REGISTERED NUMBER: 02640992 (England and Wales)

**Unaudited Financial Statements** 

for the Year Ended 31st March 2020

for

PRIMARY FLOWPOINTS LIMITED

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# PRIMARY FLOWPOINTS LIMITED

# Company Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

**DIRECTORS:** J D Battersby K P Macaulay I M Maclaren **SECRETARY:** I M Maclaren **REGISTERED OFFICE: Charles Street** Walsall West Midlands WS2 9LZ **REGISTERED NUMBER:** 02640992 (England and Wales) **ACCOUNTANTS:** Bakers (The practising name of Baker (Midlands) Limited) Arbor House **Broadway North** Walsall

WS1 2AN

# Balance Sheet 31st March 2020

		2020	2019
	Notes	£	2019
	Notes	Ľ	Ľ
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks		405,947	375,577
Debtors	4	326,681	238,282
Cash at bank		499,153	457,158
		1,231,781	1,071,017
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	5	281,440	246,137
NET CURRENT ASSETS		950,341	824,880
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		950,341	824,880
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	6	420	420
Retained earnings		949,921	824,460
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		950,341	824,880

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31st March 2020.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2020 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The notes form part of these financial statements

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Balance Sheet - continued 31st March 2020

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 19th January 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

K P Macaulay - Director

I M Maclaren - Director

The notes form part of these financial statements

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2020

## 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Primary Flowpoints Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the company and rounded to the nearest £1.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

# Significant judgements and estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates.

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable net of VAT and trade discounts. The policy adopted for the recognition of turnover is as follows:

Sale of Goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer, the amount of turnover can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably. This is usually on the dispatch or fitting of goods.

## Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Stocks are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related turnover is recognised.

Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Cost includes the purchase price, including taxes and duties and transport and handling directly attributable to bringing the stock to its present location and condition. The cost of finished goods and work in progress includes raw materials, direct labour and other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity).

At the end of each reporting period stocks are assessed for impairment. If an item of stock is impaired, the identified stock is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell and an impairment charge is recognised in the profit and loss account. Where a reversal of the impairment is recognised the impairment charge is reversed, up to the original impairment loss, and is recognised as a credit in the profit and loss account.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2020

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### **Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

## Research and development

Expenditure on research and development is written off in the year in which it is incurred.

# **Employee benefits**

The company provides a range of benefits to employees, including annual bonus arrangements and defined contribution pension plans.

# i. Short term benefits

Short term benefits, including holiday pay and other similar non-monetary benefits, are recognised as an expense in the period in which the service is received.

# ii. Defined contribution pension plans

The company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payment obligations. The contributions are recognised as an expense when they are due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals in the balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

## Short term debtors and creditors

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other administrative expenses.

## Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprise cash in hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with an insignificant risk of change in value.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2020

# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

## Loans and borrowings

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the transaction price including transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less impairment. If an arrangement constitutes a finance transaction it is measured at present value.

## **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the company has an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount can be reliably estimated.

# **Impairment**

Assets not measured at fair value are reviewed for any indication that the asset may be impaired at each balance sheet date. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, or the asset's cash generating unit, is estimated and compared to the carrying amount. Where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount where the impairment loss is a revaluation decrease.

# 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 11 (2019 - 11).

# 4. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

4.	DEBTORS: AN	IOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN OF	NE YEAR		
				2020	2019
				£	£
	Trade debtors			326,032	238,282
	Prepayments	and accrued income		649	-
				326,681	238,282
5.	CREDITORS: A	MOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN	ONE YEAR		
٥.	CHEDITORIO.			2020	2019
				£	£
	Trade creditor	-s		122,703	119,855
	Social security	and other taxes		154,937	122,480
	Accruals and	deferred income		3,800	3,802
				281,440	246,137
6.	CALLED UP SH	IARE CAPITAL			
	Allotted issue	d and fully paid:			
	Number:	Class:	Nominal	2020	2019
	Number.	Class.	value:	2020 £	2019 £
	420	Ordinary Shares	£1	420	420
	.20	or amary onarco	<b></b>		

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.