Gartmore GO Dealing Limited

REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR TO 30 JUNE 2007

Registered No 2609894 England

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The Directors of Gartmore GO Dealing Limited submit their Report and the Accounts for the year to 30 June 2007

Principle activity and review of business

The Company's principal activity is the business of dealing in shares, securities and other financial instruments

Result and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £422,855 No dividends were paid or proposed in respect of the year ended 30 June 2007

Going Concern

The Directors believe that it is appropriate to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis as the Company's assets are readily realisable and the Company has adequate financial resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The Company is an investment dealing company. The Directors consider that both the financial position at 30 June 2007 and the level of business transacted in the year then ended were satisfactory. A similar level of activity is expected to be sustained for the foreseeable future.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The Directors who held office during the year were as follows

- D R Peters
- P J Derby
- D P. G. Cade
- D C Mace
- R T E Ware

There are no Directors' interests to be disclosed under the Companies Act 1985. In accordance with Article 7(c) of the Articles of Association none of the Directors in office at the year-end is required to retire. The interests of the Directors in the share capital of the parent Company are shown in the Report and Accounts of that Company

Financial Instruments

The principal risks facing the Company are liquidity risk and market price risk, as expanded note 12 to the Accounts

Corporate Governance

The policy of the Company's parent, Gartmore Growth Opportunities plc, is to comply with the Principals of Good Corporate Governance and the Combined Code of Best Practice as required by the Listing Rules of the Financial Services Authority, to the extent appropriate to an investment trust company

In accordance with Sections 252 and 366A of the Companies Act 1985, resolutions to dispense with the obligations to lay Accounts before Members in General Meetings and to hold Annual General Meetings were passed on 25 November 1993

Accordingly the circulation of these Accounts to Shareholders will be deemed to comply with the Company's obligation under Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 to send copies of the Annual Accounts to Members of the Company

As far as the Directors are aware, having made such enquiries and taken such steps as they consider they reasonably should, the auditors have been provided with all the information necessary for them to be able to prepare their report

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (Continued)

Investment Management and other agreements

The Company's investments are managed by Gartmore Investment Limited under an Investment Management Agreement with the Company's parent, Gartmore Growth Opportunities plc

Company secretarial and administrative services are provided to the Company by Gartmore Investment Limited pursuant to a Company Secretarial and Administration Agreement with the Company's parent, Gartmore Growth Opportunities plc

The Bank of New York provides custodian services to the Company

By Order of the Board Gartmore Investment Limited

Secretary 12 September 2007

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ACCOUNTS

Min.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare accounts for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing those accounts, the Directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts,
- prepare the accounts on a going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Gartmore GO Dealing Limited

We have audited the financial statements of GO Dealing Limited for the year ended 30 June 2007 which comprise the Income Statement, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Cash Flow Statement and the related notes These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The Directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the EU are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 2

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and whether the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We report to you whether, in our opinion, the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

In addition, we report to you if, in our opinion, the Company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding Directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the Directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU, of the company's state of affairs as at 30 June 2007 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and

• the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

KPMG Audit Plc

KPMG Audit Plc

Chartered Accountants, Edinburgh

Registered Auditor

19 September 2007

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2007

		Year to 30 June	Year to 30 June
	Note	2007	2006
		£	£
Sales of investments		8,872,792	5,814,079
Cost of sales		(8,631,949)	(5,643,622)
Realised gain on investments		240,843	170,457
Movement in provision for unrealised gains and losses	S		
on investments		210,828	(87,386)
Gain / (loss) on derivatives		(37,356)	
Operating profit		414,315	83,071
Other income			
Franked income from investments		4,487	4,028
Bank interest receivable		4,082	5,120
Net profit before finance costs and taxation		422,884	92,219
Finance costs			
Interest payable		<u>(29)</u>	(21)
Net profit before taxation		422,855	92,198
Taxation	3	-	-
Net profit after taxation for the financial year		422,855	92,198

No gains or losses were attributable to shareholders other than those shown in the Income Statement No operations were acquired or discontinued during the year The notes on pages 8 to 12 form part of these Accounts

