Report and Accounts

For the year ended 31 December 2010

Company Registration No. 2644277



LD2

Metro Radio Limited Index to the report and accounts For the year ended 31 December 2010

Page	
1	Directors, officers and auditor
2-3	Directors' Report
4	Independent Auditor's Report
5	Profit and Loss Account
6	Balance Sheet
7-12	Notes to the Accounts

Metro Radio Limited Directors, officers and auditor

Directors

D A Ford

G White

Company secretary

Bauer Group Secretariat Limited

Auditor

Grant Thornton UK LLP Registered Auditor Chartered Accountants Grant Thornton House

Melton Street Euston Square London NW1 2EP

Registered office

1 Lincoln Court Lincoln Road Peterborough PE1 2RF

Company number

2644277

Directors' Report

For the year ended 31 December 2010

The directors submit their report and the accounts for the year ended 31 December 2010

Principal activities and future developments

Metro Radio Limited ("the Company") is engaged in the operation of independent radio services in the Tyne and Wear area under licence from Ofcom

Metro Radio is an iconic, heritage radio station with a unique personality and deep resonance in its market. Through its 'local first' strategy, it champions its local community and delivers highly relevant programming which unities listeners in the place they live

While many in the industry are trending toward national networked programming, the Company intends to continue to invest in locally relevant programming for the communities it serves and in personalised interaction with its listeners. We believe this helps achieve standout in the marketplace and ultimately drives success.

Strong cost management across all areas of the business also contributed to our solid business performance

No change in the nature of the Company's activities is anticipated to occur in the future

Review of the business

The directors are satisfied with the Company's audience performance in its highly competitive marketplace. Following a difficult general economic environment prevailing in 2009, profit has recovered well in 2010.

The results for the Company show a pre-tax profit for the year of £2,013,000 (2009 £1,799,000) and turnover of £6,760,000 (2009 £7,072,000) An interim dividend of £8,600,000 was paid during the year (2009 £nil) The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2009 £nil)

Post balance sheet events

On 1 April 2011, the Company brought its company secretariat in house, and changed its registered office to 1 Lincoln Court, Lincoln Road, Peterborough PE1 2RF

Principal risks and uncertainties

The Company, along with other businesses in the advertising sector, is exposed to any fluctuations in advertising market as a part of any wider economic downturn. Other key risks include a loss of key personnel and increased competition in the marketplace.

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade debtors. Credit risk is managed by obtaining prepayments from new customers, and running credit checks on existing customers. Liquidity and cashflow risks are managed through support from the Company's parent.

The Company is required to comply with the terms of its broadcast licence. The Company mitigates the risk of non-compliance through the work of a compliance officer and by regular training of on and off-air personnel.

Key performance indicators ("KPIs")

The Company uses a range of performance measures to monitor and manage the business effectively. These are both financial and non-financial. Key financial performance indicators are turnover (as shown above) and EBITDA on continuing operations. The key non-financial performance indicators include the number of staff employed by the Company (note 4) and measurements of audience, as published by RAJAR on a quarterly basis.

One of the key financial performance indicators is set out below

	2010	2009
	<u>£,000</u>	£'000
ЕВІТОА	2,156	2,014

Directors

The current directors are shown on page 1 The directors who held office during the year are given below

D A Ford G White

Insurance of directors

Directors' and Officers' hability insurance has been maintained by Bauer Radio (Holdings) Limited for the year

Directors' Report For the year ended 31 December 2010

Employees

The directors attach great importance to keeping staff fully informed of the Company's financial progress to involve them as much as possible in the activities of the Company Information is communicated through Bauer's Intranet - Planet Bauer - and periodic discussions take place to keep people informed and seek out their ideas and opinions

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period

In preparing these financial statements the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities

In so far as the directors are aware

- there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions

Auditors

BDO LLP resigned as auditors of the Company during the year and Grant Thornton UK LLP, were appointed as auditors by the directors to fill a vacancy in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006

Grant Thornton UK LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office. The Company has elected under section 487 of the Companies Act 2006 not to re-appoint auditors annually Therefore the auditors, Grant Thornton UK LLP, are deemed to be re-appointed for the next financial year

Approved by the board of directors on 30 June, 2011

dan duto

G White Director

Metro Radio Limited Independent Auditor's Report For the year ended 31 December 2010

Independent auditor's report to the members of Metro Radio Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Metro Radio Limited for the year ended 31 December 2010 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (United Kingdom and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www frc org uk/apb/scope/private cfm

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Grant Thornton UK UP

Richard Hagley
Senior Statutory Auditor
For and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP
Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants
London

Metro Radio Limited Profit and Loss Account For the year ended 31 December 2010

For the year ended of pecomos: 2020	Notes	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Turnover	2	6,760	7,072
Cost of sales		(972)	(1,250)
Gross profit		5,788	5,822
Administrative expenses		(3,825)	(4,128)
Operating profit	3	1,963	1,694
Interest receivable		50	105
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		2,013	1,799
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	(570)	(520)
Profit for the year	13	1,443	1,279

