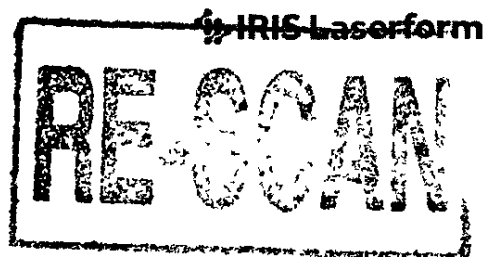


CB01

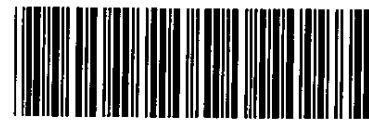
Notice of a cross border merger involving a UK registered company



✓ **What this form is for**
You may use this form
to give notice of a cross border
merger between two or more
limited companies (including a
UK registered company)

✗ **What this form is NOT for**
You cannot use this form to
give notices of a cross border me
between companies outside
European Economic Area (E

THURSDAY



LD5 *L2AEZUSO* 13/06/2013 #54
COMPANIES HOUSE

Part 1 Company details

Company number of
UK merging company 2 6 4 9 4 1 9
Company name in
full of UK merging
company CELLTECH PHARMA EUROPE LIMITED

→ **Filling in this form**
Please complete in typescript, or in
bold black capitals
All fields are mandatory unless
specified or indicated by *

Part 2 Merging companies

Please use **Section A1** and **Section B1** to fill in the details for each merging
company (including UK companies) Please use a CB01 continuation page to
enter the details of additional merging companies

A1 Merging company details ①

Full company name CELLTECH GROUP LIMITED
Registered number ② 0 2 1 5 9 2 8 2
Please enter the registered office address
Building name/number 208
Street BATH ROAD
Post town SLOUGH
County/Region BERKSHIRE
Postcode S L 1 3 W E
Country UNITED KINGDOM
Legal form
and law ③ PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES EXISTING UNDER
THE LAWS OF ENGLAND AND WALES
Member state and
registry ④ UNITED KINGDOM

- ① **Merging Company details**
Please use Section B1 to enter
the details of the second merging
company
- ② **Registered number**
Please give the registered number
as it appears in the member
state registry
- ③ **Legal entity and governing law**
Please enter the legal form and law
which applies to the company
- ④ **Member state and registry**
For non-UK companies, please enter
the name of the member state and
the name and address of the registry
where documents are kept

CB01

Notice of a cross border merger involving a UK registered company

B1**Merging company details ①**

Full company name	CHIROSCIENCE R&D LIMITED
Registered number ②	3 5 0 3 7 5 6 <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
	Please enter the registered office address
Building name/number	208
Street	BATH ROAD
Post town	SLOUGH
County/Region	BERKSHIRE
Postcode	S L 1 <input type="text"/> 3 W E <input type="text"/>
Country	UNITED KINGDOM
Legal form and law ③	PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES EXISTING UNDER THE LAWS OF ENGLAND AND WALES
Member state and registry ④	UNITED KINGDOM

- ① Merging Company details**
Please use a CB01 continuation page to enter the details of additional merging companies
- ② Registered number**
Please give the registered number as it appears in the member state registry
- ③ Legal entity and governing law**
Please enter the legal form and law which applies to the company
- ④ Member state and registry**
For non-UK companies, please enter the name of the member state and the name and address of the registry where documents are kept

Part 3**Details of meetings ⑤**

If applicable, please enter the date, time and place of every meeting summoned under regulation 11 (power of court to summon meeting of members or creditors)

Details of meeting							
Date	d ₂	d ₂	m ₀	m ₈	y ₂	y ₀	y ₁ y ₃
Time	15 00						
Place	Olswang LLP, 90 High Holborn, London, WC1V 6XX						
Details of meeting							
Date	d	d	m	m	y	y	y y
Time							
Place							
Details of meeting							
Date	d	d	m	m	y	y	y y
Time							
Place							
Details of meeting							
Date	d	d	m	m	y	y	y y
Time							
Place							

- ⑤ Details of meetings**
For additional meetings held under regulation 11, please use a CB01 continuation page

CB01

Notice of a cross border merger involving a UK registered company

Part 4 Terms of merger and court orders

C1

Terms of merger

You must either

- enclose a copy of the draft terms of merger, or,
- give details (below) of a website on which the draft terms are available ①

Website address

① Draft terms of merger on a website

In order to be able to give notice of draft terms of merger on a website, the following conditions must be met

- the website is maintained by or on behalf of the UK merging company,
- The website identifies the UK merging company,
- no fee is required to access the draft terms of merger,
- the draft terms of merger remain available on the website throughout the period beginning one month before and ending on the date of the first meeting of members

C2

Court orders

If applicable, you must enclose a copy of any court order made where the court has summoned a meeting of members or creditors

--

Part 5 Signature

D1

Signature

I am signing this form on behalf of the UK merging company

Signature

Signature

X



X

This form may be signed by a director of the UK merging company on behalf of the Board

CB01

Notice of a cross border merger involving a UK registered company



Presenter information

You do not have to give any contact information, but if you do it will help Companies House if there is a query on the form. The contact information you give will be visible to searchers of the public record.

Contact name Sam Morris

Company name OLSWANG LLP

Address 90 HIGH HOLBORN

Post town

County/Region

Postcode W C 1 V 6 X X

Country

DX 37972 Kingsway

Telephone 020 7067 3000



Important information

Please note that all information on this form will appear on the public record.



Where to send

You may return this form to any Companies House address, however for expediency we advise you to return it to the appropriate address below:

For companies registered in England and Wales:
The Registrar of Companies, Companies House,
Crown Way, Cardiff, Wales, CF14 3UZ
DX 33050 Cardiff

For companies registered in Scotland:
The Registrar of Companies, Companies House,
Fourth floor, Edinburgh Quay 2,
139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, Scotland, EH3 9FF
DX ED235 Edinburgh 1
or LP - 4 Edinburgh 2 (Legal Post)

For companies registered in Northern Ireland
The Registrar of Companies, Companies House,
Second Floor, The Linenhall, 32-38 Linenhall Street,
Belfast, Northern Ireland, BT2 8BG
DX 481 N R Belfast 1



Checklist

We may return forms completed incorrectly or with information missing.

Please make sure you have remembered the following

- ☐ The company name and number of the UK merging company match the information held on the public Register
- ☐ You have completed the details of each merging company in Part 2
- ☐ You have completed Part 3
- ☐ You have completed Part 4 and (if applicable) enclosed the relevant documents
- ☐ You have signed the form in Part 5



Further information

For further information, please see the guidance notes on the website at www.companieshouse.gov.uk or email enquiries@companieshouse.gov.uk

This form is available in an alternative format. Please visit the forms page on the website at www.companieshouse.gov.uk

CB01 - continuation page

Notice of a cross border merger involving a UK registered company

Part 2 Merging company details ①

	Please fill in the following details for each merging company (including UK companies)									
Full company name	CELLTECH JAPAN LIMITED									
Registered number ②	3	7	3	1	1	2	2			
	Please enter the registered office address									
Building name/number	208									
Street	BATH ROAD									
Post town	SLOUGH									
County/Region	BERKSHIRE									
Postcode	S	L	1		3	W	E			
Country	UNITED KINGDOM									
Legal form and law ③	PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES EXISTING UNDER									
	THE LAWS OF ENGLAND AND WALES									
Member state and registry ④	UNITED KINGDOM									

- ① **Merging company details**
Please use a separate CB01 continuation page for details of each additional merging company
- ② **Registered number**
Please give the registered number as it appears in the member state registry
- ③ **Legal entity and governing law**
Please enter the legal form and law which applies to the company
- ④ **Member state and registry**
For non-UK companies, please enter the name of the member state and the name and address of the registry where documents are kept

CB01 - continuation page

Notice of a cross border merger involving a UK registered company

Part 2

Merging company details ①

	Please fill in the following details for each merging company (including UK companies)									
Full company name	CELLTECH PHARMA EUROPE LIMITED									
Registered number ②	2	6	4	9	4	1	9			
	Please enter the registered office address									
Building name/number	208									
Street	BATH ROAD									
Post town	SLOUGH									
County/Region	BERKSHIRE									
Postcode	S	L	1		3	W	E			
Country	UNITED KINGDOM									
Legal form and law ③	PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES EXISTING UNDER									
	THE LAWS OF ENGLAND AND WALES									
Member state and registry ④	UNITED KINGDOM									

- ① **Merging company details**
Please use a separate CB01 continuation page for details of each additional merging company
- ② **Registered number**
Please give the registered number as it appears in the member state registry
- ③ **Legal entity and governing law**
Please enter the legal form and law which applies to the company
- ④ **Member state and registry**
For non-UK companies, please enter the name of the member state and the name and address of the registry where documents are kept