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2007

	Note	At 30 June 2007 £	At 30 June 2006 £
Current assets			
Investments held at fair value	4	1,272,551	1,014,665
Other receivables	5	379,228	219,805
Cash and cash equivalents		28,458	62,627
Total assets		1,680,237	1,297,097
Current liabilities			
Other payables	6	(71,231)	(110,946)
		(71,231)	(110,946)
Total assets less current liabilities		1,609,006	1,186,151
Equity attributable to equity shareholders			
Called-up share capital	7	2	2
Retained earnings Revenue reserve		1,609,004	1,186,149
Total equity	8	1,609,006	1,186,151
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David Peters Director Approved by the Board on 12 September 2007

The notes on pages 8 to 12 form part of these Accounts

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2007

	Called up Share Capital	Retained Earnings	Total
	£	£	£
Total equity at 1 July 2005	2	1,093,951	1,093,953
Net profit for the year to 30 June 2006		92,198	92,198
Total equity at 30 June 2006	2	1,186,149	1,186,151
Net profit for the year to 30 June 2007		422,855	422,855
Total equity at 30 June 2007	2	1,609,004	1,609,006

The notes on pages 8 to 12 form part of these Accounts

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2007

	At 30 June 2007 £	At 30 June 2006 £
Cash flows from operating activities Profit before finance costs and taxation	422,884	92,219
Adjustments for	722,007	52,210
Increase in investments	(257,886)	(731,762)
(Increase) / decrease in other receivables	(159,423)	390,912
(Decrease) / increase on other payables	(39,715)	83,047
Net cash from operating activities	(34,140)	(165,584)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Finance costs	(29)	(21)
Net cash from financing activities	(29)	(21)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(34,169)	(165,605)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	62,627	228,232
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	28,458	62,627

The notes on pages 8 to 12 form part of these Accounts

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2007

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company's Accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of certain investments

In line with the Company's parent, the Accounts for the year ended 30 June 2007 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted for use in the European Union All of the Company's operations are of a continuing nature

Income

Investment income includes dividends receivable from investments quoted ex-dividend on or before the balance sheet date. Bank deposit interest is accounted for on an accruals basis

Finance costs

Finance costs are calculated using the effective interest rate method and are accounted for on an accruals basis

Investments held at fair value through profit or loss

When a purchase or sale is made under contract, the terms of which require delivery within the timeframe of the relevant market, the investments concerned are recognised and de-recognised on the trade date

All investments are classified as held at fair value through profit or loss. The fair value of the investments is based on their quoted bid market price at the close of business on the balance sheet date without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. Where no bid price is available, the investment is valued at last traded price.

Transaction costs on acquisition and disposal of investments are deducted before arriving at the operating profit on the Income Statement

Other receivables

Other receivables do not carry any interest and are short-term in nature and are accordingly stated at their nominal value as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash.

Other payables

Other payables are not interest-bearing and are stated at their nominal value

Taxation

Taxation is based on the net profit for the year. Taxable profits differ from profit before tax as reported in the Income Statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible.

2 DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND OTHER COSTS

The Directors received no emoluments in respect of their services to the Company. No Director has a contract of service with the Company. The Company has no other employees.

Audit fees are borne by the parent company and amounted to £500 (2006 - £500)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Continued)

3 TAXATION

No provision for taxation is required on the Company's net profits for the year as these are relieved against prior year losses brought forward and by group relief surrendered by the Company's parent, Gartmore Growth Opportunities plc

At 30 June 2007 the Company had Schedule D Case I losses carried forward of £nil (2006 £289,273) which have not been recognised as a deferred tax asset. This is because the Company is not expected to generate sufficient taxable income in excess of the deductible expenses and losses available from the parent company for group relief in the foreseeable future, accordingly it is unlikely that the Company will be able to reduce future tax liabilities through the use of existing Schedule D Case I losses.

