Registered Number: 02609164

Johnson Controls Facilities Limited Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2017



Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2017

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Strategic report for the year ended 30 September 2017

The directors present their strategic report on the company for the year ended 30 September 2017.

Results

The results for the financial year and the financial position of the company are shown in the accompanying financial statements.

The loss for the financial year ended 30 September 2017 was £5,000 (2016: profit of £272,000). As at the financial year end the company had net assets of £23,895,000 (2016: net assets of £23,900,000).

Review of business and future developments

The company had no principal activity during the year and the directors do not envisage that this will change in the foreseeable future.

Key performance indicators (KPIs)

In view of the above, the company's directors believe that key performance indicators of the company are not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

Principal risk and uncertainties

The principal risks and uncertainties of the company relate to the performance of its fellow subsidiary companies. The directors have assessed this risk to be minimal due to group policy which requires risk management and operational policies and procedures to be implemented in all areas of business. Furthermore, there is a robust supervision structure which allows management to oversee relationships with its key stakeholders.

On behalf of the Board

M Ауге Director

Date: 17 August 2018

Directors' report for the year ended 30 September 2017

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 September 2017.

Future developments

The future developments of the company are noted in the strategic report.

Dividends

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend (2016: £nil).

Financial risk management

Credit risk

The company is not exposed to any credit risk. The company does not have an external customer base. The company uses financial institutions authorised by Johnson Controls International plc who actively manage the global banking facilities. All cash held on deposit is pooled at a European level to mitigate risk.

Exchange rate risk

Potential exposure to currency exchange rate fluctuations is managed internally within the group. The only risk the company is exposed to is in relation to their financing activities with foreign companies and the companies' values fluctuating with changing exchange rates.

Price risk

The directors do not consider that the company's operations expose it to any price risk.

Liquidity and interest rate risk

Cash balances held with external institutions form part of the Johnson Controls International plc group global cash pool arrangement which minimises any interest rate exposure. If funding is required then this is achieved by either an internal loan from a Johnson Controls International plc group company or through cash pooling arrangements. As a result there is no interest rate risk as there is no external funding requirement.

Directors

The following served as directors during the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

M Ayre

P Schieser

appointed 1 May 2017

P Roubi

resigned 1 May 2017

Directors' indemnities

As permitted by the Articles of Association, the directors have the benefit of an indemnity which is a qualifying third party indemnity provision as defined by Section 234 of the Companies Act 2006. The indemnity policy, held by the group, was in force throughout the last financial year and is currently in force. The group also purchased and maintained throughout the financial year Directors' and Officers' liability insurance in respect of itself and its directors.

Directors' report for the year ended 30 September 2017 (cont'd)

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006

Directors' confirmations

In the case of each director in office at the date the Directors' report is approved:

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- each director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Independent auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution concerning their re-appointment will be proposed at the next Directors' Board Meeting.

On behalf of the Board

M Ayre Director

Date: 17 August 2018

Independent auditors' report to the members of Johnson Controls Facilities Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, Johnson Controls Facilities Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2017 and of its
 loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual report and financial statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Statement of financial position as at 30 September 2017; the Statement of comprehensive income and the Statement of changes in equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence ·

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (UK) require us to report to you when:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
 may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis
 of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Johnson Controls Facilities Limited (cont'd)

Reporting on other information (cont'd)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic report and Directors' report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Strategic report and Directors' report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strategic report and Directors' report for the year ended 30 September 2017 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic report and Directors' report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of directors' responsibilities set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Johnson Controls Facilities Limited (cont'd)

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit (cont'd)

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit
 have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Julian Gray (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Southampton 17 August 2018

Statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 30 September 2017

	Note	Year ended 30 September 2017 £'000	Year ended 30 September 2016 £'000
Administrative expenses		(5)	(7)
Operating loss		(5)	(7)
Interest receivable and similar income	4	•	279
(Loss) / profit before taxation	. 5	(5)	272
Tax on (loss) / profit	7	-	-
(Loss) / profit for the financial year		(5)	272
Total comprehensive (expense) / income for the year	•	(5)	272

Statement of financial position as at 30 September 2017

•	Note	2017 £'000	. 2016 £'000
Current assets		2 000	2 000
Debtors	8	23,898	23,910
Creditors – amounts falling due within one year	9	(3)	(10)
Net current assets		23,895	23,900
Total assets less current liabilities		23,895	23,900
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	8,136	8,136
Share premium account		9	9
Other reserves		302	302
Retained earnings		15,448	15,453
Total equity		23,895	23,900

The notes on pages 10 to 13 form an integral part of these financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 7 to 13 were approved by the board of directors on 17 August 2018 and were signed on its behalf by:

M Ayre Director

Johnson Controls Facilities Limited Registered number: 02609164

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 30 September 2017

·	Called up share capital £'000	Share premium £'000	Other reserves £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Total equity £'000
Balance as at 1 October 2015	8,136	9	302	15,181	23,628
Profit for the financial year	-	-	-	272	272
Balance as at 30 September 2016	8,136	9	302	15,453	23,900
Loss for the financial year	-	-	-	(5)	(5)
Balance as at 30 September 2017	8,136	9	302	15,448	23,895

Retained earnings represent accumulated comprehensive income for the year and prior years.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2017

1 General information

Johnson Controls Facilities Limited ("the company") is a private company limited by shares, domiciled and incorporated in England. The address of the company's registered office is 9/10 The Briars, Waterberry Drive, Waterlooville, Hampshire, PO7 7YH.