The above results relate to continuing operations

The Company has no recognised gains and losses other than those included above and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented

There is no difference between the reported profits and historical cost profits on ordinary activities before taxation for both periods being reported

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form part of these accounts

Company Registration No. 2644277

Balance Sheet

At 31 December 2010

2009 2010 Notes £'000 £'000 Fixed assets 7 206 14 Tangible assets **Current assets** 9,693 8 3,000 **Debtors** Cash at bank and in hand 9,695 3,002 9 (724)(452)Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2,278 9,243 Net current assets

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on June, 2011

La Calut

G White Director

Net assets

Capital and reserves

Called up share capital

Profit and loss account

Total shareholders' funds

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form part of these accounts

2,292

420

1,872

2,292

11

12

13

9,449

420

9,029

9,449

Notes to the accounts For the year ended 31 December 2010

Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

These accounts have been prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom. The directors, in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard 18, "Accounting Policies" ("FRS 18"), confirm that the accounting policies used by the Company are the most appropriate, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

A summary of the accounting policies is set out below

Depreciation

The cost of tangible fixed assets less estimated residual value on disposal is written down evenly over their expected useful lives as follows

Office equipment and vehicles

- 3 to 5 years

Dividends payable

Dividend distributions to the Company's shareholders are recognised as a liability either in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or, in the case of interim dividends when the dividend is paid

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date, where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date

A net deferred tax asset is recognised as recoverable only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits against which to recover carried forward tax losses and from which the future reversal of underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis

Leasing

Rental costs under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account in equal annual amounts over the period of the

Pensions

The Bauer group, of which the Company is a subsidiary, operates a defined contribution pension scheme provided by Scottish Widows known as Bauer Consumer Media Pension scheme for all eligible staff across the Group The costs of this pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable

Cash flow statement and related party disclosures

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Heinrich Bauer Verlag Beteiligungs GmbH and is included in the consolidated financial statements of Heinrich Bauer Verlag Beteiligungs GmbH, which are publicly available. Consequently, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cash flow statement under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 1 "Cash Flow Statements" (revised 1996). The Company is also exempt under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 8 "Related Party Transactions" from disclosing related party transactions with entities that are part of the Heinrich Bauer Verlag Beteiligungs GmbH group as it is a wholly owned subsidiary and included within the consolidated accounts of Heinrich Bauer Verlag Beteiligungs GmbH, which are publicly available

Notes to the accounts

For the year ended 31 December 2010

2 Turnover

Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to a third party, or for services provided, at the point when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration and represents amounts receivable for services and goods provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts, custom duties and sales taxes

Radio advertising revenue is recognised on the date of broadcast

The Company takes part in barter advertising deals the value of which are included in both turnover and cost of sales. The value of these transactions in the year amounted to £25,496 (2009 £nil)

All turnover is derived from within the United Kingdom

3 Operating profit

(a) This is stated after charging

	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets Operating lease rentals - plant and machinery - other	193 61 133	320 63 132

Fees for the audit of the Company were borne by a fellow group undertaking, Bauer Radio Limited, for both years and have not been recharged

There were no fees paid to the Company's auditor, Grant Thornton UK LLP, for any non audit services to the Company (2009 BDO LLP £nil)

Some operating leases refer to car leases and there are no commitments at the year end for future rentals

(b) Directors' emoluments

None of the directors received any payment for their services as directors of the Company (2009 £mil)

4 Staff costs

(a) Costs

Costs	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	947 94 25	1,381 145 38
	1,066	1,564

(b) Pension costs

Defined contribution plan

The Company has participated in a defined contribution pension scheme, the Bauer Consumer Media Pension Scheme operated by Scottish Widows The pension charge represents contributions due from the employer and during the year it amounted to £25,354 (2009 £37,869)

(c) Employees

The average monthly number of persons employed by the Company in the UK during the year was 31 (2009 39)

Notes to the accounts

For the year ended 31 December 2010

5 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

Tax on profit on ordinary activities	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Corporation tax at 28% Corporation tax prior year adjustments	596 (8)	580 (6)
Total current tax	588	574
Deferred tax - current year Deferred tax - prior year	(23) 5	(62) 8
Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	570	520

The tax assessed for the year is higher (2009 higher) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference between tax as per the financial statements and tax at the UK nominal rate is explained below

	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Profit before tax	2,013	1,799
Tax charge at 28% Expenses not eligible for tax deduction Corporation tax prior year adjustments Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	564 7 (8) 25	504 14 (6) 62
Tax charge for the current year	588	574

