**Report and Financial Statements** 

30 June 2004



# AMERICANA INTERNATIONAL (2002) LIMITED (formerly Americana International Limited)

## REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2004

CONTENTS	Page
Officers and professional advisers	1
Directors' report	2
Statement of directors' responsibilities	3
Independent auditors' report	4
Profit and loss account	5
Balance sheet	6
Notes to the financial statements	7

## **REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2004**

## OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

#### **DIRECTORS**

S Donaldson

S Hague

K B Vidler

#### **SECRETARY**

S Donaldson

#### REGISTERED OFFICE

Tanzaro House Ardwick Green North Manchester M12 6FZ

#### **BANKERS**

National Westminster Bank Plc Royal Bank of Scotland Group 1 Spinningfields Square Manchester M3 3AP

### **SOLICITORS**

Addleshaw Goddard 100 Barbirolli Square Manchester M2 3AB

### **AUDITORS**

Deloitte & Touche LLP Chartered Accountants Manchester

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the 18 month period ended 30 June 2004.

#### **ACTIVITIES**

The principal activity of the company in the period under review was that of wholesale fashionwear. On 7 August 2003, the trade and net assets of the company were transferred at net book value to Americana Holdings Limited as part of the acquisition of that company by the ultimate parent company Americana International Limited. With effect from 8 August 2003, the company became dormant.

#### **REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

The results for the period and financial position of the company are shown in the annexed financial statements.

#### CHANGE OF NAME AND FINANCIAL YEAR END

On 21 August 2003, the company changed its name from Americana International Limited to Americana International (2002) Limited. The company's financial year end has changed from 31 December to 30 June.

#### DIVIDENDS

During the period, dividends of £5,983,020 were declared as part of the hive up of the net assets of the company (year ended 31 December 2002 - £nil). The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend on the ordinary shares (year ended 31 December 2002 - £nil).

#### DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors during the period under review were:

N Z Marar Resigned 6 August 2003 J B Suddons Resigned 6 August 2003 A Horridge Resigned 7 June 2004

M F Morgan Appointed 7 August 2003, Resigned 7 June 2004

K B Vidler Appointed 27 September 2004 S Donaldson Appointed 9 June 2004

A M Cooper Appointed 7 August 2003, resigned 15 March 2005

S Hague Appointed 7 August 2003

The directors holding office at 30 June 2004 did not hold any beneficial interest in the issued share capital of the company at 1 January 2003 or 30 June 2004.

The interests of S Donaldson, A M Cooper and S Hague in the share capital of the ultimate parent company are disclosed in the financial statements of that company.

The directors have no other interests to be disclosed under the Companies Act 1985.

#### **AUDITORS**

Deloitte & Touche LLP were appointed auditors during the period. A resolution to confirm the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as auditors of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

S Donaldson

Director

29 Apr. 7 2005

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for the system of internal control, safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AMERICANA INTERNATIONAL (2002) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Americana International (2002) Limited (formerly Americana International Limited) for the 18 month period ended 30 June 2004 which comprise the profit and loss account, the statement of total recognised gains and losses, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 20. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and auditing standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report for the above year and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements.

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 30 June 2004 and of its profit for the 18 month period then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Duttel forte us

Manchester
2 9 Ar 2005

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT 18 month period ended 30 June 2004

	Note	18 months ended 30 June 2004 £	Year ended 31 December 2002 £
TURNOVER	2	14,154,134	20,006,804
Cost of sales		(9,323,657)	
GROSS PROFIT		4,830,477	6,548,136
Administrative expenses		(2,303,093)	(3,019,700)
Other operating income		<u> </u>	524,209
OPERATING PROFIT		2,527,384	4,052,645
Interest receivable and similar income	5	7,309	2,332
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(315)	(17,128)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES			
BEFORE TAXATION	4	2,534,378	4,037,849
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(820,716)	(1,211,156)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES			
AFTER TAXATION		1,713,662	2,826,693
Dividends	8	(5,983,020)	
RETAINED (LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE			
PERIOD	17	(4,269,358) ====================================	2,826,693

All activity has arisen from discontinued operations.