CB01 - continuation page

Notice of a cross border merger involving a UK registered company

Part 2

Merging company details^①

	Please fill in the following details for each merging company (including UK companies)									
Full company name	CELLTECH PHARMA IRELAND LIMITED									
Registered number ^②	2	7	4	4	2	6				
	Please enter the registered office address									
Building name/number	UNITED DRUG HOUSE									
Street	MAGNA DRIVE									
	MAGNA BUSINESS PARK, CITY ROAD WEST									
Post town	DUBLIN 24									
County/Region										
Postcode										
Country	IRELAND									
Legal form and law ^③	PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES EXISTING UNDER									
	THE LAWS OF IRELAND									
Member state and registry ^④	THE COMPANIES REGISTRATION OFFICE, PARNELL HOUSE									
	14 PARNELL SQUARE, DUBLIN 1									

- ① Merging company details**
Please use a separate CB01 continuation page for details of each additional merging company
- ② Registered number**
Please give the registered number as it appears in the member state registry
- ③ Legal entity and governing law**
Please enter the legal form and law which applies to the company
- ④ Member state and registry**
For non-UK companies, please enter the name of the member state and the name and address of the registry where documents are kept

CB01 - continuation page

Notice of a cross border merger involving a UK registered company

Part 2

Merging company details ①

	Please fill in the following details for each merging company (including UK companies)									
Full company name	CHIROSCIENCE GROUP LIMITED									
Registered number ②	2	8	3	7	8	1	6			
	Please enter the registered office address									
Building name/number	208									
Street	BATH ROAD									
Post town	SLOUGH									
County/Region	BERKSHIRE									
Postcode	S	L	1		3	W	E			
Country	UNITED KINGDOM									
Legal form and law ③	PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES EXISTING UNDER									
	THE LAWS OF ENGLAND AND WALES									
Member state and registry ④	UNITED KINGDOM									

- ① **Merging company details**
Please use a separate CB01 continuation page for details of each additional merging company
- ② **Registered number**
Please give the registered number as it appears in the member state registry
- ③ **Legal entity and governing law**
Please enter the legal form and law which applies to the company
- ④ **Member state and registry**
For non-UK companies, please enter the name of the member state and the name and address of the registry where documents are kept

CB01 - continuation page

Notice of a cross border merger involving a UK registered company

Part 2

Merging company details ①

	Please fill in the following details for each merging company (including UK companies)									
Full company name	CONFIRMANT LIMITED									
Registered number ②	4	1	7	7	2	8	6			
	Please enter the registered office address									
Building name/number	208									
Street	BATH ROAD									
Post town	SLOUGH									
County/Region	BERKSHIRE									
Postcode	S	L	1		3	W	E			
Country	UNITED KINGDOM									
Legal form and law ③	PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES EXISTING UNDER									
	THE LAWS OF ENGLAND AND WALES									
Member state and registry ④	UNITED KINGDOM									

- ① **Merging company details**
Please use a separate CB01 continuation page for details of each additional merging company
- ② **Registered number**
Please give the registered number as it appears in the member state registry
- ③ **Legal entity and governing law**
Please enter the legal form and law which applies to the company
- ④ **Member state and registry**
For non-UK companies, please enter the name of the member state and the name and address of the registry where documents are kept

CB01 - continuation page

Notice of a cross border merger involving a UK registered company

Part 2

Merging company details ①

	Please fill in the following details for each merging company (including UK companies)									
Full company name	EVANS HEALTHCARE LIMITED									
Registered number ②	2	0	2	3	2	1	5			
	Please enter the registered office address									
Building name/number	208									
Street	BATH ROAD									
Post town	SLOUGH									
County/Region	BERKSHIRE									
Postcode	S	L	1		3	W	E			
Country	UNITED KINGDOM									
Legal form and law ③	PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES EXISTING UNDER									
	THE LAWS OF ENGLAND AND WALES									
Member state and registry ④	UNITED KINGDOM									

- ① **Merging company details**
Please use a separate CB01 continuation page for details of each additional merging company
- ② **Registered number**
Please give the registered number as it appears in the member state registry
- ③ **Legal entity and governing law**
Please enter the legal form and law which applies to the company
- ④ **Member state and registry**
For non-UK companies, please enter the name of the member state and the name and address of the registry where documents are kept

CB01 - continuation page

Notice of a cross border merger involving a UK registered company

Part 2

Merging company details ①

	Please fill in the following details for each merging company (including UK companies)									
Full company name	MEDEVA LIMITED									
Registered number ②	2	0	8	6	5	3	0			
	Please enter the registered office address									
Building name/number	208									
Street	BATH ROAD									
Post town	SLOUGH									
County/Region	BERKSHIRE									
Postcode	S	L	1		3	W	E			
Country	UNITED KINGDOM									
Legal form and law ③	PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES EXISTING UNDER									
	THE LAWS OF ENGLAND AND WALES									
Member state and registry ④	UNITED KINGDOM									

- ① **Merging company details**
Please use a separate CB01 continuation page for details of each additional merging company
- ② **Registered number**
Please give the registered number as it appears in the member state registry
- ③ **Legal entity and governing law**
Please enter the legal form and law which applies to the company
- ④ **Member state and registry**
For non-UK companies, please enter the name of the member state and the name and address of the registry where documents are kept

CB01 - continuation page

Notice of a cross border merger involving a UK registered company

Part 2 Merging company details

	Please fill in the following details for each merging company (including UK companies)									
Full company name	MEDEVA INTERNATIONAL LIMITED									
Registered number	2	6	1	8	3	3	8			
	Please enter the registered office address									
Building name/number	208									
Street	BATH ROAD									
Post town	SLOUGH									
County/Region	BERKSHIRE									
Postcode	S	L	1		3	W	E			
Country	UNITED KINGDOM									
Legal form and law	PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES EXISTING UNDER									
	THE LAWS OF ENGLAND AND WALES									
Member state and registry	UNITED KINGDOM									

- 1 **Merging company details**
Please use a separate CB01 continuation page for details of each additional merging company
- 2 **Registered number**
Please give the registered number as it appears in the member state registry
- 3 **Legal entity and governing law**
Please enter the legal form and law which applies to the company
- 4 **Member state and registry**
For non-UK companies, please enter the name of the member state and the name and address of the registry where documents are kept

CB01 - continuation page

Notice of a cross border merger involving a UK registered company

Part 2 Merging company details ①

	Please fill in the following details for each merging company (including UK companies)									
Full company name	OXFORD GLYCOSCIENCES (UK) LIMITED									
Registered number ②	2	2	7	1	9	3	5			
	Please enter the registered office address									
Building name/number	208									
Street	BATH ROAD									
Post town	SLOUGH									
County/Region	BERKSHIRE									
Postcode	S	L	1		3	W	E			
Country	UNITED KINGDOM									
Legal form and law ③	PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES EXISTING UNDER									
	THE LAWS OF ENGLAND AND WALES									
Member state and registry ④	UNITED KINGDOM									

- ① **Merging company details**
Please use a separate CB01 continuation page for details of each additional merging company
- ② **Registered number**
Please give the registered number as it appears in the member state registry
- ③ **Legal entity and governing law**
Please enter the legal form and law which applies to the company
- ④ **Member state and registry**
For non-UK companies, please enter the name of the member state and the name and address of the registry where documents are kept

CB01 - continuation page

Notice of a cross border merger involving a UK registered company

Part 2 Merging company details ①

	Please fill in the following details for each merging company (including UK companies)									
Full company name	UCB WATFORD LIMITED									
Registered number ②	1	9	2	8	4	9	8			
	Please enter the registered office address									
Building name/number	208									
Street	BATH ROAD									
Post town	SLOUGH									
County/Region	BERKSHIRE									
Postcode	S	L	1		3	W	E			
Country	UNITED KINGDOM									
Legal form and law ③	PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES EXISTING UNDER									
	THE LAWS OF ENGLAND AND WALES									
Member state and registry ④	UNITED KINGDOM									

- ① **Merging company details**
Please use a separate CB01 continuation page for details of each additional merging company
- ② **Registered number**
Please give the registered number as it appears in the member state registry
- ③ **Legal entity and governing law**
Please enter the legal form and law which applies to the company
- ④ **Member state and registry**
For non-UK companies, please enter the name of the member state and the name and address of the registry where documents are kept

CB01 - continuation page

Notice of a cross border merger involving a UK registered company

Part 2 Merging company details

	Please fill in the following details for each merging company (including UK companies)									
Full company name	VIKING TRADING CO LIMITED									
Registered number	0	2	1	9	7	3	5			
	Please enter the registered office address									
Building name/number	208									
Street	BATH ROAD									
Post town	SLOUGH									
County/Region	BERKSHIRE									
Postcode	S	L	1		3	W	E			
Country	UNITED KINGDOM									
Legal form and law	PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES EXISTING UNDER									
	THE LAWS OF ENGLAND AND WALES									
Member state and registry	UNITED KINGDOM									

- 1 **Merging company details**
Please use a separate CB01 continuation page for details of each additional merging company
- 2 **Registered number**
Please give the registered number as it appears in the member state registry
- 3 **Legal entity and governing law**
Please enter the legal form and law which applies to the company
- 4 **Member state and registry**
For non-UK companies, please enter the name of the member state and the name and address of the registry where documents are kept

