Directors' report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 August 2015

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Company information

Directors

N Fletcher

Mrs S E Fletcher

Secretary

Mrs S E Fletcher

Company number

2639956

Registered office

Unit 17 Hazelford Way Industrial Estate Newstead

Nottinghamshire

NG15 0DQ

Auditors

Iliffe Poulter Ltd

1A Bonington Road

Mapperley Nottingham NG3 5JR

Business address

Unit17 Hazelford Way

Newstead Industrial Estate

Nottinghamshire NG15 0DQ

Bankers

Natwest

138-142 Holborn Waterhouse Square

London EC1N 2TH

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Directors' report for the year ended 31 August 2015

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2015.

Principal activity and review of the business

The principal activity of the company is supplying printing chemicals and varnishes.

Results and dividends

The Profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £141,602. Particulars of dividends paid and proposed are detailed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial risk management objectives and policies

ECS (Nottingham) Limited's principle financial liabilities comprise bank overdrafts, invoice discounting, and hire purchase debt. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to manage the company's funding and liquidity requirements. The company has other financial assets and liabilities such as trade debtors, trade creditors, cash and short term deposits that arise directly from its operations.

The risk management policy of ECS (Nottingham) Limited is to adopt good practices in the identification, evaluation and cost effective control of risks to ensure that risks are either,

- i) avoided,
- ii) reduced to an acceptable level, or
- iii) managed and contained.

The board evaluates its proper functioning on a regular basis and continues to pursue further improvement and optimisation of the internal risk management and control procedures. In addition to its risk management framework, ECS (Nottingham) Limited also actively manages market risk, interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk as part of its treasury policy.

Market Risk

The market price of Brent oil per barrel has an impact on the cost at which certain oil based products can be purchased. ECS (Nottingham) Limited reviews the market value on a weekly basis so that any increase or decrease is factored into the purchase and selling of products.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. ECS (Nottingham) Limited's exposure to the risk of change in market interest rates relate primarily to short term borrowing. The amount of short term borrowing can be reduced by releasing funds from deposits to mitigate the impact of any rate increase.

Forgeign Currency Risk

In addition to Sterling, ECS (Nottingham) Limited deals in the Euro, US Dollar, and the Australian Dollar. As a result, operating profit and total cash flow in Sterling will be affected by movements in exchange rates. The impact of movements in exchange rates is mitigated significantly by the management of deposits held in those particular currencies. The forward purchase of a currency for an agreed price is used to reduce the exchange rate risk. We will only hedge if we believe there will be a significant change in market conditions and always with our risk position in mind.

Directors' report for the year ended 31 August 2015

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continued		

Credit Risk

ECS (Nottingham) Limited's is exposed to credit risk due to a counterparty not meeting its obligations under a customer contract, leading to financial loss. Credit risk is managed by the use of a credit risk company. All credit limits are set at an appropriate level based on the company's current credit risk. The board review counterparty credit limits on a monthly basis and update them accordingly dependent on the current market conditions and credit score. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the balance sheet.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that ECS (Nottingham) Limited will not be able to meet its current financial obligations. The company manages liquidity risk by maintaining access to a number of sources of funding, which are sufficient to meet anticipated funding requirements. Bank facilities and cash resources are used to meet short term liquidity. All long term liabilities are to by meet by future income streams. The board reviews the company's ongoing liquidity requirements on a monthly basis as part of the planning process.

Directors

The directors who served during the year are as stated below:

N Fletcher Mrs S E Fletcher

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Directors' report for the year ended 31 August 2015

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Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirm that:

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- each director has taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themself aware of any relant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditors

Iliffe Poulter Ltd are deemed to be reappointed in accordance with Section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the Board on 19 November 2015 and signed on its behalf by

N Fletcher

Director

Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of ECS (Nottingham) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of ECS (Nottingham) Limited for the year ended 31 August 2015 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement, the Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Funds and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' report and financial statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 August 2015 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006.

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of ECS (Nottingham) Limited

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T J Iliffe (senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of Iliffe Poulter Ltd

Chartered Accountants and

Registered Auditor 19 November 2015

1A Bonington Road Mapperley Nottingham NG3 5JR

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 August 2015

		Continuing	operations
	·	2015	2014
	Notes	£	£
Turnover	2	7,956,851	8,636,427
Cost of sales		(6,349,612)	(6,952,485)
Gross profit	• •	1,607,239	1,683,942
Administrative expenses		(1,381,013)	(1,551,238)
Operating profit	3	226,226	132,704
Other interest receivable and			
similar income	5	140	-
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(18,526)	(25,212)
Profit on ordinary			
activities before taxation		207,840	107,492
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8	(66,238)	8,353
Profit for the year	19	141,602	115,845
Retained profit brought forward		279,576	185,730
Reserve Movements		(29,000)	(22,000)
Retained profit carried forward		392,178	279,575

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit or loss for the above two financial years.