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profits and losses for the current and previous period.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this profit and loss account.

## **BALANCE SHEET** 30 June 2004

			30 June 2004		31 December 2002
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	9		_		166,095
Investments	10		-		35,700
					- "-
			-		201,795
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	11	-		2,284,728	
Debtors	12	100		5,337,535	
Cash at bank and in hand		-		829,996	
		-		8,452,259	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due					
within one year	13	-		(4,384,596)	
_			400	<del></del>	4.067.663
NET CURRENT ASSETS			100		4,067,663
NAME A OCCUPA			100		4 360 459
NET ASSETS			100		4,269,458
CARTELL AND WHOUNKIEG					
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	1.0		100		100
Called up share capital	16		100		100
Profit and loss account	17				4,269,358
BOTHON OH A DENIOL DEDG! ELDIDG	20		100		4,269,458
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	20		100		4,209,436

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this balance sheet.

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on

29 Apr. 7 2005.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

S Donaldson Director

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 18 month period ended 30 June 2004

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below. They have been applied consistently throughout the period and preceding year.

#### Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption afforded by FRS1 (Revised 1996) Cash Flow Statements to present a cash flow statement on the basis that it is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Americana International Limited which prepares consolidated financial statements which are publicly available, and include a consolidated cash flow statement.

The company is also, on this basis, exempt from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover represents net invoiced sale of goods, after deduction of trade discounts and value added tax. Revenue is recognised in the profit and loss account upon the raising of invoices, which corresponds with the despatch of goods.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided on cost less provision for impairment in equal annual instalments over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The rates of depreciation are as follows:

Fixtures and fittings

20% on cost

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowances for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less all relevant marketing and selling costs.

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

#### **Operating leases**

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits as incurred.

#### Pensions

The company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. Contributions for the year are charged to the profit and loss account.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 18 month period ended 30 June 2004

## 2. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company, Turnover attributable to geographical markets outside the United Kingdom amounted to 7% (2002 – 5%).

## 3. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

Staff costs during the period (including directors)

	18 months ended 30 June 2004 £	Year ended 31 December 2002 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	885,693 72,800	1,884,617 167,461 109,000
	958,493	2,161,078
The average number of employees during the period was as follows:		
	18 months ended 30 June 2004 No.	Year ended 31 December 2002 No.
Administration Warehouse	15 16	37 42
	31	79
	£	£
Directors' emoluments Aggregate emoluments Directors' pension contributions to money purchase	728,085	1,037,643
schemes		109,000
The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing was as follows: Money purchase schemes		2
Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows:	440.000	400.000
Emoluments	118,000	490,000

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 18 month period ended 30 June 2004

#### 4. PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

	Profit on ordinary activities is stated after charging:		
		18 months ended 30 June 2004 £	Year ended 31 December 2002 £
	Depreciation - owned assets	46,418	77,367
	Loss on disposal of fixed assets	-	3,628
	Rentals under operating leases:		
	- plant and machinery	9,872	-
	- other	39,125	-
	Auditors' remuneration - audit	7,975	8,200
	- other services	3,775	25,174
	Foreign exchange differences	(1,107)	(324,209)
5.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME	18 months	
		ended	Year ended
		30 June	31 December
		2004	2002
		£	£
	Deposit account interest	7,309	2,332
6.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
		18 months	
		ended	Year ended
		30 June	31 December
		2004	2002
		£	£
	Bank overdraft interest	315	17,128
			=

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 18 month period ended 30 June 2004

### 7. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

### Analysis of the tax charge

The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activities for the period was as follows:

18 months ended 30 June 2004 £	Year ended 31 December 2002 £
760,313	1,218,066
60,403	(815)
820,716	1,217,251
	(6,095)
820,716	1,211,156
	30 June 2004 £ 760,313 60,403 820,716

## Factors affecting the tax charge

8.

ended 2002 - £nil)

The tax assessed for the period is different than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK, 30%. The difference is explained below:

difference is explained below:		
	nonths ended 0 June 2004 £	Year ended 31 December 2002 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax 2,5:	34,378	4,037,849
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30%		
(2002 – 30%)	60,313	1,211,355
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	-	8,620
Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation	-	(1,909)
	60,403	(815)
Current tax charge 8	20,716	1,217,251
DIVIDENDS		
	nonths ended 0 June 2004 £	Year ended 31 December 2002 £