CB01 - continuation page

Notice of a cross border merger involving a UK registered company

Part 2 Merging company details ①

	Please fill in the following details for each merging company (including UK companies)									
Full company name	FIPAR									
Registered number ②	5	3	6	9	5	2	2			
	Please enter the registered office address									
Building name/number	208									
Street	BATH ROAD									
Post town	SLOUGH									
County/Region	BERKSHIRE									
Postcode	S	L	1		3	W	E			
Country	UNITED KINGDOM									
Legal form and law ③	PRIVATE UNLIMITED COMPANY EXISTING UNDER THE LAWS									
	OF ENGLAND AND WALES									
Member state and registry ④	UNITED KINGDOM									

- ① **Merging company details**
Please use a separate CB01 continuation page for details of each additional merging company
- ② **Registered number**
Please give the registered number as it appears in the member state registry
- ③ **Legal entity and governing law**
Please enter the legal form and law which applies to the company
- ④ **Member state and registry**
For non-UK companies, please enter the name of the member state and the name and address of the registry where documents are kept

CB01 - continuation page

Notice of a cross border merger involving a UK registered company

Part 2 Merging company details ¹

	Please fill in the following details for each merging company (including UK companies)									
Full company name	OXFORD GLYCOSCIENCES									
Registered number ²	2	7	2	3	5	2	7			
	Please enter the registered office address									
Building name/number	208									
Street	BATH ROAD									
Post town	SLOUGH									
County/Region	BERKSHIRE									
Postcode	S	L	1		3	W	E			
Country	UNITED KINGDOM									
Legal form and law ³	PRIVATE UNLIMITED COMPANY EXISTING UNDER THE LAWS									
	OF ENGLAND AND WALES									
Member state and registry ⁴	UNITED KINGDOM									

- 1 Merging company details**
Please use a separate CB01 continuation page for details of each additional merging company
- 2 Registered number**
Please give the registered number as it appears in the member state registry
- 3 Legal entry and governing law**
Please enter the legal form and law which applies to the company
- 4 Member state and registry**
For non-UK companies, please enter the name of the member state and the name and address of the registry where documents are kept

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE

No 1453 of 2013

CHANCERY DIVISION

COMPANIES COURT

REGISTRAR BARBER

14 March 2013



IN THE MATTER OF CELLTECH PHARMA EUROPE LIMITED

AND

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES (CROSS BORDER MERGERS) REGULATIONS 2007

ORDER

UPON THE APPLICATION by Part 8 Claim Form (the "**Claim Form**") of the above-named CELLTECH PHARMA EUROPE LIMITED (the "**Company**")

AND UPON HEARING Counsel for the Company

AND UPON READING the said Claim Form and the evidence

IT IS ORDERED pursuant to Regulation 13 of the Companies (Cross-Border Mergers) Regulations 2007 (the "**UK Regulations**") that the Company has permission to convene a meeting of its members such meeting to be held in accordance with its constitution or in such other manner as the Company and its sole shareholder may agree

AND, IT IS ORDERED that the Claim Form be adjourned to a date to be fixed

14 MAR 2013

No 1453 of 2013

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE
CHANCERY DIVISION
COMPANIES COURT

IN THE MATTER OF CELLTECH PHARMA
EUROPE LIMITED

AND IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES
(CROSS-BORDER MERGERS)
REGULATIONS 2007

ORDER

OLSWANG

90 High Holborn
London
WC1V 6XX

Solicitors to the Claimant

**THIS DOCUMENT COMPRISES THE DRAFT TERMS OF A PROPOSED CROSS-BORDER
MERGER BETWEEN CELLTECH GROUP LIMITED AND EACH OF THE COMPANIES LISTED
IN SCHEDULE 2 FOR THE PURPOSES OF REGULATION 7 OF THE COMPANIES (CROSS-
BORDER MERGERS) REGULATIONS 2007 AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH REGULATION 5
OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES (CROSS-BORDER MERGERS) REGULATIONS 2008**

OLSWANG

**DRAFT TERMS
OF A PROPOSED CROSS-BORDER MERGER OF
CELLTECH GROUP LIMITED
AND
EACH OF THE COMPANIES LISTED IN SCHEDULE 2**

Olswang LLP
90 High Holborn
London WC1V 6XX

T +44 (0) 20 7067 3000
F +44 (0) 20 7067 3999
DX 37972 Kingsway

Olswang LLP is regulated by the Solicitors Regulation Authority
www.olswang.com

Contents

Clause		Page
1	DEFINITIONS _____	1
2	INTRODUCTION _____	2
3	THE MERGER _____	2
4	INFORMATION ON CELLTECH _____	5
5	INFORMATION ON THE TRANSFEROR COMPANIES _____	5
SCHEDULE 1		
	Articles of Association of Celltech _____	6
SCHEDULE 2		
	The Transferor Companies	
	Part 1 _____	7
	Part 2 _____	13

1 DEFINITIONS

The following definitions apply throughout this document unless the context requires otherwise

"Celltech" means Celltech Group Limited, a UK private limited company (the Transferee Company),

"Conditions" means the conditions which must be satisfied before the Merger can become effective as more fully described in paragraph 3.7 below,

"Directive" means the Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 October 2005 on cross-border mergers of limited liability companies (2005/56/EC),

"Draft Terms of Merger" means this document,

"Effective Date" means the date specified in the Final Order on which the consequences of the Merger as set out in regulation 17(1) of the UK Regulations are to have effect,

"English Court" means the High Court of Justice of England and Wales,

"Final Order" means the order made by the English Court under regulation 16 of the UK Regulations pursuant to which the English Court approves completion of the Merger and fixes the Effective Date,

"IreCo" means Celltech Pharma Ireland Limited, an Irish private limited company and one of the Transferor Companies,

"Ireland" means the Republic of Ireland,

"Irish Court" means the High Court of Ireland,

"Irish Regulations" means the European Communities (Cross-Border Mergers) Regulations 2008,

"Merger" means the proposed cross-border merger between Celltech and each of the Transferor Companies under the relevant provisions of the UK Regulations and the Irish Regulations, pursuant to which the Transferor Companies, will transfer all of their assets and liabilities to Celltech, as the Transferee Company, and the Transferor Companies are dissolved without going into liquidation,

"Remaining Transferor Companies" means all the Transferor Companies save for the Unlimited Companies and a reference to **"Remaining Transferor Company"** is a reference to any one of them,

"Transferee Company" means the company to which assets and liabilities of each Transferor Company are to be transferred by way of a cross-border merger (Celltech),

"Transferor Companies" means the companies listed in schedule 2 whose assets and liabilities are to be transferred by way of a cross-border merger and a reference to **"Transferor Company"** is a reference to any one of them,

"UCB(I)" means UCB (Investments) Limited, a UK private limited company with registered number 1106309,

"UK" means the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland,

"UK Regulations" means the Companies (Cross-Border Mergers) Regulations 2007,

"UK Transferor Companies" means all the Transferor Companies save for IreCo,

"Unlimited Companies" means Fipar and Oxford Glycosciences (listed in part 2 of schedule 2),

"£" means pounds sterling, the lawful currency of the UK, and

"€" means the euro, the lawful currency of Ireland

2 INTRODUCTION

2 1 It has been proposed by the board of directors of Celltech and each of the Transferor Companies that a cross-border merger of Celltech and the Transferor Companies be effected pursuant to the UK Regulations and Irish Regulations which implement the Directive in the UK and Ireland respectively Further details of the terms of the Merger are set out in paragraph 3 below Further details regarding Celltech and the Transferor Companies are set out in paragraphs 4 and 5 below and schedule 2 to the Draft Terms of Merger

2 2 This document comprises the draft terms of the Merger for the purposes of regulation 7 of the UK Regulations and regulation 5 of the Irish Regulations

3 THE MERGER

Details of the Merger

3 1 The Merger is intended to be

3 1 1 for the purposes of the UK Regulations, a merger by absorption, and

3 1 2 for the purposes of the Irish Regulations, a merger by acquisition,

such that, subject to the satisfaction of the Conditions, each of the Transferor Companies will transfer all of its assets and liabilities to Celltech, as the Transferee Company and the Transferor Companies will be dissolved without going into liquidation

Share exchange ratio

3 2 At the date of this document, each of the Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of UCB(I) It is intended that Celltech will allot

shares to UCB(I) as consideration for the assets and liabilities of each Transferor Company. There will be no cash payment made in connection with the Merger.

- 3.3 Celltech will allot ordinary shares to UCB(I) for the assets and liabilities of the Transferor Companies. The share exchange ratio for each Transferor Company is set out in schedule 2.
- 3.4 UCB(I) will be entitled, with respect to its holding of the shares to be allotted pursuant to paragraph 3.3, to participate in the profits of Celltech from the Effective Date.
- 3.5 In accordance with regulation 7(4)(a) of the UK Regulations and regulation 5(4) of the Irish Regulations, no shares in the Transferee Company will be allotted to any of the Transferor Companies or the Transferee Company.
- 3.6 Neither Celltech nor any of the Transferor Companies have any shareholders who have any special rights or restrictions attached to their shares, and there are no holders of securities other than shares representing the share capital of Celltech or the Transferor Companies nor are any measures proposed and provided for concerning any such special rights or restrictions (within the meaning of regulation 7(2)(g) of the UK Regulations and regulation 5(2)(f) of the Irish Regulations).