A number of changes to the UK Corporation Tax system were announced in the June 2010 Budget Statement The Finance (No 2) Act 2010, which was substantively enacted on 20 July 2010, included legislation reducing the main rate of corporation tax from 28% to 27% with effect from 1 April 2011 Following the March 2011 Budget Statement, a resolution was passed by Parliament on 29 March 2011 that has now reduced the main rate of corporation tax to 26% from 1 April 2011 Finance (No 2) Act 2010 was substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and therefore the deferred tax balances have been remeasured at the 27% tax rate. The changes announced in the March 2011 Budget Statement were not substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and are therefore not included in these financial statements, however the effect of recognising deferred tax at the reduced 26% rate would be to reduce the deferred tax asset provided at the balance sheet date by £3,000 The Finance Act in 2011 is expected to include legislation that will reduce the main rate of corporation tax to 25% from 1 April 2012. The Act is also expected to include measures to reduce the rate of writing down allowances on the main pool of plant and machinery expenditure to 18% and on the special rate pool to 8%, both with effect from 1 April 2012. The overall effect of the proposed changes, if applied to the deferred tax balance at 31 December 2010, would be to reduce the deferred tax asset provided at the balance sheet date by £6,000 There are also proposals to reduce the main rate of corporation tax by 1% per year to 23% for Financial Year beginning 1 April 2014 These changes are expected to be enacted separately each year The overall effect of the further changes from 25% to 23%, if also applied to the deferred tax balance at 31 December 2010, would be to reduce the deferred tax asset provided at the balance sheet date by £12,000

6 Dividends

Dividends	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Interim dividend of £20 46 per ordinary share of £1 each (2009 £nil)	8,600	-

Notes to the accounts

For the year ended 31 December 2010

7 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets		Office equipment and vehicles £'000
Cost At 1 January 2010		2,115
Additions Disposals		l (535)
At 31 December 2010		1,581
Depreciation		1,909
At 1 January 2010 Charge for the year Disposals		193 (535)
Disposais		
At 31 December 2010		1,567
Net book value At 31 December 2010		14
At 31 December 2009		206
Debtors		
	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Trade debtors	796	399
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	1,842	9,001
Other debtors	96 187	71 161
Prepayments and accrued income Deferred tax (note 10)	187 79	61
	3,000	9,693

Amounts owed by other Group undertakings are unsecured, bore interest at the SONIA rate and at 0 44% for the year (2009 SONIA rate and at 1 54%) and have no fixed date of repayment

Notes to the accounts

For the year ended 31 December 2010

9 Creditors amounts falling due within one year

	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Trade creditors	4	3
Corporation tax	444	121
Other taxation and social security	7	8
Other creditors	139	113
Accruals and deferred income	130	207
	724	452

10 Deferred taxation

The movement on deferred tax is		Deferred tax £'000
At 1 January 2010 Transferred from profit and loss account		61 18
At 31 December 2010		79
The deferred taxation asset has been recognised in the accounts as follows		
	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Depreciation in advance of capital allowances	79	61

There is no unprovided deferred taxation (2009 £nil)

The directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be sufficient taxable profits in the future such as to realise the deferred tax asset, and therefore the asset has been recognised in these financial statements

11 Called up share capital

	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Allotted, called up and fully paid 420,234 ordinary shares of £1 each	420	420

Notes to the accounts

For the year ended 31 December 2010

12 Profit and loss account

13

	Profit and loss account		Profit and loss account £'000
	At 1 January 2010 Retained loss for the financial year (note 13)		9,029 (7,157)
	At 31 December 2010		1,872
j.	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2010	2009
	Profit for the year Dividends	1,443 (8,600)	1,279
	Retained (loss)/profit for the financial year Opening shareholders' funds	(7,157) 9,449	1,279 8,170
	Closing shareholders' funds	2,292	9,449

14 Lease commitments

At 31 December 2010 the Company had annual commitments under non cancellable operating leases expiring as follows

	Land and buildings 2010 £'000	Other 2010 £'000	Land and buildings 2009 £'000	Other 2009 £'000
Within two to five years After five years	142	7 -	143	7 -
	142	7	143	7

15 Ultimate controlling parties and related party transactions

The immediate parent undertaking is Bauer Radio Limited

The only parent undertaking for which Group accounts are drawn up is Heinrich Bauer Verlag Beteiligungs GmbH, registered in Germany Copies of Heinrich Bauer Verlag Beteiligungs GmbH accounts are publicly available

Heinrich Bauer Verlag KG, established in Germany, is regarded by the directors as the Company's ultimate controlling party as it is the controlling party of Heinrich Bauer Verlag Beteiligungs GmbH

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 8 "Related party disclosures" and has not disclosed transactions with wholly owned group undertakings

16 Post balance sheet events

On 1 April 2011, the Company brought its company secretariat in house, and changed its registered office to 1 Lincoln Court, Lincoln Road, Peterborough PE1 2RF