Balance sheet as at 31 August 2015

		201	.5	201	14
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	10		-		288,130
Tangible assets	11		379,238	•	240,569
			379,238		528,699
Current assets		• •	. * `		
Stocks	12	406,330		376,221	
Debtors	13	2,249,439		2,431,557	
Cash at bank and in hand		211,108		1,021,796	
		2,866,877		3,829,574	
Creditors: amounts falling			•		
due within one year	14	(2,646,512)		(4,071,454)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)	•		220,365		(241,880)
Total assets less current					
liabilities			599,603		286,819
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	15		(31,092)		(13,624)
Provisions for liabilities	16	•	(44,703)		6,480
Net assets			523,808		279,675
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	18		100		100
Revaluation reserve	19		131,530		-
Profit and loss account	19		392,178		279,575
Shareholders' funds	20		523,808		279,675
		•			

These accounts were approved by the directors on 19 November 2015, and are signed on their behalf by:

N Fletche Director

Registration number 2639956

Cash flow statement for the year ended 31 August 2015

	Notes	2015 £	2014 £
Reconciliation of operating profit to net			
cash inflow from operating activities			
Operating profit		226,226	132,704
Depreciation		320,248	192,636
(Increase) in stocks		(30,109)	18,344
Decrease in debtors		179,495	131,165
(Decrease) in creditors		(123,022)	(917,615)
Net cash inflow from operating activities		572,838	(442,766) =====
Cash flow statement			
Net cash inflow from operating activities		572,838	(442,766)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	23	(18,386)	(25,212)
Taxation	23	1,507	-
Capital expenditure	23	21,293	(54,099)
		577,252	(522,077)
Equity dividends paid		(29,000)	(22,000)
Increase in cash in the year	•	548,252	(544,077)
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net	funds (Note 24)		
Increase in cash in the year		548,252	(544,077)
New finance leases and hire purchase contracts		(15,078)	41,587
Movement in net funds in the year		533,174	(502,490)
Net debt at 1 September 2014		(900,145)	(397,655)
Net debt at 31 August 2015		(366,971)	(900,145)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2015

1. Accounting policies

1.1. Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets and comply with financial reporting standards of the Accounting Standards Board.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year.

1.3. Royalties

Prepaid future royalties and their associated legal expenses are valued at cost less accumulated amortisation.

Amortisation is calculated to write off the cost in equal annual instalments over their estimated useful life which takes into account the following;

- 1) the continued use of these formulae, and
- 2) the development of the companies own systems for producing alternative products.

The directors have carried out a impartment review and believe that no additional income is expected to derive from the use of the royalties. They have written off the remainder in this financial year.

1.4. Tangible fixed assets

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Leasehold properties

Straight line over the life of the lease

Plant and machinery

15% Striaght Line

Fixtures, fittings

and equipment Motor vehicles

10% Straight Line

- 15% Straight Line

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2015

continued	

1.5. Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce constant periodic rates of charge on the net obligations outstanding in each period.

1.6. Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

1.7. Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold;

Provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable;

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

1.8. Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange prevailing at the accounting date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the date of the transactions. All differences are taken to the Profit and Loss account.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2015

for the year ended 31 August 20.

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2.	Turnover The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from undertaken in the UK.	its principal ac	tivity wholly
	*	2015	2014
		£	£
	Class of business	5 450 046	5 500 5 0 6
	United Kingdom	5,473,946	5,583,736
	Europe	993,443	1,017,156
	Rest of the world	1,467,031	1,986,748
		7,934,420 =====	8,587,640 =====
3.	Operating profit	2015	2014
		£	£
	Operating profit is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation and other amounts written off intangible assets	288,130	132,984
	Depreciation and other amounts written off tangible assets	18,277	59,585
	Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	13,841	67
	Auditors' remuneration (Note 4)	7,875	7,875
	and after crediting:		
	Net foreign exchange gain	170,714	(68,907)
4.	Auditors' remuneration		
	·	2015	2014
		£	£
	Auditors' remuneration - audit of the financial statements	7,875	7,875
5.	Interest receivable and similar income	2015	2014
		£	£
	Bank interest	140	<u></u>
			
6.	Interest payable and similar charges	2015	2014
		£	£
	Interest payable on loans < 1 yr	14,451	21,312
	Hire purchase interest	4,075	3,900
		18,526	25,212

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2015

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7. Employees

/•	Employees		
	Number of employees The average monthly numbers of employees	2015	2014
	(including the directors) during the year were:		
	Monthly	13	14
	Weekly	16	17
		29	31
	Employment costs	2015	2014
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	508,432	562,452
	Social security costs	45,099	60,581
		553,531	623,033
7.1.	Directors' remuneration	2015	2014
	——————————————————————————————————————	£	£
	Remuneration and other emoluments	37,000	33,750
	Compensation for loss of office	3,200	-
		40,200	33,750