Conditions

- 3.7 Completion of the Merger is conditional upon satisfaction of a number of requirements specified in the UK Regulations, including
 - 3.7.1 pursuant to regulation 13 of the UK Regulations, approval of these Draft Terms of Merger by a majority in number, representing 75% in value of the members present and voting either in person or by proxy at shareholder meetings for each of the UK Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company summoned under regulation 11 of the UK Regulations,
 - 3.7.2 pursuant to regulation 6 of the UK Regulations, an order having been made by the English Court that each of the UK Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company have completed properly the pre-merger acts and formalities, and
 - 3.7.3 pursuant to regulation 16 of the UK Regulations, an order having been made by the English Court approving the Merger and fixing the date on which the Merger is to become effective.

Effective Date

- 3.8 The Merger will become effective on the Effective Date when the consequences of the Merger as set out in regulation 17(1) of the UK Regulations and regulation 19(1) of the Irish Regulations, which will comprise the following, will take effect
 - 3.8.1 the assets and liabilities of the Transferor Companies will be transferred to Celltech, and

3 8 2 the Transferor Companies will be dissolved without going into liquidation

Assets and liabilities of the Transferor Companies to be transferred

- 3 9 The annual accounts for the year ended 31 December 2011 and the management accounts for the month ending 31 December 2012 have been used for preparing and determining the Draft Term of Merger for both Celltech and each of the Transferor Companies (in accordance with regulation 7(2)(l) of the UK Regulations and regulation 5(2)(k) of the Irish Regulations)
- 3 10 The date from which the transactions of each Transferor Companies are to be treated for accounting purposes as being those as Celltech is 1 January 2013 and this date is therefore to be considered the "Merger Record Date" (in accordance with regulation 7(2)(f) of the UK Regulations and regulation 5(2)(e) of the Irish Regulations)
- 3 11 The assets and liabilities have been valued at and will be transferred at their book value as at 31 December 2012 (for the purposes of regulation 7(2)(k) of the UK Regulations and regulation 5(2)(j) of the Irish Regulations)

Likely effects of the Merger on employment and employees

- 3 12 As at the date of this document, neither Celltech nor any of the Transferor Companies has any employees and there are no employee representative bodies or works councils established within either Celltech or any of the Transferor Companies. Accordingly, the Merger will have no repercussions or effects on employees or employment. On the foregoing basis, there are no procedures by which any employee participation rights are to be determined and accordingly no statements are required to be made in the Draft Terms of Merger (in accordance with and for the purposes of regulation 7(2)(j)) of the UK Regulations and regulation 5(2)(i) of the Irish Regulations))

Independent expert's report

- 3 13 The Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company are wholly owned subsidiaries of UCB(I) and UCB(I) has expressed a willingness to waive the independent expert's report on the reasonableness of the share exchange ratio referred to in regulation 9(1) of the UK Regulations and regulation 7(1) of the Irish Regulations. UCB(I) will confirm, by way of letter of waiver, that it does not require an independent expert's report

Directors' benefits

- 3 14 No amount or benefit (in cash or otherwise) or other special advantages have been or are intended to be paid, made or granted to any director of Celltech or any of the Transferor Companies or to any member of the administrative, management, supervisory or controlling organ of Celltech, any of the Transferor Companies or any independent expert, in either case, as a consequence of the Merger

4 INFORMATION ON CELLTECH

Legal form, company name and registered office

- 4 1 Celltech is a private company limited by shares incorporated and existing under the laws of England and Wales under the company name Celltech Group Limited, which has its registered office at 208 Bath Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL1 3WE and is registered with the Registrar of Companies for England and Wales under the number 2159282

Share capital

- 4 2 As at the date of this document Celltech's issued share capital comprises 287,343,586 ordinary shares of £0 50 each, all of which are registered in the name of UCB(I)

Constitutional documents of Celltech

- 4 3 The articles of association of Celltech as at the date of this document, and which will apply on the Effective Date, are set out in and attached at schedule 1

5 INFORMATION ON THE TRANSFEROR COMPANIES

Legal form, company name and registered office

- 5 1 Details on the legal form, company name and registered office for each of the Transferor Companies are set out and attached at schedule 2

Share capital

- 5 2 Details on the share capital of each of the Transferor Companies are set out and attached at schedule 2

Share exchange ratio

- 5 3 Details on the share exchange ratio for each of the Transferor Companies are set out and attached at schedule 2

The Unlimited Companies

- 5 4 It is intended that the Merger will be a merger of each of the Transferor Companies and the Transferee Company. If the English Court or the Irish Court determines that the Unlimited Companies cannot be parties to the Merger, the Merger shall take effect and these Draft Terms of Merger shall be deemed amended as follows

5 4 1 references to "Transferor Companies" or "Transferor Company" shall be deemed to refer to "Remaining Transferor Companies" or "Remaining Transferor Company", respectively, and

5 4 2 references to "schedule 2" shall be deemed to refer to "schedule 2, part 1" save for the reference to "schedule 2" in the definition of "Unlimited Companies" which shall remain unchanged

SCHEDULE 1

Articles of Association of Celltech

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

COMPANIES ACTS 2006

A PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

Of

CELLTECH GROUP LIMITED

COMPANY NUMBER 02159282

INCORPORATED 28 AUGUST 1987

CONTENTS

1. Interpretation And Limitation Of Liability
- 2 Directors
- 3 Shares And Distribution
- 4 Decision-Making By Shareholders
- 5 Administrative Arrangements

PART 1 INTERPRETATION AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

Defined terms

1. In the articles, unless the context requires otherwise—

“articles” means the company’s articles of association;

“bankruptcy” includes individual insolvency proceedings in a jurisdiction other than England and Wales or Northern Ireland which have an effect similar to that of bankruptcy,

“chairman” has the meaning given in article 14,

“chairman of the meeting” has the meaning given in article 45,

“Companies Acts” means the Companies Acts (as defined in section 2 of the Companies Act 2006), in so far as they apply to the company;

“director” means a director of the company, and includes any person occupying the position of director, by whatever name called,

“distribution recipient” has the meaning given in article 36,

“document” includes, unless otherwise specified, any document sent or supplied in electronic form;

“electronic form” has the meaning given in section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006,

“fully paid” in relation to a share, means that the nominal value and any premium to be paid to the company in respect of that share have been paid to the company,

“hard copy form” has the meaning given in section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006,

“holder” in relation to shares means the person whose name is entered in the register of members as the holder of the shares,

“instrument” means a document in hard copy form,

“ordinary resolution” has the meaning given in section 282 of the Companies Act 2006,

“paid” means paid or credited as paid,

“participate”, in relation to a directors’ meeting, has the meaning given in article 10,

“proxy notice” has the meaning given in article 51,

“shareholder” means a person who is the holder of a share,

“shares” means shares in the company,

“special resolution” has the meaning given in section 283 of the Companies Act 2006;

“subsidiary” has the meaning given in section 1159 of the Companies Act 2006;

“transmittee” means a person entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of a shareholder or otherwise by operation of law, and

“writing” means the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in electronic form or otherwise

Unless the context otherwise requires, other words or expressions contained in these articles bear the same meaning as in the Companies Act 2006 as in force on the date when these articles become binding on the company

Liability of members

The liability of the members is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares held by them

PART 2 DIRECTORS

DIRECTORS’ POWERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Directors’ general authority

3. Subject to the articles, the directors are responsible for the management of the company’s business, for which purpose they may exercise all the powers of the company

Directors’ authority to change the name of the company

4. The directors have authority to change the name of the company by means of a unanimous decisions passed in accordance with article 10

Shareholders’ reserve power

5. (1) The shareholders may, by special resolution, direct the directors to take, or refrain from taking, specified action

(2) No such special resolution invalidates anything which the directors have done before the passing of the resolution

Directors may delegate

6. (1) Subject to the articles, the directors may delegate any of the powers which are conferred on them under the articles—
 - (a) to such person or committee,
 - (b) by such means (including by power of attorney),
 - (c) to such an extent,
 - (d) in relation to such matters or territories, and
 - (e) on such terms and conditions,as they think fit

(2) If the directors so specify, any such delegation may authorise further delegation of the directors’ powers by any person to whom they are delegated

- (3) The directors may revoke any delegation in whole or part, or alter its terms and conditions

Committees

7. (1) Committees to which the directors delegate any of their powers must follow procedures which are based as far as they are applicable on those provisions of the articles which govern the taking of decisions by directors.
- (2) The directors may make rules of procedure for all or any committees, which prevail over rules derived from the articles if they are not consistent with them.

DECISION-MAKING BY DIRECTORS

Directors to take decisions collectively

8. (1) The general rule about decision-making by directors is that any decision of the directors must be either a majority decision at a meeting or a decision taken in accordance with article 10
- (2) If—
- (a) the company only has one director, and
 - (b) no provision of the articles requires it to have more than one director,
- the general rule does not apply, and the director may take decisions without regard to any of the provisions of the articles relating to directors' decision-making.