Tax reconciliation	2007	2006
	£	£
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	422,855	92,198
Current tax at 30%	126,857	27,659
Income not subject to corporation tax	(1,346)	(1,208)
Utilisation of tax losses brought forward	(86,782)	(24,921)
Utilisation of group relief	(38,729)_	(1,530)
Total tax charge		
4 INVESTMENTS HELD AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		
TIMOGOTI THOTH ON E033	2007	2006
UK Listed Investments	£	£
Book value brought forward	1,136,671	317,524
Acquisitions at cost	8,717,407	6,462,769
Sales proceeds	(8,872,792)	(5,814,079)
Realised gain on investments	240,843	170,457
Provision for unrealised gain / (loss)	50,422	(122,006)
Fair value at 30 June	1,272,551	1,014,665
	2007	2006
	£	£
Included in acquisitions at cost are -		
Transaction costs on purchases	43,992	36,197
Deducted from sales proceeds are -		
Transaction costs on sales	25,772	17,716

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Continued)

The portfolio of investments a	t		
30 June 2007 comprised		Book cost	Fair value
		£	£
McAlpine (Alfred)	Ordinary shares	225,390	215,000
Finsbury Food	Ordinary shares	141,525	191,475
Oakdene Homes	Ordinary shares	130,000	113,100
Bioprogress	Ordinary shares	62,500	75,313
RC Group Holdings	Ordinary shares	89,777	76,312
Booker Group	Ordinary shares	113,403	122,625
Matra Petroleum	Ordinary shares	167,872	235,021
Matra Petroleum 31/1/2009	Warrants	-	57,706
Island Oil & Gas	Ordinary shares	146,886	92,400
IPSA Group	Ordinary shares	144,776	132,000
FTSE Mid-Cap 250 Swap	Swap	-	(38,401)
		1,222,129	1,272,551
5 OTHER RECEIVABLES			
		2007	2006
		£	£
Amount due from brokers		379,228	57,225
Amount due from parent compa	iny	-	161,017
Accrued income		-	1,563
		379,228	219,805
6. OTHER PAYABLES			
6. UTHER PATABLES		2007	2006
		£	£
Amount due to brokers		-	110,946
Amount due to parent company	•	71,231	
		71,231	110,946

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Continued)

7 CALLED-UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2007 £	2006 £
Authorised		
1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
Allotted, called-up and fully paid		
2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
8 SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		
	2007	2006
	€	£
Balance brought forward	1,186,151	1,093,953
Retained profit/(loss) for the year	422,855	92,198
Shareholders' Funds at 30 June	1,609,006	1,186,151

9 ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Gartmore Growth Opportunities plc, which is registered in England. The consolidated Report and Accounts for the Group are available from Gartmore Investor Services, Gartmore House, 8 Fenchurch Place, London EC3M 4PB.

10 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

At 30 June 2007 the Company had a contingent liability of £163,396 (2006 £162,500) in respect of exercise of warrants. There were no capital commitments at the year end (2006 £nil)

11 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year to 30 June 2007, the Company received funding from its parent Gartmore Growth Opportunities plc, in order to finance its trading activity. The funding received has increased the cost of the parent's investment in the subsidiary. In addition, the parent has also provided group relief to the Company of £38,729 (2006 £1,530) and has borne audit fees amounting to £500 (2006 £500). At 30 June 2007, there was an outstanding balance of £71,231 due to (2006 £161,017 due from) the parent company.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Continued)

12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial instruments comprise

- equity and non-equity shares and derivative instruments, which are held in accordance with the Company's investment objectives,
- Cash, liquid resources and short-term receivables and payables that arise directly from the Company's operations

The main risks arising from financial instruments are liquidity and market price risk. The risks have remained unchanged since the beginning of the year to which these financial statements relate and are summarised below -

Liquidity risk

The Company's assets comprise mainly readily realisable securities, which can be sold to meet funding commitments if necessary

Market prices risk

Market price risk arises mainly from uncertainty about future prices of financial instruments held. It represents the potential loss the Company might suffer through holding a market position in the face of price movements. Market price risk is minimised by investing in a diversified spread of investments.

Futures and options may be used to protect the capital value of holdings against a fall in market prices At 30 June 2007 the Company held the following future

At 30 June 2007 the company new the following future	2007 £	2006 £
FTSE Mid-Cap 250 Swap – fair value	(38,401)	_