Dividends payable to parent company on hive up (£59,830.20 per share; year

5,983,020

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 18 month period ended 30 June 2004

### 9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

		Fixtures and fittings £
	Cost	<i>&amp;</i>
	At 1 January 2003	415,476
	Additions	106,977
	Transfers to group undertakings	(522,453)
	At 30 June 2004	
	Depreciation	
	At 1 January 2003	249,381
	Charge for the period	46,418
	Transfers to group undertakings	(295,799)
	At 30 June 2004	
	Net book value	
	At 30 June 2004	
	At 31 December 2002	166,095
10.	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS	
		Unlisted investments £
	Cost	
	At 1 January 2003	35,700
	Acquired in the period	71,800
	Transferred to group undertaking	(107,500)
	At 30 June 2004	
	Net book value At 30 June 2004	
	At 31 December 2002	35,700
	TTI 1 00.559/1.130 1. M. (1. C (T. 1. ) C (1. 1. )	

The company had a 83.55% holding in Matrix Garments (Jiaxing) Co. Limited, a company incorporated in China. The company's shareholding was increased from 60% during the period for consideration of £71,800. The difference between net fair values and the carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities attributable to the increase in stake is not material. This was transferred to Americana Holdings Limited on 7 August 2003.

### 11. STOCKS

30 June 2004 £	31 December 2002 £
Stocks	2,284,728

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 18 month period ended 30 June 2004

## 12. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	30 June 2004 £	31 December 2002 £
Trade debtors Amounts due from group companies Prepayments and accrued income	100	5,288,518
	100	5,337,535

### 13. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	30 June 2004	31 December 2002
	£	£
Bank overdrafts (see note 14)	~	34,129
Trade creditors	-	1,486,042
Corporation tax	•	434,065
Taxation and social security	~	133,924
VAT	-	282,934
Amounts due to group companies	-	887,905
Accruals and deferred income		1,125,597
		4,384,596
	==	

#### 14. LOANS

An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

	30 June 2004	31 December 2002
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year on demand:		
Bank overdrafts	-	34,129

In the prior year an unscheduled mortgage debenture was held incorporating a fixed and floating charge over all the assets of the company.

#### 15. FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	Land and buildings		Other	
	30 June 2004 £	31 December 2002 £	30 June 2004 £	31 December 2002
Expiring:				
Between one and two years	-	75,000	-	9,872

The obligations were transferred to Americana Holdings Limited on 7 August 2003.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 18 month period ended 30 June 2004

#### CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL 16.

	30 June 2004 £	31 December 2002
Authorised		
1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
Called up, allotted and fully paid		
100 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
	<del></del>	<del></del>

#### 17. RESERVES

~	
4,269,358	
(4.0/0.360)	

At 1 January 2003 Retained loss for the period

(4,269,358)

Profit and loss account

At 30 June 2004

#### **ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY** 18.

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Americana Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. The company's ultimate parent company is Americana International Limited, a company also incorporated in England and Wales whose office is at Tanzaro House, Ardwick Green North, Manchester, M12 6FZ. Americana International Limited prepares consolidated financial statements that include the financial results of Americana International (2002) Limited.

#### 19. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

As a subsidiary of Americana International Limited, the company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 8 'Related Party Transactions' from disclosing transactions with other members of the group headed by Americana International Limited.

During the period, Americana International (2002) Limited purchased goods and services in the ordinary course of business from Matrix Garments (Jiaxing) Co. Limited, a subsidiary undertaking, at a cost of £1,054,000. At the period end, amounts owed to and from Americana International (2002) Limited in relation to the subsidiary undertaking amounted to £Nil (2002 - £Nil).

#### 20. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	18 months ended 30 June 2004 £	Year ended 31 December 2002 £
Profit for the financial period Dividends	1,713,662 (5,983,020)	2,826,693
Net (reduction in)/addition to shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	(4,269,358) 4,269,458	2,826,693 1,442,765
Closing shareholders' funds	100	4,269,458