Alternates voting at directors' meetings

9. A director who is also an alternate director has an additional vote on behalf of each appointor who is—
- (a) not participating in a directors' meeting, and
 - (b) would have been entitled to vote if they were participating in it

Unanimous decisions

10. (1) A decision of the directors is taken in accordance with this article when all eligible directors indicate to each other by any means that they share a common view on a matter
- (2) Such a decision may take the form of a resolution in writing, copies of which have been signed by each eligible director or to which each eligible director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing
- (3) References in this article to eligible directors are to directors who would have been entitled to vote on the matter had it been proposed as a resolution at a directors' meeting
- (4) A decision may not be taken in accordance with this article if the eligible directors would not have formed a quorum at such a meeting

Calling a directors' meeting

11. (1) Any director may call a directors' meeting by giving notice of the meeting to the directors or by authorising the company secretary (if any) to give such notice
- (2) Notice of any directors' meeting must indicate—
- (a) its proposed date and time,
 - (b) where it is to take place, and

(c) if it is anticipated that directors participating in the meeting will not be in the same place, how it is proposed that they should communicate with each other during the meeting

(3) Notice of a directors' meeting must be given to each director, but need not be in writing

(4) Notice of a directors' meeting need not be given to directors who waive their entitlement to notice of that meeting, by giving notice to that effect to the company not more than 7 days after the date on which the meeting is held. Where such notice is given after the meeting has been held, that does not affect the validity of the meeting, or of any business conducted at it

Participation in directors' meetings

12. (1) Subject to the articles, directors participate in a directors' meeting, or part of a directors' meeting, when—

- (a) the meeting has been called and takes place in accordance with the articles, and
- (b) they can each communicate to the others any information or opinions they have on any particular item of the business of the meeting

(2) In determining whether directors are participating in a directors' meeting, it is irrelevant where any director is or how they communicate with each other

(3) If all the directors participating in a meeting are not in the same place, they may decide that the meeting is to be treated as taking place wherever any of them is.

Quorum for directors' meetings

13. (1) At a directors' meeting, unless a quorum is participating, no proposal is to be voted on, except a proposal to call another meeting

(2) The quorum for directors' meetings may be fixed from time to time by a decision of the directors, but it must never be less than two, and unless otherwise fixed it is two

(3) If the total number of directors for the time being is less than the quorum required, the directors must not take any decision other than a decision—

- (a) to appoint further directors, or
- (b) to call a general meeting so as to enable the shareholders to appoint further directors

Chairing of directors' meetings

14. (1) The directors may appoint a director to chair their meetings

(2) The person so appointed for the time being is known as the chairman

(3) The directors may terminate the chairman's appointment at any time

(4) If the chairman is not participating in a directors' meeting within ten minutes of the time at which it was to start, the participating directors must appoint one of themselves to chair it

Casting vote

15. (1) If the numbers of votes for and against a proposal are equal, the chairman or other director chairing the meeting has a casting vote

(2) But this does not apply if, in accordance with the articles, the chairman or other director is not to be counted as participating in the decision-making process for quorum or voting purposes

Conflicts of interest

16. (1) If a proposed decision of the directors is concerned with an actual or proposed transaction or arrangement with the company in which a director is in any way directly or indirectly interested, that director shall be counted as participating in the decision-making process for quorum or voting purposes provided that the relevant interest either

- (a) has been duly declared in accordance with section 177 or section 182 of the Companies Act, as the case may require, or
- (b) is not required by the terms of either of those sections to be declared

(2) So long as the relevant interest falls within article 16(1) (a) or 16(1) (b), a director who is in any way whether directly or indirectly interested in an existing or proposed transaction with the company

(a) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, in any transaction or arrangement with the company or in which the company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested,

(b) shall be entitled to vote at a meeting of directors (or of a committee of the directors) or participate in any unanimous decision, in respect of any such matter or proposed matter in which he is interested

(c) may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the company (otherwise than as auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a director, and

(d) may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to a transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate in which the company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested

17. (1) For the purposes of Section 175 of the 2006 Act, the directors may authorise any matter proposed to them in accordance with these articles which would, if not so authorised, constitute or give rise to an infringement of duty by a director under that section

(2) Authorisation of a matter under article 17(1) shall be effective only if—

(a) the matter in question shall have been proposed by any person for consideration at a meeting of the directors, in accordance with the directors' procedures, if any, for the time being relating to matters for consideration by the directors or in such other manner as the directors may approve,

(b) any requirement as to the quorum at the meeting of the directors at which the matter is considered is met without counting the director in question and any other interested director (together the "Interested Directors"), and

(c) the matter was agreed to without the Interested Directors voting or would have been agreed to if the votes of the 'Interested Directors' had not been counted

(3) Any authorisation of a matter pursuant to article 17(1) shall extend to any actual or potential conflict of interest which may reasonably be expected to arise out of the matter so authorised

(4) Any authorisation of a matter under article 17(1) shall be subject to such conditions or limitations as the directors may specify, whether at the time such authorisation is given or subsequently, and may be terminated or varied by the directors at any time. A director shall

comply with any obligations imposed on him by the directors pursuant to any such authorisation.

(5) A director shall not, by reason of his office or the fiduciary relationship thereby established, be accountable to the company for any remuneration or other benefit which derives from any matter authorised by the directors under article 17(1) and any contract, transaction or arrangement relating thereto shall not be liable to be avoided on the grounds of any such remuneration or other benefit or on the ground of the director having any interest as referred to in the said section 175

(6) A director shall be under no duty to the company with respect to any information which he obtains or has obtained otherwise than as a director or officer or employee of the company and in respect of which he owes a duty of confidentiality to another person. However, to the extent that his connection with that other person conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the company, this article 17(6) applies only if the existence of that connection has been authorised by the directors under article 17(1). In particular, the director shall not be in breach of the general duties he owes to the company by virtue of sections 171 to 177 of the 2006 Act because he fails –

- (a) to disclose any such information to the directors or to any director or other officer or employee of the company, and/or
- (b) to use any such information in performing his duties as a director or officer or employee of the company

(7) Where the existence of a director's connection with another person has been authorised by the directors under article 17(1) and his connection with that person conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the company, the director shall not be in breach of the general duties he owes to the company by virtue of sections 171 to 177 of the 2006 Act because he –

- (a) absents himself from meetings of the directors or any committee thereof at which any matter relating to the conflict of interest or possible conflict of interest will or may be discussed or from the discussion of any such matter at a meeting or otherwise, and/or
- (b) makes arrangements not to receive documents and information relating to any matter which gives rise to the conflict of interest or possible conflict of interest sent or supplied by the company and/or for such documents and information to be received and read by a professional adviser, for so long as he reasonably believes such conflict of interest (or possible conflict of interest) subsists

(8) The provisions of articles 17(6) and 17(7) are without prejudice to any equitable principle or rule of law which may excuse the director from

- (a) disclosing information, in circumstances where disclosure would otherwise be required under these articles or otherwise, or
- (b) attending meetings or discussions or receiving documents and information as referred to in article 17(7), in circumstances where such attendance or receiving such documents and information would otherwise be required under these articles

(9) For the purposes of this article, a conflict of interest includes a conflict of interest and duty and a conflict of duties

Records of decisions to be kept

18. The directors must ensure that the company keeps a record, in writing, for at least 10 years from the date of the decision recorded, of every unanimous or majority decision taken by the directors.

Directors' discretion to make further rules

19. Subject to the articles, the directors may make any rule which they think fit about how they take decisions, and about how such rules are to be recorded or communicated to directors

APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS**Methods of appointing directors**

20. (1) Any person who is willing to act as a director, and is permitted by law to do so, may be appointed to be a director—
- (a) by ordinary resolution, or
 - (b) by a decision of the directors
- (2) In any case where, as a result of death, the company has no shareholders and no directors, the personal representatives of the last shareholder to have died have the right, by notice in writing, to appoint a person to be a director
- (3) For the purposes of paragraph (2), where 2 or more shareholders die in circumstances rendering it uncertain who was the last to die, a younger shareholder is deemed to have survived an older shareholder

Termination of director's appointment

21. A person ceases to be a director as soon as—
- (a) that person ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Companies Act 2006 or is prohibited from being a director by law,
 - (b) a bankruptcy order is made against that person,
 - (c) a composition is made with that person's creditors generally in satisfaction of that person's debts,
 - (d) a registered medical practitioner who is treating that person gives a written opinion to the company stating that that person has become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a director and may remain so for more than three months,
 - (e) by reason of that person's mental health, a court makes an order which wholly or partly prevents that person from personally exercising any powers or rights which that person would otherwise have,
 - (f) notification is received by the company from the director that the director is resigning from office, and such resignation has taken effect in accordance with its terms

Directors' remuneration

22. (1) Directors may undertake any services for the company that the directors decide
- (2) Directors are entitled to such remuneration as the directors determine—
- (a) for their services to the company as directors, and
 - (b) for any other service which they undertake for the company
- (3) Subject to the articles, a director's remuneration may—
- (a) take any form, and

(b) include any arrangements in connection with the payment of a pension, allowance or gratuity, or any death, sickness or disability benefits, to or in respect of that director.