2 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' ('FRS 102') and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

3 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies, which have been applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. The company has applied FRS 102 in these financial statements.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. There are no areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant in these financial statements.

Reduced disclosures

In accordance with FRS 102, the company has taken advantage of the exemptions from the following disclosure requirements on the basis that the information is provided in the consolidated financial statements of Johnson Controls International plc, which is registered in Cork, Ireland. Johnson Controls International plc prepares consolidated financial statements which are publicly available and can be obtained from the address given in note 11.

- Section 4 'Statement of Financial Position' Reconciliation of the opening and closing number of shares;
- Section 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' Presentation of a Statement of Cash Flow and related notes and disclosures:
- Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' & Section 12 'Other Financial Instrument Issues' Carrying
 amounts, interest income/expense and net gains/losses for each category of financial instrument; basis
 of determining fair values; details of collateral, loan defaults or breaches, details of hedges, hedging fair
 value changes recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Functional and presentational currency

The company's functional and presentational currency is the pound sterling.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2017 (cont'd)

3 Summary of significant accounting policies (cont'd)

Foreign currencies

Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency (foreign currencies) are initially recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction or, if the asset or liability is measured at fair value, the rate when that fair value was determined.

All translation differences are taken to profit or loss, except to the extent that they relate to gains or losses on non-monetary items recognised in other comprehensive income, when the related translation gain or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income.

Taxation

The tax charge represents the current tax expense.

Current tax

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profits for the year at the standard effective rate of corporation tax in the UK.

Financial instruments

Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including amounts owed by fellow group undertakings, other receivables and cash and bank balances are initially measured at the transaction price. Where the arrangement with another debtor constitutes a financing transaction, the debtor is initially measured at the present value of future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method and are assessed annually for evidence of impairment. Any impairment loss or reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

'Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, bank overdrafts and loans from fellow group undertakings, are initially recognised at transaction price. Where the arrangement with a creditor constitutes a financing transaction, the creditor is initially measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other creditors payable within one year that do not constitute a financing transaction are initially measured at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled. Such debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument, and are offset only when the company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Related party transactions

The company discloses transactions with related parties which are not wholly owned within the same group. It does not disclose transactions with members of the same group that are wholly owned.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2017 (cont'd)

4 Interest receivable and similar income

•	2017	2016
	£'000	£'000
Interest receivable from group undertakings		279
5 (Loss) / profit before taxation		
	2017	2016
	£'000	£'000
(Loss) / profit before taxation is stated after charging:		
Auditors' remuneration		
- audit services	3	7

6 Directors and employees

The directors received no remuneration (2016: nil) in respect of their services to the company during the year as their services as directors of the company were incidental to the other services within the Johnson Controls International plc group of companies. Directors' remuneration costs are borne by other members of the Johnson Controls International plc group of companies. The average monthly number of employees, excluding directors is nil (2016: nil).

7 Tax on (loss) / profit

There is no tax charge for the current or the prior financial year.

Reconciliation of tax charge

The tax assessed for the year is higher (2016: lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the United Kingdom of 19.5% for the year ended 30 September 2017 (2016: 20%). The differences are explained below:

2017	2016
£'000	£'000
(5)	272
(1)	54
1	(54)
-	**
	£'000 (5) (1) 1

Finance (No.2) Act 2015 was substantively enacted on 26 October 2015. It reduced the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK from 20% to 19% from 1 April 2017 and to 18% with effect from 1 April 2020. Finance Act 2016 was substantively enacted on 6 September 2016 and further reduced the rate to 17% from 1 April 2020.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2017 (cont'd)

8 Debtors

•	2017	2016
•	£'000	£'000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	23,898	23,910

Amounts owed by group undertakings are interest free and repayable on demand.

9 Creditors – amounts falling due within one year

•	2017	2016
	£'0°00	£'000
Trade creditors	-	4
Accruals and deferred income	3	6
	3	10

10 Called up share capital

Allotted and fully paid	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
162,734,340 (2016: 162,734,340) ordinary shares of £0.05	•	2
each .	8,136	8,136

11 Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The immediate parent undertaking and controlling party is Hoover Universal Inc.

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Johnson Controls International plc, a company incorporated in Cork, Ireland.

Johnson Controls International plc is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements at 30 September 2017. The consolidated financial statements of Johnson Controls International plc are available from:

Johnson Controls International plc 1 Albert Quay Cork Ireland