Registration number: 2637453

Cannon Travel Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 30 November 2018

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Company Information

Directors Mr K A Brooks

Mrs V J Townsend

Company secretary Mrs V J Townsend

Registered office 13 Limes Court

Conduit Lane Hoddesdon Hertfordshire EN11 8EP

(Registration number: 2637453) Balance Sheet as at 30 November 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	27,225	33,340
Current assets			
Debtors	6	35,389	23,444
Cash at bank and in hand	<u>-</u>	672,337	683,161
		707,726	706,605
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	7 _	(460,573)	(516,463)
Net current assets	_	247,153	190,142
Net assets	=	274,378	223,482
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	8	30,000	30,000
Profit and loss account	_	244,378	193,482
Total equity	=	274,378	223,482

For the financial year ending 30 November 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Mr K A Brooks

Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2018

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is:
13 Limes Court
Conduit Lane
Hoddesdon
Hertfordshire
EN11 8EP
England

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the fundamental currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of package holidays and other travel arrangements and services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when: The amount of revenue can be reliably measured; it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2018

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Leasehold improvements
Fixtures and fittings
Motor vehicles

Depreciation method and rate

straight line over the life of the lease 25% reducing balance 25% reducing balance

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class Goodwill

Amortisation method and rate

10 years

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2018

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 14 (2017 - 15).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2018

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 December 2017	80,750	80,750
At 30 November 2018	80,750	80,750
Amortisation		
At 1 December 2017	80,750	80,750
At 30 November 2018	80,750	80,750
Carrying amount		
At 30 November 2018	-	-

5 Tangible assets

	Leasehold improvements £	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 December 2017	16,205	57,889	25,456	99,550
Additions	-	-	22,415	22,415
Disposals			(25,456)	(25,456)
At 30 November 2018	16,205	57,889	22,415	96,509
Depreciation				
At 1 December 2017	15,850	43,996	6,364	66,210
Charge for the year	355	3,480	6,695	10,530
Eliminated on disposal			(7,456)	(7,456)
At 30 November 2018	16,205	47,476	5,603	69,284
Carrying amount				
At 30 November 2018		10,413	16,812	27,225
At 30 November 2017	355	13,893	19,092	33,340

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2018

6 Debtors				
			2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors			30,071	20,329
Prepayments		_	5,318	3,115
		_	35,389	23,444
7 Creditors				
Creditors: amounts falling due within	one year			
			2018 £	2017 £
Due within one year				
Trade creditors			378,751	454,589
Taxation and social security			26,020	21,073
Accruals and deferred income			13,946	17,631
Other creditors	•	<u></u>	41,856	23,170
		_	460,573	516,463
8 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shar	es			
	2018		2017	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000