Report and Financial Statements

Year ended 30 June 2005

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# **REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2005**

CONTENTS	Page
Officers and professional advisers	1
Directors' report	2
Statement of directors' responsibilities	3
Independent auditors' report	4
Profit and loss account	5
Balance sheet	6
Notes to the financial statements	. 7

## **REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2005**

# OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

#### DIRECTORS

H.N. Moser G.D. Beckett

M.R. Goldberg

J.M. Shaoul

(appointed 6 April 2006)

#### **SECRETARY**

M.J. Ridley

(appointed 5 April 2006)

#### REGISTERED OFFICE

Bracken House Charles Street Manchester M1 7BD

## PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of Scotland Corporate Banking 9th Floor No. 1 Marsden Street Manchester M2 1HW

#### **AUDITORS**

Deloitte & Touche LLP Chartered Accountants Manchester

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2005.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY, REVIEW OF BUSINESS AND FUTURE PROSPECTS

The principal activity of the company continues to be that of financiers.

The directors consider the results for the year to be satisfactory and look forward to the future with confidence.

#### RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2005 are set out on pages 5 to 10. The loss for the year after tax was £97,110 (2004 – £598,953 profit).

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2004 - £nil).

#### **DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS**

The directors of the company are set out on page 1. All directors served throughout the year except as noted below:

A.J. Grant

(resigned 6 April 2006)

J.M. Shaoul

(appointed 6 April 2006)

Mr. H.N. Moser is a director of Jerrold Holdings plc, the ultimate parent company, and his interests in the share capital of that company are disclosed in its financial statements. None of the other directors have interests in the share capital of the company, or any other interests required to be disclosed under Schedule 7 of the Companies Act 1985. No director has, or had, any material interest in any contract or agreement entered into by the company during the year.

### **AUDITORS**

A resolution to re-appoint Deloitte & Touche LLP as the company's auditors will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

M.J.\Rieley Secretary

27 AP. Y 2006

## STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for establishing and maintaining the system of internal control, safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CHESHIRE MORTGAGE CORPORATION LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Cheshire Mortgage Corporation Limited for the year ended 30 June 2005 which comprise the profit and loss account, the statement of total recognised gains and losses, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 16. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and auditing standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report for the above year and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements.

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2005 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

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Manchester April

2006

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 30 June 2005

	Note	2005 £	2004 Restated (see note 1)
TURNOVER	2	2,212,721	1,446,340
Cost of sales		(433,316)	(81,077)
GROSS PROFIT		1,779,405	1,365,263
Administrative expenses		(1,058,652)	(250,480)
OPERATING PROFIT		720,753	1,114,783
Interest payable (net)	4	(852,051)	(259,136)
(LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE			
TAXATION	5	(131,298)	855,647
Tax credit/(charge) on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	6	34,188	(256,694)
RETAINED (LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	11	(97,110)	598,953

All activity has arisen from continuing operations.

There were no recognised gains or losses in either year other than the result for that year and consequently no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

# **BALANCE SHEET** 30 June 2005

		2005	2004
CUIDDENIE ACCESS	Note	£	£
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors			
- due within one year	7	11,638,729	4,281,441
- due after one year	7	15,695,872	3,245,626
Cash at bank and in hand		9,790	206,996
		27,344,391	7,734,063
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(26,480,439)	(6,773,001)
NET ASSETS		863,952	961,062
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	10	2	2
Profit and loss account	11	863,950	961,060
EQUITY SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS	12	863,952	961,062

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on  $2\frac{1}{7}\sqrt{4}$  2006. Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

G D Beckett

Director

M R Goldberg Director

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 30 June 2005

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below. They have been applied consistently throughout the current and prior year, except as noted below.

#### Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

The comparatives have been adjusted to reflect what the directors believe to be a more appropriate classification of certain costs relating to the financing business.

The restatement is summarised as follows:

	Cost of sales	Administrative expenses	
	2004	2004	
	£	£	
As previously stated	-	331,557	
Reclassification	81,077	(81,077)	
As restated	81,077	250,480	

#### **Taxation**

UK corporation tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

#### Turnover and cost of sales

Turnover consists of interest recoverable on loans and commissions income. Interest income is recognised on an accruals basis. Other finance related fees receivable are credited to income when the related service is performed.

Cost of sales includes the direct costs of the financing, including commissions payable.