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2015

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o. I an on profit on oraniar, activities	8.	Tax on	profit on	ordinary	activities
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12,432 2,623 15,055 15,055	1,116 1,116
2,623 15,055	1,116
15,055	
15,055	1,116
	-
51.100	(0.460)
51,183	(9,469)
51,183	(9,469)
66,238	(8,353)
2015	2014
£	£
29,000	22,000
29,000	22,000
	2015 £

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2015

..... continued

10. Intangible fixed assets

	Patents £	Total £
Cost		
At 1 September 2014	664,917	664,917
At 31 August 2015	664,917	664,917
Amortisation	 .	•
At 1 September 2014	376,787	376,787
Charge for year	288,130	288,130
At 31 August 2015	664,917	664,917
Net book values	,	
At 31 August 2015	· •	-
At 31 August 2014	288,130	288,130

Royalties include the sum of £525,000 paid to another company operating in a similar market sector for the use of certain formulae and the associated legal costs of £144,917 to confirm the use of those formulae.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2015

..... continued

		Short		Fixtures,		
11.	Tangible fixed assets	leasehold	Plant and	fittings and	Motor	
		property	machinery	equipment	vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£	£
	Cost or valuation					
	At 1 September 2014	50,908	283,015	200,417	180,140	714,480
	Additions	-	-	6,424	81,478	87,902
	Revaluation	-	14,567	(16,612)	(34,582)	(36,627)
	Disposals	• • • • • • •	(82,732	(169,854)	(110,563)	(363,149)
	At 31 August 2015	50,908	214,850	20,375	116,473	402,606
	Depreciation			•		
	At 1 September 2014	5,091	246,527	142,080	80,213	473,911
	Revaluation.	-	(163,971) (17,522)	(32,136)	(213,629)
	On disposals	-	(82,556	(124,558)	(48,077)	(255,191)
	Charge for the year	5,091	-	964	12,222	18,277
	At 31 August 2015	10,182		964	12,222	23,368
	Net book values					
	At 31 August 2015	40,726	214,850	19,411	104,251	379,238
	At 31 August 2014	45,817	36,488	58,337	99,927	240,569

Included above are assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts as follows:

		2015		2014	
	Asset description	Net book value	Depreciation charge	Net book value £	Depreciation charge
	Motor vehicles	79,719	12,222	76,178	18,115
12.	Stocks			2015 £	2014 £
	Raw materials and consumables			406,330	376,221

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2015

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13.	Debtors	2015 £	2014 £
	Trade debtors	2,188,268	2,325,706
	Amount owed by connected companies	(3,001)	26,206
	Other debtors	36,222	54,383
	Prepayments and accrued income	27,950	25,262
		2,249,439	2,431,557
14.	Creditors: amounts falling due	2015	2014
	within one year	£	£
	Bank overdraft Net obligations under finance leases	569,417	1,880,263
	and hire purchase contracts	25,662	28,052
	Trade creditors	1,852,443	1,987,966
	Corporation tax	12,432	1,116
	Other taxes and social security costs	16,577	11,591
	Directors' accounts	688	299
	Other creditors	156,171	150,200
	Accruals and deferred income	13,122	11,967
		2,646,512	4,071,454
15.	Creditors: amounts falling due	2015	2014
10.	after more than one year	£	£
	Net obligations under finance leases		
	and hire purchase contracts	31,092	13,624

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2015

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16. Provisions for liabilities

16.	Provisions for liabilities		
		Deferred taxation (Note 17)	Total £
	At 1 September 2014 Movements in the year	(6,480) 51,183	(6,480) 51,183
	At 31 August 2015	44,703	44,703
17.	Provision for deferred taxation	2015 £	2014 £
	Accelerated capital allowances	44,703	(6,480)
	Provision for deferred tax	44,703	(6,480)
	Provision at 1 September 2014 Deferred tax charge in profit and loss account	(6,480) 51,183	
	Provision at 31 August 2015	44,703	
18.	Share capital	2015 £	2014 £
	Authorised 100 Ordinary shares of 1 each	100	100
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 100 Ordinary shares of 1 each	100	100
	Equity Shares 100 Ordinary shares of 1 each	100	100

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2015

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19.	Equity Reserves	Revaluation reserve £	Profit and loss account £	Total
	At 1 September 2014	-	279,576	279,576
	Profit for the year		141,602	141,602
	Other movements	131,530	-	131,530
	Equity Dividends		(29,000)	(29,000)
	At 31 August 2015	131,530	392,178	523,708
20.	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds		2015 £	2014 £
	Profit for the year		141,602	115,845
	Dividends		(29,000)	(22,000)
			112,602	93,845
	Other recognised gains or losses		131,530	, -
	Net addition to shareholders' funds		244,132	93,845
	Opening shareholders' funds		279,676	185,831
	Closing shareholders' funds		523,808	279,676

21. Related party transactions

ECS (Nottingham) Limited is owed £0 (2014 £28,404) by ECS Oceania, £10,224 (2014 £10,224) by ECS Deutschland, £0 (2014 £804) by H & H Graphic Supplies Limited, and £370,358 (2014 £298,972) by ECS North America. All amounts are interest free and repayable on demand. Mr N Fletcher is a shareholder in all four companies.