(4) Unless the directors decide otherwise, directors' remuneration accrues from day to day

(5) Unless the directors decide otherwise, directors are not accountable to the company for any remuneration which they receive as directors or other officers or employees of the company's subsidiaries or of any other body corporate in which the company is interested.

Directors' expenses

23. The company may pay any reasonable expenses which the directors properly incur in connection with their attendance at—

- (a) meetings of directors or committees of directors,
- (b) general meetings, or
- (c) separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the company, or otherwise in connection with the exercise of their powers and the discharge of their responsibilities in relation to the company

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

Appointment and removal of alternates

24. (1) Any director (the "appointor") may appoint as an alternate any other director, or any other person approved by resolution of the directors, to—

- (a) exercise that director's powers, and
- (b) carry out that director's responsibilities, in relation to the taking of decisions by the directors in the absence of the alternate's appointor

(2) Any appointment or removal of an alternate must be effected by notice in writing to the company signed by the appointor, or in any other manner approved by the directors

(3) The notice must—

- (a) identify the proposed alternate, and
- (b) in the case of a notice of appointment, contain a statement signed by the proposed alternate that the proposed alternate is willing to act as the alternate of the director giving the notice

Rights and responsibilities of alternate directors

25. (1) An alternate director has the same rights, in relation to any directors' meeting or directors' written resolution, as the alternate's appointor

(2) Except as the articles specify otherwise, alternate directors—

- (a) are deemed for all purposes to be directors,
- (b) are liable for their own acts and omissions,
- (c) are subject to the same restrictions as their appointors, and
- (d) are not deemed to be agents of or for their appointors

(3) A person who is an alternate director but not a director—

- (a) may be counted as participating for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is participating (but only if that person's appointor is not participating), and

(b) may sign a written resolution (but only if it is not signed or to be signed by that person's appointor).

No alternate may be counted as more than one director for such purposes.

(4) An alternate director is not entitled to receive any remuneration from the company for serving as an alternate director except such part of the alternate's appointor's remuneration as the appointor may direct by notice in writing made to the company.

Termination of alternate directorship

26. An alternate director's appointment as an alternate terminates—

(a) when the alternate's appointor revokes the appointment by notice to the company in writing specifying when it is to terminate,

(b) on the occurrence in relation to the alternate of any event which, if it occurred in relation to the alternate's appointor, would result in the termination of the appointor's appointment as a director,

(c) on the death of the alternate's appointor, or

(d) when the alternate's appointor's appointment as a director terminates, except that an alternate's appointment as an alternate does not terminate when the appointor retires by rotation at a general meeting and is then re-appointed as a director at the same general meeting

PART 3 SHARES AND DISTRIBUTIONS

SHARES

All shares to be fully paid up

27. (1) No share is to be issued for less than the aggregate of its nominal value and any premium to be paid to the company in consideration for its issue

(2) This does not apply to shares taken on the formation of the company by the subscribers to the company's memorandum

Power to issue different classes of share

28. (1) Subject to the articles, but without prejudice to the rights attached to any existing share, the company may issue shares with such rights or restrictions as may be determined by ordinary resolution

(2) The company may issue shares which are to be redeemed, or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the company or the holder, and the directors may determine the terms, conditions and manner of redemption of any such shares

Company not bound by less than absolute interests

29. Except as required by law, no person is to be recognised by the company as holding any share upon any trust, and except as otherwise required by law or the articles, the company is not in any way to be bound by or recognise any interest in a share other than the holder's absolute ownership of it and all the rights attaching to it

Share certificates

- 30.** (1) The company must issue each shareholder, free of charge, with one or more certificates in respect of the shares which that shareholder holds
- (2) Every certificate must specify—
- (a) in respect of how many shares, of what class, it is issued;
 - (b) the nominal value of those shares,
 - (c) that the shares are fully paid; and
 - (d) any distinguishing numbers assigned to them
- (3) No certificate may be issued in respect of shares of more than one class
- (4) If more than one person holds a share, only one certificate may be issued in respect of it
- (5) Certificates must—
- (a) have affixed to them the company's common seal, or
 - (b) be otherwise executed in accordance with the Companies Acts.

Replacement share certificates

- 31.** (1) If a certificate issued in respect of a shareholder's shares is—
- (a) damaged or defaced, or
 - (b) said to be lost, stolen or destroyed,
- that shareholder is entitled to be issued with a replacement certificate in respect of the same shares
- (2) A shareholder exercising the right to be issued with such a replacement certificate—
- (a) may at the same time exercise the right to be issued with a single certificate or separate certificates,
 - (b) must return the certificate which is to be replaced to the company if it is damaged or defaced, and
 - (c) must comply with such conditions as to evidence, indemnity and the payment of a reasonable fee as the directors decide

Share transfers

- 32.** (1) Shares may be transferred by means of an instrument of transfer in any usual form or any other form approved by the directors, which is executed by or on behalf of the transferor
- (2) No fee may be charged for registering any instrument of transfer or other document relating to or affecting the title to any share
- (3) The company may retain any instrument of transfer which is registered
- (4) The transferor remains the holder of a share until the transferee's name is entered in the register of members as holder of it
- (5) The directors may refuse to register the transfer of a share, and if they do so, the instrument of transfer must be returned to the transferee with the notice of refusal unless they suspect that the proposed transfer may be fraudulent

Transmission of shares

33. (1) If title to a share passes to a transmittee, the company may only recognise the transmittee as having any title to that share.

(2) A transmittee who produces such evidence of entitlement to shares as the directors may properly require—

(a) may, subject to the articles, choose either to become the holder of those shares or to have them transferred to another person, and

(b) subject to the articles, and pending any transfer of the shares to another person, has the same rights as the holder had

(3) But transmittees do not have the right to attend or vote at a general meeting, or agree to a proposed written resolution, in respect of shares to which they are entitled, by reason of the holder's death or bankruptcy or otherwise, unless they become the holders of those shares

Exercise of transmittees' rights

34. (1) Transmittees who wish to become the holders of shares to which they have become entitled must notify the company in writing of that wish.

(2) If the transmittee wishes to have a share transferred to another person, the transmittee must execute an instrument of transfer in respect of it.

(3) Any transfer made or executed under this article is to be treated as if it were made or executed by the person from whom the transmittee has derived rights in respect of the share, and as if the event which gave rise to the transmission had not occurred

Transmittees bound by prior notices

35. If a notice is given to a shareholder in respect of shares and a transmittee is entitled to those shares, the transmittee is bound by the notice if it was given to the shareholder before the transmittee's name has been entered in the register of members

DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS

Procedure for declaring dividends

36. (1) The company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends, and the directors may decide to pay interim dividends

(2) A dividend must not be declared unless the directors have made a recommendation as to its amount. Such a dividend must not exceed the amount recommended by the directors

(3) No dividend may be declared or paid unless it is in accordance with shareholders' respective rights

(4) Unless the shareholders' resolution to declare or directors' decision to pay a dividend, or the terms on which shares are issued, specify otherwise, it must be paid by reference to each shareholder's holding of shares on the date of the resolution or decision to declare or pay it

(5) If the company's share capital is divided into different classes, no interim dividend may be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if, at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrear

(6) The directors may pay at intervals any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment.

(7) If the directors act in good faith, they do not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on shares with deferred or non-preferred rights.

Payment of dividends and other distributions

37. (1) Where a dividend or other sum which is a distribution is payable in respect of a share, it must be paid by one or more of the following means—

- (a) transfer to a bank or building society account specified by the distribution recipient either in writing or as the directors may otherwise decide,
- (b) sending a cheque made payable to the distribution recipient by post to the distribution recipient at the distribution recipient's registered address (if the distribution recipient is a holder of the share), or (in any other case) to an address specified by the distribution recipient either in writing or as the directors may otherwise decide,
- (c) sending a cheque made payable to such person by post to such person at such address as the distribution recipient has specified either in writing or as the directors may otherwise decide, or
- (d) any other means of payment as the directors agree with the distribution recipient either in writing or by such other means as the directors decide

(2) In the articles, "the distribution recipient" means, in respect of a share in respect of which a dividend or other sum is payable—

- (a) the holder of the share, or
- (b) if the share has two or more joint holders, whichever of them is named first in the register of members, or
- (c) if the holder is no longer entitled to the share by reason of death or bankruptcy, or otherwise by operation of law, the transmittee

No interest on distributions

38. The company may not pay interest on any dividend or other sum payable in respect of a share unless otherwise provided by—

- (a) the terms on which the share was issued, or
- (b) the provisions of another agreement between the holder of that share and the company

Unclaimed distributions

39. (1) All dividends or other sums which are—

- (a) payable in respect of shares, and
 - (b) unclaimed after having been declared or become payable,
- may be invested or otherwise made use of by the directors for the benefit of the company until claimed

(2) The payment of any such dividend or other sum into a separate account does not make the company a trustee in respect of it

(3) If—

- (a) twelve years have passed from the date on which a dividend or other sum became due for payment, and

(b) the distribution recipient has not claimed it,
the distribution recipient is no longer entitled to that dividend or other sum and it ceases to remain owing by the company.

