Registered	l number:	02633135
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(A company limited by guarantee)

## **UNAUDITED**

## **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

(A company limited by guarantee) REGISTERED NUMBER: 02633135

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 JULY 2019

			2019		As restated
	Note		2019 £		2018 £
Fixed assets					
Investments	5		443,061		431,863
		_	443,061		431,863
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	26,548		-	
Cash at bank and in hand	7	33,856		46,098	
		60,404		46,098	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(5,334)		(5,764)	
Net current assets	_		55,070		40,334
Total assets less current liabilities			498,131		472,197
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax	9	(18,298)		(18,298)	
	_		(18,298)		(18,298)
Net assets		=	479,833		453,899
Capital and reserves					
Capital redemption reserve			117,888		117,888
Profit and loss account			361,945		336,011
		_	479,833		453,899

(A company limited by guarantee) REGISTERED NUMBER: 02633135

# BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 JULY 2019

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 28 April 2020.

## P S Bayley

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

#### 1. General information

Thames Valley Construction Training Association Limited is a private company limited by guarantee. The company was incorporated in the United Kingdom and is registered in England and Wales. The registered office address of the company is 23 Haslemere Road, Windsor, Berkshire, SL4 5ET.

## 2. Accounting policies

## 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Foreign currency translation

## Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

#### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Statement of income and retained earnings within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Statement of income and retained earnings within 'other operating income'.

## 2.3 Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts receivable from grants, membership subscriptions and services provided.

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.4 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings using the effective interest method.

#### 2.5 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

## 2.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Computer equipment - 33% Straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

(A company limited by guarantee)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.7 Valuation of investments

Investments in listed company shares are remeasured to market value at each Balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss for the period.

#### 2.8 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

## 2.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

#### 2.10 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## 2.11 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

## 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 6 (2018 - 6).

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

# 4. Tangible fixed assets

	Computer equipment £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 August 2018	1,533
At 31 July 2019	1,533
Depreciation	
At 1 August 2018	1,533
At 31 July 2019	1,533
Net book value	
At 31 July 2019	
At 31 July 2018	

(A company limited by guarantee)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

5.	Fixed asset investments		
			Listed
			investments
			£
	Cost or valuation		
	At 1 August 2018 (as restated)		431,863
	Additions		113,638
	Disposals		(102,449)
	Revaluations		9
	At 31 July 2019	=	443,061
6.	Debtors	2019	2018
		£	£
	Trade debtors	22,243	-
	Other debtors	4,305	-
		26,548	
7.	Cash and cash equivalents		
			As restated
		2019 £	2018
			£
	Cash at bank and in hand	33,856	46,098
		33,856	46,098

(A company limited by guarantee)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Trade creditors	3,834	-
	Corporation tax	-	4,864
	Accruals and deferred income	1,500	900
		5,334	5,764
_			
€.	Deferred taxation		
			2019
			£
	At beginning of year		18,298
	Charged to profit or loss		-
	At end of year	=	18,298
	The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Accelerated capital allowances	18,298	18,298
		18,298	18,298
		=======================================	75,250

## 10. Company status

The company is a private company limited by guarantee and consequently does not have share capital. Each of the members is liable to contribute an amount not exceeding £100 towards the assets of the company in the event of liquidation.

(A company limited by guarantee)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

## 11. Prior year restatement

Cash and investments have been restated in the prior year to better reflect the classification of capital cash held within the investment portfolio.

As a result of this restatement the cash balance in the prior year has increased by £22,189 with a corresponding decrease in the fixed assets investments balance. There has been no impact on prior year profits or the retained earnings of the company.

The directors have carried out this restatement as they believe it better reflects a true and fair view of the company.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.