22. Controlling interest

The controlling interest is held by N Fletcher by virtue of his 99% holding in the ordinary share capital.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2015

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23. Gross cash flows

24.

			2015 £	2014 £
Returns on investments and servicing of f	inance			
Interest received			140	-
Interest paid		,	(18,526)	(25,212)
			(18,386)	(25,212)
Taxation				
Corporation tax paid			(1,116)	-
Corporation tax repaid			2,623	-
			1,507	
Capital expenditure			(72.924)	(55,000)
Payments to acquire tangible assets			(72,824) 94,117	(55,099) 1,000
Receipts from sales of tangible assets			94, 117	
			21,293 ———	(54,099) ======
Analysis of changes in net funds				
·	Opening	Cash	Other	Closing
·	balance	flows	changes	balance
	£	£	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	1,021,796	(810,688)		211,108
Overdrafts	(1,880,263)	1,310,846		(569,417)
	(858,467)	500,158		(358,309)
Finance leases and hire purchase contracts	(41,676)		(15,078)	(56,754)
Net funds	(900,143)	500,158	(15,078)	(415,063)

The following pages do not form part of the statutory accounts.

Detailed trading profit and loss account for the year ended 31 August 2015

	2015		20	2014	
	£	£	£	£	
Sales		- 004 400		0.507.640	
Sales		7,934,420		8,587,640	
Other income		22,431		48,787	
		7,956,851		8,636,427	
Cost of sales		,			
Opening stock	376,221		394,565		
Purchases	5,967,594		6,506,172		
Distribution costs	408,592		422,900		
Carriage inwards	3,535		5,069		
	6,755,942		7,328,706		
Closing stock	(406,330)		(376,221)		
		(6,349,612)		(6,952,485)	
Gross profit	20%	1,607,239	19%	1,683,942	
Administrative expenses	1,381,013		1,551,238		
•	,	(1,381,013)		(1,551,238)	
		226,226		132,704	
Operating profit	3%	226,226	2%	132,704	
Other income and expenses			•		
Other meonic and expenses					
Interest receivable					
Bank deposit interest	140		-		
		140		_	
Interest payable					
Bank interest	11,598		18,341		
Interest on loans repayable	. ,		•		
in less than 5 years	2,853		2,971		
HP interest and fin. lease charges	4,075		3,900		
		(18,526)		(25,212)	
Net profit for the year		207,840		107,492	
receptotic for the year					

Administrative expenses for the year ended 31 August 2015

	2015	2014
	£	£
Administrative company		
Administrative expenses Wages and salaries	169 222	529 702
Directors' remuneration	468,232	528,702
Employer's NI contributions	37,000 45,099	33,750
Compensation for loss of office	3,200	60,581
Training Costs	1,062	500
Commissions payable	38,298	32,507
Rent payable	55,576	51,542
Rates	26,008	25,732
Protective Clothing	803	2,256
Insurance	67,429	43,945
Light and heat	15,580	21,707
Cleaning	32,478	24,211
Repairs and maintenance	29,635	26,647
Printing, postage and stationery	13,113	9,875
Advertising	509	848
Telephone	16,210	16,237
Computer costs	4,814	6,525
Hire of equipment	45,439	61,196
Motor expenses	127,030	179,399
Travelling	49,385	58,386
Entertaining	17,564	17,108
Legal and professional	16,955	16,076
Consultancy fees	1,941	2,653
Accountancy	184	2,116
Audit	7,875	7,875
Factoring charges	41,695	38,529
Bank charges	12,906	9,320
Bad debts	49,237	3,587
Profit/loss on foreign currency borrowings less de	(170,714)	68,907
Canteen	2,751	2,867
General expenses	512	1,628
Charitable donations - covenanted	20	-
Subscriptions	2,939	3,390
Depreciation on intangible assets	288,130	132,984
Amortisation on short leasehold	. 5,091	5,091
Depreciation on plant and machinery	, -	15,117
Depreciation on FF & Equipment	964	12,356
Depreciation on motor vehicles	12,222	27,021
Profits/losses on disp of tangibles	13,841	67
	1,381,013	1,551,238
		