Non-cash distributions

40. (1) Subject to the terms of issue of the share in question, the company may, by ordinary resolution on the recommendation of the directors, decide to pay all or part of a dividend or other distribution payable in respect of a share by transferring non-cash assets of equivalent value (including, without limitation, shares or other securities in any company)

(2) For the purposes of paying a non-cash distribution, the directors may make whatever arrangements they think fit, including, where any difficulty arises regarding the distribution—

- (a) fixing the value of any assets,
- (b) paying cash to any distribution recipient on the basis of that value in order to adjust the rights of recipients, and
- (c) vesting any assets in trustees.

Waiver of distributions

41. Distribution recipients may waive their entitlement to a dividend or other distribution payable in respect of a share by giving the company notice in writing to that effect, but if—

- (a) the share has more than one holder, or
 - (b) more than one person is entitled to the share, whether by reason of the death or bankruptcy of one or more joint holders, or otherwise,
- the notice is not effective unless it is expressed to be given, and signed, by all the holders or persons otherwise entitled to the share

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

Authority to capitalise and appropriation of capitalised sums

42. (1) Subject to the articles, the directors may, if they are so authorised by an ordinary resolution—

- (a) decide to capitalise any profits of the company (whether or not they are available for distribution) which are not required for paying a preferential dividend, or any sum standing to the credit of the company's share premium account or capital redemption reserve, and
- (b) appropriate any sum which they so decide to capitalise (a "capitalised sum") to the persons who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend (the "persons entitled") and in the same proportions

(2) Capitalised sums must be applied—

- (a) on behalf of the persons entitled, and
- (b) in the same proportions as a dividend would have been distributed to them

(3) Any capitalised sum may be applied in paying up new shares of a nominal amount equal to the capitalised sum which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct

(4) A capitalised sum which was appropriated from profits available for distribution may be applied in paying up new debentures of the company which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct

- (5) Subject to the articles the directors may—
- (a) apply capitalised sums in accordance with paragraphs (3) and (4) partly in one way and partly in another;
 - (b) make such arrangements as they think fit to deal with shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions under this article (including the issuing of fractional certificates or the making of cash payments); and
 - (c) authorise any person to enter into an agreement with the company on behalf of all the persons entitled which is binding on them in respect of the allotment of shares and debentures to them under this article

PART 4 DECISION-MAKING BY SHAREHOLDERS

ORGANISATION OF GENERAL MEETINGS

Attendance and speaking at general meetings

3. (1) A person is able to exercise the right to speak at a general meeting when that person is in a position to communicate to all those attending the meeting, during the meeting, any information or opinions which that person has on the business of the meeting
- (2) A person is able to exercise the right to vote at a general meeting when—
- (a) that person is able to vote, during the meeting, on resolutions put to the vote at the meeting, and
 - (b) that person's vote can be taken into account in determining whether or not such resolutions are passed at the same time as the votes of all the other persons attending the meeting
- (3) The directors may make whatever arrangements they consider appropriate to enable those attending a general meeting to exercise their rights to speak or vote at it
- (4) In determining attendance at a general meeting, it is immaterial whether any two or more members attending it are in the same place as each other
- (5) Two or more persons who are not in the same place as each other attend a general meeting if their circumstances are such that if they have (or were to have) rights to speak and vote at that meeting, they are (or would be) able to exercise them

Quorum for general meetings

44. (1) No business other than the appointment of the chairman of the meeting is to be transacted at a general meeting if the persons attending it do not constitute a quorum
- (2) If and for so long as the company has one member only, one member entitled to vote on the business to be transacted, who is present at a general meeting in person or by one or more proxies or, in the event that the member is a corporation, by one or more corporate representatives, is a quorum
- (3) If and for so long as the company has two or more members, two members, each of whom is entitled to vote on the business to be transacted and is present at a general meeting in person or by one or more proxies or, in the event that any member present is a corporation, by one or more corporate representatives, are a quorum

Chairing general meetings

45. (1) If the directors have appointed a chairman, the chairman shall chair general meetings if present and willing to do so
- (2) If the directors have not appointed a chairman, or if the chairman is unwilling to chair the meeting or is not present within ten minutes of the time at which a meeting was due to start—
- (a) the directors present, or
 - (b) (if no directors are present), the meeting,
- must appoint a director or shareholder to chair the meeting, and the appointment of the chairman of the meeting must be the first business of the meeting
- (3) The person chairing a meeting in accordance with this article is referred to as “the chairman of the meeting”

Attendance and speaking by directors and non-shareholders

46. (1) Directors may attend and speak at general meetings, whether or not they are shareholders
- (2) The chairman of the meeting may permit other persons who are not—
- (a) shareholders of the company, or
 - (b) otherwise entitled to exercise the rights of shareholders in relation to general meetings,
- to attend and speak at a general meeting

Adjournment

47. (1) If the persons attending a general meeting within half an hour of the time at which the meeting was due to start do not constitute a quorum, or if during a meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the chairman of the meeting must adjourn it
- (2) The chairman of the meeting may adjourn a general meeting at which a quorum is present if—
- (a) the meeting consents to an adjournment, or
 - (b) it appears to the chairman of the meeting that an adjournment is necessary to protect the safety of any person attending the meeting or ensure that the business of the meeting is conducted in an orderly manner
- (3) The chairman of the meeting must adjourn a general meeting if directed to do so by the meeting
- (4) When adjourning a general meeting, the chairman of the meeting must—
- (a) either specify the time and place to which it is adjourned or state that it is to continue at a time and place to be fixed by the directors, and
 - (b) have regard to any directions as to the time and place of any adjournment which have been given by the meeting
- (5) If the continuation of an adjourned meeting is to take place more than 14 days after it was adjourned, the company must give at least 7 clear days’ notice of it (that is, excluding the day of the adjourned meeting and the day on which the notice is given)—
- (a) to the same persons to whom notice of the company’s general meetings is required to be given, and
 - (b) containing the same information which such notice is required to contain

(6) No business may be transacted at an adjourned general meeting which could not properly have been transacted at the meeting if the adjournment had not taken place.

VOTING AT GENERAL MEETINGS

Voting: general

48. A resolution put to the vote of a general meeting must be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is duly demanded in accordance with the articles

Errors and disputes

49. (1) No objection may be raised to the qualification of any person voting at a general meeting except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting is valid

(2) Any such objection must be referred to the chairman of the meeting, whose decision is final

Poll votes

50. (1) A poll on a resolution may be demanded—

- (a) in advance of the general meeting where it is to be put to the vote, or
- (b) at a general meeting, either before a show of hands on that resolution or immediately after the result of a show of hands on that resolution is declared

(2) A poll may be demanded by—

- (a) the chairman of the meeting,
- (b) the directors,
- (c) two or more persons having the right to vote on the resolution, or
- (d) a person or persons representing not less than one tenth of the total voting rights of all the shareholders having the right to vote on the resolution

(3) A demand for a poll may be withdrawn if—

- (a) the poll has not yet been taken, and
- (b) the chairman of the meeting consents to the withdrawal

(4) Polls must be taken immediately and in such manner as the chairman of the meeting directs

Content of proxy notices

51. (1) Proxies may only validly be appointed by a notice in writing (a “proxy notice”) which—

- (a) states the name and address of the shareholder appointing the proxy,
- (b) identifies the person appointed to be that shareholder’s proxy and the general meeting in relation to which that person is appointed,
- (c) is signed by or on behalf of the shareholder appointing the proxy, or is authenticated in such manner as the directors may determine, and
- (d) is delivered to the company in accordance with the articles and any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting to which they relate

(2) The company may require proxy notices to be delivered in a particular form, and may specify different forms for different purposes

(3) Proxy notices may specify how the proxy appointed under them is to vote (or that the proxy is to abstain from voting) on one or more resolutions

- (4) Unless a proxy notice indicates otherwise, it must be treated as—
- (a) allowing the person appointed under it as a proxy discretion as to how to vote on any ancillary or procedural resolutions put to the meeting, and
 - (b) appointing that person as a proxy in relation to any adjournment of the general meeting to which it relates as well as the meeting itself.

Delivery of proxy notices

52. (1) A person who is entitled to attend, speak or vote (either on a show of hands or on a poll) at a general meeting remains so entitled in respect of that meeting or any adjournment of it, even though a valid proxy notice has been delivered to the company by or on behalf of that person
- (2) An appointment under a proxy notice may be revoked by delivering to the company a notice in writing given by or on behalf of the person by whom or on whose behalf the proxy notice was given
- (3) A notice revoking a proxy appointment only takes effect if it is delivered before the start of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates
- (4) If a proxy notice is not executed by the person appointing the proxy, it must be accompanied by written evidence of the authority of the person who executed it to execute it on the appointor's behalf

Amendments to resolutions

53. (1) An ordinary resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by ordinary resolution if—
- (a) notice of the proposed amendment is given to the company in writing by a person entitled to vote at the general meeting at which it is to be proposed not less than 48 hours before the meeting is to take place (or such later time as the chairman of the meeting may determine), and
 - (b) the proposed amendment does not, in the reasonable opinion of the chairman of the meeting, materially alter the scope of the resolution
- (2) A special resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by ordinary resolution, if—
- (a) the chairman of the meeting proposes the amendment at the general meeting at which the resolution is to be proposed, and
 - (b) the amendment does not go beyond what is necessary to correct a grammatical or other non-substantive error in the resolution
- (3) If the chairman of the meeting, acting in good faith, wrongly decides that an amendment to a resolution is out of order, the chairman's error does not invalidate the vote on that resolution

PART 5 ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS

Means of communication to be used

54. (1) Subject to the articles, anything sent or supplied by or to the company under the articles may be sent or supplied in any way in which the Companies Act 2006 provides for documents or

information which are authorised or required by any provision of that Act to be sent or supplied by or to the company.