#### Bad and doubtful debts

Specific provisions are made when the directors consider that the creditworthiness of a customer has deteriorated so that the recoverability of the advance is in part or in whole doubtful. General provisions are raised to cover losses that are judged to be present in loans and advances at the balance sheet date but which have not been specifically identified as such. Provisions for bad and doubtful debts, along with bad debt write-offs, are charged to operating profit as part of administrative expenses.

#### 2. TURNOVER

Turnover is wholly-derived from within the UK and relates to the principal activity of the company.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 30 June 2005

#### 3. STAFF COSTS

The company had no employees and paid no directors' emoluments during either year.

## 4. INTEREST PAYABLE (NET)

	2005	2004
	£	£
Bank interest receivable	143	60
Bank interest payable	(852,194)	(259,196)
	(852,051)	(259,136)

## 5. (LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

In the current and prior year the audit fee was borne by another group undertaking.

## 6. TAX ON (LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

The tax (credit)/charge comprises:

	2005 £	2004 £
Current tax UK corporation tax	2,376	254,569
Total current tax	2,376	254,569
Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences (see note 9)	(36,564)	2,125
Total tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	(34,188)	256,694

The differences between the total current tax shown above and the amount calculated by applying the standard rate of UK corporation tax to the (loss)/profit before tax is as follows:

	2005 £	2004 £
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax	(131,298)	855,647
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of $30\%$ (2004 – 30%)	(39,389)	256,694
Effects of: Group relief surrendered not paid for Other timing differences	(14,592) 56,357	(2,125)
Current tax charge for year	2,376	254,569

There is no unprovided deferred tax at the year end (2004 - £Nil).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 30 June 2005

## 7. DEBTORS

		2005 £	2004 £
	Amounts falling due within one year:		
	Trade debtors	8,993,429	2,421,631
	Amounts owed by fellow group undertakings	2,609,810	1,859,810
	Other debtors	35,490	
		11,638,729	4,281,441
	Amounts falling due after more than one year:		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Trade debtors	15,642,506	3,228,824
	Deferred taxation (see note 9)	53,366	16,802
		15,695,872	3,245,626
		27,334,601	7,527,067
8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2005	2004
		£	£
	Bank overdraft	1,476,997	_
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	24,995,121	6,517,509
	Corporation tax	2,376	254,569
	Accruals and deferred income	5,945	923
		26,480,439	6,773,001
	The bank overdraft is secured by way of a cross guarantee amongst all group com	panies.	
9.	DEFERRED TAXATION		
			£
	Balance at 1 July 2004		16,802
	Credit to the profit and loss account		36,564
	Balance at 30 June 2005		53,366
	The deferred tax asset in the financial statements is as follows:		
		Provided	Provided
		2005 £	2004 £
	Other timing differences	53,366	16,802
	o and annual annual	=======================================	

The directors believe that future profitability will be sufficient to ensure that the deferred tax asset will be recovered.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 30 June 2005

#### 10. **CALLED-UP SHARE CAPITAL**

	2005 £	2004 £
Authorised	-	-
100 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
Called-up, allotted and fully-paid		
2 ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
	<del></del>	=
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT		

#### 11. PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

At 1 July 2004 Retained loss for the financial year	961,060 (97,110)
At 30 June 2005	863,950

#### 12. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN EQUITY SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS

	£	£
(Loss)/profit for the financial year Opening equity shareholder's funds	(97,110) 961,062	598,953 362,109
Closing equity shareholder's funds	863,952	961,062

#### 13. **CONTINGENT LIABILITY**

The company's assets are subject to a fixed and floating charge in respect of £313 million of bank borrowings of the group (2004 - £206 million).

#### CASH FLOW STATEMENT 14.

As permitted by FRS 1 (Revised 1996) "Cash flow statements", the company has not produced a cash flow statement as it is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Jerrold Holdings plc which has produced consolidated financial statements that are publicly available.

#### RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 15.

As a subsidiary undertaking of Jerrold Holdings plc, the company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 8 "Related party disclosures" not to disclose transactions with other members of the group headed by Jerrold Holdings plc.

#### **ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY** 16.

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Jerrold Holdings plc, a company incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales.

The largest and smallest group of which Cheshire Mortgage Corporation Limited is a member, and for which group financial statements are drawn up, is that headed by Jerrold Holdings plc, whose principal place of business is at Bracken House, Charles Street, Manchester, M1 7BD.

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2004

2005