At 31st December 2018	32,174	32,174
Carrying amount At 31st December 2018	5,626	5,626
At 31st December 2017	960	960

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31st December 2018

6. Debtors

	Other debtors	2018 £ 16,715	2017 £ 14,201
7.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Corporation tax	36,225	29,983
	Other creditors	43,557	16,068
		79,782	46,051

8. Contingencies

The company receives, as one element of its income, indemnity commission. A contingent liability therefore exists in relation to certain protection plans only, where subsequent premiums are not paid by the policyholder. Aside from any known liability in this regard in respect of which an accrual is made, no provision is made for the unquantifiable contingent liability.