(2) Subject to the articles, any notice or document to be sent or supplied to a director in connection with the taking of decisions by directors may also be sent or supplied by the means by which that director has asked to be sent or supplied with such notices or documents for the time being.

(3) A director may agree with the company that notices or documents sent to that director in a particular way are to be deemed to have been received within a specified time of their being sent, and for the specified time to be less than 48 hours

Company seals

55. (1) Any common seal may only be used by the authority of the directors

(2) The directors may decide by what means and in what form any common seal is to be used

(3) Unless otherwise decided by the directors, if the company has a common seal and it is affixed to a document, the document must also be signed by at least one authorised person in the presence of a witness who attests the signature

(4) For the purposes of this article, an authorised person is—

(a) any director of the company;

(b) the company secretary (if any), or

(c) any person authorised by the directors for the purpose of signing documents to which the common seal is applied

No right to inspect accounts and other records

56. Except as provided by law or authorised by the directors or an ordinary resolution of the company, no person is entitled to inspect any of the company's accounting or other records or documents merely by virtue of being a shareholder

Provision for employees on cessation of business

7. The directors may decide to make provision for the benefit of persons employed or formerly employed by the company or any of its subsidiaries (other than a director or former director or shadow director) in connection with the cessation or transfer to any person of the whole or part of the undertaking of the company or that subsidiary

DIRECTORS' INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE

Indemnity

58. (1) Subject to paragraph (2), a relevant director of the company or an associated company may be indemnified out of the company's assets against—

(a) any liability incurred by that director in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the company or an associated company,

(b) any liability incurred by that director in connection with the activities of the company or an associated company in its capacity as a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined in section 235(6) of the Companies Act 2006),

(c) any other liability incurred by that director as an officer of the company or an associated company

(2) This article does not authorise any indemnity which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Companies Acts or by any other provision of law.

(3) In this article—

(a) companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate, and

(b) a “relevant director” means any director or former director of the company or an associated company.

Insurance

59. (1) The directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the company, for the benefit of any relevant director in respect of any relevant loss

(2) In this article—

(a) a “relevant director” means any director or former director of the company or an associated company,

(b) a “relevant loss” means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant director in connection with that director’s duties or powers in relation to the company, any associated company or any pension fund or employees’ share scheme of the company or associated company, and

(c) companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate

SCHEDULE 2

The Transferor Companies

Part 1

Chiroscience R&D Limited

Name	Chiroscience R&D Limited
Registered number.	3503756
Legal form and law by which it is governed:	Private company limited by shares existing under the laws of England and Wales
Registered office.	208 Bath Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL1 3WE
Issued share capital:	2 ordinary shares of £1 each
Share exchange ratio.	100 ordinary shares in the capital of Celltech for all of the shares held by the members of Chiroscience R&D Limited

Medeva Limited

Name	Medeva Limited
Registered number:	2086530
Legal form and law by which it is governed:	Private company limited by shares existing under the laws of England and Wales
Registered office:	208 Bath Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL1 3WE
Issued share capital:	359,018,045 ordinary shares of £0.10 each
Share exchange ratio:	100 ordinary shares in the capital of Celltech for all of the shares held by the members of Medeva Limited

Celltech Japan Limited

Name	Celltech Japan Limited
Registered number:	3731122
Legal form and law by which it is governed:	Private company limited by shares existing under the laws of England and Wales
Registered office:	208 Bath Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL1 3WE
Issued share capital:	2 ordinary shares of £1 each
Share exchange ratio:	100 ordinary shares in the capital of Celltech for all of the shares held by the members of Celltech Japan Limited

Chiroscience Group Limited

Name	Chiroscience Group Limited
Registered number:	2837816
Legal form and law by which it is governed:	Private company limited by shares existing under the laws of England and Wales
Registered office:	208 Bath Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL1 3WE
Issued share capital	115,537,657 preferred ordinary shares of £0.10 each
Share exchange ratio:	100 ordinary shares in the capital of Celltech for all of the shares held by the members of Chiroscience Group Limited

Oxford Glycosciences (UK) Limited

Name	Oxford Glycosciences (UK) Limited
Registered number:	2271935
Legal form and law by which it is governed:	Private company limited by shares existing under the laws of England and Wales
Registered office:	208 Bath Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL1 3WE
Issued share capital:	4,252,854 ordinary shares of £0.01 each
Share exchange ratio:	100 ordinary shares in the capital of Celltech for all of the shares held by the members of Oxford Glycosciences (UK) Limited

Confirmant Limited

Name	Confirmant Limited
Registered number:	4177286
Legal form and law by which it is governed:	Private company limited by shares existing under the laws of England and Wales
Registered office	208 Bath Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL1 3WE
Issued share capital:	30,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each
Share exchange ratio:	100 ordinary shares in the capital of Celltech for all of the shares held by the members of Confirmant Limited

Medeva International Limited

Name	Medeva International Limited
Registered number	2618338
Legal form and law by which it is governed	Private company limited by shares existing under the laws of England and Wales
Registered office:	208 Bath Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL1 3WE
Issued share capital:	16,860,696 ordinary shares of £0 10 each
Share exchange ratio:	100 ordinary shares in the capital of Celltech for all of the shares held by the members of Medeva International Limited

Evans Healthcare Limited

Name	Evans Healthcare Limited
Registered number:	2023215
Legal form and law by which it is governed:	Private company limited by shares existing under the laws of England and Wales
Registered office:	208 Bath Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL1 3WE
Issued share capital:	13, 041,640 ordinary shares of £0 10 each
Share exchange ratio.	100 ordinary shares in the capital of Celltech for all of the shares held by the members of Evans Healthcare Limited

Celltech Pharma Europe Limited

Name	Celltech Pharma Europe Limited
Registered number.	2649419
Legal form and law by which it is governed.	Private company limited by shares existing under the laws of England and Wales
Registered office:	208 Bath Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL1 3WE
Issued share capital:	33,655,892 ordinary shares of £1 each
Share exchange ratio:	100 ordinary shares in the capital of Celltech for all of the shares held by the members of Celltech Pharma Europe Limited

UCB Watford Limited

Name	UCB Watford Limited
Registered number.	1928498
Legal form and law by which it is governed:	Private company limited by shares existing under the laws of England and Wales
Registered office:	208 Bath Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL1 3WE
Issued share capital:	300,100 ordinary shares of £1 each and 1,200,000 redeemable cumulative preference shares of £1 each
Share exchange ratio:	100 ordinary shares in the capital of Celltech for all of the shares held by the members of UCB Watford Limited

Viking Trading Co. Limited

Name	Viking Trading Co Limited
Registered number.	219735
Legal form and law by which it is governed.	Private company limited by shares existing under the laws of England and Wales
Registered office.	208 Bath Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL1 3WE
Issued share capital:	7,723,175 ordinary shares of £1 each and 11,976,524 cumulative preference shares of £1 each
Share exchange ratio:	100 ordinary shares in the capital of Celltech for all of the shares held by the members of Viking Trading Co Limited

Celltech Pharma Ireland Limited

Name	Celltech Pharma Ireland Limited
Registered number	274426
Legal form and law by which it is governed.	Private company limited by shares existing under the laws of Ireland
Registered office:	United Drug House, Magna Drive, Magna Business Park, City Road West, Dublin 24, Ireland
Register in which it is entered (including details of the relevant State):	The Companies Registration Office (Ireland)
Issued share capital:	260,363,103 ordinary shares of US\$1 each
Share exchange ratio:	100 ordinary shares in the capital of Celltech for all of the shares held by the members of Celltech Pharma Ireland Limited

Part 2

Oxford Glycosciences

Name	Oxford Glycosciences
Registered number:	2723527
Legal form and law by which it is governed:	Private unlimited company existing under the laws of England and Wales
Registered office:	208 Bath Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL1 3WE
Issued share capital:	56,862,894 ordinary shares of £0.05 each
Share exchange ratio:	100 ordinary shares in the capital of Celltech for all of the shares held by the members of Oxford Glycosciences

Fipar

Name	Fipar
Registered number:	5369522
Legal form and law by which it is governed:	Private unlimited company existing under the laws of England and Wales
Registered office:	208 Bath Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL1 3WE
Issued share capital:	1,000,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each
Share exchange ratio:	100 ordinary shares in the capital of Celltech for all of the shares held by the members of Fipar